ANNOUNCEMENT
OCTOBER 1, 2009

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA,
LOS ANGELES
A Message from the Dean

Since it welcomed its first engineering students more than 60 years ago, the UCLA Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science has been at the forefront of advanced interdisciplinary research. Among other notable achievements, the school is well-known as the birthplace of the Internet, for developing the first reverse-osmosis membrane for the desalination of water, and for other collaborative activities that have changed the way we interact with the world around us.

Our faculty and students are leaders in new frontiers of applied science and engineering research, in areas such as information technology, embedded systems and sensor networks, bioengineering, nanomanufacturing, and micro- and nanoelectromechanical systems.

UCLA Engineering is ideally situated to engage in interdisciplinary research and educational initiatives with others on campus and across Southern California. It benefits from proximity to the world-renowned David Geffen School of Medicine and the John E. Anderson Graduate School of Management, as well as the Los Angeles entertainment and media industries, Silicon Valley, the defense and aerospace industries, and a growing biotechnology sector.

Our newly-revised curriculum—with its emphasis on breadth of knowledge as well as depth—will prepare our students for success in meeting the ever-changing demands of the engineering profession. In addition, undergraduate student research opportunities are widely available and we encourage our students to take advantage of them.

Students may choose to work with individual faculty or to participate in any of the school’s world-class interdisciplinary research centers. These include the NSF Center for Embedded Networked Sensing, the NIH Center for Cell Control, the Center on Functional Engineered Nano Architectonics, the NRI Western Institute of Nanoelectronics, and a new DOE-funded Energy Frontier Research Center. Our faculty and students are also active partners in the California NanoSystems Institute located at UCLA. In addition, the school is developing its research breakthroughs into the commercial sector through the off-campus Institute for Technology Advancement.

Our distinguished faculty is composed of recognized experts in their fields, including 22 members of the National Academy of Engineering, and many junior faculty who are widely acclaimed for their work. Many faculty members are award-winning educators, and every faculty member, no matter how senior, teaches at least one undergraduate course each year.

We are seeking exceptional and dedicated students who share our desire to positively contribute to the engineering profession and society. I invite you to consider becoming a UCLA engineer.

Vijay K. Dhir
Dean
UCLA Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science
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DISCLOSURE OF STUDENT RECORDS

TO ALL STUDENTS: Pursuant to the Federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), the California Information Practices Act, and the University of California Policies Applying to the Disclosure of Information from Student Records, students at UCLA have the right to (1) inspect and review records pertaining to themselves in their capacity as students, except as the right may be waived or qualified under Federal and State Laws and University Policies, (2) have withheld from disclosure, absent their prior written consent for release, personally identifiable information from their student records, (3) inspect records maintained by UCLA of disclosures of personally identifiable information from their student records, (4) seek correction of their student records through a request to amend the records or, if such request is denied, through a hearing, and (5) file complaints with the U.S. Department of Education regarding alleged violations of the rights accorded them by FERPA.

UCLA, in accordance with Federal and State Laws and University Policies, has designated the following categories of personally identifiable information as “directory information” which UCLA may release and publish without the student’s prior consent: name, address (local/mailing), permanent, and/or e-mail, telephone numbers, major field of study, dates of attendance, enrollment status, grade level, number of course units in which enrolled, degrees and honors received, the most recent previous educational institution attended, participation in officially recognized activities (including intercollegiate athletics), and the name, weight, and height of participants on intercollegiate athletic teams.

Students who do not wish certain items (i.e., name, local/mailing, permanent, and/or e-mail address, telephone numbers, major field of study, dates of attendance, number of course units in which enrolled, and degrees and honors received) of this “directory information” released and published may so indicate through URSA (http://www.ursa.ucla.edu). To restrict the release and publication of the additional items in the category of “directory information,” complete the UCLA FERPA Restriction Request form available from Enrollment and Degree Services, 600 Murphy Hall.

Students records which are the subject of Federal and State Laws and University Policies may be maintained in a variety of offices, including the Registrar’s Office, Office of the Dean of Students, UCLA Career Center, Graduate Division, UCLA External Affairs Department, and the offices of a student’s College or school and major department. Students are referred to the UCLA Telephone Directory (http://www.directory.ucla.edu) which lists all the offices that may maintain student records, together with their campus address and telephone number. Students have the right to inspect their student records in any such office subject to the terms of Federal and State Laws and University Policies. Inspection of student records maintained by the Registrar’s Office is by appointment only and must be arranged three working days in advance. Call (310) 825-1091, option 6, or inquire at Enrollment and Degree Services, 1113 Murphy Hall.

A copy of the Federal and State Laws, University Policies, and the UCLA Telephone Directory may be inspected in the office of the Information Practices Coordinator, 600 UCLA Wilshire Center. Information concerning students’ hearing rights may be obtained from that office and from the Office of the Dean of Students, 1206 Murphy Hall.

All announcements herein are subject to revision. Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the information presented in the Announcement of the UCLA Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science. However, all courses, course descriptions, instructor designations, curricular degree requirements, and fees described herein are subject to change or deletion without notice. Further details on graduate programs are available in various Graduate Division publications which are available online at http://www.grad.ucla.edu.
Officers of Administration

Vijay K. Dhir, Ph.D., Professor and Dean of the Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science

Jane P. Chang, Ph.D., Professor and Associate Dean, Research and Physical Resources

Richard D. Wesel, Ph.D., Professor and Associate Dean, Academic and Student Affairs

Mary Okino, Ed.D., Assistant Dean, Chief Financial Officer

Jiun-Shyan (J-S) Chen, Ph.D., Professor and Chair, Civil and Environmental Engineering Department

Adnan Darwiche, Ph.D., Professor and Chair, Computer Science Department

Timothy J. Deming, Ph.D., Professor and Chair, Bioengineering Department

Jenn-Ming Yang, Ph.D., Professor and Chair, Materials Science and Engineering Department

Adrienne Lavine, Ph.D., Professor and Chair, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department

Harold G. Monbouquette, Ph.D., Professor and Chair, Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Department

Ali H. Sayed, Ph.D., Professor and Chair, Electrical Engineering Department

The Campus

UCLA is a large urban university situated between the city and the sea at the foot of the Santa Monica Mountains. Less than six miles from the Pacific, it is bordered by Sunset and Wilshire boulevards. As the city has grown physically and culturally, so has the campus, whose students and faculty mirror the cultural and racial diversity of today’s Los Angeles. UCLA is one of the most widely respected and recognized universities in the world, and its impact on society can be felt into the far reaches of the globe. Students come from around the world to receive a UCLA education, and our alumni go on to become leaders in their fields, from elected officials to heads of international corporations.

UCLA is recognized as the West’s leading center for the arts, culture, and medical research. Each year, more than half a million people attend visual and performing arts programs on campus, while more than 300,000 patients from around the world come to the Ronald Reagan UCLA Medical Center for treatment. The university’s 419-acre campus houses the College of Letters and Science and 11 professional schools. There are more than 39,650 students enrolled in 126 undergraduate and 200 graduate degree programs. Nearly one in every 140 Californians holds a UCLA degree.

UCLA is rated one of the best public research universities in the U.S. and among a handful of top U.S. research universities, public and private. The chief executive of the University is Chancellor Gene D. Block. He oversees all aspects of the University’s three-part mission of education, research, and service.

Southern California has grown to become one of the nation’s dominant industrial centers, and the UCLA Henry Samuel School of Engineering and Applied Science (HSSEAS) is uniquely situated as a hub of engineering research and professional training for this region.

The School

The UCLA College of Engineering (as it was known then) was established in 1943 when California Governor Earl Warren signed a bill to provide instruction in engineering at the UCLA campus. It welcomed its first students in 1945 and was dedicated as the Henry Samuel School of Engineering and Applied Science in 2000. The school ranks among the top 10 engineering schools in public universities nationwide.

UCLA engineering faculty members are active participants in many interdisciplinary research centers. The Center for Embedded Networked Sensing (CENS) develops embedded networked sensing systems and applies this revolutionary technology to critical scientific and social applications. The Center for Cell Control (CCC) applies advanced engineering techniques and life sciences knowledge to control and understand how the cell works at the most basic level, with the goal of improving human health. The Center on Functional Engineering Nano Architectonics (FENA) leverages the latest advances in nanotechnology, molecular electronics, and quantum computing to extend semiconductor technology further into the realm of the nanoscale. The newly created Energy Frontier Research Center (EFRC) focuses on the creation and production of nanoscale materials for use in converting solar energy into electricity, electrical energy storage, and capturing and separating greenhouse gases. The Western Institute of Nanoelectronics (WIN), among the world’s largest joint research programs focusing on spintronics, brings together nearly 30 eminent researchers to explore critically needed innovations in semiconductor technology. Finally, the California NanoSystems Institute (CNSI)—a joint endeavor with UC Santa Barbara—develops the information, biomedical, and manufacturing technologies of the twenty-first century.

In addition, the school has identified critical areas for collaborative research that will have a major impact on the future of California and the world. Among these are biomedical informatics; alternative energy solutions; secure electronic transfer of information; new tools for the entertainment industry; systems, dynamics, and control; advanced technologies for water reclamation; and new approaches and technologies for aerospace engineering.

And the school recently established the Institute for Technology Advancement (ITA), an off-campus institute dedicated to the effective transition of high-impact innovative research from UCLA to products, development, and commercialization. ITA nurtures and incubates breakthrough ideas to create new industrial products, as well as provides a learning platform for faculty members and students to engage in transitional technology research.

The school offers 29 academic and professional degree programs, including an interdisciplinary graduate degree program in biomedical engineering. The Bachelor of Science degree is offered in Aerospace Engineering, Bioengineering, Chemical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Computer Science, Computer Science and Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Materials Engineering, and Mechanical Engineering. The undergraduate curricula leading to these degrees provide students with a solid foundation in engineering and applied science and prepare graduates for immediate practice of the profession as well as advanced studies. In addition to engineering courses, students complete about one year of study in the humanities, social sciences, and/or fine arts.

Master of Science and Ph.D. degrees are offered in Aerospace Engineering, Bio-
medical Engineering, Chemical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Computer Science, Electrical Engineering, Manufacturing Engineering (M.S. only), Materials Science and Engineering, and Mechanical Engineering. A schoolwide online Master of Science in Engineering degree program was approved in June 2006. The Engineer degree is a more advanced degree than the M.S. but does not require the research effort and orientation involved in a Ph.D. dissertation. For information on the Engineer degree, see Graduate Programs on page 23. A one-year program leading to a Certificate of Specialization is offered in various fields of engineering and applied science.

**Endowed Chairs**

Endowed professorships or chairs, funded by gifts from individuals or corporations, support the research and educational activities of distinguished members of the faculty. The following endowed chairs have been established in the Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science.

- L.M.K. Boelter Chair in Engineering
- Roy and Carol Doumani Chair in Biomedical Engineering
- Norman E. Friedmann Chair in Knowledge Sciences
- Evalyn Knight Chair in Engineering
- Levi James Knight, Jr., Chair in Engineering
- Nippon Sheet Glass Company Chair in Materials Science
- Northrop Grumman Chair in Electrical Engineering
- Northrop Grumman Chair in Electrical Engineering/Electromagnetics
- Northrop Grumman Opto-Electronic Chair in Electrical Engineering
- Ralph M. Parsons Foundation Chair in Chemical Engineering
- Jonathan B. Postel Chair in Computer Systems
- Jonathan B. Postel Chair in Networking
- Raytheon Company Chair in Electrical Engineering
- Raytheon Company Chair in Manufacturing Engineering
- Charles P. Reames Endowed Chair in Electrical Engineering
- Edward K. and Linda L. Rice Endowed Chair in Materials Science
- Ben Rich Lockheed Martin Chair in Aeronautics
- Rockwell Collins Chair in Engineering
- William Frederick Seyer Chair in Materials Electrochemistry
- Symantec Term Chair in Computer Science
- Wintek Endowed Chair in Electrical Engineering

**The Engineering Profession**

The following describes the challenging types of work HSSEAS graduates might perform based on their program of study.

**Aerospace Engineering**

Aerospace engineers conceive, design, develop, test, and supervise the construction of aerospace vehicle systems such as commercial and military aircraft, helicopters and other types of rotorcraft, and space vehicles and satellites, including launch systems. They are employed by aerospace companies, airframe and engine manufacturers, government agencies such as NASA and the military services, and research and development organizations.

Working in a high-technology industry, aerospace engineers are generally well versed in applied mathematics and the fundamental engineering sciences, particularly fluid mechanics and thermodynamics, dynamics and control, and structural and solid mechanics. Aerospace vehicles are complex systems. Proper design and construction involves the coordinated application of technical disciplines, including aerodynamics, structural analysis and design, stability and control, aeroelasticity, performance analysis, and propulsion systems technology.

Aerospace engineers use computer systems and programs extensively and should have at least an elementary understanding of modern electronics. They work in a challenging and highly technical atmosphere and are likely to operate at the forefront of scientific discoveries, often stimulating these discoveries and providing the inspiration for the creation of new scientific concepts.

The B.S. program in Aerospace Engineering emphasizes fundamental disciplines and therefore provides a solid base for professional career development in industry and graduate study in aerospace engineering. Graduate education prepares students for careers at the forefront of aerospace technology. The Ph.D. degree provides a strong background for employment by government laboratories, such as NASA, and industrial research laboratories supported by the major aerospace companies. It also provides the appropriate background for academic careers.

**Bioengineering**

At the interface of medical sciences, basic sciences, and engineering, bioengineering has emerged internationally as an established engineering discipline. As these disciplines converge in the twenty-first century, bioengineers solve problems in biology and medicine by applying principles of physical sciences and engineering while applying biological principles to create new engineering paradigms, such as biomimetic materials, DNA computing, and neural networking. The genomic and proteomic revolution will drive a new era in the bioengineering industry, and future bioengineers must combine proficiency in traditional engineering, basic sciences, and molecular sciences to function as effective leaders of multidisciplinary teams.

UCLA has a long history of fostering interdisciplinary training and is a superb environment for bioengineers. UCLA boasts the top hospital in the western U.S., nationally ranked medical and engineering schools, and numerous nationally recognized programs in basic sciences. Rigorously trained bioengineers are needed in research institutions, academia, and industry. Their careers may follow their bioengineering concentration (e.g., tissue engineering, bioMEMs, bioinformatics, image and signal processing, neuroengineering, cellular engineering, molecular engineering, biomechanics, nanofabrication, bioacoustics, biomaterials, etc.), but the ability of bioengineers to cut across traditional field boundaries will facilitate their innovation in new areas. For example, a bioengineer with an emphasis in tissue engineering may begin a career by leading a team to engineer an anterior cruciate ligament for a large orthopedic company, and later join a research institute to investigate the effects of zero gravity on mechanical signal transduction pathways of bone cells.

**Chemical Engineering**

Chemical engineers use their knowledge of mathematics, physics, chemistry, and biology to meet the needs of our technological society. They design, research, develop, operate, and manage the biochemical and petroleum industries and are leaders in the fields of energy and the environment, nanotechnology, biomedical engineering, and advanced materials processing. They are in charge of
the chemical processes used by virtually all industries, including the pharmaceutical, biotechnology, food, paper, aerospace, automotive, water production and treatment, and semiconductor industries. Architectural, engineering, and construction firms employ chemical engineers for equipment and process design. It is also their mission to develop the clean and environmentally friendly technologies of the future.

Major areas of fundamental interest within chemical engineering are
1. Applied chemical kinetics, which involves the design of chemical processes and reactors, including combustion systems,
2. Transport phenomena, which involves the exchange of momentum, heat, and mass across interfaces and has applications to the separation of valuable materials from mixtures, or of pollutants from gas and liquid streams,
3. Thermodynamics, which is fundamental to both separation processes and chemical reactor design, and
4. Plant and process design, synthesis, optimization, simulation, and control, which provide the overall framework for integrating chemical engineering knowledge into industrial application and practice.

Civil and Environmental Engineering
Civil engineers plan, design, construct, and manage a range of physical systems, such as buildings, bridges, dams and tunnels, transportation systems, water and wastewater treatment systems, coastal and ocean engineering facilities, and environmental engineering projects, related to public works and private enterprises. Thus, civil and environmental engineering embraces activities in traditional areas and in emerging problem areas associated with modern industrial and social development.

The civil engineering profession demands rigorous scientific training and a capacity for creativity and growth into developing fields. In Southern California, besides employment in civil engineering firms and governmental agencies for public works, civil engineering graduates often choose the aerospace industry for assignments based on their structural engineering background. Graduates are also qualified for positions outside engineering where their broad engineering education is a valuable asset.

The curriculum leading to a B.S. in Civil Engineering provides an excellent foundation for entry into professional practice, as well as for graduate study in civil engineering and other related fields.

Computer Science and Engineering
Students specializing in the computer science and engineering undergraduate program are educated in a range of computer system concepts. As a result, students at the B.S. level are qualified for employment as applications programmers, systems programmers, digital system designers, digital system marketing engineers, and project engineers.

Undergraduates can major either in the computer science and engineering program or in the computer science program. Graduate degree programs in computer science prepare students for leadership positions in the computer field. In addition, they prepare graduates to deal with the most difficult problems facing the computer science field. University or college teaching generally requires the graduate degree.

Electrical Engineering
The electrical engineering discipline deals primarily with the sensing, analysis, and processing of information. It develops circuits, devices, algorithms, and theories that can be used to sense data, analyze data, extrapolate data, communicate data, and take action in response to the data collected. The Electrical Engineering Department is a recognized leader in education and research related to these subjects.

Manufacturing Engineering
Manufacturing engineering is an interdisciplinary field that integrates the basic knowledge of materials, design, processes, computers, and system analysis. The manufacturing engineering program is part of the Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department.

Specialized areas are generally classified as manufacturing processes, manufacturing planning and control, and computer-aided manufacturing.

Manufacturing engineering as an engineering specialty requires the education and experience necessary to understand, apply, and control engineering procedures in manufacturing processes and production methods of industrial commodities and products. It involves the generation of manufacturing systems, the development of novel and specialized equipment, research into the phenomena of fabricating technologies, and manufacturing feasibility of new products.

Coursework, independent studies, and research are offered in the manufacturing processes area, leading to an M.S. degree. This includes computer-aided design and computer-aided manufacturing, robotics, metal forming and metal cutting analysis, nondestructive evaluation, and design and optimization of manufacturing processes.

Materials Engineering
Materials engineering is concerned with the structure and properties of materials used in modern technology. Advances in technology are often limited by available materials. Solutions to energy problems depend largely on new materials, such as solar cells or materials for batteries for electric cars.

Two programs within materials engineering are available at UCLA:
1. In the materials engineering program, students become acquainted with metals, ceramics, polymers, and composites. Such expertise is highly sought by the aerospace and manufacturing industries. Materials engineers are responsible for the selection and testing of materials for specific applications. Traditional fields of metallurgy and ceramics have been merged in industry, and this program reflects the change.
2. In the electronic materials option of the materials engineering program, students learn the basics of materials engineering with a concentration in electronic materials and processing. The optional program requires additional coursework which includes five to eight electrical engineering courses.

In order to enter a career in research and development of new materials (such as new energy devices), an M.S. or Ph.D. degree is desirable.

Mechanical Engineering
Mechanical engineering is a broad discipline finding application in virtually all industries and manufactured products. The mechanical engineer applies principles of mechanics, dynamics, and energy transfer to the design, analysis, testing, and manufacture of consumer and industrial prod-
Mechanical engineers are employed throughout the engineering community as individual consultants in small firms providing specialized products or services, as designers and managers in large corporations, and as public officials in government agencies. Mechanical engineers apply their knowledge to a wealth of systems, products, and processes, including energy generation, utilization and conservation, power and propulsion systems (power plants, engines), and commercial products found in the automotive, aerospace, chemical, or electronics industries.

The B.S. program in Mechanical Engineering at UCLA provides excellent preparation for a career in mechanical engineering and a foundation for advanced graduate studies. Graduate studies in one of the specialized fields of mechanical engineering prepare students for a career at the forefront of technology. The Ph.D. degree provides a strong background for employment by government laboratories, industrial research laboratories, and academia.
Facilities and Services

Teaching and research facilities at HSSEAS are in Boelter Hall, Engineering I, Engineering IV, and Engineering V, located in the southern part of the UCLA campus. Boelter Hall houses classrooms and laboratories for undergraduate and graduate instruction, the Office of Academic and Student Affairs (http://www.seas.oasa.ucla.edu), the SEASnet computer facility (http://www.seasnet.), and offices of faculty and administration. The SEL/Engineering and Mathematical Sciences Library is also in Boelter Hall. The Shop Services Center and the Student and Faculty Shop are in the Engineering I building. The California NanoSystems Institute (CNSI) building hosts additional HSSEAS collaborative research activities.

Library Facilities

University Library System

The UCLA Library, a campuswide network of libraries serving programs of study and research in many fields, is among the top 10 ranked research libraries in the U.S. Total collections number more than 8 million volumes, and nearly 80,000 serial titles are received regularly. Some 15,000 serials and databases are electronically available, and the UCLA Library Catalog is linked to the library’s homepage at http://www.library.ucla.edu. The SEL/Engineering and Mathematical Sciences Library is also in Boelter Hall. The Shop Services Center and the Student and Faculty Shop are in the Engineering I building. The California NanoSystems Institute (CNSI) building hosts additional HSSEAS collaborative research activities.

Science and Engineering Library

Collections and services of the Science and Engineering Library (SEL) support research and programs in all departments and related institutes of HSSEAS and the Physical Sciences Division, College of Letters and Science. The SEL/Engineering and Mathematical Sciences Collection in Boelter Hall houses the engineering, mathematics, statistics, astronomy, and atmospheric and oceanic sciences collections, as well as most librarian and staff offices; and the administrative, collection development, and public services divisions. SEL collections in Young Hall and the Geology Building contain complementary materials in chemistry, physics, and geology-geophysics. The SEL collection contains over 585,000 print volumes, subscribes to almost 4,900 current serials in print and/or electronic formats, and includes over 4 million technical reports. In addition to e-journals, the library provides Web access to article databases covering each discipline and several thousand e-books.

Faculty, students, and staff can e-mail questions to the library at sel-ref@library.ucla.edu. In addition to online live chat, in-person reference assistance is provided Monday through Friday. To contact a librarian, use one of the “?” Questions links on any library webpage. The SEL website, located at http://www.library.ucla.edu/libraries/SEL/, highlights other library services including course reserves, interlibrary loan, document delivery and other services, and useful engineering Web resources. Librarians are available for consultations and to provide course-related instruction.

Services

Instructional Computer Facility

HSSEAS maintains a network of over 120 Sun Fire and Enterprise servers, Dell PowerEdge Windows servers, Network Appliance RAID NFS servers, and Linux RAID NFS servers connected to a high-speed backbone network. The machines function as cycle, file, and application servers to approximately 630 Unix and Microsoft Windows workstations for administrative and instructional support. Four open computer laboratories and one classroom for computerized instruction house 210 PC workstations and a smaller Linux laboratory. Remote access to HSSEAS coursework applications is provided via Microsoft Terminal Server.

Students and faculty access to retail Microsoft software through the Microsoft Developer Network Academic Alliance (MSDNAA) program and MathType software through an HSSEAS download service are available at no charge. Faculty and staff have access to Microsoft Office software at no charge through the HSSEAS download service and the Microsoft Consolidated Campus Agreement (MCCA). Autodesk and Dreamspark programs offer additional software at no charge to all UCLA students.

UCLA Academic Technology Services (ATS) operates high-performance computer clusters that provide cluster hosting services to campus researchers in a way that effectively manages the limited high-end data center space on campus. They offer help to researchers who need assistance in numerically intensive computing by speeding up long-running serial or parallel programs or by parallelizing existing serial code. A UCLA Grid Portal and other high-performance computing resources are also available.

The school’s manufacturing engineering program operates a group of workstations dedicated to CAD/CAM instruction, and the Computer Science Department operates a network of SUN, PC, and Macintosh computers. The school is connected via high-speed networks to the Internet, and computing resources at the national supercomputer centers are available.

Shop Services Center

The Shop Services Center is available to faculty, staff, and students for projects.

Continuing Education

UCLA Extension

Department of Engineering, Information Systems, and Technical Management

Frank E. Burris, Ph.D., Director
William R. Goodin, Ph.D., Associate Director

The UCLA Extension (UNEX) Department of Engineering, Information Systems, and Technical Management (540 UNEX, 10995 Le Conte Avenue) provides one of the nation’s largest selections of continuing engineering education programs. A short course program of 132 annual offerings draws participants from around the world for two- to five-day intensive programs. Many of these short courses are also offered on-site at companies and government agencies. The acclaimed Technical Management Program offers the nation’s largest selection of continuing engineering technology courses, which includes a yearly offering of 112 and an annual offering of 200.

The Information Systems program—offering 120 classes annually, including six certificate programs and one sequential program in evening, day, weekend, and online formats—covers a broad range of information technologies.

Each year, the department offers 102 classes in engineering disciplines that include manufacturing engineering, electrical engineering, astronautical engineering, construction management, mechanical engineering, environmental management,
and PE review classes. In addition, 100 technical management offerings complement the engineering offerings. Most engineering and technical management classes are in a quarter-length, evening format. In addition, most of the technical management classes are now available online. Call (310) 825-3344 for short course programs, (310) 825-3858 for the Technical Management Program, (310) 825-4100 for information systems and engineering classes, and (310) 206-1548 for technical management classes, or fax (310) 206-2815. See http://www.uclaextension.edu.

**Career Services**
The UCLA Career Center assists HSSEAS undergraduate and graduate students and alumni in exploring career possibilities, preparing for graduate and professional school, obtaining employment and internship leads, and developing skills for conducting a successful job search.

Services include career consulting and counseling, skills assessments, workshops, employer information sessions, and a multimedia collection of career planning and job search resources. Bruinview™ provides undergraduate and graduate students with opportunities to meet one-on-one with employers seeking entry-level job candidates and offers 24-hour access to thousands of current full-time, part-time, seasonal, and internship positions. Annual career fairs for HSSEAS students are held in Fall and Winter quarters, and HSSEAS students are also welcomed at all Career Center-sponsored job fairs.

The Career Center staff also provides consultation services to HSSEAS student organizations. Career services are available at the UCLA Career Center, 501 Westwood Plaza, Strathmore Building, from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, by appointment and for drop-in counseling sessions. For more information call (310) 206-1915 or see http://career.ucla.edu.

**Arthur Ashe Student Health and Wellness Center**
The Arthur Ashe Student Health and Wellness Center is a full-service medical clinic available to all registered UCLA students. Many services are subsidized by registration fees, but there are minimal fees for all services. Visit, core laboratory test, and X-ray fees are all no-charge for students with the UCLA Student Health Insurance Plan (SHIP). There are co-pays for pharmaceuticals. All fees incurred at the Ashe Center are billed directly to students’ BAR accounts.

If a student withdraws, is dismissed, has registration fees cancelled, or takes a leave of absence during a term, he or she continues to be eligible for health services for the remainder of the term at full cost. If a student with SHIP withdraws with less than 100% refund, SHIP continues through the remainder of the term.

The cost of services received outside the Ashe Center is each student’s financial responsibility. Students who waive SHIP need to ensure that they are enrolled in a plan qualified to cover expenses incurred outside of the Ashe Center, and are responsible for knowing the benefits of and local providers for their medical plan.

For emergency care when the Ashe Center is closed, students may call nurse line telephone triage services at (866) 704-9660, or obtain treatment at the UCLA Medical Center Emergency Room or the nearest emergency room on a fee-for-service basis. It is the student’s responsibility to have insurance billed. A student with SHIP must have follow-up visits, after emergencies, in the Ashe Center. If care cannot be provided in the Ashe Center, the Ashe Center clinician will give the student a written referral to a network provider.

Office hours during the academic year are weekdays 8 a.m. to 6:30 p.m. except Friday, when service begins at 9 a.m. Located at 221 Westwood Plaza (next to John Wooden Center), (310) 825-4073; see http://www.studenthealth.ucla.edu.

**Services for Students with Disabilities**
The Office for Students with Disabilities (OSD) provides a wide range of academic support services to regularly enrolled students with documented permanent or temporary disabilities in compliance with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990, and University policies. Academic support services are determined for each student based on specific disability-based requirements. Services include campus orientation and accessibility, note takers, readers, sign language interpreters, Learning Disability Program, registration assistance, test-taking facilitation, special parking assistance, real-time captioning, assistive listening devices, on-campus transportation, adaptive equipment, support groups and workshops, tutorial referral, special materials, housing assistance, referral to UCLA’s Disabilities and Computing Program, and processing of California Department of Rehabilitation authorizations. There is no fee for any of these services. All contacts and assistance are handled confidentially. Located at A255 Murphy Hall, voice (310) 825-1501, TDD (310) 206-6083; see http://www.osd.ucla.edu.

**Dashew Center for International Students and Scholars**
The Dashew Center for International Students and Scholars assists international students with questions about immigration, employment, government regulations, financial aid, academic and administrative procedures, cultural adjustment, and personal matters. The center provides visa assistance for faculty, researchers, and postdoctoral scholars. It also offers programming to meet the needs of the campus multicultural population. Located at 106 Bradley International Hall; see http://www.internationalcenter.ucla.edu.

**Fees and Financial Support**

**Fees and Expenses**
The 2009-10 annual UCLA student fees listed below are current as of publication. See the quarterly Schedule of Classes for breakdown by term or see http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/fees/ for updates.

Students who are not legal residents of California (out-of-state and international students) pay a nonresident tuition fee. See the UCLA General Catalog appendix or the frequent questions residence section at http://www.registrar.ucla.edu for information on how to determine residence for tuition purposes; further inquiries may be directed to the Residence Deputy, 1113 Murphy Hall, UCLA, Los Angeles, CA 90024-1429.

In addition to the fees listed, students should be prepared to pay living expenses for the academic period.

**Living Accommodations**
Housing in Los Angeles, both on and off campus, is in great demand. Students should make arrangements early.

The Community Housing Office, 360 De Neve Drive, Box 951495, Los Angeles, CA 90095-1495, (310) 825-4491, http://www
Financial Aid

Undergraduate Students

Financial aid at UCLA includes scholarships, grants, loans, and work-study programs. Applications for each academic year are available in January. The priority application deadline for financial aid for the 2010-11 academic year is March 2, 2010. With the exception of certain scholarships, awards are based on need as determined by national financial aid criteria. California residents must file the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA). International students in their first year are ineligible for aid. Continuing undergraduate international students are asked to submit a separate Financial Aid Application for International Students.

Information on UCLA financial aid programs is available at the Financial Aid Office, A129J Murphy Hall, (310) 206-0400; see http://www.fao.ucla.edu.

Scholarships

All UCLA undergraduate scholarship awards are made on a competitive basis, with consideration given to academic excellence, achievement, scholastic promise, and financial need. Scholarships are awarded to entering and continuing undergraduates. The term and amount of the award vary; students are expected to maintain academic excellence in their coursework.

Regents Scholarships are awarded to students with an outstanding academic record and a high degree of promise. Regents Scholars receive a yearly honorarium if they have no financial need. If financial need is established, other scholarships and/or grants are awarded to cover that need. Need is determined according to financial aid criteria legislated by Congress.

HSSEAS Scholarships are awarded to entering and continuing undergraduate students based on criteria including financial need, academic excellence, community service, extracurricular activities, and research achievement. The school works with alumni, industry, and individual donors to establish scholarships to benefit engineering students. In 2008-09, HSSEAS awarded more than 70 undergraduate scholarship awards totaling more than $170,000. The majority of these scholarships are publicized in the Fall, with additional scholarships promoted throughout the academic year as applicable. For more information on all available scholarships, see http://seasoasa.ea.ucla.edu/scholarships/.

Grants

Cal Grants A and B are awarded by the California Student Aid Commission to entering and continuing undergraduate students who are U.S. citizens or eligible noncitizens and California residents. Based on financial need and academic achievement, these awards are applied toward educational and registration fees.

Federal Pell Grants are federal aid awards designed to provide financial assistance to those who need funds to attend post-high school educational institutions. Undergraduate students who are U.S. citizens or eligible noncitizens are required by the University to apply.


Federal Family Education Loan Program

Federal loans are available to undergraduate or graduate students who are U.S. citizens or eligible noncitizens and who are carrying at least a half-time academic workload. Information on loan programs is available from the Financial Aid Office, A129J Murphy Hall, or on the web at http://www.fao.ucla.edu.

When graduating, transferring, withdrawing, or taking a leave of absence, UCLA students who have received campus-based loans must complete an exit interview with Student Loan Services. The exit interview is provided to help students better understand and plan for loan repayment. Failure to complete an exit interview results in a hold being placed on all university services and records. In addition, if the campus-based loans become delinquent following separation from UCLA, all university services and records will be withheld. For further information concerning loan repayment, visit the Student Loan Services Office, A227 Murphy Hall, (310) 825-8964; see http://www.loans.ucla.edu.

Work-Study Programs

Under Federal Work-Study, the federal government pays a portion of the hourly wage and the employer contributes the balance. When possible, work is related to student educational objectives. Hourly pay rates comply with minimum wage laws and vary with the nature of the work, experi-
ence, and capabilities. Employment may be on or off campus. To be eligible, undergraduate and graduate students must demonstrate financial need and be a U.S. citizen or eligible noncitizen. Submission of the financial aid application is required.

Community Service is a component of the Federal Work-Study program. Students who secure a community service position are eligible to petition for an increase in work-study funds of up to $5,000 while at the same time reducing their Perkins and/or Stafford loan by the amount of the increase. Most community service positions are located off campus.

Students must be enrolled at least half-time (6 units for undergraduates, 4 for graduate students) and not be appointed at more than 50 percent time while employed at UCLA. Students not carrying the required units or who exceed 50 percent time employment are subject to Social Security or Medicare taxation.

Graduate Students
A high percentage of HSSEAS graduate students receive departmental financial support.

Merit-Based Support
Three major types of merit-based support are available in the school:
1. Fellowships from University, private, or corporate funds.
2. Employment as a teaching assistant.
3. Employment as a graduate student researcher.

Fellowships usually provide stipends competitive with those of other major universities, plus registration and nonresident tuition fees (where applicable). These stipends may be supplemented by a teaching assistantship or graduate student researcher appointment. The awards are generally reserved for new students.

Teaching assistantships are awarded to students on the basis of scholarship and promise as teachers. Appointees serve under the supervision of regular faculty members.

Graduate student researcher (GSR) appointments are awarded to students on the basis of scholastic achievement and promise as creative scholars. Appointees perform research under the supervision of a faculty member in research work. Full-time employment in summer and interterm breaks is possible, depending on the availability of research funds from contracts or grants.

Since a graduate student researcher appointment constitutes employment in the service of a particular faculty member who has a grant, students must take the initiative in obtaining desired positions. GSR appointments are generally awarded after one year of study at UCLA.

Applicants for departmental financial support must be accepted for admission to HSSEAS in order to be considered in the 2008-09 competition. Applicants should check the deadline for submitting the UCLA Application for Graduate Admission and the Fellowship Application for Entering Graduate Students with their preferred department.

Need-Based Aid
Unlike the awards above, which are based solely on merit and administered by HSSEAS, the University also provides work-study and low-interest loans based on financial need exclusively. Need-based awards are administered by the Financial Aid Office in A129U Murphy Hall. Financial aid applicants must file the Free Application for Federal Student Aid.

Continuing graduate students should contact the Financial Aid Office in December 2008 for information on 2009-10 application procedures.

International graduate students are not eligible for need-based University financial aid nor for long-term student loans.

School of Engineering Fellowships
Fellowship packages offered by HSSEAS may include fellowship contributions from the following sources:

AT&T Fellowships. Supports doctoral study in electrical engineering; must be U.S. citizen or permanent resident; optional summer research at AT&T.

Atlantic Richfield Company (ARCO) Fellowship. Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering; supports study in chemical engineering.

William and Mary Beedle Fellowship. Department of Chemical Biomolecular Engineering; supports study in chemical engineering.

John J. and Clara C. Boelte Fellowship. Supports study in engineering.

Leon and Aylene Camp Fellowship. Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering; supports study in engineering; must be U.S. citizen.

Eugene V. Cota-Robles Fellowship. Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering; supports doctoral students.

Deutsch Company Fellowship. Supports engineering research on problems that aid “small business” in Southern California.

IBM Doctoral Fellowship. Supports doctoral study in computer science.

Intel Fellowship. Department of Computer Science; supports doctoral study in selected areas of computer science.

Intel Fellowship. Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering; supports doctoral students.

Les Knesel Scholarship Fund. Department of Materials Science and Engineering; supports master’s or doctoral students in ceramic engineering.

T.H. Lin Graduate Fellowship. Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering; supports study in the area of structures.

Microsoft Fellowship. Supports doctoral study in computer science.

National Consortium for Graduate Degrees for Minorities in Engineering and Science (GEM) Fellowships. Supports study in engineering and science to highly qualified individuals from communities where human capital is virtually untapped.

NCR Fellowship. Department of Computer Science; supports doctoral study in computer science.

Martin Rubin Scholarship. Supports two undergraduate or graduate students pursuing a degree in civil engineering with an emphasis in structural engineering.

Henry Samueli Fellowship. Department of Electrical Engineering; supports master’s and doctoral students.

Henry Samueli Fellowship. Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering; supports master’s and doctoral students.

Sun Microsystems Fellowship. Department of Computer Science; supports incoming graduate students in computer science.

Texaco Scholarship. Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering; supports research in the area of environmental engineering.

Many other companies in the area also make arrangements for their employees to work part-time and to study at UCLA for advanced degrees in engineering or computer science. In addition, the Graduate Division offers other fellowship packages including the Dissertation Year and Graduate Opportunity Fellowships.
Special Programs, Activities, and Awards

Center for Excellence in Engineering and Diversity

The HSSEAS Center for Excellence in Engineering and Diversity (CEED) seeks to create a community of collaborative and sustainable partnerships that increase academic opportunities for urban, disadvantaged, and underrepresented students. CEED supports precollege students in science, engineering, mathematics, and technology curricula, and focuses on engineering and computer science at the undergraduate and graduate levels.

Precollege Outreach Programs

Science and Mathematics Achievement and Research Training for Students (SMARTS). A six-week commuter and residential summer program, SMARTS provides a diverse group of up to 50 10th and 11th graders with rigorous inquiry-based engineering, mathematics, and science enrichment. Students receive an introduction to the scientific process and to laboratory-based investigation through the Research Apprentice Program, sponsored by faculty and graduate research mentors in engineering.

MESA Schools Program (MSP). Through CEED, HSSEAS partners with middle and high school principals to implement MSP services, which focus on outreach and student development in engineering, mathematics, science, and technology. At individual school sites, four mathematics and science teachers serve as MSP advisers and coordinate the activities and instruction for 818 students. Advisers work as a team to deliver services that include SAT preparation. MSP prepares students for regional engineering and science competitions and provides an individual academic planning program, academic excellence workshops, CEED undergraduate mentors, field trips, and exposure to high-tech careers. The MSP goal is to increase the numbers of urban and educationally underserved students who are competitively eligible for UC admission, particularly in engineering and computer science.

Students are provided academic planning, SAT preparation, career exploration, and other services starting at the elementary school level through college. HSSEAS/CEED currently serves 19 schools in the Los Angeles Unified School District and four schools in the Inglewood Unified School District.

Undergraduate Programs

CEED currently supports some 260 under-represented and educationally disadvantaged engineering students. Components of the undergraduate program include:

CEED Summer Bridge. A two-week intensive residential summer program, CEED Summer Bridge provides advanced preparation and exposure for Fall Quarter classes in mathematics, chemistry, and computer science.

Freshman Orientation Course. Designed to give CEED freshmen exposure to the engineering profession, “Engineering 87—Engineering Disciplines” also teaches the principles of effective study and team/community-building skills, and research experiences.

Academic Excellence Workshops (AEW). Providing an intensive mathematics/science approach to achieving mastery through collaborative learning and facilitated study groups, workshops meet twice a week for two hours and are facilitated by a Ph.D. student.

Bridge Review for Enhancing Engineering Students (BREES). Sponsored by the National Science Foundation (NSF). A 14-day intensive summer program designed to provide CEED students with the skills and knowledge to gain sufficient mastery, understanding, and problem solving skills in the core engineering courses. Current CEED students and incoming CEED transfer students take part in lectures and collaborative, problem-solving workshops facilitated by UCLA graduate students.

Research Intensive Series in Engineering for Underrepresented Populations (RISE-UP). During the summer of 2005, UCLA CEED began its Research Intensive Series in Engineering for Underrepresented Populations (RISE-UP). The purpose of this program is to keep engineering and computing students, particularly from underrepresented groups, interested in the fun of learning through a process in which faculty participate. The ultimate goal of this program is to encourage these young scholars to go on to graduate school and perhaps the professoriate.

Academic Advising and Counseling. CEED counselors assist in the selection of course combinations, professors, and course loads and meet regularly with students to assess progress and discuss individual concerns.

Tutoring. Review sessions and tutoring are provided for several upper division engineering courses.

Career Development. Presentations by corporate representatives and field trips to major company locations are offered. Other services include summer and full-time job placement and assistance.

Cluster Systems. Common class sections that team students. Cluster Systems facilitate group study and successful academic excellence workshops.

Student Study Center: A two-room complex with a study area open 24 hours a day, CEED students participate in a professional development workshop.
the Student Study Center also houses academic workshop rooms and a computer room and is used for tutoring, presentations, and engineering student organizations.

STEP-UP: Funded by the National Science Foundation, STEP for Underutilized Populations (STEP-UP) is a regional initiative designed to increase the number of students from Los Angeles urban core populations obtaining baccalaureate degrees in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM). Awarded in Fall 2004, this five-year, $1.8 million inter-institutional and multi-disciplinary initiative is led by the UCLA Center for Excellence in Engineering and Diversity in the Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science. Regional partners include California State University, Los Angeles (CSULA) and a number of community colleges in the Los Angeles metropolitan area. The U.S. production of domestic engineers and physical scientists has declined since the high point of the mid-1980s, while that of other countries has increased dramatically. The fastest-growing segments of the U.S. population need to be prepared to enter these vital fields.

Nearly 82 percent of the 740,000 K-12 students in the Los Angeles Unified School District are African-American and Latino, yet a miniscule number of these students attempt post-secondary STEM fields, and fewer enroll in and complete degrees in these areas. The UCLA STEP-UP project provides academic learning communities and career-oriented intervention programs to improve access, counseling, and preparation for students with high interest in these subjects. The NSF has funded over 30 STEP projects across the country to address the growing imbalance between the need for technical talent and the U.S. production of engineers and computer and physical scientists. The NSF goal is to strengthen national and economic security by increasing the number of engineers from populations that under-participate in these fields.

Scholarships/Financial Aid

The Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science also participates in the NACME and GEM scholarships. The CEED Industry Advisory Board and support network provide significant contributions to program services and scholarships. Information may be obtained from the CEED director.

Student Organizations

UCLA CEED supports student chapters of three engineering organizations: the American Indian Science and Engineering Society (AISES), the National Society of Black Engineers (NSBE), and the Society of Latino Engineers and Scientists (SOLES), the UCLA chapter of the Society of Hispanic Professional Engineers (SHPE). These organizations are vital elements of the program.

American Indian Science and Engineering Society

Entering its 20th year on campus, AISES encourages American Indians to pursue careers as scientists and engineers while preserving their cultural heritage. The goal of AISES is to promote unity and cooperation and to provide a basis for the advancement of American Indians while providing financial assistance and educational opportunities. AISES devotes most of its energy to its outreach program where members conduct monthly science academies with elementary and precollege students from Indian Reservations. Serving as mentors and role models for younger students enables UCLA AISES students to further develop professionalism and responsibility while maintaining a high level of academics and increasing cultural awareness.

National Society of Black Engineers

Chartered in 1980 to respond to the shortage of blacks in science and engineering fields and to promote academic excellence among black students in these disciplines, NSBE provides academic assistance, tutoring, and study groups while sponsoring ongoing activities such as guest speakers, company tours, and participation in UCLA events such as Career Day and Engineers Week. NSBE also assists students with employment. Through the various activities sponsored by NSBE, students develop leadership and interpersonal skills while enjoying the college experience. UCLA NSBE was recently named national chapter of the year for small chapters by the national organization. See http://www.seas.ucla.edu/nsbe/

Society of Latino Engineers and Scientists

Recognized as the national chapter of the year five times over the past ten years years by the Society of Hispanic Professional Engineers (SHPE), SOLES promotes engineering as a viable career option for Latino students. SOLES is committed to the advancement of Latinos in engineering and science through endeavors to stimulate intellectual pursuit through group studying, tutoring, and peer counseling for all members. This spirit is carried into the community with active recruitment of high school students into the field of engineering. SOLES also strives to familiarize the UCLA community with the richness and diversity of the Latino culture and the scientific accomplishments of Latinos. SOLES organizes cultural events such as Latinos in Science, Cinco de Mayo, and cosponsors the Women in Science and Engineering (WISE) Day with AISES, NSBE, and SWE. By participating in campus events such as Career Day and Engineers Week, the organization’s growing membership strives to fulfill the needs of the individual and the community. See http://www.seas.ucla.edu/soles/.

Women in Engineering

Women make up about 19 percent of the undergraduate and 20 percent of HSSEAS graduate enrollment. Today’s opportunities for women in engineering are excellent, as both employers and educators try to change the image of engineering as a “males only” field. Women engineers are in great demand in all fields of engineering.

Society of Women Engineers

The Society of Women Engineers (SWE), recognizing that women in engineering are still a minority, has established a UCLA student chapter that sponsors field trips and engineering-related speakers (often professional women) to introduce the various options available to women engineers. The UCLA chapter of SWE, in conjunction with other Los Angeles schools, also publishes an annual résumé book to help women students find jobs and presents a career day for women high school students. See http://www.engineering.ucla.edu/swe/.

Student and Honorary Societies

Professionally related societies and activities at UCLA provide valuable experience in leadership, service, recreation, and personal satisfaction. The faculty of the school encourages students to participate in such societies and activities where they can learn more about the engineering profession in a more informal setting than the classroom. For more information, see http://www.engineer.ucla.edu/academics/organization.html.
Students may not use any one course to fulfill requirements for both degrees. For details, consult the Office of Academic and Student Affairs in 6426 Boelter Hall well in advance of application dates for admission to graduate standing.

Official Publications
This Announcement of the Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science contains detailed information about the school, areas of study, degree programs, and course listings. The UCLA General Catalog (http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/catalog), however, is the official and binding document for the guidance of students. UCLA students are responsible for complying with all University rules, regulations, policies, and procedures described in the catalog. Engineering students are advised to purchase it from the UCLA Store.

For rules and regulations on graduate study, see http://www.gdnet.ucla.edu.

Grading Policy
Instructors should announce their complete grading policy in writing at the beginning of the term, along with the syllabus and other course information, and make that policy available on the course website. Once the policy is announced, it should be applied consistently for the entire term.

Grade Disputes
If students believe that they have been graded unfairly, they should first discuss the issue with the instructor of the course. If the dispute cannot be resolved between the student and the instructor, the student may refer the issue to the Associate Dean for Academic and Student Affairs, 6426 Boelter Hall.

The associate dean may form an ad hoc committee to review the complaint. The ad hoc committee members are recommended by the appropriate department chair and the associate dean. The student receives a copy of the ad hoc committee’s report as well as a copy of the associate dean’s recommendation. The student’s file will contain no reference to the dispute.

The associate dean informs the students of their rights with respect to complaints and appeals at UCLA.
Nondiscrimination

The University of California, in accordance with applicable Federal and State Laws and University Policies, does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity, pregnancy (including pregnancy, childbirth, and medical conditions related to pregnancy and childbirth), physical or mental disability, medical condition (cancer-related or genetic characteristics), ancestry, marital status, age, sexual orientation, citizenship, or service in the uniformed services (including membership, application for membership, performance of service, application for service, or obligation for service in the uniformed services). The University also prohibits sexual harassment. This nondiscrimination policy covers admission, access, and treatment in University programs and activities.

Inquiries regarding the University’s student-related nondiscrimination policies may be directed to the UCLA Campus Counsel, 3149 Murphy Hall, Box 951405, Los Angeles, CA 90095-1405, (310) 825-4042.

Inquiries regarding nondiscrimination on the basis of disability covered by the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 may be directed to Monroe Gordon, ADA and 504 Compliance, A239 Murphy Hall, UCLA, Box 951405, Los Angeles, CA 90095-1405, voice (310) 825-2242, TTY (310) 206-3349; http://www.ada.ucla.edu.

Students may complain of any action which they believe discriminates against them on the ground of race, color, national origin, marital status, sex, sexual orientation, disability, or age and may contact the Office of the Dean of Students, 1206 Murphy Hall, and/or refer to Section 111.00 of the University of California Policies Applying to Campus Activities, Organizations, and Students (available in 1206 Murphy Hall or at http://www.ucop.edu/ucophome/coordrev/ucpolicies/aos/toc.html) for further information and procedures.

Harassment

Sexual Harassment

The University of California is committed to creating and maintaining a community where all persons who participate in University programs and activities can work and learn together in an atmosphere free from all forms of harassment, exploitation, or intimidation. Every member of the University community should be aware that the University is strongly opposed to sexual harassment and that such behavior is prohibited both by law and by University policy. The University will respond promptly and effectively to reports of sexual harassment and will take appropriate action to prevent, correct and, if necessary, discipline behavior that violates this policy. See http://www.sexualharassment.ucla.edu.

Definitions

Sexual harassment, as defined in the University of California Policies Applying to Campus Activities, Organizations, and Students (Section 160.00), reads in part: Sexual harassment is unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, when submission to or rejection of this conduct explicitly or implicitly affects a person’s employment or education, unreasonably interferes with a person’s work or educational performance, or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working or learning environment. In the interest of preventing sexual harassment, the University will respond to reports of any such conduct. Refer to the Policy on Sexual Harassment and Complaint Resolution Procedures (section 160.00) for the entire definition. The Policy on Sexual Harassment and Complaint Resolution Procedures (http://www.ucop.edu/ucophome/coordrev/ucpolicies/aos/toc.html) is incorporated into the Policy on Student Conduct and Discipline.

Complaint Resolution

Experience has demonstrated that many complaints of sexual harassment can be effectively resolved through informal intervention. Individuals who experience what they consider to be sexual harassment are advised to confront the alleged offender immediately and firmly.

Additionally, an individual who believes that she or he has been sexually harassed may contact the Sexual Harassment Coordinator in 2241 Murphy Hall or a Sexual Harassment Information Center counselor for help and information regarding sexual harassment complaint resolution or grievance procedures at one of the locations listed below as determined by the complainant’s status at the University at the time of the alleged incident:

1. Campus Human Resources/Employee and Labor Relations, Manager, 200 UCLA Wilshire Center, (310) 794-0860
2. Campus Human Resources/Staff and Faculty Counseling Center, Coordinator, 380 UCLA Wilshire Center, (310) 794-0248
3. Center for Student Programming, Associate Director, 105 Kerckhoff Hall, (310) 206-8817
4. Chancellor’s Office, Sexual Harassment Coordinator, 2241 Murphy Hall, (310) 206-3417
5. Counseling and Psychological Services, Director, 221 Wooden Center West, (310) 825-0768
6. David Geffen School of Medicine, Dean’s Office, Special Projects Director, 12-138 Center for the Health Sciences, (310) 794-1958
7. Graduate Division, Office Manager, 1237 Murphy Hall, (310) 206-3269
8. Healthcare Human Resources, Employee Relations Manager, 400 UCLA Wilshire Center, (310) 794-0500
9. Lesbian Gay Bisexual Transgender Campus Resource Center, Director, B36 Student Activities Center, (310) 206-3628
10. Office of the Dean of Students, Assistant Dean of Students, 1206 Murphy Hall, (310) 825-3871
11. Office of Ombuds Services, 105 Strathmore Building, (310) 825-7627; 52-025 Center for the Health Sciences, (310) 206-2427
12. Office of Residential Life, Judicial Affairs Coordinator, Residential Life Building, 370 De Neve Drive, (310) 825-3401
13. Resnick Neuropsychiatric Hospital, Administration/Human Resources Associate Director, B7-370 Semel Institute, (310) 206-5258
14. School of Dentistry, Assistant Dean, Student Affairs, A0-111 Dentistry, (310) 825-2615
15. Student Legal Services, Director, A239 Murphy Hall, (310) 825-9894
16. UCLA Extension, Human Resources Director, 629 UNEX Building, (310) 825-4287; Student Services Director, 214 UNEX Building, (310) 825-2656

Other Forms of Harassment

The University strives to create an environment that fosters the values of mutual respect and tolerance and is free from discrimination based on race, ethnicity, sex, religion, sexual orientation, disability, age, and other personal characteristics.
Certainly harassment, in its many forms, works against those values and often corrodes a person's sense of worth and interferes with one's ability to participate in University programs or activities. While the University is committed to the free exchange of ideas and the full protection of free expression, the University also recognizes that words can be used in such a way that they no longer express an idea, but rather injure and intimidate, thus undermining the ability of individuals to participate in the University community. The University of California Policies Applying to Campus Activities, Organizations, and Students (hereafter referred to as Policies; http://www.ucop.edu/ucophome/coordrev/ucpolicies/aos/toc.html) presently prohibit a variety of conduct by students which, in certain contexts, may be regarded as harassment or intimidation.

For example, harassing expression which is accompanied by physical abuse, threats of violence, or conduct that threatens the health or safety of any person on University property or in connection with official University functions may subject an offending student to University discipline under the provisions of Section 102.08 of the Policies.

Similarly, harassing conduct, including symbolic expression, which also involves conduct resulting in damage to or destruction of any property of the University or property of others while on University premises may subject a student violator to University discipline under the provisions of Section 102.04 of the Policies.

Further, under specific circumstances described in the Universitywide Student Conduct Harassment Policy (http://www.deanofstudents.ucla.edu), students may be subject to University discipline for misconduct which may consist solely of expression. Copies of this Policy are available in the Office of the Dean of Students, 1206 Murphy Hall, or in any of the Harassment Information Centers listed below:

1. Counseling and Psychological Services, 221 Wooden Center West, (310) 825-0768, http://www.counseling.ucla.edu
2. Dashew Center for International Students and Scholars, 106 Bradley Hall, (310) 825-1681, http://www.internationalcenter.ucla.edu

Complaint Resolution
One of the necessary measures in our efforts to assure an atmosphere of civility and mutual respect is the establishment of procedures which provide effective informal and formal mechanisms for those who believe that they have been victims of any of the above misconduct.

Many incidents of harassment and intimidation can be effectively resolved through informal means. For example, an individual may wish to confront the alleged offender immediately and firmly. An individual who chooses not to confront the alleged offender and who wishes help, advice, or information is urged to contact any of the Harassment Information Centers listed immediately above.

In addition to providing support for those who believe they have been victims of harassment, Harassment Information Centers offer persons the opportunity to learn about the phenomena of harassment and intimidation; to understand the formal and informal mechanisms by which misunderstandings may be corrected and, when appropriate, student perpetrators may be disciplined; and to consider which of the available options is the most useful for the particular circumstances.

With regard to the Universitywide Student Conduct Harassment Policy, complainants should be aware that not all conduct which is offensive may be regarded as a violation of this Policy and may, in fact, be protected expression. Thus, the application of formal institutional discipline to such protected expression may not be legally permissible. Nevertheless, the University is committed to reviewing any complaint of harassing or intimidating conduct by a student and intervening on behalf of the complainant to the extent possible.
Undergraduate Programs

The Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science (HSSEAS) offers nine four-year curricula listed below (see the departmental listings for complete descriptions of the programs), in addition to an undergraduate minor in Environmental Engineering.

1. Bachelor of Science in Aerospace Engineering, B.S.A.E.
2. Bachelor of Science in Bioengineering, B.S. B.E.
3. Bachelor of Science in Chemical Engineering, B.S. Ch.E.
4. Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering, B.S. C.E.
5. Bachelor of Science in Computer Science, B.S. C.S.
6. Bachelor of Science in Computer Science and Engineering, B.S. C.S.&E.
7. Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering, B.S. E.E.
8. Bachelor of Science in Materials Engineering, B.S. Mat.E.
9. Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering, B.S. M.E.

The following curricula are accredited by the Engineering Accreditation Commission of the Accreditation Board for Engineering and Technology (ABET), the nationally recognized accrediting body for engineering programs: aerospace engineering, chemical engineering, civil engineering, computer science and engineering, electrical engineering, materials engineering, and mechanical engineering. The computer science and computer science and engineering curricula are accredited by the Computing Accreditation Commission of ABET, 111 Market Place, Suite 1050, Baltimore, MD 21202-4012, (410) 347-7700.

Students applying as freshmen or transfers must submit their applications during the November 1 through 30 filing period. In addition, it is essential that official test scores be received no later than the date in January when the December test scores are normally reported.

Applicants must submit scores from an approved core test of mathematics, language arts, and writing. This requirement may be satisfied by taking either (1) the ACT Assessment plus Writing Tests or (2) the SAT Reasoning Test. In addition, all applicants must complete two SAT Subject Tests in two different subject areas selected from history/social studies, mathematics (Mathematics Level 2 only), laboratory science, and a language other than English.

Applicants to the school are strongly encouraged to take the following SAT Subject Tests: Mathematics Level 2 and a laboratory science test (Biology E/M, Chemistry, or Physics) that is closely related to the intended major.

Fulfilling the admission requirements, however, does not assure admission to the school. Limits have had to be set for the enrollment of new undergraduate students. Thus, not every applicant who meets the minimum requirements can be admitted.

Although applicants may qualify for admission to HSSEAS in freshman standing, many students take their first two years in engineering at a community college and apply to the school at the junior level. Students who begin their college work at a California community college are expected to remain at the community college to complete the lower division requirements in chemistry, computer programming, English composition, mathematics, physics, and the recommended engineering courses before transferring to UCLA.

Admission

Applicants to HSSEAS must satisfy the general admission requirements of the University. See the Office of Admissions and Relations with Schools (UARS) website at http://www.admissions.ucla.edu for details. Applicants must select a major within the school when applying for admission. In the selection process many elements are considered, including grades, test scores, and academic preparation.

Admission as a Freshman

University requirements specify a minimum of three years of mathematics, including the topics covered in elementary and advanced algebra and two- and three-dimensional geometry. Additional study in mathematics, concluding with calculus or precalculus in the senior year, is strongly recommended and typical for applicants to HSSEAS.

Freshman applicants must meet the University subject, scholarship, and examination requirements described at http://www.admissions.ucla.edu.

Credit for Advanced Placement Tests

Students may fulfill part of the school requirements with credit allowed at the time of admission for College Board Advanced Placement (AP) Tests with scores of 3, 4, or 5. Students with AP Test credit may exceed the 213-unit maximum by the amount of this credit. AP Test credit for freshmen entering Fall Quarter 2009 fulfills HSSEAS requirements as indicated on the AP chart. Students who have completed 36 quarter units after high school graduation at the time of the examination receive no AP Test credit.

Admission as a Transfer Student

Admission as a junior-level transfer student is competitive. The University requires applicants to have completed a minimum of 60 transferable semester units (90 quarter units) and two transferable English courses prior to enrolling at UCLA. In addition, to be considered all applicants to HSSEAS majors must have at least a 3.2 grade-point average in their college work. Many of the majors in the school are impacted. Excellent grades, especially for courses in preparation for the major, are expected.

Completion of the required courses in preparation for the major is critical for admission. Articulation agreements between California community colleges and HSSEAS include college-specific course numbers for these requirements and can be found at http://www.assist.org. Applicants who are lacking two or more of the courses are unlikely to be admitted.

Required preparation for HSSEAS majors:

1. Mathematics, including calculus I and II, calculus III (multivariable), differential equations, and linear algebra
2. Calculus-based physics courses in mechanics, electricity and magnetism, and waves, sound, heat, optics, and modern physics
3. Chemistry, including two terms of general chemistry. The Computer Science and Computer Science and Engineering majors and the electrical engineering and computer engineering options

...
Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science
Advanced Placement Credit

All units and course equivalents to AP Tests are lower division. If an AP Test has been given UCLA course equivalency (e.g., Economics 2), it may not be repeated at UCLA for units or grade points.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AP Test</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>UCLA Lower Division Units and Course Equivalents</th>
<th>Credit Allowed for University and GE Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Art History</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Art, Studio</td>
<td></td>
<td>8 units maximum for all tests</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drawing Portfolio</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-Dimensional Design Portfolio</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three-Dimensional Design Portfolio</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biology</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemistry</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 or 5</td>
<td>4 units (may petition for Chemistry 20A) plus 4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer Science</td>
<td></td>
<td>4 units maximum for both tests</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer Science (A Test)</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>2 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer Science (AB Test)</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Macroeconomics</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Economics 2 (4 excess units)</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Economics 2 (4 units)</td>
<td>4 units toward social analysis GE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microeconomics</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Economics 1 (4 excess units)</td>
<td>No application</td>
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<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Economics 1 (4 units)</td>
<td>4 units toward social analysis GE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language and Composition</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>Satisfies Entry-Level Writing Requirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 or 5</td>
<td>English Composition 3 (5 units) plus 3 excess units</td>
<td>Satisfies Entry-Level Writing Requirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Literature and Composition</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>Satisfies Entry-Level Writing Requirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 or 5</td>
<td>English Composition 3 (5 units) plus 3 excess units</td>
<td>Satisfies Entry-Level Writing Requirement</td>
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<tr>
<td>Environmental Science</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
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<tr>
<td>Geography, Human</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government and Politics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comparative</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>Satisfies American History and Institutions Requirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>Satisfies American History and Institutions Requirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>World</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Languages and Literatures</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese Language and Culture</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discipline</td>
<td>Units</td>
<td>Course Details</td>
<td>GE Requirements</td>
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<td>------------------------------------------</td>
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<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French Language</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>French 4 (4 units) plus 4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>French 5 (4 units) plus 4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
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<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>French 6 (4 units) plus 4 excess units</td>
<td>4 units toward philosophical and linguistic analysis GE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French Literature</td>
<td>3 or 4</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5 GE units plus 3 excess units</td>
<td>5 units toward literary and cultural analysis GE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>German Language</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>German 3 (4 units) plus 4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>German 4 (4 units) plus 4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>German 5 (4 units) plus 4 excess units</td>
<td>4 units toward philosophical and linguistic analysis GE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japanese Language and Culture</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latin</td>
<td></td>
<td>8 units maximum for both tests</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latin Literature</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Latin 1 (4 units)</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Latin 3 (4 units)</td>
<td>No application</td>
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<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Latin 3 (4 units)</td>
<td>4 units toward literary and cultural analysis GE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vergil</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Latin 1 (4 units)</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Latin 3 (4 units)</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Latin 3 (4 units)</td>
<td>4 units toward literary and cultural analysis GE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanish Language</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Spanish 4 (4 units) plus 4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Spanish 5 (4 units) plus 4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Spanish 6 (4 units) plus 4 excess units</td>
<td>4 units toward philosophical and linguistic analysis GE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanish Literature</td>
<td>3 or 4</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5 GE units plus 3 excess units</td>
<td>5 units toward literary and cultural analysis GE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td></td>
<td>8 units maximum for both tests</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics (AB Test: Calculus)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>4 units</td>
<td>May be applied toward Mathematics 31A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics (BC Test: Calculus)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4 excess units plus 4 units</td>
<td>4 units may be applied toward Mathematics 31A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8 units</td>
<td>Mathematics 31A plus 4 units that may be applied toward Mathematics 31B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Music Theory</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics</td>
<td></td>
<td>8 units maximum for all tests</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics (B Test)</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>8 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics (C Test: Mechanics)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4 or 5</td>
<td>4 units (may petition for Physics 1A)</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physics (C Test: Electricity and Magnetism)</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychology</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Psychology 10 (4 excess units)</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Psychology 10 (4 units)</td>
<td>4 units toward social analysis GE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistics</td>
<td>3, 4, or 5</td>
<td>4 excess units</td>
<td>No application</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
of the Electrical Engineering major require only one term of chemistry.

4. Computer programming, including either Java, C, or C++. Applicants to the Computer Science, Computer Science and Engineering, and Electrical Engineering majors should take C++.

5. Biology, including one year of biology only for applicants to the Bioengineering major.

6. English composition courses, including one course equivalent to UCLA’s English Composition 3 and a second UC-transferable English composition course.

Transfer applicants may complete courses in addition to those above that satisfy degree requirements. Engineering and computer science courses appropriate for each major may be found at http://www .assist.org.

**Lower Division Courses in Other Departments**

- Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A: Chemical Structure (4 units)
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 20B: Chemical Energetics and Change (4 units)
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 20L: General Chemistry Laboratory (3 units)
- English Composition 3: English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language (5 units)
- Mathematics 31A: Differential and Integral Calculus (4 units)
- Mathematics 31B: Integration and Infinite Series (4 units)
- Mathematics 32A, 32B: Calculus of Several Variables (4 units each)
- Mathematics 33A: Linear Algebra and Applications (4 units)
- Mathematics 33B: Differential Equations (4 units)
- Physics 1A: Physics for Scientists and Engineers: Mechanics (5 units)
- Physics 1B: Physics for Scientists and Engineers: Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields (5 units)
- Physics 1C: Physics for Scientists and Engineers: Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity (5 units)
- Physics 4AL: Physics Laboratory for Scientists and Engineers: Mechanics (2 units)
- Physics 4BL: Physics Laboratory for Scientists and Engineers: Electricity and Magnetism (2 units)

The courses in chemistry, mathematics, and physics are those required as preparation for majors in these subjects. Transfer students should select equivalent courses required for engineering or physical sciences majors.

**Requirements for B.S. Degrees**

The Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science awards B.S. degrees to students who have satisfactorily completed four-year programs in engineering studies.

Students must meet three types of requirements for the Bachelor of Science degree:

1. University requirements
2. School requirements
3. Department requirements

**University Requirements**

The University of California has two requirements that undergraduate students must satisfy in order to graduate: (1) Entry-Level Writing or English as a Second Language and (2) American History and Institutions. These requirements are discussed in detail in the Undergraduate Study section of the UCLA General Catalog.

**School Requirements**

The Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science has seven requirements that must be satisfied for the award of the degree: unit, scholarship, academic residence, writing, technical breadth, ethics, and general education.

**Unit Requirement**

The minimum units allowed for HSSEAS students is between 185 and 190, depending on the program. The maximum allowed is 213 units.

After 213 quarter units, enrollment may not normally be continued in the school without special permission from the associate dean. This regulation does not apply to Departmental Scholars.

**Scholarship Requirement**

In addition to the University requirement of at least a C (2.0) grade-point average in all courses taken at any University of California campus, students must achieve at least a 2.0 grade-point average in all upper division University courses offered in satisfaction of the subject and elective requirements of the curriculum. A 2.0 minimum grade-point average in upper division mathematics, upper division core courses, and the major field is also required for graduation.

**Academic Residence Requirement**

Of the last 48 units completed for the B.S. degree, 36 must be earned in residence in HSSEAS on this campus. No more than 16 of the 36 units may be completed in Summer Sessions at UCLA.

**Writing Requirement**

Students must complete the University’s Entry-Level Writing or English as a Second Language (ESL) requirement prior to completing the school writing requirement.

Students admitted to the school are required to complete a two-term writing requirement—Writing I and engineering writing. Both courses must be taken for letter grades, and students must receive grades of C or better (C– grades are not acceptable).

**Writing I**

The Writing I requirement must be satisfied by completing English Composition 3 or 3H with a grade of C or better (C– or a Passed grade is not acceptable) by the end of the second year of enrollment.

The Writing I requirement may also be satisfied by scoring 4 or 5 on one of the College Board Advanced Placement Tests in English or a combination of a score of 720 or higher on the SAT Reasoning Test Writing Section and superior performance on the English Composition 3 Proficiency Examination.

Students whose native language is not English may satisfy the Writing I requirement by completing English as a Second Language (ESL) requirement prior to completing English as a Second Language 36 with a grade of C or better (C– or a Passed grade is not acceptable). Admission into the course is determined by completion of English as a Second Language 35 with a passing grade or proficiency demonstrated on the English as a Second Language Placement Examination (ESLPE).

**Engineering Writing**

The engineering writing requirement is satisfied by selecting one approved engineering writing (EW) course from the HSSEAS writing course list or by selecting one approved Writing II (W) course. The course must be completed with a grade of C or better (C– or a Passed grade is not acceptable). Writing courses are listed in the Schedule of Classes at http://www .registrar.ucla.edu/soc/writing.htm.
Writing courses also approved for general education credit may be applied toward the relevant general education foundational area.

**Technical Breadth Requirement**
The technical breadth requirement consists of a set of three courses providing sufficient breadth outside the student's core program. A list of HSSEAS Faculty Executive Committee-approved technical breadth requirement courses is available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs, and deviations from that list are subject to approval by the associate dean for Academic and Student Affairs. None of the technical breadth requirement courses selected by students can be used to satisfy other major course requirements.

**Ethics Requirement**
The ethics and professionalism requirement is satisfied by completing one course from Engineering 183EW or 185EW with a grade of C or better (C– or a Passed grade is not acceptable). The course may be applied toward the engineering writing requirement.

**General Education Requirements**
General education (GE) is more than a checklist of required courses. It is a program of study that (1) reveals to students the ways that research scholars in the arts, humanities, social sciences, and natural sciences create and evaluate new knowledge, (2) introduces students to the important ideas and themes of human cultures, (3) fosters appreciation for the many perspectives and the diverse voices that may be heard in a democratic society, and (4) develops the intellectual skills that give students the dexterity they need to function in a rapidly changing world.

This entails the ability to make critical and logical assessments of information, both traditional and digital; deliver reasoned and persuasive arguments; and identify, acquire, and use the knowledge necessary to solve problems.

Students may take one GE course per term on a Passed/Not Passed basis if they are in good academic standing and are enrolled in at least three and one-half courses (14 units) for the term. For details on P/NP grading, see Grading in the Academic Policies section of the UCLA General Catalog or consult the Office of Academic and Student Affairs.

GE courses used to satisfy the engineering writing and/or ethics requirements must be taken for a letter grade.

**Requirements for Students Who Entered Fall Quarter 2005 and Thereafter**

**FOUNDATIONS OF KNOWLEDGE**
General education courses are grouped into three foundational areas: Foundations of the Arts and Humanities, Foundations of Society and Culture, and Foundations of Scientific Inquiry.

Five courses (24 units minimum) are required. Engineering writing and ethics requirement courses also approved for GE credit may be applied toward the relevant GE foundational areas.

Students must meet with a counselor in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs to determine the applicability of GE Cluster courses toward the engineering writing or GE requirements.

Courses listed in more than one category can fulfill GE requirements in only one of the cross-listed categories.

**Foundations of the Arts and Humanities**
Two 5-unit courses selected from two different subgroups:
- Literary and Cultural Analysis
- Philosophical and Linguistic Analysis
- Visual and Performance Arts Analysis and Practice

The aim of courses in this area is to provide perspectives and intellectual skills necessary to comprehend and think critically about our situation in the world as human beings. In particular, the courses provide the basic means to appreciate and evaluate the ongoing efforts of humans to explain, translate, and transform their diverse experiences of the world through such media as language, literature, philosophical systems, images, sounds, and performances. The courses introduce students to the historical development and fundamental intellectual and ethical issues associated with the arts and humanities and may also investigate the complex relations between artistic and humanistic expression and other facets of society and culture.

**Foundations of Society and Culture**
Two 5-unit courses, one from each subgroup:
- Historical Analysis
- Social Analysis

The aim of courses in this area is to introduce students to the ways in which humans organize, structure, rationalize, and govern their diverse societies and cultures over time. The courses focus on a particular historical question, societal problem, or topic of political and economic concern in an effort to demonstrate how issues are objectified for study, how data is collected and analyzed, and how new understandings of social phenomena are achieved and evaluated.

**Foundations of Scientific Inquiry**
One course (4 units minimum) from the Life Sciences subgroup or one course from Biomedical Engineering CM145/Chemical Engineering CM145, Chemistry and Biochemistry 153A, or Civil and Environmental Engineering M166/Environmental Health Sciences M166:
- Life Sciences

This requirement is automatically satisfied for Bioengineering majors, Chemical Engineering majors, and the biomedical engineering option of the Electrical Engineering major. The requirement may be satisfied for Civil Engineering majors if students select an approved major field elective that is also a course approved under Foundations of Scientific Inquiry.

The aim of courses in this area is to ensure that students gain a fundamental understanding of how scientists formulate and answer questions about the operation of both the physical and biological world. The courses also deal with some of the most important issues, developments, and methodologies in contemporary science, addressing such topics as the origin of the universe, environmental degradation, and the decoding of the human genome.

Through lectures, laboratory experiences, writing, and intensive discussions, students consider the important roles played by the laws of physics and chemistry in society, biology, Earth and environmental sciences, and astrophysics and cosmology.

**Foundations Course Lists**
Creating and maintaining a general education curriculum is a dynamic process; consequently, courses are frequently added to the list. For the most current list of approved courses that satisfy the Foundations of Knowledge GE plan, consult an academic counselor or see http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

**Requirements for Students Who Entered Prior to Fall Quarter 2005**
For the approved list of courses, see http://www.seasoasa.ucla.edu/ge.html.
Department Requirements
Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science departments generally set two types of requirements that must be satisfied for the award of the degree: (1) Preparation for the Major (lower division courses) and (2) the Major (upper division courses). Preparation for the Major courses should be completed before beginning upper division work.

Preparation for the Major
A major requires completion of a set of courses known as Preparation for the Major. Each department sets its own Preparation for the Major requirements; see the Departments and Programs section of this announcement.

The Major
Students must complete their major with a scholarship average of at least a 2.0 (C) in all courses in order to remain in the major. Each course in the major department must be taken for a letter grade. See the Departments and Programs section of this announcement for details on each major.

Policies and Regulations
Degree requirements are subject to policies and regulations, including the following:

Student Responsibility
Students should take advantage of academic support resources, but they are ultimately responsible for keeping informed of and complying with the rules, regulations, and policies affecting their academic standing.

Study List
Study Lists require approval of the dean of the school or a designated representative. It is the student's responsibility to present a Study List that reflects satisfactory progress toward the Bachelor of Science degree, according to standards set by the faculty. Study Lists or programs of study that do not comply with these standards may result in enforced withdrawal from the University or other academic action.

Undergraduate students in the school are expected to enroll in at least 12 units each term. Students enrolling in less than 12 units must obtain approval by petition to the dean prior to enrollment in courses. The normal program is 16 units per term. Students may not enroll in more than 21 units per term unless an Excess Unit Petition is approved in advance by the dean.

Minimum Progress
Full-time HSSEAS undergraduate students must complete a minimum of 36 units in three consecutive terms in which they are registered.

Credit Limitations
Some portions of Advanced Placement (AP) Test credit are evaluated by corresponding UCLA course number. If students take the equivalent UCLA course, a deduction of UCLA unit credit is made prior to graduation. See the AP chart.

Credit earned through the College Level Examination Program (CLEP) may not be applied toward the bachelor's degree.

Examination Program (CLEP) may not be applied toward the bachelor's degree for college foreign language courses equivalent to quarter levels one and two if the equivalent of level two of the same language was completed with satisfactory grades in high school.

Double Majors
Students in good academic standing may be permitted to have a double major consisting of a major within HSSEAS and a major outside the school (e.g., Electrical Engineering and Economics). Students are not permitted to have a double major within the school (e.g., Chemical Engineering and Civil Engineering). Contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for details.

Advising
It is mandatory for all students entering undergraduate programs to have their course of study approved by an academic counselor. After the first term, curricular and career advising is accomplished on a formal basis. Students are assigned a faculty adviser in their particular specialization in their sophomore year or earlier.

In addition, all undergraduate students are assigned, by major, to an academic counselor in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs who provides them with advice regarding general requirements for the degrees and University and school regulations and procedures. It is the students' responsibility to periodically meet with their academic counselor in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs, as well as with their faculty adviser, to discuss curriculum requirements, programs of study, and any other academic matters of concern.

Curricula Planning Procedure
Students normally follow the curriculum in effect when they enter the school. California community college transfers may also select the curriculum in the catalog in effect at the time they began their community college work in an engineering program, providing attendance has been continuous since that time.

HSSEAS undergraduate students following a catalog year prior to 2005-06 should schedule an appointment with their academic counselor in 6426 Boelter Hall or by calling (310) 825-9580 to review course credit and degree requirements and for program planning. Students following the 2005-06 catalog year and thereafter will be notified by the Office of Academic and Student Affairs of a new program called Degree Audit Reporting System (DARS). The student’s regular faculty adviser is available to assist in planning electives and for discussions regarding career objectives. Students should discuss their elective plan with the adviser and obtain the adviser’s approval.

Students should also see any member or members of the faculty specially qualified in their major for advice in working out a program of major courses.

Students are assigned to advisers by majors and major fields of interest. A specific adviser or an adviser in a particular engineering department may be requested by submitting a Request for Assignment to Faculty Adviser form available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs.

Academic counselors in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs assist students with University procedures and answer questions related to general requirements.

Honors

Dean’s Honors List
Students following the engineering curriculum are eligible to be named to the Dean’s Honors List each term. Minimum requirements are a course load of at least 15 units (12 units of letter grade) with a grade-point average equal to or greater than 3.7. Students are not eligible for the Dean’s Honors List if they receive an Incomplete (I) or Not
Passed (NP) grade or repeat a course. Only courses applicable to an undergraduate degree are considered toward eligibility for Dean’s Honors.

**Latin Honors**

Students who have achieved scholastic distinction may be awarded the bachelor’s degree with honors. Students eligible for 2009-10 University honors at graduation must have completed 90 or more units for a letter grade at the University of California and must have attained a cumulative grade-point average at graduation which places them in the top five percent of the school (GPA of 3.844 or better) for **summa cum laude**, the next five percent (GPA of 3.754 or better) for **magna cum laude**, and the next 10 percent (GPA of 3.630 or better) for **cum laude**. The minimum GPAs required are subject to change on an annual basis. Required GPAs in effect in the graduating year determine student eligibility.

Based on grades achieved in upper division courses, engineering students must have a 3.844 grade-point average for **summa cum laude**, a 3.754 for **magna cum laude**, and a 3.630 for **cum laude**. For all designations of honors, students must have a minimum 3.25 GPA in their major field courses. To be eligible for an award, students should have completed at least 80 upper division units at the University of California.
The Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science (HSSEAS) offers courses leading to the Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy degrees, to the Master of Science in Engineering online degree, to the Master of Engineering degree, and to the Engineer degree. The school is divided into seven departments that encompass the major engineering disciplines: aerospace engineering, bioengineering, chemical engineering, civil engineering, computer science, electrical engineering, manufacturing engineering, materials science and engineering, and mechanical engineering. It also offers a graduate interdepartmental degree program in biomedical engineering. Graduate students are not required to limit their studies to a particular department and are encouraged to consider related offerings in several departments.

Also, a one-year program leading to a Certificate of Specialization is offered in various fields of engineering and applied science.

Master of Science Degrees
The Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science offers the M.S. degree in Aerospace Engineering, Biomedical Engineering, Chemical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Computer Science, Electrical Engineering, Manufacturing Engineering, Materials Science and Engineering, and Mechanical Engineering. The thesis plan requires seven formal courses and a thesis, which may be written while the student is enrolled in two individual study courses. The comprehensive examination plan requires nine formal courses and a comprehensive examination. In some fields students may be allowed to use the Ph.D. major field examination to satisfy the M.S. comprehensive examination requirement. Full-time students complete M.S. programs in an average of five terms of study (about a year and a half). To remain in good academic standing, an M.S. student must obtain a 3.0 grade-point average overall and a 3.0 GPA in graduate courses.

Master of Engineering Online Degree
The primary purpose of the Master of Science in Engineering online degree program is to enable employed engineers and computer scientists to augment their technical education beyond the Bachelor of Science degree and to enhance their value to the technical organizations in which they are employed. For further information, see http://msengrol.seas.ucla.edu.

Master of Engineering Degree
The Master of Engineering (M.Eng.) degree is granted to graduates of the Engineering Executive Program, a two-year work-study program consisting of graduate-level professional courses in the management of technological enterprises. For details, write to the HSSEAS Office of Academic and Student Affairs, 6426 Boelter Hall, UCLA, Box 951601, Los Angeles, CA 90095-1601, (310) 825-2514.

Engineer Degree
The Engineer (Engr.) degree is similar to the Ph.D. degree in that the program of study is built around a major and two minor fields, and the preliminary written and oral examinations are the same. However, a dissertation is not required. Unlike the Ph.D. degree, the Engineer degree does have a formal course requirement of a minimum of 15 (at least nine graduate) courses beyond the bachelor’s degree, with at least six courses in the major field (minimum of four graduate courses) and at least three in each minor field (minimum of two graduate courses in each).

Ph.D. Degrees
The Ph.D. programs prepare students for advanced study and research in the major areas of engineering and computer science. To complete the Ph.D. all candidates must fulfill the minimum requirements of the Graduate Division. Major and minor fields may have additional course and examination requirements. For further information, contact the individual departments. To remain in good academic standing, a Ph.D. student must obtain an overall grade-point average of 3.25.

Established Fields of Study for the Ph.D.
Students may propose other fields of study when the established fields do not meet their educational objectives.

Biomedical Engineering Interdepartmental Program
Biocybernetics
Biomechanics, biomaterials, and tissue engineering
Biomedical instrumentation
Biomedical signal and image processing and bioinformatics
Medical imaging informatics
Molecular and cellular bioengineering
Neuroengineering

Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Department
Chemical engineering

Civil and Environmental Engineering Department
Environmental engineering
Geotechnical engineering
Hydrology and water resources engineering
Structures (structural mechanics and earthquake engineering)

Computer Science Department
Artificial intelligence
Computational systems biology
Computer network systems
Computer science theory
Computer system architecture
Graphics and vision
Information and data management
Software systems

Electrical Engineering Department
Circuits and embedded systems
Physical and wave electronics
Signals and systems

Materials Science and Engineering Department
Ceramics and ceramic processing
Electronic and optical materials
Structural materials

Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department
Applied mathematics (established minor field only)
Applied plasma physics (minor field only)
Dynamics
Fluid mechanics
Heat and mass transfer

Graduate Programs
Admission

Applications for admission are invited from graduates of recognized colleges and universities. Selection is based on promise of success in the work proposed, which is judged largely on the previous college record.

Candidates whose engineering background is judged to be deficient may be required to take additional coursework that may not be applied toward the degree. The adviser helps plan a program to remedy any such deficiencies, after students arrive at UCLA.

Entering students normally are expected to have completed the B.S. degree requirements with at least a 3.0 grade-point average in all coursework taken in the junior and senior years.

Students entering the Engineer/Ph.D. program normally are expected to have completed the requirements for the master’s degree with at least a 3.25 grade-point average and to have demonstrated creative ability. Normally the M.S. degree is required for admission to the Ph.D. program. Exceptional students, however, can be admitted to the Ph.D. program without having an M.S. degree.

For information on the proficiency in English requirements for international graduate students, see Graduate Admission in the Graduate Study section of the UCLA General Catalog or refer to http://www.gdnet.ucla.edu/gasaa/admissions/INTLREQT.HTM.

To submit a graduate application, see http://www.seasoasa.ucla.edu/prospective/graduate.html. From there connect to the site of the preferred department or program and go to the online graduate application.

Graduate Record Examination

Applicants to the HSSEAS graduate programs are required to take the General Test of the Graduate Record Examination (GRE). Specific information about the GRE may be obtained from the department of interest.

Obtain applications for the GRE by contacting the Educational Testing Service, P.O. Box 6000, Princeton, NJ 08541-6000; http://www.gre.org.
Bioengineering

UCLA
5121 Engineering V
Box 951600
Los Angeles, CA 90095-1600

(310) 267-4985
fax: (310) 794-5956
e-mail: bioeng@ea.ucla.edu
http://www.bioeng.ucla.edu

Timothy J. Deming, Ph.D., Chair
Benjamin M. Wu, D.D.S., Ph.D., Vice Chair

Professors
Denise Aberle, M.D.
Timothy J. Deming, Ph.D.
Warren S. Grundfest, M.D., FACS
Chih-Ming Ho, Ph.D. (Ben Rich Lockheed Martin Professor of Aeronautics)
Edward R.B. McCabe, M.D., Ph.D. (Mattel Executive Endowed Professor of Pediatrics)

Associate Professors
James Dunn, M.D., Ph.D.
Daniel T. Kamei, Ph.D.
Jacob J. Schmidt, Ph.D.
Benjamin M. Wu, D.D.S., Ph.D.

Professor Emeritus
Hooshang Kangarloo, Ph.D.

Assistant Professors
Dino Di Carlo, Ph.D.
Andrea M. Kasko, Ph.D.

Adjunct Professor
Alfred Mann, M.S.

Adjunct Assistant Professor
Bill J. Tawil, M.B.A., Ph.D.

Scope and Objectives
Faculty members in the Department of Bioengineering believe that the interface between biology and the physical sciences represents an exciting area for science in the twenty-first century. Bioengineering has established itself as an independent field and engineering discipline, resulting in the formation of many new bioengineering departments and the redefinition of established programs. Faculty members have embraced this unique opportunity by developing an innovative curriculum, creating state-of-the-art facilities, and performing cutting-edge research.

Instead of treating bioengineering as an application of traditional engineering, it is taught as an applied science discipline in its own right. The bioengineering program is a structured compilation of unique forward-looking courses dedicated to producing graduates who are well-grounded in the fundamental sciences and highly proficient in rigorous analytical engineering tools necessary for lifelong success in the wide range of possible bioengineering careers. The program provides a unique engineering educational experience that responds to the growing needs and demands of bioengineering.

Department Mission
Bioengineering is a diverse multidisciplinary field that has established itself as an independent engineering discipline. The school is developing a small yet innovative Bioengineering Department that is dedicated to producing graduates who are well-grounded in fundamental sciences and the rigorous analytical engineering tools necessary for lifelong success in the many possible bioengineering careers.

Undergraduate Program Objectives
The goal of the bioengineering curriculum is to provide students with the fundamental scientific knowledge and engineering tools necessary for graduate study in engineering or scientific disciplines, continued education in health professional schools, or employment in industry. There are three main objectives: (1) to provide students with rigorous training in engineering and fundamental sciences, (2) to provide knowledge and experience in state-of-the-art research in bioengineering, and (3) to provide problem-solving and team-building skills to succeed in a career in bioengineering.

Undergraduate Study
Bioengineering B.S.

Preparation for the Major
Required: Bioengineering 10; Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L, 30A, 30AL, 30B, 30BL; Computer Science 31; Life Sciences 2 (satisfies HSSEAS GE life sciences requirement), 3, 4; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B; Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL.

The Major
Required: Bioengineering 100, M106, 110, 120, 165 (or Engineering 183EW or 185EW), 176, 180, 182A, 182B, 182C, Chemistry and Biochemistry 153A, Electrical Engineering 100; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and three major field elective courses (12 units) from Bioengineering M104, M105, M131, 180L, 181, 181L, 199 (8 units maximum), Biomedical Engineering C101, CM102, CM103, CM140, CM145, CM150, CM150L, C170, C171, CM180, C181, CM183, C185, CM186B, CM186C, C187.

The three technical breadth and three major field elective courses may also be selected from one of the following tracks. Bioengineering majors cannot take...

Apatite-coated poly(D,L-lactic-co-glycolic) acid (PLGA) scaffolds for bone tissue engineering.
bioengineering technical breadth courses to fulfill the technical breadth requirement. **Biomedical Devices**: Bioengineering M131, 199 (8 units maximum), Biomedical Engineering CM172. Electrical Engineering 102, CM150 (or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM180), CM150L (or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM180L), Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering C187L. The electrical engineering or mechanical and aerospace engineering courses listed above may be used to satisfy the technical breadth requirement.

**Graduate Study**

Although the graduate program in bioengineering is currently being developed, individuals who would like to conduct research in the laboratories of the professors in the Bioengineering Department should apply to the graduate program in the Biomedical Engineering Interdepartmental Program (http://www.bme.ucla.edu).

**Faculty Areas of Thesis Guidance**

**Professors**

Denise Aberle, M.D. (Kansas, 1979)
Medical imaging informatics: imaging-based clinical trials, medical data visualization

Timothy J. Deming, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1993)
Polymer synthesis, polymer processing, supramolecular materials, organometallic catalysis, biomimetic materials, polypeptides

Warren S. Grundfest, M.D., FACS (Columbia, 1980)
Excimer laser, minimally invasive surgery, biological spectroscopy

Chih-Ming Ho, Ph.D. (Johns Hopkins, 1974)
Molecular mechanics, nanofluids, and bio-nano research

Stem cell identification, regenerative medicine, systems biology

Professor Emeritus

Hooshang Kangarloo, M.D. (Tehran, 1970)
Telemedicine, healthcare process modeling and evaluation, and imaging informatics

**Associate Professors**

James Dunn, M.D., Ph.D. (Harvard, MIT, 1992)
Tissue engineering, stem cell therapy, regenerative medicine

Daniel T. Kamei, Ph.D. (MIT, 2001)
Molecular cell biology, rational design of molecular therapeutic, systems-level analyses of cellular processes, modeling, quantitative cell biology

Jacob J. Schmidt, Ph.D. (Minnesota, 1999)
Bioengineering and biophysics at micro and nanoscales, membrane protein engineering, biological-inorganic hybrid devices

Biomaterials, cell-material interactions, materials processing, tissue engineering, prosthetic and regenerative dentistry

**Assistant Professors**

Dino Di Carlo, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 2006)
Microfluidics, biomedical microdevices, cellular diagnostics, cell analysis and engineering

Andrea M. Kasko, Ph.D. (U. Akron, 2004)
Polymer synthesis, biomaterials, tissue engineering, cell-material interactions

**Adjunct Assistant Professor**

Skin tissue engineering, bone tissue engineering, vascular tissue engineering, wound healing

**Lower Division Courses**

10. Introduction to Bioengineering. (2) Lecture, two hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, three hours. Preparation: high school biology, chemistry, mathematics, physics. Introduction to scientific and technological bases for established and emerging subfields of bioengineering, including biosensors, bioinstrumentation, and biosignal processing, biomechanics, biomaterials, tissue engineering, biotechnology, biological imaging, biomedical optics and lasers, neuroengineering, and biomolecular machines. Letter grading. Mr. Deming (F)

19. Fiat Lux Freshman Seminars. (1) Seminar, one hour. Discussion of and critical thinking about topics of current intellectual importance, taught by faculty members in their areas of expertise and illuminating many paths of discovery at UCLA. P/NP grading.

99. Student Research Program. (1 to 2) Tutorial (supervised research or other scholarly work), three hours per week per unit. Entry-level research for lower division students under guidance of faculty mentor. Students must be in good academic standing and enrolled in minimum of 12 units (excluding this course). Individual contract required; consult Undergraduate Research Center. May be repeated. P/NP grading.

**Upper Division Courses**

100. Bioengineering Fundamentals. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requires or corequisites: Electrical Engineering 1 or Physics 1C, and Mathematics 32B. Fundamental basis for analysis and design of biological and biomedical devices and systems. Classical and statistical thermodynamic analysis of biological systems. Material properties, charge, energy balances. Introduction to network analysis. Letter grading. Mr. Kamei (W)

104. Physical Chemistry of Biomacromolecules. (4) Same as Biomedical Engineering CM104.) Lecture, three hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Requires: Chemistry 20A, 20B, 30A, Life Sciences 2, 3. To understand biological materials and design synthetic replacements, it is imperative to understand their physical chemistry. Biomacromolecules such as protein or DNA can be analyzed and characterized by applying fundamentals of polymer physical chemistry. Investigation of polymer structure and conformation, bulk and solution thermodynamics and phase behavior, polymer networks, and viscoelasticity. Application of engineering principles to problems involving biomacromolecules such as protein conformation, solvation of charged species, and separation and characterization of biomacromolecules. Letter grading. Ms. Kasko (F)

M105. Biopolymer Chemistry and Biocatalysis. (4) Same as Biomedical Engineering CM105.) Lecture, two hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requires: Chemistry 20B, 20L. Highly recommended: one organic chemistry course. Biocatalytic chemistry is science of coupling biopolymers for wide range of applications. Oligonucleotides may be coupled to a single surface in gene chip, or one protein may be coupled to one polymer to enhance its stability in serum. Wide variety of biocatalysts are used in delivery of pharmaceuticals, signals in sensors, in medical diagnostics, and in tissue engineering. Basic concepts of chemical ligation, including choice and design of conjugate linkers depending on type of biomolecule and desired application, such as degradable versus nondegradable linkers. Presentation and discussion of design and synthesis of synthetic biocatalysts for some sample applications. Letter grading. Mr. Deming (F)

M106. Topics in Biophysics, Channels, and Membranes. (4) Same as Biomedical Engineering CM106.) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requires: Chemistry 20B, Life Sciences 2, 3, Mathematics 33B, Physics 1C, 4AL, 4BL. Coverage in depth of physical process associated with biological membranes and channel proteins, with specific emphasis on electrophysiology. Basic physical principles governing electrophysiology in dielectric media, building on complexity to ultimately address action potentials and signal propagation in nerves. Topics include Nernst/Planck and Hodgkin/Huxley equations, energy barriers in ion channels, cable equation, action potentials, Hodgkin/Huxley equations, impulse propagation, axon geometry and conduction, dendritic integration. Letter grading. Mr. Schmidt (F)

110. Biotransport and Bioreaction Processes. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requires: Chemistry 20B, Life Sciences 2, 3, Mathematics 33B. Introduction to analysis of fluid flow, heat transfer, mass transfer, binding events, and biochemical reactions in systems of interest to bioengineers, including cells, tissues, organs, human body, extracellular devices, tissue engineering systems, and bioartificial organs. Introduction to pharmacokinetic analysis. Letter grading.

Mr. Kamei (Sp)


Mr. Grundfest, Mr. Schmidt (W)
181. System Integration in Biology, Engineering, and Medicine II. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Prerequisites: course 180L. Corequisite: course 181L. Part II of two-part series. Molecular basis of normal physiology and pathophysiology of selected organ systems; engineering design principles of digestive and urinary systems. Fundamental engineering principles of selected medical therapeutic devices. Letter grading. 
Mr. Dunn, Mr. Wu (W)

181L. System Integration in Biology, Engineering, and Medicine II Laboratory. (3) Lecture, one hour; laboratory, four hours; clinical visits, three hours; outside study, one hour. Corequisite: course 181L. Hands-on experimentation and clinical applications of molecular basis of normal physiology and pathophysiology of selected organ systems; engineering design principles of digestive and urinary systems. Letter grading. 
Mr. Dunn, Mr. Wu (W)

182A-182B-182C. Bioengineering Capstone Design I, II, III. (4-4-4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, four hours. Lectures, design seminars, and discussions with faculty advisory panel. Working in teams, students compete to develop innovative bioengineering solutions to meet specific set of design criteria (design and make strongest self-assembled biorobots or most stable UCLA logo or most selective and efficient biomarker sensors, etc.). Letter grading. 
Requisite: course 182A. Requisite: course 120, Physics 4BL. Development, writing, and oral defense of student design proposals. 182B. Requisite: course 182A. Exploration of different experimental and computational methods. Ordering of specific materials and software that are relevant to student projects. 182C. Requisite: course 182B. Construction of student designs, project updates, presentation of final projects in written and oral format. Letter grading. Mr. Deming (F,Sp, 182A; F, 182B; W, 182C)

Mr. Deming (F,Sp, 182A; F, 182B; W, 182C)

183. Targeted Drug Delivery and Controlled Drug Release. (4) Same as Biomedical Engineering CM172.) Lecture, three hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Prerequisites: Chemistry 30B, Life Sciences 2, 3, Mathematics 32A. Introduction to design principles and engineering concepts used in targeting of bioactive compounds to specific sites in the body. Emphasis on invasive surgery. Coverage of FDA regulatory policy and surgical procedures. Topics include optical devices, endoscopes and laparoscopes, biopsy devices, laparoscopic tools, cardiovascular and interventional radiology devices, orthopedic instrumentation, and integration of devices with therapy. Examination of complex process of tool design, fabrication, testing, and validation. Preparation of drawings and consideration of development of new and novel devices. Letter grading. 
Mr. Grundfest (Sp)

176. Principles of Biocompatibility, (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Prerequisites: Chemistry 153A, Electrical Engineering 1 or Physics 1C, Mathematics 33B. Biocompatibility at systemic, tissue, cellular, and molecular levels of factors affecting compatibility, stress-strain constitutive equations, cellular and molecular response to mechanical signals, biochemical and cellular compatibility, immune response. Letter grading. 
Mr. Wu (Sp)

180. System Integration in Biology, Engineering, and Medicine I. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Prerequisites: courses 100, 110, 120, Life Sciences 3, Physics 48B, 110L. Part I of two-part series. Molecular basis of normal physiology and pathophysiology, and engineering design principles of cardiovascular and pulmonary systems. Fundamental engineering principles of selected medical therapeutic devices. Letter grading. 
Mr. Dunn, Mr. Wu (W)

180L. System Integration in Biology, Engineering, and Medicine I Laboratory. (3) Lecture, one hour; laboratory, four hours; clinical visits, three hours; outside study, one hour. Corequisite: course 180L. Hands-on experimentation and clinical applications of selected medical therapeutic devices associated with cardiovascular and pulmonary disorders. Letter grading. 
Mr. Dunn, Mr. Wu (Sp)

Biomedical Engineering

194. Research Group Seminars: Bioengineering. (4) Seminar, three hours. Limited to bioengineering undergraduate students who are part of research group. Study and analysis of current topics in bioengineering. Letter grading. 
Mr. Deming (F,Sp, 182A; F, 182B; W, 182C)

Mr. Deming (F,Sp, 182A; F, 182B; W, 182C)

199. Directed Research in Bioengineering. (2 to 8) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to juniors/seniors. Supervised individual research or investigation under guidance of faculty mentor. Codiating paper or project required. May be repeated for credit with school approval. Individual contract required; enrollment petitions available in Office of Academic and Student Affairs. Letter grading.
Scope and Objectives

The Biomedical Engineering Interdepartmental Program trains specially qualified engineers and scientists to work on engineering applications in either medicine or biotechnology. Graduates apply engineering principles to current needs and contribute to future advances in the fields of medicine and biotechnology. Fostering careers in industry or academia, the program offers students the choice of an M.S. or Ph.D. degree in eight distinct fields of biomedical engineering.

In addition to selected advanced engineering courses, students are required to take specially designed biomedical engineering courses to ensure a minimal knowledge of the appropriate biological sciences. Students receive practical training via an M.S. or Ph.D. research thesis or dissertation in biomedical engineering. Faculty members have principal appointments in departments across campus and well-equipped laboratories for graduate student research projects.

Graduate Study

For information on graduate admission, see Graduate Programs, page 23. The following introductory information is based on the 2009-10 edition of Program Requirements for UCLA Graduate Degrees. Complete annual editions of Program Requirements are available at http://www.gdnet.ucla.edu/gasaa/library/pgmrqintro.htm. Students are subject to the detailed degree requirements as published in Program Requirements for the year in which they enter the program.

The Biomedical Engineering Program offers Master of Science (M.S.) and Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degrees in Biomedical Engineering.

Biomedical Engineering M.S.

Students are expected to complete 42 units, which in most cases include either Biomedical Engineering C201, CM202, and CM203, or C204, C205, and C206, and two courses from their area of study. The M.S. degree is offered under both the thesis plan and comprehensive examination plan. Under the thesis plan, 8 units of thesis work may be applied toward the unit requirements for the degree. The comprehensive examination plan consists entirely of coursework (12 courses) and a comprehensive examination. Eight of the 12 courses must be graduate (200-level) courses, and students must maintain a grade-point average of 3.0 or better in both upper division and graduate courses. Three Biomedical Engineering 299 courses (6 units total) are also required.

Biomedical Engineering Ph.D.

The Ph.D. program prepares students for advanced study and research in biomedical engineering. The Ph.D. preliminary examination typically consists of both written and oral parts. To receive a pass on the examination, students must receive a pass on both parts. An oral qualifying/advancement to candidacy examination, coursework for two minor fields of study, and defense of the dissertation are also required. The major field consists of six courses, and each minor field consists of three 4-unit courses, of which two must be graduate (200-level) courses. One minor must be in another field of biomedical engineering. Students must maintain a grade-point average of 3.25 or better in all courses.
Fields of Study

Biocybernetics
Graduate study in biocybernetics is intended for science or engineering students interested in systems biology biosystems or biomedical systems, with an emphasis on systems and integration. This encompasses the systems engineering/cybernetics-based integrative properties or behavior of living systems, including their regulation, control, integration, and intercommunication mechanisms, and their associated measurement, visualization, and mathematical and computer modeling.

The program provides directed interdisciplinary biosystem studies to establish a foundation in system and information science, mathematical modeling, measurement and integrative biosystem science, as well as related specialized life sciences domain studies. It fosters careers in research and teaching in systems biology, engineering, medicine, and/or the biomedical sciences, or research and development in the biomedical or pharmaceutical industry. At the system and integration level, biocybernetics methodology is quite broadly applicable to a large spectrum of biomedical problems.

Typical research areas include basic and clinical problems in biomedical systems, systems biology, all types of biocontrol systems, imaging systems, pharmaceutical systems, biotechnology systems, bioinformatics, genomics, neuroscience, and remote sensing systems for the life sciences.

Faculty research areas include computational biology, computational biochemistry, and metabolism; computational cardiology and neuroendocrinology; biomodeling of diseases, cellular processes, metabolic control systems, and gene networks; modeling in genomics, pharmacokinetics, and pharmacodynamics; vision, robotics, speech processing, neuroscience, artificial and real neural network modeling, normative expert systems, wireless remote sensing systems, telemedicine, visualization, and virtual clinical environments.

Course Requirements
Biocybernetics can serve as a minor field for other Ph.D. majors if students complete the following courses with a grade-point average of B+: Biomedical Engineering CM286B, M296A, and one additional graduate-level elective from the additional foundations or electives list.

Core Courses (Required). Biomedical Engineering C201, CM202, CM203, CM286B, CM286C, and either M296A or Biomatics 220.


Biomechanics, Biomaterials, and Tissue Engineering

Three subfields—biomechanics, biomaterials, and tissue engineering—encompass this broad field. The properties of bone, muscles, and tissues, the replacement of natural materials with artificial compatible and functional materials such as polymer composites, ceramics, and metals, and the complex interactions between implants and the body are studied.

Course Requirements
Core Courses (Required). Biomedical Engineering C201, C204, C205, C206, CM250A, Electrical Engineering 100.

Electives. Students are expected to fulfill the remaining course requirements from courses in this group listed on the Biomedical Engineering website at http://www.bme.ucla.edu/programs/studyplans.html.

Biomedical Instrumentation

The biomedical instrumentation field trains biomedical engineers in the applications and development of instrumentation used in medicine and biotechnology. Examples include the use of lasers in surgery and diagnostics, sensors for detection and monitoring of disease, and microelectromechanical systems (MEMS) devices for controlled drug delivery, surgery, or genetics. The principles underlying each instrument and the specific needs in medical applications are emphasized.

Course Requirements
Core Courses (Required). Biomedical Engineering C201, CM202, CM203, CM286B, and either M296A or Biomatics 220.

Electives. Students are expected to fulfill the remaining course requirements from courses in this group listed on the Biomedical Engineering website at http://www.bme.ucla.edu/programs/studyplans.html.

Biomedical Signal and Image Processing and Bioinformatics

The biomedical signal and image processing and bioinformatics field encompasses techniques for the acquisition, processing, classification, and analysis of digital biomedical signals, images, and related information, classification and analysis of biomedical data, and decision support of clinical processes. Sample applications include (1) digital imaging research utilizing modalities such as X-ray imaging, computed tomography (CT), and magnetic resonance (MR), positron emission tomography (PET) and SPECT, optical microscopy, and combinations such as PET/MR, (2) signal processing research on hearing to voice recognition to wireless sensors, and (3) bioinformatics research ranging from image segmentation for content-based retrieval from databases to correlat-
ing clinical findings with genomic markers. Graduates of the program integrate advanced digital processing and artificial intelligence technologies with healthcare activities and biomedical research. They are prepared for careers involving innovation in the fields of signal processing, medical imaging, and medical-related informatics in either industry or academia.

Course Requirements
Students selecting biomedical signal and image processing and bioinformatics as a minor field must take three courses, of which at least two must be graduate (200-level) courses.

Core Courses (Required). Biomedical Engineering C201, CM202, CM203, M214A, Electrical Engineering 113, 211A.


Remedial Courses. Electrical Engineering 102, Program in Computing 10A, 10B.

Medical Imaging Informatics
The objective of the medical imaging informatics field is to train students in imaging-based medical informatics. Specifically, the program’s aims are to enable (1) students from engineering backgrounds to become familiar with aspects of clinical and medical environments, such that they are able to appropriately apply their skills and knowledge in these domains, (2) students from medical backgrounds to learn sufficient expertise in current information and engineering technologies to address specific problems within clinical environments, (3) all students to be experts within the field of imaging-based medical informatics, becoming experienced in dealing with diverse biomedical data (imaging and text), and (4) all students to learn to work in a multidisciplinary group of researchers and individuals, enabling new developments within the field.

The underlying goal is to foster a community for students and faculty members from multiple disciplines (represented by individuals from the Schools of Engineering, Education and Information Studies, Medicine, and Public Health) to participate in the growing area of medical imaging informatics.

Course Requirements


Molecular and Cellular Bioengineering
The field of molecular and cellular bioengineering encompasses the engineering of enzymes, cellular metabolism, biological signal transduction, and cell-cell interactions. Research emphasizes the fundamental basis for diagnosis, disease treatment, and redesign of cellular functions at the molecular level. The field interacts closely with the fields of bioinstrumentation (MEMS), tissue engineering, and neuroengineering. Graduates of the program are targeted principally for employment in academia, in government research laboratories, and in the biotechnology, pharmaceutical, and biomedical industries.

Course Requirements
Core Courses (Required). Biomedical Engineering C201, C204, C205, C206, and two courses from M186A, M215, M225, CM245, C283, CM286B, CM286C, Biomedical Engineering 100, Biomatics 220, M270, M271, Chemistry and Biochemistry CM253, Computer Science 170A, Mathematics 146, 151A, Physiological Science 134, Statistics 200B.

Electives. Students are expected to fulfill the remaining course requirements from courses in this group listed on the Biomedical Engineering website at http://www.bme.ucla.edu/programs/studyplans.html.

Neuroengineering
The neuroengineering field is a joint endeavor between the Neuroscience Interdepartmental Ph.D. Program in the Geffen School of Medicine and the Biomedical Engineering Interdepartmental Graduate Program in HSSEAS.

The objectives of the neuroengineering field are to enable (1) students with a background in engineering to develop and execute projects that address problems that have a neuroscientific base, (2) students with a background in biological sciences to develop and execute projects that make use of state-of-the-art technology, and (3) all trainees to develop the capacity for the multidisciplinary teamwork that is necessary for new scientific insights and dramatic technological progress. Courses and research projects are cosponsored by faculty members in both HSSEAS and the Brain Research Institute (BRI).

Requisites for Admission. Students entering the neuroengineering program have graduated with undergraduate degrees in engineering, physics, chemistry, or one of the life sciences (for example, biology, microbiology, immunology, and molecular genetics, molecular, cell, and developmental biology, neuroscience, psychology). Engineering students must have taken at least one undergraduate course in biology, one course in chemistry, and a year of physics. Students from non-engineering backgrounds are required to have taken courses in undergraduate calculus, differential equations, and linear algebra, in addition to at least a year of undergraduate courses in each of the following: organic chemistry and biochemistry, physics, and biology. Students lacking one or more requisite courses, if they are otherwise admissible, are provided an opportunity for appropriate coursework or tutorial during the summer before they enter the neuroengineering program.

Written Preliminary Examination. The Ph.D. preliminary examination typically consists of three written parts—two in neuroscience and one in neuroengineering. To receive a pass on the examination, students must receive a pass on all parts. Students who fail the examination may repeat it only once, subject to approval of the faculty examination committee.

Students who are in a field other than neuroengineering and who select neuroengineering as a minor must take Biomedical Engineering M260, M263, and Neuroscience 205.

Core Courses (Required). Biomedical Engineering M260, Neuroscience M202, 207, and either Biomedical Engineering M263 or Neuroscience 205.

Electives. During the first and second years, students take at least three courses selected from a menu of new and existing courses.

Biomedical engineering category: Biomedical Engineering C201, M261A, M261B, M261C.

MEMS category: Biomedical Engineering CM250A, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM280L, 284.
Upper Division Courses

C101. Introduction to Biomedical Engineering. (4) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, three hours; outside study, six hours. Designed for physical sciences, life sciences, and engineering students. Introduction to wide scope of biomedical engineering via treatment of selected important individual topics by small team of specialists. Concurrently scheduled with course C201. Letter grading. Mr. Kamei (F) CM102. Basic Human Biology for Biomedical Engineers I. (4) Same as Psychological Science 111A. Lecture, three hours; laboratory, two hours. Preparation: human molecular biology, biochemistry, and cell biology. Not open for credit to Psychological Science majors. Broad overview of basic biological activities and organization of human body in system (organ/tissue) to system, with particular emphasis on molecular basis. Modeling/simulation of functional aspect of biological system included. Actual demonstration of biomedical instruments, as well as visits to biomedical facilities. Concurrently scheduled with course CM202. Letter grading. Mr. Grundfest (F) CM103. Basic Human Biology for Biomedical Engineers II. (4) Same as Psychological Science 1103. Lecture, three hours; laboratory, two hours. Preparation: human molecular biology, biochemistry, and cell biology. Not open for credit to Psychological Science majors. Molecular-level understanding of human anatomy and physiology in selected organ systems (digestive, skin, musculoskeletal, endocrine, immune, urinary, reproductive). System-specific modeling/simulations (immune regulation, wound healing, muscle mechanics and energetics, acid-base balance, excretion). Functional basis of biomedical instrumentation: trains, patient monitors, diagnostic devices, ultrasonic, birth-control drug delivery. Concurrently scheduled with course CM203. Letter grading. Mr. Grundfest (W) CM104. Physical Chemistry of Biomolecules. (4) (Same as Bioengineering M104.) Lecture, three hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20B, 30A, Life Sciences 2, 3. To understand biological materials and design synthetic replacements, it is imperative to understand their physical chemistry. Biomacromolecules such as protein or DNA can be analyzed and characterized by applying fundamentals of polymer physics, chemical thermodynamics, polymer structure and conformation, bulk and solution thermodynamics, and phase behavior, polymer networks, and viscoelasticity. Application of these concepts to problems involving biomacromolecules such as protein conformation, solvation of charged species, and separation and characterization of biomacromolecules. Concurrently scheduled with course CM204. Letter grading. Ms. Kasiko (F) CM105. Biopolymer Chemistry and Bioconjugates. (4) (Same as Bioengineering M105.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Enforced requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20B, 20L. Highly recommended: one organic chemistry course. Bioconjugate chemistry is science of coupling biomolecules for wide range of applications. Oligonucleotides may be coupled to one surface in gene chip, or one protein may be coupled to one polymer to enhance its stability in serum. Wide variety of bioconjugates are used in delivery of pharmaceuticals, in sensors, in medical diagnostics, and in tissue engineering. Basic concepts of chemical ligation, including choice and design of conjugate linkers depending on type of biomolecule and desired application, such as degradable versus nondegradable linkers. Presentation and discussion of design and synthesis of synthetic bioconjugates for some sample applications. Concurrently scheduled with course C205. Letter grading. Mr. Deming (W) CM106. Topics in Biophysics, Channels, and Membranes. (4) (Same as Bioengineering M106.) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20B, Life Sciences 2, 3, 4, Mathematics 33B, Physics 1C, 4AL, 4BL. Coverage in depth of physical processes associated with biological membranes and channel proteins, with specific emphasis on electrophysiology. Basic physical principles governing electrostatics in dielectric media, building on complexity to ultimately address action potentials and signal propagation in nerves. Topics include Nernst/Planck and Poisson/Boltzmann equations, Nernst potential, Donnan equilibrium, GHK equations, energy barriers in ion channels, cable equation, action potentials, Hodgkin/Huxley gates, ionic conduction, geometry and conduction, dendritic integration. Concurrently scheduled with course C206. Letter grading. Mr. Schmidt (W) CM131. Nanopore Sensing. (4) (Same as Bioengineering M131.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Bioengineering 100, 120, Life Sciences 2, 3, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C. Analysis of sensors based on measurements of fluctuating ionic conductance through artificial or protein nanopores. Physics of pore conductance. Applications to single molecule detection and DNA sequencing. Review of current theory and technological applications. History and instrumentation of resistive pulse sensing, theory and instrumentation of electrical measurements in electrolytes, nanopore fabrication, ionic conductance through nanopores and GHK equation, patch clamp and single channel measurements and instrumentation, noise issues, protein engineering, molecular sensing, DNA sequencing, membrane engineering, and future directions of field. Concurrently scheduled with course C231. Letter grading. Mr. Schmidt (F) CM140. Introduction to Biomechanics. (4) (Same as Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM140.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101, 102, 156A. Introduction to mechanical functions of human body; skeletal adaptations to optimize load transfer, mobility, and function. Dynamics and kinematics. Fluid mechanics applications. Heat and mass transfer. Power generation. Laboratory simulations and tests. Concurrently scheduled with course CM240. Letter grading. Mr. Gupta (W) CM145. Molecular Biotechnology for Engineers. (4) (Same as Chemical Engineering CM145.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, eight hours. Selected topics in molecular biology that form foundation of biotechnology and biomedical industry today. Topics include recombinant DNA technology, molecular regulation, conformation and gene expression, directed mutagenesis and protein engineering, DNA-based diagnostics and DNA microarrays, antibody and protein-based diagnostics, genomics and bioinformatics, isolation of human genes, gene therapy, and tissue engineering. Concurrently scheduled with course CM245. Letter grading. Mr. Liao (F) CM150. Introduction to Micromanufacturing and Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS). (4) (Formerly numbered M150.) (Same as Electrical Engineering CM150 and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM180.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour. Review of current literature and text. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20L, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL. Corequisites: course CM150L. Introduction to microfabrication technologies and microelectromechanical systems (MEMS). Methods of micromachining and how these methods can be used to produce variety of MEMS, including microstructures, microsensors, and microactuators. Students design micromachining processes capable of achieving desired MEMS device. Concurrently scheduled with course CM250A. Letter grading. Mr. Judy (F)
C181. Biomaterials-Tissue Interactions. (4) Lecture, three hours; outside study, nine hours. Requi- site: course CM180. In-depth exploration of host cel- lular and physical presentation of tissue, inter- face, and clotting, biocompatibility, animal models, inflammation, infection, extracellular matrix, cell ad- hesion, and role of mechanical forces. Concurrently scheduled with course C281. Letter grading. Mr. Wu (Sp)

CM183. Targeted Drug Delivery and Controlled Drug Release. (4) (Same as Biomechanics 183.) Lecture, three hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20B, 20L, New therapeutics require comprehensive under- standing of modern biology, pharmacometrics, and engineering. Targeted delivery of genes and drugs and their controlled release are important in treatment of challenging diseases and relevant to tissue engineering and regenerative medicine.Drug pharmacodynamics and clinical pharmacokinetics. Application of engineering principles (diffusion, trans- port, kinetics) to problems in drug formulation and de- livery to establish rationale for design and develop- ment of novel drug delivery systems that can provide spatial and temporal control of drug release. Intro- duction to biomaterials with specialized structural and interfacial properties. Exploration of both chemistry of materials and physical properties of drugs and compounds used in delivery and release. Concur- rently scheduled with course C283. Letter grading. Ms. Kasik (Sp)

C185. Introduction to Tissue Engineering. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course CM102 or CM202, Chemistry 20A, 20B, 20L. Tissue engineer- ing applies principles of biology and physical sciences to engineering approaches to regenerate tissues and organs. Guiding principles for proper selection of three basic components for tissue engineering: cells, scaffolds, and molecular signals. Concurrently sched- uled with course CM186A. Letter grading. Mr. Wu (Sp)

M186A. Introduction to Computational and Sys- tems Biology. (2) (Same as Computational and Sys- tems Biology M186A and Computer Science M186A.) Lecture, two hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: Computer Science 31 or (Program in Computing 10A), Mathematics 31A, 31B. Survey course designed to introduce students to computa- tional and systems modeling and computing in biolo- gy and medicine, providing flavor, culture, and cut- ting-edge contributions of burgeoning computational multidisciplinary biosciences and aiming for more in- formed basis for systems thinking. Introduce students to computational and systems biology research at UCLA in systems biology, bioinformatics, genomics, neuroengineering, tissue bioengineering, systems biology software, knowledge systems, biosystem simulation, and/or other compu- tational and systems biology/biomedical engineering areas. P/NP grading. Mr. DiStefano (W)

CM186B. Computational Systems Biology: Mod- eelling and Simulation of Biological Systems. (5) (Formerly numbered M186B.) (Same as Computa- tional and Systems Biology M186B and Computer Science CM186B.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, three hours; outside study, ten hours. Corequisites: Electrical Engineering 102. Dynamic biosystems modeling and computer simulation methods for studying biological/biomedical processes and sys- tems at molecular and cellular (cellular networks/pathways/networks), organ, and organismic levels. Both theory- and data-driven modeling, with focus on translating modeling goals and data into mathe- matics models and implementing them for simulation and analysis. Basics of numerical simulation algo- rithms, with modeling software exercises in class and PC laboratory assignments. Concurrently scheduled with course CM280B. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano (F)

C187. Applied Tissue Engineering: Clinical and Indus- trial Perspectives. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: course CM102, Chemistry 20A, 20B, 20L, Life Sciences 1 or 2. Overview of central topics of tissue engineering, with focus on how to build artifii- cial tissues into regulated clinically viable products. Topics include biomaterials selection, cell source, de- livery methods, FDA approval processes, and physi- cal/chemical and biological testing. Case studies in- clude skin and artificial skin, bone and cartilage, blood vessels, neurotransium engineering, and liver, kidney, and other organs. Clinical and industrial perspec- tives of tissue engineering products. Manufactur- izing processes, clinical implementation, and regulatory challenges in design and development of tissue-engi- neering devices. Concurrently scheduled with course C287. Letter grading. Mr. Wu (F)

CM201. Introduction to Biomedical Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Special topics in biomedical engineering for under- graduate students that are taught on experimental or temporary basis, such as those taught by resident and visiting faculty members. May be repeated for credit. Letter grading.

Graduate Courses

C201. Introduction to Biomedical Engineering. (4) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, three hours; outside study, six hours. Designed for physical sciences, life sciences, and engineering students. Introduction to the scope of the biomedical engineering profession and treatment of selected important individual topics by small team of specialists. Concurrently scheduled with course C101. Letter grading. Mr. Kamei (F)

CM202. Basic Human Biology for Biomedical En- gineers I. (4) (Same as Biological Science CM203.) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, two hours. Preparation: human molecular biology, biochemistry, and cell biology. Not open for credit to Physiological Science majors. Broad overview of basic biological activities and organization of human body in system (organ/tissue) to system basis, with particular em- phasis on molecular basis. Basis of functional aspect of biological system included. Actu- al demonstration of biomedical instruments, as well as visits to biomedical facilities. Concurrently sched- uled with course CM102. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano (W)

CM203. Basic Human Biology for Biomedical En- gineers II. (4) (Same as Biological Science CM203.) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, two hours. Preparation: human molecular biology, biochemistry, and cell biology. Not open for credit to Physiological Science majors. Molecular-level understanding of hu- man anatomy and physiology in selected organ systems (nervous, skin, musculoskeletal, endocrine, im- mune, urinary, reproductive). System-specific model- ing/simulations (immune regulation, wound healing, muscle mechanics and energetics, acid-base balance, excretion). Functional basis of biomedical in- strumentation (dialyis, artificial skin,-motion detectors, ultrasound, birth-control drug delivery). Concurrently scheduled with course CM103. Letter grading. Mr. Grundfest (W)
C204. Physical Chemistry of Biomacromolecules. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20B, 30A, Life Sciences 2, 3. To understand biologi
cal materials and design synthetic replacements, it is imperative to understand their physical chemistry. Biomacromolecules such as protein or DNA can be analyzed and characterized by applying fundamen
tals of polymer physical chemistry. Investigation of polymer structure and conformation, bulk and solu
tion thermodynamics and phase behavior, properties of biological networks, and viscoelasticity. Application of engineer
ning principles to problems involving biomacromole
cules such as protein conformation, solvation of charged species, and separation and characterization of
DNA molecules. Concurrently scheduled with course CM104. Letter grading. Ms. Kasko (F)

C205. Biopolymer Chemistry and Bioconjugates. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20B, 20L. Highly recommended: one organic chemistry course. Bioconjugate chemistry is science of coupling biomolecules for wide range of applica
tions. Bioconjugation may be coupled to one sur
face in gene chip, or one protein may be coupled to
one polymer to enhance its stability in serum. Wide
variety of bioconjugates are used in delivery of phar
macological agents to target site, in medical diagnostics, and tissue engineering. Basic concepts of chemical liga
tion, including choice and design of conjugate linkers
depending on type of biomolecule and desired appli
cation, are discussed. For example versus noncovalent linkers. Presentation and discussion of design and
synthesis of synthetic bioconjugates for some sample applications. Concurrently scheduled with course CM104. Letter grading. Mr. Deming (W)

C206. Topics in Biophysics, Channels, and Mem
branes. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: Chemistry
20B, Life Sciences 2, 3, 4, Mathematics 33B, Physical Chemistry 20A. Historical development and curren
t representation of ion transport in biological and
medical systems. Exposure to challenges of conju
gation protocols (HL7, DICOM) and current medical
information systems. Examination of basic imaging physics (magnetic resonance, computed tomography, ultra
sound, computed radiography) to couple context for
imaging modalities predominantly used to view hu
man anatomy. Geared toward nonphysicists who re
quire more formal understanding of human anatomy/ physiology. Designed for graduate students.
221. Human Anatomy and Physiology for Medical Informatics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: Computer Science 114 or 211A. Designed for
graduate students. Introduction to basic human anat
omy and physiology, with particular emphasis on vi
sualization of anatomy and physiology from image
perception, with emphasis on use of DICOM. S/U grad
ing. Mr. Kangarloo (F)

222. Clinical Rotation Medical Informatics. (2) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, four hours. Corequi
site: course 221. Designed for graduate students. Clinical rotation through medical imaging modalities and
clinical environments. Exposure to challenges of medical
practice today and clinical usage of imaging, including
tomography, magnetic resonance, and
other traditional forms of image acquisi
tion. Designed to provide students with real-world ex
posure to practical applications of imaging and to re
inforce human anatomy and physiology concepts from
other courses. Four hours per week in clinical environments in different medical environments to gain appreciation of current prac
tices, imaging, and information systems. Participation in clinical noon conferences to further broaden expo
sure to understanding of medical problems. S/U grad
ning. Mr. Kangarloo (F)

223A-223B-223C. Programming Laboratories for
Medical Informatics I, II, III. (4-4-4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for graduate students. Programming laboratories to support coursework in other medical informatics core curriculum courses. Exposure to programming language concepts, software design, and
software engineering. Topics included in each of the
three courses include, but are not limited to, the fol
lowing: data structures and algorithms, data retrieval and visualization, healthcare processes. Topics include data structures
and algorithms used for representing knowledge (concep
tual graphs, frame-based models), different data models for represen
ting spatio-temporal information, rule-based imple
mentations, current statistical methods for discov
ery of knowledge (data mining, statistical classifiers,
and hierarchical classification), and basic information retrieval. Review of work in constructing ontologies, with focus on problems in implementation and defini
tion. Common medical ontologies, coding schemes, and
ontology identifier conventions (SNOMED, UMLS, MeSH, LOINC). Letter grading. Mr. Taira (Sp)

227. Medical Information Infrastructures and In
ternet Technologies. (4) Lecture, four hours; out
side study, eight hours. Designed for graduate stu
dents. Introduction to networking, communications, and
information infrastructures in medical environ
ment. Exposure to basic concepts related to network
ning at several levels: low-level (TCP/IP services), med
ium-level (network topologies), and high-level (dis
tributed computing, Web-based services) implications of the Internet. Examination of standard communi
cation protocols (HL7, DICOM) and current medical information systems (HIS, RIS, PACS). Advances in networking, such as wireless, Internet2/gigabit net
work, peer-to-peer technologies, and future security and
privacy concerns. Letter grading. Mr. Bui (F)

228. Medical Decision Making. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for gradu
ate students. Overview of issues related to medical
decision making. Introduction to concept of evidence
based medicine and decision processes related to
process of care and outcomes. Basic probability and
statistics to understand research studies and evalua
tions, and algorithmic methods for decision-making processes (Bayes theorem, decision trees). Study design, hypothesis testing, and estimation. Focus on technical advances in medical decision support sys
tems and expert systems, with review of classic and
current research. Introduction to common statistical
decision-making software packages to familiarize students with current tools. Letter grade concepts, with
focus on critical evaluation of clinical trials, and incorpo
ration of new therapies in practice. Mr. Kangarloo (W)

224B. Advanced Imaging for Informatics. (4) Lec
ture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 224A. Additional modalities and current re
search results in imaging. Topics include functional magnetic resonance imaging (fMRI), MR diffusion/perfusion, and optical imaging, with focus on image analysis and visualization tools. Basic physics principles behind these newer imaging concepts, with
exposure to seminal works. Current research efforts,
with focus on clinical applications and new types of
information available. Geared toward nonphysicists to provide basic understanding of issues related to ad
vanced medical image acquisition and to understand
functionality of imaging databases and image models facilitating sharing of imaging data for clinical and re
search purposes. Letter grading. Mr. Morikoa (Sp)

M225. Bioseparations and Bioprocess Engineer
ing. (4) (Same as Chemical Engineering CM225.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Corequisite: Chemical Engineer
ing 101C. Separation strategies, unit operations, and
economic factors used to design processes for isolat
ing and purifying materials like whole cells, enzymes,
food additives, or pharmaceuticals that are products of biological reactors. Letter grading. Mr. Monbouquette (W)

226. Medical Knowledge Representation. (4) Seminar, four hours; outside study, eight hours. De
signed for graduate students. Issues related to medi
cal knowledge representation and its application in
healthcare processes. Topics include data structures
used for representing knowledge (conceptual graphs, frame-based models), different data models for represen
ting spatio-temporal information, rule-based imple
mentations, current statistical methods for discov
ery of knowledge (data mining, statistical classifiers,
and hierarchical classification), and basic information retrieval. Review of work in constructing ontologies, with focus on problems in implementation and defini
tion. Common medical ontologies, coding schemes, and
ontology identifier conventions (SNOMED, UMLS, MeSH, LOINC). Letter grading. Mr. Taira (Sp)

Biomedical Engineering / 33
C231. Nanopore Sensing. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Bioengineering 100, 120, Life Sciences 2, 3, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C. Analysis of sensors based on measurements of fluctuating ionic conductance through artificial or protein nanopores. Physics of pore conductance. Applications to single molecule detection. DNA sequencing. Review of current literature and technological applications. Scheduling, instrumentation of resistive pulse sensing, theory and instrumentation. Scheduling of measurements in electrolytes, nanopore fabrication, ionic conductance through pores and GHK equation. Patch clamp and single channel measurements and instrumentation. Noise issues, protein engineering, molecular sensing. DNA sequencing and nanopore devices. Design and study of future directions of field. Concurrently scheduled with course CM131. Letter grading. Mr. Schmidt (F)

CM240. Introduction to Biomaterials. (4) (Same as Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM240.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101, 102, 156A. Introduction to mechanical functions of human body; skeletal adaptation to optimize load transfer, mobility, and function. Dynamics and kinematics. Fluid mechanics applications. Heat and mass transfer. Power generation. Laboratory simulations and tests. Concurrently scheduled with course CM140. Letter grading. Mr. Gupta (W)

CM245. Molecular Biotechnology for Engineers. (4) (Same as Chemical Engineering CM245.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Selected topics in molecular biology that form foundation of biotechnology and biomedical industry today. Topics include recombinant DNA technology, molecular and cellular engineering, RNA interference, gene expression, directed mutagenesis and protein engineering, DNA-based diagnostics and DNA microarrays, antibody and protein-based diagnostics, genomics and proteomics, isolation of human genes, gene therapy, and tissue engineering. Concurrently scheduled with course CM145. Letter grading. Mr. Liao (F)

CM248. Introduction to Biological Imaging. (4) (Same as Biological Physics M248 and Pharmacology M248.) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Exploration of role of biological imaging in modern biology and medicine, including imaging physics, instrumentation, image processing, and applications of imaging for range of modalities. Practical experience provided through series of imaging laboratories. Letter grading.

CM250A. Introduction to Micromachining and Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS). (4) (Formerly numbered M250A.) (Same as Electrical Engineering CM250A and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM280A.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20L, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL, Corequisite: course CM250L. Introduction to micromachining technologies and microelectromechanical systems (MEMS). Methods of micromachining and how these methods can be used to produce variety of MEMS, including microstructures, microsensors, and microactuators. Designing MEMS to be produced with both foundry and nonfoundry processes. Computer-aided design for MEMS. Design project required. Letter grading. Mr. Wu (Sp)


CM250L. Introduction to Micromachining and Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS) Laboratory. (2) (Same as Electrical Engineering CM250L and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM280L.) Lecture, one hour; laboratory, four hours; outside study, one hour. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20L, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL. Corequisite: course CM250A. Hands-on introduction to micromachining technologies and microelectromechanical systems (MEMS) laboratory. Methods of micromachining and how these methods can be used to produce variety of MEMS, including microstructures, microsensors, and microactuators. Students go through process of fabricating MEMS device. Concurrently scheduled with course CM150L. Letter grading. Mr. Judy (F)

CM252. Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS). Device Physics and Design. (4) (Formerly numbered M252B.) (Same as Electrical Engineering M252 and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M282.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Introduction to MEMS design. Design methods, design rules, sensing and actuation mechanisms, microsensors, and microactuators. Designing MEMS to be produced with both foundry and nonfoundry processes. Computer-aided design for MEMS. Design project required. Letter grading. Ms. Maynard (W)

CM256. Neuroengineering. (4) (Same as Electrical Engineering M256 and Neuroscience M260.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory; three hours; outside study, five hours. Requisites: Mathematics 32A, 32B, 32A, 32B, Life Sciences 3, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C. Introduction to physics of motor proteins and cytoskeleton structure and function. Energy-tissue interactions. Concurrently scheduled with course C170L. Letter grading. Mr. Wu (Sp)

M260. Laser-Tissue Interactions. (4) (Same as Materials Science CM260.) Lecture, three hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20B, and 20L, or Materials Science 104. Engineering materials used in medicine and dentistry for repair and/or restoration of damaged natural tissues. Topics include relationships between material properties, suitability to task, surface chemistry, processing and treatment methods, and bio-compatibility. Concurrently scheduled with course CM180. Letter grading. Mr. Wu (Sp)


CM282. Biomaterial Interfaces. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, eight hours. Requisite: course CM180 or CM280. Function, utility, and biocompatibility of biomaterials depend critically on their surface and interfacial properties. Discussion of morphology and composition of biomaterials and nanoscales, mesoscales, and macroscales, techniques for characterizing structure and properties of biomaterial interfaces, and methods for designing and fabricating biomaterials with prescribed structure and properties in vitro and in vivo. Letter grading. Ms. Maynard (W)
C283. Targeted Drug Delivery and Controlled Drug Release. (4) Lecture; three hours; discussion; two hours; outside study; seven hours. Requisites: Chemistry CM102 and CM103, and Chemistry CM202 and CM203. New therapeutic approaches require comprehensive understanding of modern biology, physiology, biomaterials, and engineering. Targeted delivery of genes and drugs and their controlled release are important in treatment of challenging diseases and relevant to tissue engineering and regenerative medicine. Drug pharmacodynamics and clinical parameters of application of engineering principles (diffusion, transport, kinetics) to problems in drug formulation and delivery to establish rationale for design and development of novel drug delivery systems that can provide spatial and temporal control of drug release. Introduction to biomaterials with specialized structural and interfacial properties. Exploration of both chemistry of materials and physical presentation of devices and components used in delivery and release. Concurrently scheduled with course CM183. Letter grading. Ms. Kasko (F)

M284. Functional Neuroimaging: Techniques and Applications. (3) (Same as Biomedical Physics M285, Neuroscience M285, Psychology M285, and Psychology M278.) Lecture, three hours. In-depth examination of activation imaging, including MRI and electrophysiological methods, data acquisition and analysis, experimental design, and results obtained thus far in human systems. Strong focus on understanding technologies, how to design activation imaging paradigms, and how to interpret results. Laboratory work on methods and implementation of functional MRI experiment. S/U or letter grading.

C285. Introduction to Tissue Engineering. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion; one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course CM102 or CM103, Chemistry CM202, CM203, and CM204. Tissue engineering applies principles of biology and physical sciences with engineering approach to regenerate tissues and organs. Guiding principles for proper selection of three-dimensional tissue engineering scaffolds, and cellular signals. Concurrently scheduled with course CM185. Letter grading. Mr. Wu (Sp)

CM286B. Computational Systems Biology: Modeling and Simulation of Biological Systems. (8) (Same as Computer Science CM286B.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, three hours; outside study, eight hours. Corequisite: Electrical Engineering 102. Dynamic biosystems modeling and computer simulation methods for studying biological/biomedical processes and systems at multiple levels of organization. Control system, multicompartamental, predator-prey, pharmacokinetic (PK), pharmacodynamic (PD), and other structural modeling methods applied to life sciences problems at molecular, cellular (biochemical pathways/networks), organ, and organismic levels. Both theory and descriptive modeling, with focus on translating biomodeling goals and data into mathematical models and implementing them for simulation and analysis. Basics of numerical simulation algorithms, with modeling software exercises in class and PC laboratory assignments. Concurrently scheduled with course CM186B. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano (F)

CM286C. Biomodeling Research and Research Communication Workshop. (2 to 4) (Formerly numbered CM286L.) (Same as Computer Science CM286C.) Lecture, one hour; discussion; two hours; laboratory, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course CM202 or CM204. Critically directed, interdisciplinary, and real research experience in active quantitative sciences biology research laboratory. Direction on how to focus on topics of current interest in scientific community, appropriate to student interests and capabilities. Critiques of oral presentations and written progress reports explain how to proceed with search for research results. Major emphasis on effective research reporting, both oral and written. Concurrently scheduled with course CM186C. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano (Sp)

C287. Applied Tissue Engineering: Clinical and Industrial Perspectives. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses CM202 and CM203. New therapeutic approaches require comprehensive understanding of modern biology, physiology, biomaterials, and engineering. Targeted delivery of genes and drugs and their controlled release are important in treatment of challenging diseases and relevant to tissue engineering and regenerative medicine. Drug pharmacodynamics and clinical parameters of application of engineering principles (diffusion, transport, kinetics) to problems in drug formulation and delivery to establish rationale for design and development of novel drug delivery systems that can provide spatial and temporal control of drug release. Introduction to biomaterials with specialized structural and interfacial properties. Exploration of both chemistry of materials and physical presentation of devices and components used in delivery and release. Concurrently scheduled with course CM187. Letter grading. Mr. Wu (F)

295A-295Z. Seminars: Research Topics in Biomedical Engineering and Bioengineering. (1 to 4) Seminar, one to four hours. Limited to biomedical engineering graduate students. Advanced study and analysis of current topics in bioengineering. Discussion of current research and literature in research specialty of faculty member teaching course. Student presentation of projects in research specialty may be required for credit. S/U grading.

295A. Biomaterial Research.
295B. Biomaterials and Tissue Engineering Research.
295C. Minimally Invasive and Laser Research.
295D. Hybrid Device Research.
295E. Molecular Cell Bioengineering Research.
295F. Biopolymer Materials and Chemistry.
M296A. Advanced Modeling Methodology for Dynamic Biomedical Systems. (4) (Same as Computer Science M296A and Medicine M270C.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: Electrical Engineering 141 or 142 or Mathematics 115A or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 171A. Development of dynamic systems modeling methodology for physiological, biomedical, pharmacological, chemical, and related systems. Control system, multicompartamental, noncompartmental, and input/output models, linear and nonlinear. Emphasis on model applications, limitations, and relevance in biomedical sciences and other limited data environments. Problem solving in PC laboratory. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano (F)

M296B. Optimal Parameter Estimation and Experiment Design for Biomedical Systems. (4) (Same as Biomathematics M270, Computer Science M296B, and Medicine M270D.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M296A or Biomathematics 220. Estimation methodology and model parameter estimation algorithms for fitting dynamic system models to biomedical data. Model discrimination methods. Theory and algorithms for designing optimal experiments for developing and quantifying models, with special focus on optimal sampling schedule design for kinetic models. Exploration of PC software for model building and optimal experiment design via applications in physiology and pharmacology. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano (W)

M296C. Advanced Topics and Research in Biomedical Systems Engineering. (4) (Same as Computer Science M296C and Medicine M270E.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M296A. Recommended: course M296B. Research techniques and experience on special topics involving models, modeling methods, and model/computing in biological and medical sciences. Review and critique of literature. Research problem selection and formulation. Approaches to solutions. Individual M.S.- and Ph.D.-level project training. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano (Sp)

M296D. Introduction to Computational Cardiology. (4) (Same as Computer Science M296D.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course CM186B. Introduction to mathematical modeling and computer simulation of cardiac electrophysiological process. Ionic models of action potential (AP). Theory of AP propagation in one-dimensional and two-dimensional cardiac tissue. Simulation on sequential and parallel supercomputers, choice of numerical algorithms, to optimize accuracy and to provide computational stability. Letter grading. Mr. Kogan (F)

298. Special Studies in Biomedical Engineering. (4) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Study of selected topics in biomedical engineering taught by resident and visiting faculty members. Letter grading.

299. Seminar: Biomedical Engineering Topics. (2) Seminar; two hours; outside study, four hours. Designed for graduate biomedical engineering students. Seminar by leading academic and biomedical engineers from UCLA, other universities, and biomedical engineering companies such as Baxter, Amgen, Medtronic, and Guidant on development and application of recent technological advances in discipline. Exploration of cutting-edge developments and challenges in wound healing models, stem cell biology, angiogenesis, signal transduction, gene therapy, cell and tissue engineering, immunological, and bioartificial cultivation, nanotechnology, and gene- and bioinformatics. S/U grading. Mr. Wu (F,Sp)

375. Teaching Apprentice Practicum. (4) Seminar, to be arranged. Preparation: apprentice personnel employment as teaching assistant, associate, or fellow. Teaching apprenticeship under active guidance and supervision of regular faculty member responsible for curriculum and instruction at UCLA. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading.

495. Teaching Assistant Training Seminar. (2) Seminar; two hours; outside study, four hours. Limited to graduate biomedical engineering students. Required of all departmental teaching assistants. May be taken concurrently while holding TA appointment. Seminar on communicating bioengineering and biomedical engineering principles, concepts, and methods; teaching assistant preparation, organization, and presentation of material, including use of visual aids, grading, advising, and rapport with students. S/U grading. Mr. DiStefano (F)

595. Directed Individual or Tutorial Studies. (2 to 8) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate biomedical engineering students. Petition forms to request enrollment may be obtained from program office. Supervised investigation of advanced technical problems. S/U grading.

597A. Preparation for M.S. Comprehensive Examination. (2 to 12) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate biomedical engineering students. Preparation for M.S. comprehensive examination. S/U grading.

597B. Preparation for Ph.D. Preliminary Examination. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate biomedical engineering students. Reading and preparation for Ph.D. comprehensive examination. S/U grading.

597C. Preparation for Ph.D. Oral Qualifying Examination. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate biomedical engineering students. Preparation for oral qualifying examination, including preliminary research on dissertation. S/U grading.


599. Research for and Preparation of Ph.D. Dissertation. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate biomedical engineering students. Supervised independent research for Ph.D. candidates, including the thesis prospectus. S/U grading.
Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering

UCLA  
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Los Angeles, CA 90095-1592  
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t: (310) 206-4107  
http://www.chemeng.ucla.edu

Harold G. Monbouquette, Ph.D., Chair  
James C. Liao, Ph.D., Vice Chair

Professors

Jane P. Chang, Ph.D. (William Frederick Seyer Professor of Materials Electrochemistry)  
Panagiotis D. Christofides, Ph.D.  
Yoram Cohen, Ph.D.  
Yoram Cohen, Ph.D.  
James F. Davis, Ph.D., Associate Vice Chancellor  
Robert F. Hicks, Ph.D.  
Louis J. Ignarro, Ph.D. (Nobel laureate, Jerome J. Belzer Professor of Medical Research)  
James C. Liao, Ph.D.  
Yunfeng Lu, Ph.D.  
Vasilios I. Manousiouthakis, Ph.D.  
Harold G. Monbouquette, Ph.D.  
Selim M. Senkan, Ph.D.

Professors Emeriti

Eidon L. Knuth, Ph.D.  
Ken Nobe, Ph.D.  
William D. Van Vorst, Ph.D.  
A.R. Frank Wazzan, Ph.D., Dean Emeritus

Associate Professor

Yi Tang, Ph.D.

Assistant Professors

Gerassimos Orkoulas, Ph.D.  
Tatiana Segura, Ph.D.

Scope and Objectives

The Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering conducts undergraduate and graduate programs of teaching and research that focus on the areas of cellular and biomolecular engineering, systems engineering, and semiconductor manufacturing and span the general themes of energy/environment and nanotechnology. Aside from the fundamentals of chemical engineering (applied mathematics, thermodynamics, transport phenomena, kinetics, reactor engineering and separations), particular emphasis is given to metabolic engineering, protein engineering, systems biology, synthetic biology, bio-nano-technology, biomaterials, air pollution, water production and treatment, environmental multimedia modeling, pollution prevention, combinatorial catalysis, molecular simulation, process modeling/simulation/control/optimization/integration/synthesis, membrane science, semiconductor processing, chemical vapor deposition, plasma processing and simulation, electrochemistry and corrosion, polymer engineering, and hydrogen production.

Students are trained in the fundamental principles of these fields while acquiring sensitivity to society’s needs—a crucial combination needed to address the challenge of continued industrial growth and innovation in an era of economic, environmental, and energy constraints.

The undergraduate curriculum leads to a B.S. in Chemical Engineering, is accredited by ABET and AIChE, and includes the standard core curriculum, as well as biomedical engineering, biomolecular engineering, environmental engineering, and semiconductor manufacturing engineering options. The department also offers graduate courses and research leading to M.S. and Ph.D. degrees. Both graduate and undergraduate programs closely relate teaching and research to important industrial problems.

Undergraduate Mission and Program Objectives

The mission of the undergraduate program is to educate future leaders in chemical and biomolecular engineering who effectively combine their broad knowledge of mathematics, physics, chemistry, and biology with their engineering analysis and design skills for the creative solution of problems in chemical and biological technology and for the synthesis of innovative (bio)chemical processes and products.

This goal is achieved by producing chemical and biomolecular engineering alumni who (1) draw readily on a rigorous education in mathematics, physics, chemistry, and biology in addition to the fundamentals of chemical engineering to creatively solve problems in chemical and biological technology as evidenced by contributions to new or improved products and processes and/or to publications, presentations, and patents, (2) incorporate social, ethical, environmental, and economical considerations, including the concept of sustainable development, into chemical and biomolecular engineering practice, (3) lead or participate successfully on multidisciplinary teams assembled to tackle complex multifaceted problems that may require implementation of both experimental and computational approaches and a broad array of analytical tools, and (4) pursue graduate study and achieve an M.S. or Ph.D. degree in the sciences and engineering and/or achieve success as professionals in diverse fields, including business, medicine, and environmental protection, as well as chemical and biomolecular engineering, as evidenced by professional position, responsibilities, and salary, as well as salary increases and promotion.

Undergraduate Study

Chemical Engineering B.S.

The ABET-accredited chemical engineering curricula provide a high quality, professionally oriented education in modern chemical engineering. The biomedical engineering, biomolecular engineering, environmental engineering, and semiconductor manufacturing engineering options provide students an opportunity for exposure to a subfield of chemical and biomolecular engineering. In all cases, balance is sought between engineering science and practice.

Chemical Engineering Core Option

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 10; Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L, 30A, 30AL, 30B; Computer Science 31; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B; Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL.

The Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 100, 101A, 101B, 101C, 102A, 102B, 103, 104AL, 104B, 106, 107, 108A, 108B, 109, Chemistry and Biochemistry 113A, 153A; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and two elective courses (8 units) from Chemical Engineering 110, C111, C112, 113, C114, C115, C116, C118, C119, C125, C140.

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

Biomedical Engineering Option

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 10; Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L, 30A, 30AL, 30B; Computer Science 31; Life Sciences 2, 3; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B; Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL.
The Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 100, 101A, 101B, 101C, 102A, 102B, 103, 104AL, 104B, 106, 107, 108A, 108B, 109, Chemistry and Biochemistry 113A, 153A; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and one biomedical elective course (4 units) from Chemical Engineering C115, C125, CM145 (another chemical engineering elective may be substituted for one of these with approval of the faculty adviser).

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

Biomolecular Engineering Option

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 10; Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L, 30A, 30AL, 30B; Computer Science 31; Life Sciences 2, 3; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B; Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL.

The Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 100, 101A, 101B, 101C, 102A, 102B, 104AL, 104B, 106, 107, 108A, 108B, 109, Chemistry and Biochemistry 113A, 153A; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and one biomedical elective course (4 units) from Chemical Engineering C115, C125, CM145 (another chemical engineering elective may be substituted for one of these with approval of the faculty adviser).

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

Environmental Engineering Option

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 10; Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L, 30A, 30AL, 30B; Computer Science 31; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B; Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL.

The Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 100, 101A, 101B, 101C, 102A, 102B, 103, 104AL, 104C, 104CL, 106, 107, 108A, 108B, 109, Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences 104, Chemistry and Biochemistry 113A, 153A; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and two elective courses (8 units) from Chemical Engineering 113, C118, C119, C140 (another chemical engineering elective may be substituted with approval of the faculty adviser).

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

Semiconductor Manufacturing Engineering Option

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 10; Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L, 30A, 30AL, 30B; Computer Science 31; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B; Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL.

The Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 100, 101A, 101B, 101C, 102A, 102B, 103, 104AL, 104C, 104CL, 106, 107, 108A, 108B, 109, Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences 104, Chemistry and Biochemistry 113A, 153A; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and two elective courses (8 units) from Chemical Engineering 113, C118, C119, C140 (another chemical engineering elective may be substituted with approval of the faculty adviser).

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

Graduate Study

For information on graduate admission, see Graduate Programs, page 23.

For additional information regarding the B.S., M.S., and Ph.D. in Chemical Engineering, refer to the Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Department brochure.

The following introductory information is based on the 2009-10 edition of Program Requirements for UCLA Graduate Degrees. Complete annual editions of Program Requirements are available at http://www.gdnet.ucla.edu/gasaa/library/pgmrqintro.htm. Students are subject to the detailed degree requirements as published in Program Requirements for the year in which they enter the program.

The Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering offers Master of Science (M.S.) and Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degrees in Chemical Engineering.

Chemical Engineering M.S.

Areas of Study

Consult the department.

For the semiconductor manufacturing field, the program requires that students have advanced knowledge, assessed in a comprehensive examination, of processing semiconductor devices on the nanoscale.

Course Requirements

The requirements for an M.S. degree are a thesis, nine courses (36 units), and a 3.0 grade-point average in the graduate courses. Chemical Engineering 200, 210,
and 220 are required for all M.S. degree candidates. Two courses must be taken from offerings in the Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Department, while two Chemical Engineering 598 courses involving work on the thesis may also be selected. The remaining two courses may be taken from those offered by the department or any other field in life sciences, physical sciences, mathematics, or engineering. At least 24 units must be in letter-graded 200-level courses.

All M.S. students are required to enroll in the seminar, Chemical Engineering 299, during each term in residence.

A program of study that encompasses these requirements must be submitted to the departmental Student Affairs Office for approval before the end of the student’s second term in residence.

Undergraduate Courses. No lower division courses may be applied toward graduate degrees. In addition, the following upper division courses are not applicable toward graduate degrees: Chemical Engineering 102A, 199; Civil and Environmental Engineering 106A, 108, 199; Computer Science M152A, 152B, 199; Electrical Engineering 100, 101, 102, 103, 110L, M116L, 199; Materials Science and Engineering 110, 120, 130, 131, 131L, 132, 150, 160, 161L, 199; Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 102, 103, 105A, 105D, 199.

Semiconductor Manufacturing

The requirements for the M.S. degree in the field of semiconductor manufacturing are 10 courses (44 units) and a minimum 3.0 grade-point average overall and in the graduate courses. Students are required to take Chemical Engineering 104C/104CL, 216, 270, 270R, Electrical Engineering 123A, Materials Science and Engineering 121. In addition, two departmental elective courses and two electrical engineering or materials science and engineering electives must be selected, with a minimum of two at the 200 level. A total of at least five graduate (200-level) courses is required. Approved elective courses include Chemical Engineering C214, 218, 219, 223, 240, Electrical Engineering 124, 221A, 221B, 223, 224, Materials Science and Engineering 210, 223.

Courses taken by students who are not enrolled in the semiconductor manufacturing field may not be applied toward the 10-course requirement for the degree. A program of study encompassing the course requirements and/or substitutions must be submitted to the graduate adviser for approval before the end of the first term in residence.

Field Experience. Students may take Chemical Engineering 270R in the field, working at an industrial semiconductor fabrication facility. This option must meet all course requirements and must be approved by the graduate adviser and the industrial sponsor of the research.

Comprehensive Examination Plan

The comprehensive examination plan is not available for fields other than semiconductor manufacturing.

For the semiconductor manufacturing field, when all coursework is completed, students should enroll in Chemical Engineering 597A to prepare for the comprehensive examination, which tests their knowledge of the engineering principles of semiconductor manufacturing. In case of failure, the examination may be repeated once with the consent of the graduate adviser.

Thesis Plan

Consult the graduate adviser. The thesis plan is not available for the semiconductor manufacturing field.

Chemical Engineering Ph.D.

Major Fields or Subdisciplines

Consult the department.

Course Requirements

All Ph.D. students must take six courses (24 units), including Chemical Engineering 200, 210, and 220. Two additional courses must be taken from those offered by the Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Department. The third course can be selected from offerings in life sciences, physical sciences, mathematics, or engineering. All of these units must be in letter-graded 200-level courses. Students are encouraged to take more courses in their field of specialization. The minor field courses should be selected in consultation with the research adviser. A 3.33 grade-point average in graduate courses is required. A program of study to fulfill the course requirements must be submitted for approval to the departmental Student Affairs Office no later than one term after successful completion of the preliminary oral examination.

All Ph.D. students are required to enroll in the seminar, Chemical Engineering 299, during each term in residence.

For information on completing the Engineer degree, see Engineering Schoolwide Programs.

Preliminary and Qualifying Examinations

All Ph.D. students must take a preliminary oral examination that tests their understanding of chemical engineering fundamentals in the areas of thermodynamics, transport phenomena, and chemical kinetics and reactor design. The examination normally is taken during the second term in residence, and a 3.33 grade-point average in graduate coursework is required to be eligible to take the examination. Students are asked to solve the examination problems in writing and then present them orally to a faculty committee. Students whose first degree is not in chemical engineering may petition to postpone the examination to the following year. Any student failing the Ph.D. preliminary examination may petition to reenter the Ph.D. program after successfully completing the requirements for the M.S., including an M.S. thesis. If the petition is granted, the student may be approved to take the preliminary examination concurrently with the master’s thesis defense.

After successfully completing the required courses and the preliminary oral examination, students must pass the written and oral qualifying examinations. These examinations focus on the dissertation research and are conducted by a doctoral committee consisting of at least four faculty members nominated by the Department of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering, in accordance with University regulations. The written qualifying examination consists of a dissertation research proposal that provides a clear description of the problem considered, a literature review of the current state of the art, and a detailed research plan that is to be followed to solve the problem. Students submit their dissertation research proposals to their doctoral committees. The written examination is due in the seventh week of the Winter Quarter of the second year in residence.

The University Oral Qualifying Examination consists of an oral defense of the dissertation research proposal and is administered by the doctoral committee. The oral examination is held no less than two weeks after submitting the written examination.

Note: Doctoral Committees. A doctoral committee consists of a minimum of four members. Three members, including the chair, are “inside” members and must hold
appointments in the Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Department at UCLA. The "outside" member must be a UCLA faculty member outside the Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Department.

**Facilities**

**Biomolecular Engineering Laboratories**

The Biomolecular Engineering laboratories are equipped for cutting-edge genetic, biomolecular, and cellular engineering teaching and research. Facilities and equipment include (1) DNA microarray printing and scanning facility, (2) fluorescence microscopy, (3) real-time PCR thermocycler, (4) UV-visible and fluorescence spectrophotometers, (5) HPLC and LC-mass spectrometer, (6) aerobic and anaerobic bioreactors from bench top to 100-liter pilot scale, (7) protein purification facility, (8) potentiostat/galvanostat and impedance analyzer for electroenzymology, (9) membrane extruder and multiance laser light scattering for production and characterization of biological and semi-synthetic colloids such as micelles and vesicles, and (10) phosphomimager for biochemical assays involving radiolabeled compounds.

Microbial cells are genetically and metabolically engineered to produce novel compounds that are used as drugs, specialty chemicals, and food additives. Novel gene-metabolic circuits are designed and constructed in microbial cells to perform complex and non-native cellular behavior. These designer cells are cultured in bioreactors, and intracellular states are monitored using DNA microarrays and RT-PCR. Such investigations are coupled with genomic and proteomic efforts, and mathematical modeling, to achieve system-wide understanding of the cell.

Protein engineering is being used to generate completely novel compounds that have important pharmaceutical value. Bacteria are being custom-designed to synthesize important therapeutic compounds that have anticancer, cholesterol-lowering, and/or antibiotic activities. Biosensors are being micromachined for detecting neurotransmitters in vivo. New biosensing schemes also are being invented for the detection of endocrine disrupting chemicals in the environment and for the high-throughput screening of drug candidates. Naturally occurring protein nanocapsules are being redesigned at the genetic level for applications in drug delivery and materials synthesis. Finally, the enzymology of extremely thermophilic microbes is being explored for applications in specialty chemical synthesis.

**Electronic Materials Processing Laboratory**

The Electronic Materials Processing Laboratory focuses on the synthesis and patterning of multifunctional complex oxide films and nanostructures with tailored electronic, chemical, thermal, mechanical, and biological properties. Experimental and theoretical studies are combined to understand the processes and surface kinetics in atomic layer deposition, plasma etching and deposition processes, gas-phase surface functionalization, and solution phase synthesis. Novel devices including advanced microelectronics, optoelectronics, chemical sensors, and energy storage devices are realized at nanodimensions as the technologies become more enabling based on these fundamental studies.

The laboratory is equipped with a state-of-the-art advanced rapid thermal processing facility with in-situ vapor phase processing and atomic layer deposition capabilities; advanced plasma processing tools including thin film deposition and etching; and diagnostics including optical emissions spectroscopy, Langmuir probe, and quadrupole mass spectrometry; a surface analytical facility including X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy, Auger electron spectroscopy, ultra-violet photoelectron spectroscopy, reflection high energy electron diffraction, spectroscopic ellipsometry, photoluminescence, and infrared spectroscopy; and a complete set of processing tools available for microelectronics and MEMS fabrication in the Nanoelectronic Research Facility. With the combined material characterization and electronic device fabrication, the reaction kinetics including composition and morphology, and the electrical property of these materials can be realized for applications in the next generation electronic devices and chemical or biological MEMS.

**Chemical Kinetics, Catalysis, Reaction Engineering, and Combustion Laboratory**

The Chemical Kinetics, Catalysis, Reaction Engineering, and Combustion Laboratory is equipped with advanced research tools for experimental and computational studies in chemical kinetics, catalytic materials, and combustion, including quadrupole mass spectrometer (QMS) systems to sample reactive systems with electron impact and photoionization capabilities; several fully computerized gas chromatograph/mass spectrometer (GC/MS) systems for gas analysis; fully computerized array channel microreactors for catalyst discovery and optimization; several flat premixed and diffusion flame burners and flow reactors to study combustion and other fast reactions; a laser photoionization (LP) time-of-flight (TOF) mass spectrometer for the ultrasensitive, real-time detection of trace pollutants in the gas phase, a gravimetric microbalance to study heterogeneous reactions; and several state-of-the-art supermicro workstations for numerical investigations in fluid mechanics, detailed chemical kinetic modeling, and computational quantum chemistry.

**Electrochemical Engineering and Catalysis Laboratories**

With instrumentation such as rotating ring-disk electrodes, electrochemical packed-bed flow reactors, gas chromatographs, potentiostats, and function generators, the Electrochemical Engineering and Catalysis Laboratories are used to study metal, alloy, and semiconductor corrosion processes, electro-deposition and electroless deposition of metals, alloys, and semiconductors for GMR and MEMS applications, electrochemical energy conversion (fuel cells) and storage (batteries), and bioelectrochemical processes and biomedical systems.

The electroorganic synthesis facility is for the development of electrochemical processes to transform biomass-derived organic compounds into useful chemicals, fuels, and pharmaceuticals. The catalysis facility is equipped to support various types of catalysis projects, including catalytic hydrocarbon oxidation, selective catalytic reduction of NOx, and Fischer-Tropsch synthesis.

**Materials and Plasma Chemistry Laboratory**

The Materials and Plasma Chemistry Laboratory is equipped with state-of-the-art instruments for studying the molecular processes that occur during chemical vapor deposition (CVD) and plasma processing. CVD is a key technology for synthesizing advanced electronic and optical devices, including solid-state lasers, infrared, visible, and ultraviolet detectors and emitters, solar cells, heterojunction bipolar transistors, and high-electron mobility transistors. The laboratory houses a commercial CVD
reactor for the synthesis of III-V compound semiconductors. This tool is interfaced to an ultrahigh vacuum system equipped with scanning tunneling microscopy, low-energy electron diffraction; infrared spectroscopy and X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy. This apparatus characterizes the atomic structure of compound semiconductor heterojunction interfaces and determines the kinetics of CVD reactions on these surfaces.

The atmospheric plasma laboratory is equipped with multiple plasma sources and state-of-the-art diagnostic tools. The plasmas generate, at low temperature, beams of atoms and radicals well-suited for surface treatment, cleaning, etching, deposition, and sterilization. Applications are in the biomedical, electronics, and aerospace fields. The laboratory is unique in that it characterizes the reactive species generated in atmospheric plasmas and their chemical interactions with surfaces.

Nanoparticle Technology and Air Quality Engineering Laboratory

Modern particle technology focuses on particles in the nanometer (nm) size range with applications to air pollution control and commercial production of fine particles. Particles with diameters between 1 and 100 nm are of interest both as individual particles and in the form of aggregate structures. The Nanoparticle Technology and Air Quality Engineering Laboratory is equipped with instrumentation for online measurement of aerosols, including optical particle counters, electrical aerosol analyzers, and condensation particle counters. A novel low-pressure impactor designed in the laboratory is used to fractionate particles for morphological analysis in size ranges down to 50 nm (0.05 micron). Also available is a high-volumetric flow rate impactor suitable for collecting particles of matter for chemical analysis. Several types of specially designed aerosol generators are also available, including a laser ablation chamber, tube furnaces, and a specially designed aerosol microreactor. Concern with nanoscale phenomena requires the use of advanced systems for particle observation and manipulation. Students have direct access to modern facilities for transmission and scanning electron microscopy. Located near the laboratory, the Electron Microscopy facilities staff provide instruction and assistance in the use of these instruments. Advanced electron microscopy has recently been used in the laboratory to make the first systematic studies of atmospheric nanoparticle chain aggregates. Such aggregate structures have been linked to public health effects and to the absorption of solar radiation.

A novel nanostructure manipulation device, designed and built in the laboratory, makes it possible to probe the behavior of nanoparticle chain aggregates of a type produced commercially for use in nanocomposite materials; these aggregates are also released by sources of pollution such as diesel engines and incinerators.

Polymer and Separations Research Laboratory

The Polymer and Separations Research Laboratory is equipped for research on membranes, water desalination, adsorption, chemical sensors, polymerization kinetics, surface engineering with polymers and the behavior of polymeric fluids in confined geometries. Instrumentation includes a high resolution multiprobe Atomic Force Microscope (AFM) and a quartz crystal microbalance system for membrane and sensor development work. An atmospheric plasma surface structuring system is available for nano-structuring ceramic and polymeric surfaces for a variety of applications that include membrane performance enhancement and chemical sensor arrays. Analytical equipment for polymer characterization includes several high-pressure liquid chromatographs for size exclusion chromatography equipped with different detectors, including refractive index, UV photodiode array, conductivity, and a photodiode array laser light scattering detector. The laboratory has a research-grade FTIR with a TGA interface, a thermogravimetric analysis system, and a dual column gas chromatograph. Equipment for viscometric analysis includes high- and low-pressure capillary viscometer, narrow gap cylindrical couette viscometer, cone- and-plate viscometer, intrinsic viscosity viscometer system and associated equipment. Flow equipment is also available for studying fluid flow through channels of different geometries (e.g., capillary, slit, porous media). The evaluation of polymeric and novel ceramic-polymer membranes, developed in the laboratory, is made possible with reverse osmosis, pervaporation, and cross-flow ultrafiltration systems equipped with online detectors. Studies of high recovery membrane desalination are carried out in a membrane concentrator/crystallizer system. Resin sorption and regeneration studies can be carried out with a fully automated system.

Process Systems Engineering Laboratory

The Process Systems Engineering Laboratory is equipped with state-of-the-art computer hardware and software used for the simulation, design, optimization, control, and integration of chemical processes. Several personal computers and workstations, as well as an 8-node dual-processor cluster, are available for teaching and research. SEASnet and campuswide computational facilities are also available to the laboratory’s members. Software for simulation and optimization of general systems includes MINOS, GAMS, MATLAB, CPLEX, and LINDO. Software for simulation of chemical engineering systems includes HYSYS for process simulation and CACHE-FUJITSU for molecular calculations. UCLA-developed software for heat/power integration and reactor network attainable region construction are also available.

Faculty Areas of Thesis Guidance

Professors

Jane P. Chang, Ph.D. (MIT, 1998) Materials processing, gas-phase and surface reaction, plasma enhanced chemistries, atomic layer deposition, chemical microelectromechanical systems, and computational surface chemistry

Panagiota D. Christofides, Ph.D. (Minnesota, 1996) Process modeling, dynamics and control, computational and applied mathematics

Yoram Cohen, Ph.D. (Delaware, 1981) Separation processes, graft polymerization, surface nanostructuring, macromolecular dynamics, pollutant transport and exposure assessment

James F. Davis, Ph.D. (Northwestern, 1981) Intelligent systems in process, control operations and design, decision support, management of abnormal situations, data interpretation, knowledge databases, pattern recognition

Robert F. Hicks, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1984) Chemical vapor deposition and atmospheric plasma processing

Louis J. Igniaro, Ph.D. (Minnesota, 1966) Regulation and modulation of NO production

James C. Liao, Ph.D. (Wisconsin, Madison, 1987) Biochemical engineering, metabolic reaction engineering, reaction path analysis and control

Yunfeng Lu, Ph.D. (University of New Mexico, 1998) Semiconductor manufacturing and nanotechnology

Vasilios I. Manousiouthakis, Ph.D. (Rensselaer, 1986) Process systems engineering: modeling, simulation, design, optimization, and control

Harold G. Monbouquette, Ph.D. (North Carolina State, 1987) Biochemical engineering, biosensors, biotechnology of extreme thermophiles, nanotechnology

Selim M. Sevcan, Ph.D. (MIT, 1977) Reaction engineering, combinatorial catalysis, combustion, laser photoionization, real-time detection, quantum chemistry
Professors Emeriti
Eldon L. Knuth, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1953)
Molecular dynamics, thermodynamics, combustion, applications to air pollution control and combustion engines.

Ken Nobe, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1956)
Electrochemistry, corrosion, electrochemical kinetics, electrochemical energy conversion, electrocatalysis of metals and alloys, electrochemical treatment of toxic wastes, bio-electrochemistry.

William D. Van Vorst, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1953)
Chemical engineering: thermodynamics, energy conversion, alternative energy systems, hydrogen- and alcohol-fueled engines.

A.R. Frank Wazzan, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1963)
Fast reactors, nuclear fuel element modeling, stability and transition of boundary layers, heat transfer.

Associate Professor
Yi Tang, Ph.D. (Caltech, 2002)
Biосynthesis of proteins/polypeptides with unnatural amino acids, synthesis of novel antibiotics/antitumor products.

Assistant Professors
Gerassimos Orkoulas, Ph.D. (Cornell, 1998)
Motor protein synthesis in fungal mitochondria, motor protein in vivo activity and regulation.

Tatiana Segura, Ph.D. (Northwestern, 2004)
Gene therapy, tissue engineering, substrate-mediated non-viral DNA delivery.

Lower Division Courses

2. Technology and Environment. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Natural and anthropogenic flows of materials at global and regional scales. Case studies of natural cycles include global warming (CO2 cycles), stratospheric ozone depletion (chlorine and ozone cycles), and global nitrogen cycles. Flow of materials in industrial economies compared and contrasted with natural flows; presentation of lifecycle methods for evaluating environmental impact of processes and products. P/NP or letter grading.

99. Student Research Program. (1 to 2) Tutorial (supervised research or other scholarly work), three hours per week per unit. Entry-level research for lower division students under guidance of faculty mentor. Students must be in good academic standing and enrolled in minimum of 12 units (excluding this course). Individual contract required; consult Undergraduate Research Center. May be repeated. P/NP grading.

101A. Transport Phenomena I. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Mathematics 33A, 33B. Corequisites: course 100. Introduction to fluid flow in chemical, biological, materials, and molecular processes. Fundamentals of momentum transport, Newtonian law of viscosity, mass and momentum conservation in laminar and turbulent flow, and engineering analysis of flow systems. Letter grading.


101C. Mass Transfer. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 101B. Introduction to analysis of mass transfer in systems of interest to chemical engineering practice. Fundamentals of mass transport, transport, Fick law of diffusion, diffusion in chemically re-acting flows, interphase mass transfer, multicomponent systems. Letter grading.

102A. Thermodynamics I. (4) (Formerly numbered M105A.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Mathematics 33A, 33B. Introduction to thermodynamics of chemical and biological processes. Energy, heat, and first law of thermodynamics. Second law, extremum principles, entropy, and free energy. Ideal and real gases, property evaluation. Thermodynamics of flow systems. Applications of first and second laws in biological processes and living organisms. Letter grading.


103. Separation Processes. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 100, 101B. Application of principles of heat, mass, and momentum transport to design and operation of separation processes such as distillation, gas absorption, filtration, and reverse osmosis. Letter grading.

104A. Chemical Engineering Laboratory I. (6) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, eight hours; outside study, four hours; other, four hours. Requisites: courses 100, 101B, 102B. Measurements of temperature, pressure, flow rate, viscosity, and fluid composition in chemical processes. Methods of data acquisition, data analysis, design of experiment, safety, development of written and oral communication skills. Letter grading.

104B. Chemical and Biomedical Engineering Laboratory II. (6) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, eight hours; outside study, four hours; other, four hours. Requisites: courses 100, 101B, 102B. Corequisites: course 104AL. Course consists of four experiments in chemical engineering unit operations, each of two weeks duration. Students present their results both written and orally. Written report includes sections on theory, experimental procedures, scaleup and process design, and error analysis. Letter grading.

104C. Semiconductor Processing. (3) Lecture, four hours; outside study, four hours. Requisite: course 101C. Corequisite: course 104CL. Basic engineering principles of semiconductor unit operations, including fabrication and characterization of semiconductor devices. Investigation of processing steps used to make CMOS devices, including wafer cleaning, oxidation, diffusion, lithography, chemical vapor deposition, plasma etching, metallization, and statistical design of experiments and error analysis. Letter grading.


106. Chemical Reaction Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 100, 101C, 102B. Fundamentals of chemical kinetics and catalysis. Introduction to analysis and design of homogeneous and heterogeneous chemical reactors. Letter grading.


108A. Process Economics and Analysis. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 103 (or C125), 104AL, 106 (or C115). Integration of chemical engineering fundamentals such as transport phenomena, thermodynamics, separation operations, and reaction engineering and simple economic principles for purpose of designing chemical processes and evaluating alternatives. Letter grading.

Chemical and Biomedical Engineering / 41
108B. Chemical Process Computer-Aided Design and Analysis. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Course 102A, Computer-aided design. Concurrently scheduled with course CM123 (or CM125), 106 (or C115), 108A. Introduction to application of some mathematical and computing methods to chemical engineering design problems; use of simulation programs, dynamic method of performing steady state material and energy balance calculations. Letter grading.

Mr. Manousiouthakis (Sp)

109. Numerical and Mathematical Methods in Chemical and Biological Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Preparation: basic knowledge of MATLAB programming. Numerical methods for computation of solution of systems or linear and nonlinear algebraic equations, ordinary differential equations, and partial equations. Chemical and biomolecular engineering examples used throughout to illustrate application of these methods. Use of MATLAB as platform (programming environment) to write programs based on numerical methods to solve various problems arising in chemical engineering. Letter grading.

Mr. Christofides (F)

110. Intermediate Engineering Thermodynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 102B. Principles and engineering applications of fundamental thermodynamics. Determination of partition function in terms of simple molecular models and spectroscopic data; nonideal gases; phase transitions and adsorption; nonequilibrium thermodynamics and coupled transport processes. Letter grading.

Mr. Nobe (Not offered 2009-10)

C111. Cryogenics and Low-Temperature Processes. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 102A, 102B (or Materials Science 130). Fundamentals of cryogenics and cryoengineering science pertaining to industrial and scientific processes. Basic approaches to analysis of cryofluids and envelopes needed for operation of cryogenic systems; low-temperature behavior of matter, optimization of cryosystems, and other special conditions. Concurrently scheduled with course C211. Letter grading.

Mr. Manousiouthakis (F)

C112. Polymer Processes. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: course 101A. Chemistry of polymers, mixture theory, rheology of polymer solutions. Diffusion in polymer systems. Polymers in biomedical applications and in microelectronics. Concurrently scheduled with course C212. Letter grading.

Mr. Cohen, Mr. Lu (Not offered 2009-10)

113. Air Pollution Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; preparation, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 101C, 102B. Integrated approach to air pollution, including concentrations of atmospheric pollutants, air pollution standards, air pollution sources and control technology, and relationship of air quality to emission sources. Links air pollution to multimedia environmental assessment. Letter grading. (Not offered 2009-10)

C114. Electrochemical Processes and Corrosion. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 102A, 102B (or Materials Science 130). Fundamentals of electrochemistry and engineering applications to industrial electrochemical processes and metallic corrosion. Primary emphasis on fundamental approach to analysis of electrochemical and corrosion processes. Specific topics include corrosion of metals and semiconductors, electrochemical metal and semiconductor surface finishing, passivity, electropodization, electron transfer kinetics and fuel cells, electroosmosis and biocatalysis and processes. May be concurrently scheduled with course C214. Letter grading.

Mr. Nobe (Not offered 2009-10)

C115. Biochemical Reaction Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 101C. Use of previously learned concepts of biochemical thermodynamics, transport phenomena, and reaction kinetics to develop tools needed for technical design and economic analysis of biological reactors. May be concurrently scheduled with course CM215. Letter grading.

Mr. Liao, Ms. Segura (F)

C116. Surface and Interface Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 102B. Introduction to surfaces and interfaces of engineering materials, particularly catalytic surface and thin films for solid-state electronic devices. Topics include classification of crystalline structure and composition of crystals and their surfaces and interfaces. Examination of engineering applications, including catalytic surfaces, interfaces in microelectronics, and solid-state lasers. May be concurrently scheduled with course C216. Letter grading.

Ms. Chang, Mr. Hicks (Sp)


Mr. Cohen (Not offered 2009-10)


Mr. Manousiouthakis (Not offered 2009-10)

C121. Membrane Science and Technology. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 101A, 101C, 103. Fundamentals of membrane science and technology, with emphasis on separations at micro, nano, and molecular levels. Membrane systems. Relationship between structure/morphology of dense and porous membranes and their separation characteristics. Use of nanotechnology for design of selective and transport membranes. Concurrently scheduled with course C219. Letter grading.

Mr. Manousiouthakis (Not offered 2009-10)

C122. Cell Material Interactions. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: course CM145, Life Sciences 2, 3. Introduction to design and synthesis of biomaterials for regenerative medicine, in vitro cell culture, and drug delivery. Biological principles of cellular microenvironment and design of biomolecular matrix anagons using biological and engineering principles. Biomaterials for growth factor, and DNA and siRNA delivery as therapeutics and to facilitate tissue regeneration. Use of stem cells in tissue engineering. Concurrently scheduled with course C224. Letter grading.

Mr. Cohen (Not offered 2009-10)

C124. Cell Material Interactions. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: course CM145, Life Sciences 2, 3. Introduction to design and synthesis of biomaterials for regenerative medicine, in vitro cell culture, and drug delivery. Biological principles of cellular microenvironment and design of biomolecular matrix anagons using biological and engineering principles. Biomaterials for growth factor, and DNA and siRNA delivery as therapeutics and to facilitate tissue regeneration. Use of stem cells in tissue engineering. Concurrently scheduled with course C224. Letter grading.

Ms. Segura (Not offered 2009-10)

C125. Bioseparations and Bioprocess Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Corequisite: course 101C. Separation strategies, unit operations, and economic factors used to design processes for isolating and purifying materials like whole cells, enzymes, food additives, or pharmaceuticals that are products of biological reactors. Concurrently scheduled with course CM225. Letter grading.

Mr. Monbozouquet-Spa
20. Advanced Engineering Thermodynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 102B. Phenomenological and statistical thermodynamics of chemical and physical systems with engineering applications. Presentation of role of atomic and molecular spectra and intermolecular forces in interpretation of thermodynamic properties of gases, liquids, solids, and plasmas. Letter grading.

Mr. Nobe (F)

201. Methods of Molecular Simulation. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 200 or Chemistry C223A or Physics 215A. Modern simulation techniques for classical molecular systems. Monte Carlo and molecular dynamics in various ensembles. Applications to liquids, solids, and polymers. Letter grading.

C216. Surface and Interface Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: Chemistry 113A. Introduction to surfaces and interfaces of engineering materials, particularly catalytic surface and thin films for solid-state electronic devices. Topics include classification of crystals and surfaces, analysis of structure and composition of crystals and their surfaces and interfaces. Examination of engineering applications, including catalytic surfaces, interfaces in microelectronics, and solid-state lasers. Concurrently scheduled with course C116. Letter grading.

Ms. Chang, Mr. Hicks (Sp)

217. Electrochemical Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course C114. Transport phenomena in electrochemical systems; relationships between molecular transport, convection, and electrode kinetics, along with applications to industrial electrochemistry, fuel cell design, and modern battery technology. Letter grading.

Mr. Nobe (F)


Mr. Cohen (Not offered 2009-10)


Mr. Manousiouthakis (Not offered 2009-10)

220. Advanced Mass Transfer. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 101C. Advanced treatment of mass transfer, with applications to industrial separation processes, gas cleaning, pulmonary bioengineering, controlled release systems, and reactor design; molecular and continuum theories of diffusion, membrane transport, convective mass transfer, concentration boundary layers, turbulent transport. Letter grading.

Mr. Manousiouthakis (Not offered 2009-10)

221. Membrane Science and Technology. (4) Lecture; four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 101A, 101C, 103. Fundamentals of membrane science and technology, with emphasis on separations at micro, nano, and molecular/angstrom scale with membranes. Relationship between structure/morphology of dense and porous membranes and their separation characteristics. Use of nanotechnology for design of selective membranes and models of membrane transport (flux and selectivity). Examples provided from various fields/applications, including biotechnology, microelectronics, chemical processes, sensors, and biomedical devices. Concurrently scheduled with course C121. Letter grading.

Mr. Cohen (Not offered 2009-10)


Mr. Manousiouthakis (W)

223. Design for Environment. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course C122. An introduction to advanced chemical engineering, materials science and engineering, or Master of Engineering program students. Design of products for meeting environmental objectives; lifecycle inventories; lifecycle impact assessment; design for energy efficiency; design for waste minimization, computer-aided design tools, materials selection methods. Letter grading.

C224. Cell Material Interactions. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: course C116. Letter grading. Mr. Segura (Not offered 2009-10)

CM225. Bioseparations and Bioprocess Engineering. (4) (Same as Biomedical Engineering M225.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Corequisite: course 108A. Separation strategies, economic factors used to design processes for isolating and purifying materials like whole cells, enzymes, food additives, or pharmaceuticals that are products of biological reactors. Concurrently scheduled with course C125. Letter grading.

Mr. Monbouquette (Sp)

C227. Synthetic Biology for Biofuels. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Chemistry C223A, Life Sciences 3. Engineering microorganisms for complex phenotype is common goal of metabolic engineering and synthetic biology. Production of advanced biofuels involves designing and building metabolic networks in cells. Such efforts require profound understanding of biochemistry, protein structure, and biological regulations and are aided by tools in bioinformatics, systems biology, and molecular biology. Fundamentals of metabolic biochemistry, protein structure and function, and bioinformatics. Use of systems modeling for metabolic networks to design microorganisms for energy applications. Concurrently scheduled with course C127. S/U or letter grading.

Mr. Liao (Sp)


Mr. Cohen (Sp)

231. Molecular Dynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 106 or 110. Analysis and design of molecular-beam systems. Molecular-beam sampling of reactive mixtures in combustion chambers or gas jets. Molecular-beam studies of gas-surface interactions, including energy accommodations and heterogeneous reactions. Applications to air pollution control and to catalysis. Letter grading.

Mr. Cohen (Sp)

234. Plasma Chemistry and Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for graduate chemistry or engineering students. Application of chemistry, physics, and engineering principles to design and operation of plasma and ion-beam reactors used in etching, deposition, oxidation, and cleaning of materials. Examination of atomic, molecular, and ionic phenomena involved in plasmas and ion-beam processing of semiconductors, etc. Letter grading. Ms. Chang, Mr. Hicks (Sp)

C235. Advanced Process Control. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Enforced requisite: course 107. Introduction to advanced process control. Topics include (1) Lyapunov stability for autonomous nonlinear systems including converse theorems, (2) input to state stability, interconnected systems, and small gain theorems, (3) design of nonlinear and robust controllers for various classes of nonlinear systems, (4) model predictive control of linear and nonlinear systems, (5) advanced methods for tuning of classical controllers, and (6) introduction to control of distributed parameter systems. Concurrently scheduled with course C135. Letter grading. Mr. Christofides (Sp)

236. Chemical Vapor Deposition. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 210, 216. Chemical vapor deposition is widely used to deposit thin films that comprise microelectronic devices. Topics: Particle transport and deposition, optical properties, experimental methods, dynamics and control of particle formation processes. Concurrently scheduled with course C136. (Not offered 2007-2008.) Letter grading. Mr. Christofides (Sp)


CM245. Molecular Biotechnology for Engineers. (4) (Same as Biomedical Engineering CM245.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Selected topics in molecular biology that form foundation of biotechnology and biomedical industry today. Topics include recombinant DNA technology, molecular research tools, manipulation of gene expression, directed mutagenesis and protein engineering. DNA-based diagnostics and DNA microarrays, antibody and protein-based diagnostics, genomics and bioinformatics, isolation of human genes, gene therapy, and tissue engineering. Concurrently scheduled with course CM245. Letter grading. Mr. Liao, Mr. Tang (F)


250. Computer-Aided Chemical Process Design. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 108B. Application of optimization methods in chemical process design: computer aids in process engineering; process modeling; systematic flowsheet invention; process synthesis; optimal design and operation of large-scale chemical processing systems. Letter grading. Mr. Manousiouthakis (F)


270. Principles of Reaction and Transport Phenomena. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, eight hours. Fundamentals in transport phenomena, chemical reaction kinetics, and thermodynamics at molecular level. Topics include Boltzmann equation, microscopic chemical kinetics, transition state theory, and statistical analysis. Examination of engineering applications related to state-of-art research areas in chemical engineering. Letter grading. Mr. Chang (W)

270R. Advanced Research in Semiconductor Manufacturing. (6) Laboratory, nine hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: Graduate standing. Limited to graduate engineering students in M.S. semiconductor manufacturing option. Supervised research in processing semiconductor materials and devices. Letter grading.

M280A. Linear Dynamic Systems. (4) (Same as Electrical Engineering M240A and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M270A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: Electrical Engineering 141 or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 171A. State-space description of linear time-invariant (LTI) and time-varying (LTV) systems in continuous and discrete time. Linear algebra concepts such as eigenvalues and eigenvectors, singular values, Cayley/Hamilton theorem, Jordan form; solution of state equations; stability, controllability, observability, realizability, and minimality. Stabilization design via state feedback and observers; separation principle. Connections with transfer function techniques. Letter grading.

M280C. Optimal Control. (4) (Same as Electrical Engineering M240C and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M270C.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: Electrical Engineering 240B or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 270B. Applications of variational methods, Pontryagin maximum principle, Hamilton/Jacobi/Bellman equation (dynamic programming) to optimal control of dynamic systems modeled by nonlinear ordinary differential equations. Letter grading.


283C. Analysis and Control of Infinite Dimensional Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses M280A, M282A. Designed for graduate students. Introduction to advanced dynamical analysis and controller synthesis methods for nonlinear infinite dimensional systems. Topics include (1) linear operator and stability theory (basic results on Banach and Hilbert spaces, semigroup theory, convergence theory in function spaces), (2) nonlinear model reduction (linear and nonlinear Balakrishna method, proper orthogonal decomposition), (3) nonlinear and robust control of nonlinear hyperbolic and parabolic partial differential equations (PDEs), (4) applications to transport-reaction processes. Letter grading. Mr. Christofides


290. Special Topics. (2 to 4) Seminar, four hours. Requisites for each offering to be announced by department. Advanced and current study of one or more aspects of chemical engineering, such as chemical process dynamics and control, fuel cells and batteries, membrane transport, advanced chemical engineering analysis, polymers, optimization in chemical process design. May be repeated for credit with topic change. Letter grading.

M297. Seminar: Systems, Dynamics, and Control Topics. (2) (Same as Electrical Engineering M248S and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M299A.) Seminar, two hours; outside study, six hours. Limited to graduate engineering students. Presentations of research topics by leading academic researchers from fields of systems, dynamics, and control. Students who work in these fields present their papers and results. Letter grading.

298A-298Z. Research Seminars. (2 to 4 each) Seminar, to be arranged. Requisites for each offering to be announced in advance by department. Lectures, discussions, student presentations, and projects in areas of current interest. May be repeated for credit. SU grading.

299. Departmental Seminar. (2) Seminar, two hours. Limited to graduate chemical engineering students. Seminars by leading academic and industrial chemists on research and development of recent technological advances in discipline. May be repeatable for credit. SU grading.

375. Teaching Apprentice Practicum. (1 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Preparation: apprentice position in teaching employment as teaching assistant, associate, or fellow. Teaching apprenticeship under active guidance and supervision of regular faculty member responsible for curriculum and instruction at UCLA. May be repeated for credit. SU grading.

395A. Teaching Assistant Training Seminar. (2) Seminar, two hours; outside study, four hours; one-day intensive training at beginning of Fall Quarter. Limited to graduate chemical engineering students. Required of all new teaching assistants. Special seminar on communicating chemical engineering principles, concepts, and methods; teaching assistant preparation, organization, and presentation of material, including use of grading, advising, and rapport with students. SU grading.

395B. Teaching with Technology for Teaching Assistants. (2) Seminar, two hours; outside study, four hours. Limited to graduate chemical engineering students. Designed for teaching assistants interested in learning more about effective use of technology and ways to incorporate that technology into their classes for benefit of student learning. SU grading.
Civil and Environmental Engineering

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Associate Professors
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Ertugrul Tacioglu, Ph.D.

Assistant Professors
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Shaili Mahendra, Ph.D.
Jian Zhang, Ph.D.

Senior Lecturer
Christopher Tu, Ph.D.

Adjunct Professor
Ne-Zheng Sun, Ph.D.

Adjunct Associate Professors
Issam Najm, Ph.D.
Daniel E. Pradel, Ph.D.
Thomas Sabol, Ph.D.

Scope and Objectives

The civil and environmental engineering programs at UCLA include structural engineering, structural mechanics, geotechnical engineering, earthquake engineering, hydrology and water resources engineering, and environmental engineering.

The ABET-accredited civil engineering curriculum leads to a B.S. in Civil Engineering, a broad-based education in structural engineering, geotechnical engineering, hydrology and water resources engineering, and environmental engineering. This program is an excellent foundation for entry into professional practice in civil engineering or for more advanced study. The department also offers the undergraduate Environmental Engineering minor.

At the graduate level, M.S. and Ph.D. degree programs are offered in the areas of structures (including structural/earthquake engineering and structural mechanics), geotechnical engineering, hydrology and water resources engineering, and environmental engineering. In these areas, research is being done on a variety of problems ranging from basic physics and mechanics problems to critical problems in earthquake engineering and in the development of new technologies for pollution control and water distribution and treatment.

Department Mission

The Civil and Environmental Engineering Department seeks to exploit its subfield teaching and research strengths as well as to engage in multidisciplinary collaboration. This occurs within the context of a central guiding theme: engineering sustainable infrastructure for the future. Under this theme the department is educating future engineering leaders, most of whom will work in multidisciplinary environments and confront a host of twenty-first-century challenges. With an infrastructure-based vision motivating its teaching and research enterprise, the department conceptualizes and orients its activity toward broadening and deepening fundamental knowledge of the interrelationships among the built environment, natural systems, and human agency.

Undergraduate Program Objectives

The objectives of the ABET-accredited civil engineering curriculum at UCLA are to (1) provide graduates with a solid foundation in basic mathematics, science, and humanities, as well as fundamental knowledge of relevant engineering principles, (2) provide students with the capability for critical thinking, engineering reasoning, problem solving, experimentation, and teamwork, (3) prepare graduates for
Undergraduate students Chelsea Hoffman and Matthew Runyan make finishing touches to the American Society of Civil Engineers’ 2008-2009 Concrete Canoe, Neptune, in preparation for regional competition in Hawaii.

advanced study and/or professional employment within a wide array of industries or governmental agencies, (4) produce graduates who understand ethical issues associated with their profession and who are able to apply their acquired knowledge and skills to the betterment of society, and (5) foster in students a respect for the educational process that is manifest by a lifelong pursuit of learning.

Undergraduate Study

Civil Engineering B.S.

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L; Civil and Environmental Engineering 1, 15; Computer Science 31 (or another programming course approved by the Faculty Executive Committee); Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C (or Electrical Engineering 1), 4AL.

The Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 102A or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 105A, Civil and Environmental Engineering 101, 103, 108, 110, 120, 135A, 151, 153, Materials Science and Engineering 104, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 103, 182A; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and at least nine major field elective courses (36 units) that must include the required courses in two of the following tracks and at least two laboratory courses, one of which must be from one of the two selected tracks and the other from any separate track.

Environmental Engineering: Civil and Environmental Engineering 157B or 157C; recommended: courses 154, 155, 163, 164, M166; laboratory courses: 156A, 156B, 157C, M166L.

Geotechnical Engineering: Civil and Environmental Engineering 121; recommended: courses 123, 125, Earth and Space Sciences 139; laboratory courses: 128L, 129.

Structural Engineering and Mechanics: Civil and Environmental Engineering 135B, one lecture course from 130, M135C, 137, 141, or 142, and one structures major project design course from 135L or 142L or 144 or 147; recommended: courses 121, 125, 130, 137, 141, 142, 143, 144, 147; laboratory courses: 130L, 135L, 137L, 142L.

Water Resources Engineering: Civil and Environmental Engineering 150 and 157L; recommended: courses 154, 156A, 157A; laboratory courses: 157L, 157M.


For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/deg/.

Environmental Engineering Minor

The Environmental Engineering minor is designed for students who wish to augment their major program of study with courses addressing issues central to the application of environmental engineering to important environmental problems facing modern society in developed and developing countries. The minor provides students with a greater depth of experience and understanding of the role that environmental engineering can play in dealing with environmental issues.

To enter the minor, students must be in good academic standing (2.0 grade-point average or better) and file a petition in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs, 6426 Boelter Hall.

Required Lower Division Course (5 units): Mathematics 3C or 32A.

Required Upper Division Courses (24 units minimum): Civil and Environmental Engineering 153 and five courses from 151, 154, 155, 156A, M166, Chemical Engineering C118, Environmental Health Sciences C125, C164.

No more than two upper division courses may be applied toward both this minor and a major or minor in another department or program, and at least 16 units applied toward the minor must be taken in residence at UCLA. Transfer credit for any of the above is subject to departmental approval; consult the undergraduate counselors before enrolling in any courses for the minor.

Each minor course must be taken for a letter grade, and students must have a minimum grade of C (2.0) in each and an overall grade-point average of 2.0 or better. Successful completion of the minor is indicated on the transcript and diploma.

Graduate Study

For information on graduate admission, see Graduate Programs, page 23.

The following introductory information is based on the 2009-10 edition of Program Requirements for UCLA Graduate Degrees. Complete annual editions of Pro-
gram Requirements are available at http://www.gdnet.ucla.edu/gasaa/library/pgmrq intro.htm. Students are subject to the detailed degree requirements as published in Program Requirements for the year in which they enter the program.

The Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering offers Master of Science (M.S.) and Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degrees in Civil Engineering.

Civil Engineering M.S.

Course Requirements
Students may select either the thesis plan or comprehensive examination plan. At least nine courses are required, a majority of which must be in the Civil and Environmental Engineering Department. At least five of the courses must be at the 200 level. In the thesis plan, seven of the nine must be formal 100- or 200-series courses. The remaining two may be 598 courses involving work on the thesis. In the comprehensive examination plan, 500-series courses may not be applied toward the nine-course requirement. A minimum 3.0 grade-point average is required in all coursework.

Each major field has a set of required preparatory courses which are normally completed during undergraduate studies. Equivalent courses taken at other institutions can satisfy the preparatory course requirements. The preparatory courses cannot be used to satisfy course requirements for the M.S. degree; courses must be selected in accordance with the lists of required graduate and elective courses for each major field.

Undergraduate Courses. No lower division courses may be applied toward graduate degrees. In addition, the following upper division courses are not applicable toward graduate degrees: Chemical Engineering 102A, 199; Civil and Environmental Engineering 106A, 108, 199; Computer Science M152A, 152B, M171L, 199; Electrical Engineering 100, 101, 102, 103, 110L, M116L, M171L, 199; Environmental Engineering 110, 120, 130, 131L, 132, 140, 141L, 150, 160, 161L, 199; Materials Science and Engineering 102, 103, 105A, 105D, 199.

The M.S. degree offers four fields of specialization that have specific course requirements.

Environmental Engineering

Required Preparatory Courses. Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L; Civil and Environmental Engineering 150 or 151, 153; Mathematics 32A, 33A; Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 103, 105A; Physics 1A, 1B, 4AL, 4BL.

Required Graduate Courses. Civil and Environmental Engineering 254A, 255A, 255B.


Geotechnical Engineering

Required Preparatory Courses. Civil and Environmental Engineering 108, 120, 121.

Required Graduate Courses. Civil and Environmental Engineering 220, 221, 223, 224.

Major Field Elective Courses. Minimum of three courses must be selected from Civil and Environmental Engineering 123, 128L, 222, 225, 226, 227, 228L, 245.


Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering

Required Preparatory Courses. Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L; Civil and Environmental Engineering 150 or 151, 153; Mathematics 32A, 32B, 33A; Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 103, 105A; Physics 1A, 1B, 4AL, 4BL.

Required Graduate Courses. Minimum of five courses must be selected from Civil and Environmental Engineering 250A through 250D, 251A through 251D, 252, 253, and 260, with a minimum of three from 251A through 251D, 252, 253, 260.

Elective Courses. Civil and Environmental Engineering 150, 164, 254A, 255A, 255B, 263A; a maximum of two of the following courses for students electing the thesis plan or a maximum of three of the following courses for students electing the comprehensive examination plan: Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences M203A, 218, Computer Science 270A, 271A, 271B, Electrical Engineering 236A, 236B, 236C, M237, Mathematics 269A, 269B, 269C.

Students may petition the department for permission to pursue programs of study that differ from the above norms.

Structural/Earthquake Engineering

Required Preparatory Courses. Civil and Environmental Engineering 135A, 135B, 141, 142.

Required Graduate Courses. Civil and Environmental Engineering 235A, 246; at least three of the following courses: Civil and Environmental Engineering 225, 235B, 241, 243A, 245.


Structural Mechanics

Required Preparatory Courses. Civil and Environmental Engineering 130, 135A, 135B.

Required Graduate Courses. Civil and Environmental Engineering 232, 235A, 235B, 236, M237A.

Elective Courses. Undergraduate: No more than two courses from Civil and Environmental Engineering M135C, 137, 137L; graduate: Civil and Environmental Engineering M230A, M230B, M230C, 233, 235C, 236, 246, 247, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 269B.

Comprehensive Examination Plan
In addition to the course requirements, under this plan there is a comprehensive written examination covering the subject matter contained in the program of study. The examination is administered by a comprehensive examination committee, which may conduct an oral examination in...
addition to the written examination. In case of failure, the examination may be repeated once with the consent of the graduate adviser.

**Thesis Plan**

In addition to the course requirements, under this plan students are required to write a thesis on a research topic in civil and environmental engineering supervised by the thesis adviser. An M.S. thesis committee reviews and approves the thesis. No oral examination is required.

**Civil Engineering Ph.D.**

**Major Fields or Subdisciplines**

Environmental engineering, geotechnical engineering, hydrology and water resources engineering, structural/earthquake engineering, and structural mechanics.

**Course Requirements**

There is no formal course requirement for the Ph.D. degree, and students may theoretically substitute coursework by examinations. However, students normally take courses to acquire the knowledge needed for the required written and oral preliminary examinations. The basic program of study for the Ph.D. degree is built around one major field and two minor fields. The major field has a scope corresponding to a body of knowledge contained in a detailed Ph.D. field syllabus available on request from the department office. Each minor field normally embraces a body of knowledge equivalent to three courses from the selected field, at least two of which are graduate courses. Grades of B– or better, with a grade-point average of at least 3.33 in all courses included in the minor field, are required. If students fail to satisfy the minor field requirements through coursework, a minor field examination may be taken (once only). The minor fields are selected to support the major field and are usually subsets of other major fields.

**Written and Oral Qualifying Examinations**

After mastering the body of knowledge defined in the major field, students take a written preliminary examination. When the examination is passed and all coursework is completed, students take an oral preliminary examination that encompasses the major and minor fields. Both preliminary examinations should be completed within the first two years of full-time enrollment in the Ph.D. program. Students may not take an examination more than twice.

After passing both preliminary examinations, students take the University Oral Qualifying Examination. The nature and content of the examination are at the discretion of the doctoral committee, but ordinarily include a broad inquiry into the student’s preparation for research. The doctoral committee also reviews the prospectus of the dissertation at the oral qualifying examination.

**Note: Doctoral Committees.** A doctoral committee consists of a minimum of four members. Three members, including the chair, must be “inside” members who hold full-time faculty appointments in the Civil and Environmental Engineering Department at UCLA. The “outside” member must be a UCLA faculty member outside the Civil and Environmental Engineering Department.

**Fields of Study**

**Environmental Engineering**

Research in environmental engineering focuses on understanding and managing physical, chemical, and biological processes in the environment and in engineering systems. Areas of research include process development for water and wastewater treatment systems and the investigation of the fate and transport of contaminants in the environment.

**Geotechnical Engineering**

Research in geotechnical engineering focuses on understanding and advancing the state of knowledge on the effects that soils and soil deposits have on the performance, stability, and safety of civil engineering structures. Areas of research include laboratory investigations of soil behavior under static and dynamic loads, constitutive modeling of soil behavior, behavior of structural foundations under static and dynamic loads, soil improvement techniques, response of soil deposits and earth structures to earthquake loads, and the investigation of geotechnical aspects of environmental engineering.

**Hydrology and Water Resources Engineering**

Ongoing research programs deal with hydrologic processes, statistics related to climate and hydrology, multijobjective water resources planning and management, numerical modeling of solute transport in groundwater, remediation studies of contaminated soil and groundwater, and optimization of conjunctive use of surface water and groundwater.

**Structures (Structural Mechanics and Earthquake Engineering)**

Research in structural mechanics is directed toward improving the ability of engineers to understand and interpret structural behavior through experiments and computer analyses. Areas of special interest include computer analysis using finite-element techniques, computational mechanics, structural dynamics, nonlinear behavior, plasticity, micromechanics of composites, damage and fracture mechanics, structural optimization, probabilistic static and dynamic analysis of structures, and experimental stress analysis.

Designing structural systems capable of surviving major earthquakes is the goal of experimental studies on the strength of full-scale reinforced concrete structures, computer analysis of soils/structural systems, design of earthquake resistant masonry, and design of seismic-resistant buildings and bridges.

Teaching and research areas in structural/earthquake engineering involve assessing the performance of new and existing structures subjected to earthquake ground motions. Specific interests include assessing the behavior of reinforced concrete buildings and bridges, as well as structural steel, masonry, and timber structures. Integration of analytical studies with laboratory and field experiments is emphasized to assist in the development of robust analysis and design tools, as well as design recommendations. Reliability-based design and performance assessment methodologies are also an important field of study.

**Facilities**

The Civil and Environmental Engineering Department has a number of laboratories to support its teaching and research:

**Instructional Laboratories**

**Advanced Soil Mechanics Laboratory**

The Advanced Soil Mechanics Laboratory is used for presenting and performing advanced triaxial, simple shear, and consolidation soil tests. It is also used for demonstration of cyclic soil testing techniques and advanced data acquisition and processing.
Environmental Engineering Laboratories
The Environmental Engineering Laboratories are used for the study of basic laboratory techniques for characterizing water and wastewaters. Selected experiments include measurement of biochemical oxygen demand, suspended solids, dissolved oxygen hardness, and other parameters used in water quality control.

Experimental Fracture Mechanics Laboratory
The Experimental Fracture Mechanics Laboratory is used for preparing and testing specimens using modern dynamic testing machines to develop an understanding of fracture mechanics and to become familiar with experimental techniques available to study crack tip stress fields, strain energy release rate, surface flaws, and crack growth in laboratory samples.

Mechanical Vibrations Laboratory
The Mechanical Vibrations Laboratory is used for conducting free and forced vibration and earthquake response experiments on small model structures such as a three-story building, a portal frame, and a water intake/outlet tower for a reservoir. Two electromagnetic exciters, each with a 30-pound dynamic force rating, are available for generating steady state forced vibrations. A number of accelerometers, LVDTs (displacement transducers), and potentiometers are available for measuring the motions of the structure. A laboratory view-based computer-controlled dynamic data acquisition system, an oscilloscope, and a spectrum analyzer are used to visualize and record the motion of the model structures.

Reinforced Concrete Laboratory
The Reinforced Concrete Laboratory is available for students to conduct monotonic and cyclic loading to verify analysis and design methods for moderate-scale reinforced concrete slabs, beams, columns, and joints, which are tested to failure.

Soil Mechanics Laboratory
The Soil Mechanics Laboratory is used for performing experiments to establish data required for soil classification, soil compaction, shear strength of soils, soil settlement, and consolidation characteristics of soils.

Structural Design and Testing Laboratory
The Structural Design and Testing Laboratory is used for the design/optimization, construction, instrumentation, and testing of small-scale structural models to compare theoretical and observed behavior. Projects provide integrated design/laboratory experience involving synthesis of structural systems and procedures for measuring and analyzing response under load.

Research Laboratories
Building Earthquake Instrumentation Network
The Building Earthquake Instrumentation Network consists of more than 100 earthquake strong motion instruments in three campus buildings to measure the response of actual buildings during earthquakes. When combined with over 50 instruments placed in four Century City high-rises and retail buildings, this network, which is maintained by the U.S. Geological Society and State of California Division of Mines and Geology Strong Motion Program, represents the most detailed building instrumentation network in the world. The goal of the research conducted using the response of these buildings is to improve computer modeling methods and the ability of structural engineers to predict the performance of buildings during earthquakes.

Environmental Engineering Laboratories
The Environmental Engineering Laboratories are used for conducting water and wastewater analysis, including instrumental techniques such as GC, GC/MS, HPLC, TOC, IC, and particle counting instruments. A wide range of wet chemical analysis can be made in this facility with 6,000 square feet of laboratory space and an accompanying 4,000-square-foot roof-top facility where large pilot scale experiments can be conducted. Additionally, electron microscopy is available in another laboratory.

Recently studies have been conducted on oxygen transfer, storm water toxicity, transport of pollutants in soil, membrane fouling, removal from drinking water, and computer simulation of a variety of environmental processes.

Experimental Mechanics Laboratory
The Experimental Mechanics Laboratory supports two major activities: the Optical Metrology Laboratory and the Experimental Fracture Mechanics Laboratory. In the Optical Metrology Laboratory, tools of modern optics are applied to engineering problems. Such techniques as holography, speckle-interferometry, Moiré analysis, and fluorescence-photo mechanics are used for obtaining displacement, stress, strain, or velocity fields in either solids or liquids. Recently, real-time video digital processors have been combined with these modern optical technical techniques, allowing direct interfacing with computer-based systems such as computer-aided testing or robotic manufacturing.

The Experimental Fracture Mechanics Laboratory is currently involved in computer-aided testing (CAT) of the fatigue fracture mechanics of ductile material. An online dedicated computer controls the experiment as well as records and manipulates data.

Large-Scale Structure Test Facility
The Large-Scale Structure Test Facility allows investigation of the behavior of large-scale structural components and systems subjected to gravity and earthquake loadings. The facility consists of a high-bay area with a 20 ft. x 50 ft. floor with anchor points at 3 ft. on center. Actuators with servohydraulic controllers are used to apply monotonic or cyclic loads. The area is serviced by two cranes. The facilities are capable of testing large-scale structural components under a variety of axial and lateral loadings.

Associated with the laboratory is an electrohydraulic universal testing machine with force capacity of 100 tons. The machine is used mainly to apply tensile and compressive loads to specimens so that the properties of the materials from which the specimens are made can be determined. It can also be used in fatigue-testing of small components.

Soil Mechanics Laboratory
The Soil Mechanics Laboratory is used for standard experiments and advanced research in geotechnical engineering, with equipment for static and dynamic triaxial and simple shear testing. Modern computer-controlled servo-hydraulic closed-loop system supports triaxial and simple shear devices. The system is connected to state-of-the-art data acquisition equipment. The laboratory also includes special simple
shear apparatuses for small-strain static and cyclic testing and for one-dimensional or two-dimensional cyclic loading across a wide range of frequencies. A humidity room is available for storing soil samples.

Faculty Areas of Thesis Guidance

Professors

Finite element methods, meshfree methods, large deflection of nonlinear mechanics, plasticity, contact problems, structural dynamics

Jiann-Wei (Woody) Ju, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1986)  
Damage mechanics, mechanics of composite materials, computational plasticity, micromechanics, concrete modeling and durability, computational mechanics

Michael K. Sadowski, Ph.D. (Clemson, 1976)  
Process development and control for water and wastewater treatment plants

Jonathan P. Stewart, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1996)  
Geotechnical engineering, earthquake engineering

Keith D. Stolzenbach, Ph.D. (MIT, 1971)  
Environmental fluid mechanics, fate and transport of pollutants, dynamics of particles

Mladen Vucetic, Ph.D. (Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, 1986)  
Geotechnical engineering, soil dynamics, geotechnical earthquake engineering, experimental studies of static and cyclic soil properties

John W. Wallace, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1988)  
Earthquake engineering, design methodologies, seismic design, and retrofit, large-scale testing laboratory and field testing

William W.-G. Yeh, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1967)  
Hydrology and optimization of water resources systems

Professors Emeriti

Stanley B. Dong, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1962)  
Structural mechanics, structural dynamics, finite element methods, numerical methods and mechanics of composite materials

Lewis P. Felton, Ph.D. (Carnegie Institute of Technology, 1964)  
Structural analysis, structural mechanics, automated optimum structural design, including reliability-based design

Michael E. Forest, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1963)  
Experimental mechanics, special emphasis on application of modern optical techniques

Gary C. Hart, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1968)  
Structural engineering analysis and design of buildings for earthquake and wind loads, structural dynamics, and uncertainty and risk analysis of structures

Poul V. Lade, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1972)  
Soil mechanics, stress-strain and strength characteristics of soils, deformation and stability analyses of foundation engineering problems

Chung Yen Liu, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1967)  
Fluid mechanics, environmental, numerical

Richard L. Perrine, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1953)  
Resource and environmental problems—chemical, petroleum, or hydrological, physics of flow through porous media, transport phenomena, kinetics

Moshe F. Rubinstein, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1961)  
Systems analysis and design, problem-solving and decision-making models

Lucien A. Schmit, Jr., M.S. (MIT, 1950)  
Structural mechanics, optimization, automated design methods for structural systems and components, application of finite element analysis techniques and mathematical programming algorithms in structural design, analysis and synthesis methods for fiber composite structural components.

Lawrence G. Selma, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1967)  
Reinforced concrete, earthquake engineering

Associate Professors

Eric M.V. Hoek, Ph.D. (Yale, 2001)  
Physical and chemical environmental processes, colloidal and interfacial phenomena, environmental membrane separations, bioadsorption and bio-to-fouling

Terri S. Hogue, Ph.D. (Arizona, 2003)  
Surface hydrology, hydroclimatology, rainfall-runoff modeling, operational flood forecasting, parameter estimation, model identification techniques, sensitivity analysis, land-surface-atmosphere interactions, surface vegetation response to changes in the climate system (SVAT5), and carbon flux modeling

Jennifer A. Jay, Ph.D. (MIT, 1999)  
Aquatic chemistry, environmental microbiology

Steven A. Margulis, Ph.D. (MIT, 2002)  
Surface hydrology, hydroclimatology, remote sensing, data assimilation

Ertugrul Taciroglu, Ph.D. (Illinois, Urbana-Champaign, 1998)  
Computational structural and solid mechanics and constitutive modeling of materials

Assistant Professors

Scott J. Brandenberg, Ph.D. (UC Davis, 2005)  
Geotechnical engineering, soil-structure interaction, liquefaction, data acquisition and processing, numerical analysis

Shailly Mahendra, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 2007)  
Environmental microbiology, biodegradation of groundwater contaminants, microbial-nanomaterial interactions, nanotoxicology, applications of molecular biological and isotopic tools in environmental engineering

Jian Zhang, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 2002)  
Earthquake engineering, structural dynamics and mechanics, seismic protective devices and strategies, soil-structure interaction, and bridge engineering

Senior Lecturer

Christopher Tu, Ph.D. (UC Davis, 1975)  
Groundwater movement and surface water hydrology

Adjunct Professor

Ne-Zheng Sun, Ph.D. (Shandong, 1965)  
Mathematical modeling of groundwater flow and contaminant transport, water resources management, numerical analysis and optimization

Adjunct Associate Professors

Iissam Najm, Ph.D. (Illinois, Urbana-Champaign, 1990)  
Water chemistry, physical and chemical processes in drinking water treatment

Daniel E. Pradel, Ph.D. (U. Tokyo, 1987)  
Soil mechanics and foundation engineering

Thomas Sabol, Ph.D. (UC, Berkeley, 1985)  
Seismic performance and structural design issues for steel and concrete seismically resisting structures; application of probabilistic methods to earthquake damage quantification

Lower Division Courses

1. Introduction to Civil Engineering. (2) Lecture, two hours; outside study, six hours. Introduction to scope of civil engineering profession, including earthquake, environmental, geotechnical, structural, transportation, and water resources engineering. P/NP grading. 

2. Civil and Environmental Engineering. (2 to 4) Seminar, one hour. Discussion of and critical thinking about topics of current intellectual importance, taught by faculty members in their areas of expertise and illuminating many paths of discovery at UCLA. P/NP grading.

58SL. Wetlands and Water Quality Service Learning Course. (4) Lecture, three hours; outside study, nine hours. Learning and teaching of basic water quality concepts and wetland functions in one of two middle school classrooms in Los Angeles. Topics include photosynthesis, respiration, basic water quality parameters (pH, dissolved oxygen, salinity, turbidity), basic contaminant chemistry and metal precipitation, and role of wetlands in microbial water quality. Field trip with middle school students to Ballona Wetlands. Letter grading. 

81. Professional Practice Issues in Structural Engineering. (2) Seminar, two hours; outside study, four hours. Introduction to issues of professional practice in structural engineering. Content and organization of model building codes and material-specific reference standards. Interpretation of architectural and structural and design drawings and specifications. Material-independent structural calculations such as tributary area, nullisity column loads, and estimation of simple seismic and wind loads. P/NP grading. 

97. Variable Topics in Civil and Environmental Engineering. (2 to 4) Seminar, two hours. Current topics and research methods in civil and environmental engineering. May be repeated for credit. Letter grading.

99. Student Research Program. (1 to 2) Tutorial (supervised research or other scholarly work), three hours per week per unit. Entry-level research for lower division students under guidance of faculty mentor. Students must be in good academic standing and enrolled in minimum of 12 units (excluding this course). Individual contract required; consult Undergraduate Research Center. May be repeated. P/NP grading.

Upper Division Courses


103. Applied Numerical Computing and Modeling in Civil and Environmental Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: course 15, Mathematics 33B (may be taken concurrently). Introduction to numerical computing with specific applications in civil and environmental engineering. Topics include error and computer arithmetic, root finding, curve fitting, numerical integration and differentiation, solution of systems of linear and nonlinear equations, numerical solution of ordinary and partial differential equations. Letter grading.

15. Introduction to Computing for Civil Engineers. (2) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, two hours. Introduction to computer programming using MATLAB. Selected topics in programming, with emphasis on numerical techniques and methodology as applied to civil engineering problems. Letter grading. 

16. Civil Systems and Environmental Engineering Seminar. (1) Seminar, one hour. Discussion of topics of current intellectual importance, taught by faculty members in their areas of expertise and illuminating many paths of discovery at UCLA. P/NP grading.

19. Civil and Environmental Engineering. (2) Lecture, two hours; outside study, two hours. Introduction to scope of civil engineering profession, including earthquake, environmental, and water resources engineering. P/NP grading. 

20. Civil and Environmental Engineering. (2) Lecture, two hours; outside study, two hours. Introduction to scope of civil engineering profession, including earthquake, environmental, and water resources engineering. P/NP grading.

21. Civil and Environmental Engineering. (2) Lecture, two hours; outside study, two hours. Introduction to scope of civil engineering profession, including earthquake, environmental, and water resources engineering. P/NP grading.

128L. Soil Mechanics Laboratory. (4) Lecture, one hour; laboratory, eight hours; outside study, three hours. Requisite or corequisite: course 120. Laboratory experiments to be performed by students to obtain soil parameters required for assigned design problems. Soil classification, grain size distribution, Atterberg limits, specific gravity, compaction, expansion index, consolidation, shear strength determinations. Design problems, laboratory report writing. Letter grading. Mr. Brandenberg (FSp)


130. Elementary Structural Mechanics. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 108. Analysis of stress and strain, phenomenological material behavior, extension, bending, and transverse shear stresses in beams with general cross-sections, shear center, deflection of beams, torsion of beams, warping, column instability and failure. Letter grading. Mr. Taciroglu (W)

130L. Structural Design and Testing Laboratory. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, six hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite or corequisite: course 135A. Introduction to computer-aided optimum design, concepts of stress and strain, formulation of statically determinate trusses, beams, and frames; deflections in elementary structures; virtual work; analysis of indeterminate structural elements; analysis of statically determinate structures, beams, and frames; deflections in elementary structures; virtual work; analysis of indeterminate structures; force methods; matrix displacement method; analysis concepts based on theorem of virtual work; moment distribution. Letter grading. Mr. Ju (F)

135B. Intermediate Structural Analysis. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 135A. Analysis of truss and frame structures using matrix methods; matrix force methods; matrix displacement method; analysis concepts based on theorem of virtual work; moment distribution. Letter grading. Mr. Ju (W)

135C. Introduction to Finite Element Methods. (4) Formerly numbered 135CJ. (Same as Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 136B.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; laboratory, seven hours. Requisite: course 130 or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 156A or 166A. Introduction to basic concepts of finite element methods (FEM) and applications. Stiffness analysis, load factors from forced vibrations. Dynamic similitude. Letter grading. Mr. Chen, Mr. Klug (F)

135L. Structural Design and Testing Laboratory. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 15, 135A. Limited enrollment. Computer-aided optimum design, construction, instrumentation, and test of small-scale model structure. Use of computer-based data acquisition and interpretation systems for comparison of experimental and theoretically predicted behavior. Letter grading. Mr. Ju (Sp)

137. Elementary Structural Dynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 135B. Basic structural dynamics course for civil engineering students. Elastic free, forced vibration, and earthquake response spectra analysis for single and multidegree of freedom systems. Axial, bending, and torsional vibration of beams. Letter grading. Mr. Ju (F)

137L. Structural Dynamics Laboratory. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, six hours; outside study, four hours. Requisite or corequisite: course 137. Calibration of instrumentation for dynamic measurements. Determination of natural frequencies and damping factors from free vibrations. Determination of natural frequencies, mode shapes, damping factors from forced vibrations. Dynamic similitude. Letter grading. Mr. Ju (Not offered 2009-10)

141. Steel Structures. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 135A. Design of steel elements. Design of tension and compression members. Design of beams and beam columns. Simple and elastic deflection methods and design process. Letter grading. Mr. Wallace (F)


142L. Reinforced Concrete Structural Laboratory. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, six hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: courses 135B, 142. Limited enrollment. Design considerations used for reinforced concrete beams, columns, slabs, and joints evaluated using analysis and experiments. Links between theory, building codes, and experimental results. Students demonstrate accuracy and limitations of calculation procedures used in design of reinforced concrete structures. Development of skills for written and oral presentations. Letter grading. Mr. Wallace (Sp)
143. Design of Prestressed Concrete Structures. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 135A, 142. Prestressing and post-tensioning techniques. Properties of concrete and prestressing steels. Design considerations: anchorage/bonding of cables/wire, flexure analysis by superposition and strength methods, draping of cables, deflection and stiffness, end-terminate structures, limitation of prestressing. Letter grading. Mr. Wallace (Sp)


150. Introduction to Hydrology. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 103. Recommended: course 15. Study of hydrologic cycle and relevant atmospheric processes, water and energy balance, radiation, precipitation formation, infiltration, evaporation, vegetation transpiration, groundwater, water ecosystems, storm runoff, and water resources. Letter grading. Mr. Margulis (F)

151. Introduction to Water Resources Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 103. Prerequisites: one of hydraulic or chemical engineering courses 135A, 135B, or 141, or equivalent. Properties of hydraulics, flow of water in open channels and pressure conduits, reservoirs and dams, hydraulic machinery, hydroelectric power. Introduction to system analysis and design applied to water resources engineering. Letter grading. Ms. Hogue (W)

153. Introduction to Environmental Engineering Science. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Recommended requisites: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 103, or equivalent. Water, air, and soil pollution: sources, transformations, effects, and processes for removal of contaminants. Water quality, water and wastewater treatment, waste disposal, air pollution, global environmental problems. Field trip, Letter grading. Mr. Stolzenbach (F)

154. Chemical Fate and Transport in Aquatic Environments. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Recommended requisites: course 153. Fundamental physical, chemical, and biological principles governing movement and fate of chemicals in surface waters and groundwater. Topics include physical transport in various aquatic environments, air-water exchange, acid-base equilibrium, oxidation-reduction chemistry, chemical sorption, biodegradation, and bioaccumulation. Practical quantitative problems solved considering both chemical and transport of chemicals in environment. Letter grading. Ms. Jay (Sp)

155. Unit Operations and Processes for Water and Wastewater Treatment. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 153. Biological, chemical, and physical methods used to modify water quality. Fundamentals of phenomena governing design of engineered systems for water and wastewater treatment. Field trip, Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (F)

156A. Environmental Chemistry Laboratory. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: course 153 (may be taken concurrently), Chemistry 12, 12B. Basic laboratory techniques in analytical chemistry related to water and wastewater analysis. Selected experiments include gravimetric analysis, titrimetry spectrophotometry, redox systems, pH and pH control, conductance. Concepts to be applied to analysis of “real” water samples in course 156B. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (F)

156B. Environmental Engineering Unit Operations and Processes Laboratory. (4) Laboratory, six hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20B. Characterization of, and analysis of, typical natural waters and wastewaters for inorganic and organic constituents. Selected experiments include analysis of solids, nitrogen species, oxygen demand, and chlorine residual, that are used in water operation experiments that include reactor dynamics, aeration, gas stripping, coagulation/flocculation, and membrane separation. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (W)

157A. Hydrologic Modeling. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 103, 150, 151. Introduction to hydrologic modeling. Topics selected from areas of (1) open-channel flow, including one-dimensional steady flow, unsteady flow, and sediment transport, (2) pipe flow and water distribution systems, (3) rainfall-runoff modeling, and (4) groundwater flow modeling, with focus on use of industry and/or research standard models with locally relevant applications. Letter grading. Mr. Margulis (Not offered 2009-10)

157B. Design of Water Treatment Plants. (4) Lecture, two hours; discussion, two hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, four hours. Requisite: course 155. Water quality standards and regulations, overview of water treatment plants, design of unit operations, predesign of water treatment plants, hydraulics and distribution systems. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (Not offered 2009-10)

157C. Design of Wastewater Treatment Plants. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 155. Process design of wastewater treatment plants, including primary and secondary treatment, detailed design review of existing plants, process control, and economics. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (Sp)

157L. Hydrologic Analysis and Design. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 150 and/or 151. Collection, compilation, and interpretation of data for quantification of surface water components of hydrologic cycle, including precipitation, evaporation, infiltration, and runoff. Use of hydrologic variables and parameters for development, construction, and application of analytical models for selected problems in hydrology and water resources. Field trip required. Letter grading. Ms. Hogue (Sp)

157M. Hydrology of Mountain Watersheds. (4) Lecture, one hour; fieldwork, four hours; laboratory, three hours; outside study, four hours; one field trip. Requisite: course 150 or 157L. Advanced field- and laboratory-based course with focus on study of hydrologic and geochemical processes in snow-dominated and mountainous regions. Studies measurement and quantity snowpack properties, snowmelt, discharge, evaporation, infiltration, soil properties, and local meteorology, as well as investigate geochemical properties of surface and groundwater systems. Exploration of rating curves, stream classification, and flooding potential. Extended field trip required. Letter grading. Ms. Hogue (Sp)


M166. Environmental Microbiology. (4) Same as Environmental Health Sciences M166.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Recommended requisite: course 153. Microbial cell and its metabolic capabilities, microbial genet- ics and its potentials, growth of microbes and kinetics of growth, microbial ecology and diversity, microbiology of wastewater treatment, probing of microbes, public health microbiology, pathogen control. Letter grading. Ms. Jay (W)

M166L. Environmental Microbiology and Biotechnology Laboratory. (1) Formerly numbered 166L.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, two hours. Corequisite: course M166. General laboratory practice within environment microbiology and other types of environmental samples, classical and modern molecular techniques for enumeration of microbes from environmental samples, techniques for determination of microbial activity in environmental samples, microbial ecology and diversity, microbial activities and its potentials, growth of microbes and kinetics of growth, microbial ecology and diversity, microbiology of wastewater treatment, probing of microbes, public health microbiology, pathogen control. Letter grading. Ms. Jay (W)

180. Introduction to Transportation Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Designed for seniors/juniors. General characteristics of transportation systems, including streets and highways, rail, transit, air, and water. Capacity considerations including time-space diagrams and queuing. Concepts of transportation system design, including horizontal and vertical alignment, cross sections, earthwork, drainage, and pavement. Letter grading. Mr. Stewart (Sp)

181. Traffic Engineering Systems: Operations and Control. (4) Lecture, four hours; fieldwork/laboratory, two hours; outside study, six hours. Designed for juniors/seniors. Applications of traffic flow theories; data collection and analyses; intersection capacity analyses; simulation models; traffic signal design; signal timing design, implementation, and performance evaluation; Intelligent Transportation Sys- tems concept, architecture, and integration. Letter grading. Mr. Stewart (F)

188. Special Courses in Civil and Environmental Engineering. (2 to 6) Lecture, to be arranged; outside study, to be arranged. Special topics in civil engineering for undergraduate students that are taught on experimental or temporary basis, such as those taught by resident and visiting faculty members. May be repeated once for credit with topic or instructor change. Letter grading. Ms. Jay (Sp)

194. Research Group Seminars: Civil and Environmental Engineering. (2 to 6) Seminar, two to eight hours; outside study, four to 16 hours. Designed for undergraduate students who are part of research groups. Discussion of current literature in field or of research of faculty members or students. May be repeated for credit. Letter grading.
Graduate Courses

### 220. Advanced Soil Mechanics. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 120. State of stress. Consolidation and settlement analysis. Shear strength of granular and cohesive soils. In situ and laboratory methods for soil property evaluation. Letter grading. Mr. Stewart (F)

### 221. Advanced Foundation Engineering. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 121, 220. Stress distribution. Bearing capacity and settlement of shallow foundations, including spread footings and mats. Performance of driven pile and drilled shaft foundations under vertical and lateral loading. Construction considerations. Letter grading. Mr. Brandenburg (W)

### 222. Introduction to Soil Dynamics. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 120. Review of engineering problems involving soil dynamics. Fundamentals of theoretical soil dynamics: response of sliding block-on-plane to cyclic earthquake loads, application of theories of single degree-of-freedom (DOF) system, multiple DOF system and one-dimensional wave propagation. Fundamentals of cyclic soil behavior: stress-strain-pore water pressure behavior, shear moduli and damping, cyclic settlement and concept of volumetric cyclic threshold shear strain. Introduction to modeling of cyclic soil behavior. Letter grading. Mr. Vucetic (W)

### 223. Earth Retaining Structures. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 120, 121. Basic concepts of theory of earth pressures behind retaining structures, with special application to design of retaining walls, bulkheads, sheet piles, and excavation bracing. Effects of flexibility, creep in soils, and construction techniques on stability of bulkheads and sheet piles. Mechanical stabilization of soils, such as with soil nails and geosynthetics. Letter grading. Mr. Brandenburg (W)

### 224. Advanced Cyclic and Monotonic Soil Behavior. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 120. In-depth study of soil behavior under cyclic and monotonic loads. Relationships between stress, strain, pore water pressure, and volume change in range of very small and large strains. Concept of normalized static and cyclic soil behavior. Cyclic degradation and liquefaction of saturated soils. Cyclic settlement of partially saturated and dry soils. Concept of volumetric cyclic threshold shear strain. Factors affecting shear moduli and damping during cyclic loading. Postcyclic behavior under monotonic loads. Critical review of laboratory field, and modeling testing techniques. Letter grading. Mr. Vucetic (F)

### 225. Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 125 (may be taken concurrently), 222. Analysis of earthquake-induced ground failure; including soil liquefaction, cyclic softening of clays, seismic compression, surface fault rupture, and seismic slope stability. Ground response effects on earthquake ground motions. Soil-structure interaction including inertial and kinematic interaction and foundation deformations under seismic loading. Letter grading. Mr. Stewart (Sp)

### 226. Geoenvironmental Engineering. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 120. Field of geoenvironmental engineering involves application of geotechnical principles to environmental problems. Topics include environmental regulations, waste characterization, geosynthetics, solid waste landfills, subsurface barrier walls, and disposal of high level water challenges. Letter grading. Mr. Stewart, Mr. Vucetic (Sp)

### 227. Numerical Methods in Geotechnical Engineering. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 227. Introduction to basic concepts of computer modeling of soils using finite element method, and to constitutive modeling based on elasticity and plasticity theories. Special emphasis on numerical applications and identification of modeling concerns such as instability, bifurcation, nonexistence, and nonuniqueness of solutions. Letter grading. Mr. Stewart, Mr. Vucetic (Sp)

### 228L. Advanced Soil Mechanics Laboratory. (4)
- Lecture, one hour; laboratory, six hours; outside study, five hours. Requisites: courses 120, 121. Lectures and laboratory studies covering more advanced aspects of laboratory differentiation of soil properties and their application to design. Tests to determine permeability, consolidation, and shear strength. Review of advanced instrumentation and measurement techniques. Letter grading. Mr. Vucetic (W)

### 230A. Linear Statics. (4) (Same as Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M256A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 156A or 166A. Linear elastostatics. Cartesian tensors; infinitesimal strain tensor; Cauchy stress tensor; strain energy; equilibrium equations; linear constitutive relations; plane elastostatic problems, holes, corners, inclusions, cracks; methods of solution of Kelvin, Boussinesq, and Cerruti. Introduction to boundary integral equation methods. Letter grading. Mr. Ju, Mr. Mal (F)

### 230B. Nonlinear Elasticity. (4) (Same as Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M256B.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 230A. Kinematics of deformation, material and spatial coordinates, deformation gradient tensor, nonlinear and linear strain tensors, strain displacement relations; balance laws, Cauchy and Piola stresses, Cauchy equations of motion, balance of energy, stored energy; constitutive relations, elasticity, hyperelasticity, the incompressibility condition of field equations; solution of selected problems. Letter grading. Mr. Ju, Mr. Mal (W)

### 230C. Plasticity. (4) (Formerly numbered M239.) (Same as Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M256C.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M256A, M256B. Classical rate-independent plasticity theory; yield functions, flow rules and thermodynamics. Classical rate-dependent viscoplasticity. Perzyna and Dvani/Lions types of viscoplasticity. Thermoplasticity and creep. Return mapping algorithms for plasticity and viscoplasticity. Finite element implementations. Letter grading. Mr. Ju, Mr. Mal (Sp)

### 232. Theory of Plates and Shells. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 130. Similarity and dimensional theories of thin plates; energy methods; free vibrations; membrane theory of shells; axisymmetric deformations of cylindrical and spherical shells, including bending. Letter grading. Mr. Ju (F)

### 233. Mechanics of Composite Material Structures. (4)

### 234. Advanced Topics in Structural Mechanics. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 135A. Recommended: course 135B. Review of matrix force and displacement methods of structural analysis; virtual work theorem, virtual forces, and displacements; theorems on stationary value of total and complementary potential energy, minimum total potential energy, Maxwell/Betti theorems, effects of approximations, introduction to finite element analysis. Letter grading. Mr. Ju, Mr. Taciroglu (F)

### 235B. Finite Element Analysis of Structures. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 130, 235A. Direct energy formulations for deformable systems; solution methods for linear equations; analysis of structural systems with one-dimensional elements; introduction to variational calculus; discrete element displacement force, and mixed methods for membrane, plate, shell structures; instability effects. Letter grading. Mr. Chen (W)

### 235C. Nonlinear Structural Analysis. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 235B. Classification of nonlinearity; material nonlinearities; conservative, nonconservative material behavior; geometric nonlinearities, Lagrangian, Eulerian description of motion; finite element methods in geometrically nonlinear problems; postbuckling behavior of structures; solution of nonlinear equations; incremental, iterative, programming methods. Letter grading. Mr. Chen (W)

### 236. Stability of Structures I. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 130 or 135B. Elastic buckling of bars. Different approaches to stability problems. Inelastic buckling of columns and beam columns. Columns and beam columns with linear, nonlinear creep. Combined torsional and flexural buckling of columns. Buckling of plates. Letter grading. Mr. Ju (Sp)

### 237A. Dynamics of Structures. (4) (Same as Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M269A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 137. Principles of dynamics. Determination of normal modes and frequencies by differential and integral equation solutions. Transient and steady state response. Emphasis on derivation and solution of governing equations using matrix formulation. Letter grading. Mr. Bendiksen, Mr. Ju (W)

### 238. Computational Solid Mechanics. (4)

### 241. Advanced Steel Structures. (4)
- Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 137, 141, 235A. Performance characterization of steel structures for static and earthquake loads. Behavior state analysis and building code provisions for special moment resisting, braced, and eccentric braced frames. Composite steel-concrete structures. Letter grading. Mr. Ju (Sp)
242. Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 142. Design of building and other structural systems for vertical and lateral loads. Behavior of reinforced concrete structures. Analysis of sections, and design for shear. Design of slender and low-rise walls, as well as design of beam-column joints. Introduction to displacement-based design and applications of strut-and-tie models. Letter grading. Mr. Wallace (F)

243B. Response and Design of Reinforced Concrete Structural Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 243A. Advanced topics on design of reinforced concrete structures, including stress-strain relationships for plain and confined/cracked concrete, properties of sections, and design for shear. Letter grading. Mr. Wu, Mr. Stewart, Mr. Tacroglu, Mr. Wallace (F/W/Sp)

250A. Surface Water Hydrology. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Course 150. In-depth study of surface water hydrology, including discussion and interrelationship of major topics such as rainfall and evaporation, soils and infiltration, properties, runoff and snowmelt processes. Introduction to hydrologic-runoff modeling, floods, and policy issues involved in water resource engineering and management. Lecture grading. Ms. Hogue (F)


250C. Hydrometeorology. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 250A. In-depth study of hydrometeorological processes. Role of hydrology in climate system, precipitation and evaporation processes, atmospheric radiation, exchange of mass, heat, and momentum between soil and vegetation surface and overlying atmosphere, flux and transport in turbulent boundary layer, basic remote sensing principles. Letter grading. Mr. Margulis (W)

250D. Water Resources Systems Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 151. Application of mathematical programming techniques to water resources systems. Topics include reservoir management and operation; optimal timing, sequencing and sizing of water resources projects; and multiobjective planning and optimization of water resources projects; and multiobjective planning and optimization. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (F/W,Sp)

244. Structural Loads and Safety for Civil Structures. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 141 or 142 or 143 or 144. Modeling of uncertainties in structural loads and structural mechanics; structural safety analysis; and calculation of capacity reduction factors. Letter grading. Mr. Wu (Not offered 2009-10)

245. Earthquake Ground Motion Characterization. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Corequisite: course 137 or 246. Earthquake fundamentals, including plate tectonics, fault types, seismic waves, and magnitude scales. Characterization of earthquake source, including magnitude range and rate of future earthquakes. Ground motion prediction equations and site effects on ground motion. Seismic hazard analysis. Ground motion selection and modification for response history analysis. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (W)

246. Structural Response to Ground Motions. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: courses 137, 141, 142, 235A. Spectral analysis of ground motions; response, time, and Fourier spectra. Response of simple and multistory structures to ground motions. Earthquake-induced ground motions due to earthquakes. Computational methods to evaluate structural response. Response analysis, including evaluation of contemporary design standards. Limitations due to idealizations. Letter grading. Mr. Tacroglu (W)

247. Earthquake Hazard Mitigation. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 130, and M237A or 246. Concept of seismic isolation, linear theory of base isolation, visco-elastic and hysteretic behavior, elastomeric bearings under compression and bending, buckling of bearings, sliding bearings, and dissipation devices. Response of structures with isolation and passive energy dissipation devices, static and dynamic analysis procedures, code provisions and design methods for seismically isolated structures. Letter grading. Ms. Zhang (Sp)


249. Selected Topics in Structural Engineering, Mechanics, and Geotechnical Engineering. (2) Lecture, two hours; outside study, six hours. Review of recent research developments in structural engineering, structural mechanics, and geotechnical engineering. Structural analysis, finite elements, structural stability, dynamics of structures, structural design, earthquake engineering, ground motion, elasticity, plasticity, structural mechanics, mechanics of composites, constitutive modeling, geomechanics, and geotechnical engineering. May be repeated for credit. SU grading.

250A. Surface Water Hydrology. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Course 150. In-depth study of surface water hydrology, including discussion and interrelationship of major topics such as rainfall and evaporation, soils and infiltration, properties, runoff and snowmelt processes. Introduction to hydrologic-runoff modeling, floods, and policy issues involved in water resource engineering and management. Lecture grading. Ms. Hogue (F)


250C. Hydrometeorology. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 250A. In-depth study of hydrometeorological processes. Role of hydrology in climate system, precipitation and evaporation processes, atmospheric radiation, exchange of mass, heat, and momentum between soil and vegetation surface and overlying atmosphere, flux and transport in turbulent boundary layer, basic remote sensing principles. Letter grading. Mr. Margulis (W)

250D. Water Resources Systems Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 151. Application of mathematical programming techniques to water resources systems. Topics include reservoir management and operation; optimal timing, sequencing and sizing of water resources projects; and multiobjective planning and optimization of water resources projects; and multiobjective planning and optimization. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (F/W,Sp)


251B. Contaminant Transport in Groundwater. (4) (Formerly numbered 251C.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 250B, 253. Phenomena and mechanisms of hydraulic dispersion, governing equations of mass transport in porous media, various analytical and numerical solutions, determination of dispersion parameters by laboratory and field experiments, biological and reactive transport in multiphase flow, remediation design, software packages and applications. Letter grading.

251C. Remote Sensing with Hydrologic Applications. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 250A, 250C. Introduction to theoretical concepts of remote sensing as they relate to surface and atmospheric hydrologic processes. Applications include radiative transfer modeling and retrieval of hydrologically relevant parameters like topography, soil moisture, snow properties, vegetation, and precipitation. Letter grading.

251D. Hydrologic Data Assimilation. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 250A, 250C. Introduction to basic concepts of classical and Bayesian estimation theory for purposes of hydrologic data assimilation. Applications geared toward assimilating disparate observations into dynamic models of hydrologic systems. Letter grading.

252. Engineering Economic Analysis of Water and Environmental Planning. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course 105A, one or more courses from Economics 1, 2, 11, 100, 101. Economic theory and applications in analysis and management of water and environmental problems; application of price theory to water resource management and renewable resources; benefit-cost analysis with applications to water resources and environmental planning. Letter grading. Mr. Yeh (Sp)


254A. Environmental Aquatic Inorganic Chemistry. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20B, Mathematics 31A, 31B, Physics 1A, 1B. Equilibrium and kinetic descriptions of chemical behavior of metals and inorganic ions in natural fresh/marine surface waters and in water treatment processes. Concepts such as surface complexation, precipitation/dissolution, absorption oxidation/reduction, and photochemistry. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (F)

255A. Physical and Chemical Processes for Water and Wastewater Treatment. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 250A, 250C, 254A. Fundamentals of environmental engineering microbiology; kinetics of microbial growth and biological oxidation; application of activated sludge, gas transfer, fixed-film processes, aerobic and anoxic digestion, sludge disposal, and biological nutrient removal. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (Sp)

255B. Biological Processes for Water and Wastewater Treatment. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 254A, 254B. Fundamentals of environmental chemical engineering; kinetics of microbial growth and biological oxidation; application of activated sludge, gas transfer, fixed-film processes, aerobic and anoxic digestion, sludge disposal, and biological nutrient removal. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (W)

258A. Membrane Separations in Aquatic Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 254A. Applications of membrane separations to desalination, water reclamation, brine disposal, and ultrapure water systems. Discussion of reverse osmosis, ultrafiltration, electrodialysis, and ion exchange technologies from both practical and theoretical standpoints. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (W)

259A. Selected Topics in Environmental Engineering. (2) Lecture, two hours; outside study, four hours. Review of recent research and developments in environmental engineering. Water and wastewater treatment systems, nonpoint pollution, multimedia impacts. May be repeated for credit. SU/grading.

259B. Selected Topics in Water Resources. (2 to 4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Re-view of recent research and developments in water resources. Water supply and hydrology, global climate change, economic and environmental estimation. Early-stage water resources development. May be taken for maximum of 4 units. Letter grading. Mr. Stenstrom (F/Sp/W)

259C. Remote Sensing with Hydrologic Applications. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 250A, 250C. Introduction to theoretical concepts of remote sensing as they relate to surface and atmospheric hydrologic processes. Applications include radiative transfer modeling and retrieval of hydrologically relevant parameters like topography, soil moisture, snow properties, vegetation, and precipitation. Letter grading. Mr. Margulis (Sp)
260. Advanced Topics in Hydrology and Water Resources. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 250A, 250B, 250D. Current research topics in inverse problem of parameter estimation, experimental design, conjunctive use of surface and groundwater, multivariate water resources planning, and optimization of water resources systems. Topics may vary from term to term. Letter grading.


261B. Advanced Biological Processes for Water and Wastewater Treatment. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 255B. In-depth treatment of selected topics related to biological treatment of waters and wastewaters, such as biodegradation of xenobiotics, pharmaceuticals, endocrine-disrupting chemicals, toxicity, and nutrients. Discussion of theoretical aspects, experimental observations, and recent literature. Application to important and emerging environmental problems. Letter grading.

262A. Introduction to Atmospheric Chemistry. (4) (Same as Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences M203A.) Lecture, three hours. Requisite for undergraduates: Chemistry 20B. Principles of chemical kinetics, thermodynamics, spectroscopy, and photochemistry; chemical composition and history of Earth’s atmosphere; biogeochemical cycles of key atmospheric constituents; basic photochemistry of troposphere and stratosphere, upper atmosphere chemical processes; air pollution; chemistry and climate. S/U or letter grading.

262B. Atmospheric Diffusion and Air Pollution. (4) (Same as Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences M224B.) Lecture, three hours. Nature and sources of atmospheric pollution; diffusion from point, line, and area sources; pollution dispersion in urban complexes; meteorological factors and air pollution potential; meteorological aspects of air pollution. S/U or letter grading.

263A. Physics of Environmental Transport. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for graduate students. Transport processes in surface water, groundwater, and atmosphere. Emphasis on changes across phase boundaries: sediment/water interface; air/water gas exchange; particles, droplets, and bubbles; small-scale dispersion and mixing; effect of reactions on transport; linkages between physical, chemical, and biological processes. Letter grading.

263B. Advanced Topics in Transport at Environmental Interfaces. (4) Lecture, four hours: outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 263A. In-depth treatment of selected topics involving transport phenomena at environmental interfaces between solid, fluid, and gas phases, such as aquatic sediments, porous aggregates, and vegetative canopies. Discussion of theoretical models and experimental observations. Application to important environmental engineering problems. Letter grading.

265A. Mass Transfer in Environmental Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; computer applications, two hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for graduate environmental engineering program students. Physical chemistry and mass transfer fundamentals related to contaminant fate and transport in soil, air, and water systems, including solute/solvent sorption and desorption, contaminant retardation, vaporization and dissolution of nonaqueous phase liquids (NAPL), and other environmental systems. Letter grading.

265B. Contaminant Transport in Soils and Groundwater. (4) Lecture, four hours; computer applications, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 250B, 250A. Principles of mass transport as they apply in soil and groundwater, independent estimation of transport model parameters; remedial housing hazardous waste sites. Letter grading.

266. Environmental Biotechnology. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 153, 254A. Environmental biotechnology — concept and potential, biotechnology of pollution control, bioremediation, biomass conversion: composting, biogas, and biodegradation of bioethanol. Letter grading.

296. Advanced Topics in Civil Engineering. (2 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Discussion of current research and literature in research specialty of faculty member teaching course. S/U grading.

297. Seminar: Current Topics in Civil Engineering. (2 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Lectures, discussions, and student presentations and projects in areas of current interest in civil engineering. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading.

298. Seminar: Engineering. (2 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Limited to graduate civil engineering students. Seminars may be organized in advanced technical fields. If appropriate, field trips may be arranged. May be repeated with topic change. Letter grading.

375. Teaching Apprentice Practicum. (1 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Preparation: apprentice personnel employment as teaching assistant, associate, or fellow. Teaching apprenticeship under active guidance and supervision of regular faculty member responsible for curriculum and instruction at UCLA. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading.

495. Teaching Assistant Training Seminar. (2) Seminar, to be arranged. Lectures, discussions, and student presentations and projects in areas of current interest in civil engineering. Usually taken by graduate civil engineering students. Reading and discussion of course content for M.S. candidates, including thesis proposal. S/U grading.

597B. Preparation for Ph.D. Preliminary Examinations. (2 to 12) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate civil engineering students. Preparation for M.S. Comprehensive Examination or oral qualifying examination, including preliminary research or dissertation. S/U grading.

597C. Preparation for Ph.D. Oral Qualifying Examination. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate civil engineering students. Preparation for oral qualifying examination, including preliminary research or dissertation. S/U grading.

598. Research for and Preparation of M.S. Thesis. (2 to 12) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate civil engineering students. Supervised independent research for M.S. candidates, including thesis proposal. Letter grading.

599. Research for and Preparation of Ph.D. Dissertation. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate civil engineering students. Usually taken after students have been advanced to candidacy. S/U grading.
Assistants: Professors
Petros Faloutsos, Ph.D.
Adam W. Meyerson, Ph.D.
Zhuowen Tu, Ph.D.

Senior Lecturer
Leon Levine, M.S., Emeritus

Lecturers S.O.E.
Paul R. Eggert, Ph.D.
David A. Smallberg, M.S.

Adjunct Professors
Alan Kay, Ph.D.
Boris Kogan, Ph.D.
Peter L. Reiher, Ph.D.
M. Yahiya Sanadidi, Ph.D.

Scope and Objectives
Computer science is concerned with the design, modeling, analysis, and applications of computer-related systems. Its study at UCLA provides education at the undergraduate and graduate levels necessary to understand, design, implement, and use the software and hardware of digital computers and digital systems. The programs provide comprehensive and integrated studies of subjects in computer system architecture, computer networks, distributed computer systems, programming languages and software systems, information and data management, artificial intelligence, computer science theory, computational systems biology and bioinformatics, and computer vision and graphics.

The undergraduate and graduate studies and research projects in computer science are supported by significant computing resources. In addition to the departmental computing facility, there are over a dozen research laboratories specializing in areas such as distributed systems, multimedia computer communications, distributed sensor networks, VLSI systems, VLSI CAD, embedded and reconfigurable systems, computer graphics, bioinformatics, and artificial intelligence. Also, the Cognitive Systems Laboratory is engaged in studying computer systems that emulate or support human reasoning. The Biocybernetics Laboratory is devoted to multidisciplinary research involving the application of engineering and computer science methods to problems in biology and medicine.

The B.S. degree may be attained either through the Computer Science and Engineering major or through the Computer Science major described below.

In addition to the B.S. in Computer Science and Engineering and the B.S. in Computer Science, HSSeas offers M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in Computer Science, as well as minor fields for graduate students seeking engineering degrees. In cooperation with the John E. Anderson Graduate School of Management, the Computer Science Department offers a concurrent degree program that enables students to obtain the M.S. in Computer Science and the M.B.A. (Master of Business Administration).

Department Mission
The Computer Science Department strives for excellence in creating, applying, and imparting knowledge in computer science and engineering through comprehensive educational programs, research in collaboration with industry and government, dissemination through scholarly publications, and service to professional societies, the community, state, and nation.

Computer Science and Engineering Undergraduate Program Objectives
The computer science and engineering undergraduate program educational objectives are that our alumni (1) make valuable technical contributions to design, development, and production in their practice of computer science and computer engineering, in related engineering or application areas, and at the interface of computers and physical systems, (2) demonstrate strong communication skills and the ability to function effectively as part of a team, (3) demonstrate a sense of societal and ethical responsibility in their professional endeavors, and (4) engage in professional development or postgraduate education to pursue flexible career paths amid future technological changes.

Computer Science Undergraduate Program Objectives
The computer science undergraduate program educational objectives are that our alumni (1) make valuable technical contributions to design, development, and production in their practice of computer science and related engineering or application areas, particularly in software systems and algorithmic methods, (2) demonstrate strong communication skills and the ability to function effectively as part of a team, (3) demonstrate a sense of societal and ethical responsibility in their professional endeavors, and (4) engage in professional development or postgraduate education to pursue flexible career paths amid future technological changes.

Undergraduate Study
Computer Science and Engineering B.S.

The ABET-accredited computer science and engineering curriculum at UCLA provides the education and training necessary to design, implement, test, and utilize the hardware and software of digital computers and digital systems. The curriculum has components spanning both the Computer Science and Electrical Engineering Departments. Within the curriculum students study all aspects of computer systems from electronic design through logic design, MSI, LSI, and VLSI concepts and device utilization, machine language design, implementation and programming, operating system concepts, systems programming, networking fundamentals, higher-level language skills, and application of
these to systems. Students are prepared for employment in a wide spectrum of high-technology industries.

The computer science and engineering curriculum is accredited by the Computing Accreditation Commission and the Engineering Accreditation Commission of ABET, 111 Market Place, Suite 1050, Baltimore, MD 21202-4012, (410) 347-7700.

**Preparation for the Major**

*Required:* Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A; Computer Science 1, 31, 32, 33, 35L, M51A (or Electrical Engineering M16); Electrical Engineering 1, 2, 10; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B, 61; Physics 1A, 1B, 4AL, 4BL.

**The Major**

*Required:* Computer Science 101, 111, 118, 131, M151B (or Electrical Engineering M116C), M152A (or Electrical Engineering M116L), 152B, 180, 181, Electrical Engineering 102, 110, 110L, 115A, 115C, Statistics 110A; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and three upper division computer science elective courses (12 units), one of which must be selected from Computer Science 143 or 161 or 174A. The remaining two elective courses must be selected from Computer Science 112, 113, M117 (or Electrical Engineering M117), CM121 (or Chemistry and Biochemistry CM160A), CM122 (or Chemistry and Biochemistry CM160B), CM124 (or Human Genetics CM124), 130 (unless taken as a required course), 132, 133, 136, 143, 144, 151C, 152B (unless taken as a required course), 161, 170A, M171L (or Electrical Engineering M171L), 174A, 174B, C174C, 183, M186A (or Biomedical Engineering M186A or Computational and Systems Biology M186A), CM186B (or Biomedical Engineering CM186B or Computational and Systems Biology M186B), CM186C (or Biomedical Engineering CM186C or Computational and Systems Biology M186C). If students have not taken Computer Science 130, one elective course must be 132; 4 units of either Computer Science 194 or 199 may be applied as an elective by petition.

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

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**Computer Science B.S.**

The computer science curriculum is designed to accommodate students who want professional preparation in computer science but do not necessarily have a strong interest in computer systems hardware. The curriculum consists of components in computer science, a minor or technical support area, and a core of courses from the social sciences, life sciences, and humanities. Within the curriculum, students study subject matter in software engineering, principles of programming languages, data structures, computer architecture, theory of computation and formal languages, operating systems, distributed systems, computer modeling, computer networks, compiler construction, and artificial intelligence. Majors are prepared for employment in a wide range of industrial and business environments.

The computer science curriculum is accredited by the Computing Accreditation Commission of ABET, 111 Market Place, Suite 1050, Baltimore, MD 21202-4012, (410) 347-7700.

**Preparation for the Major**

*Required:* Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A; Computer Science 1, 31, 32, 33, 35L, M51A (or Electrical Engineering M16); Electrical Engineering 1; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B, 61; Physics 1A, 1B, 4AL, 4BL.

**The Major**

*Required:* Computer Science 101, 111, 118, 131, M151B (or Electrical Engineering M116C), M152A (or Electrical Engineering M116L), 152B, 180, 181, Electrical Engineering 102, 110, 110L, 115A, 115C, Statistics 110A; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and three upper division computer science elective courses (12 units), one of which must be selected from Computer Science 143 or 161 or 174A. The remaining two elective courses must be selected from Computer Science 112, 113, M117 (or Electrical Engineering M117), CM121 (or Chemistry and Biochemistry CM160A), CM122 (or Chemistry and Biochemistry CM160B), CM124 (or Human Genetics CM124), 130 (unless taken as a required course), 132, 133, 136, 143, 144, 151C, 152B (unless taken as a required course), 161, 170A, M171L (or Electrical Engineering M171L), 174A, 174B, C174C, 183, M186A (or Biomedical Engineering M186A or Computational and Systems Biology M186A), CM186B (or Biomedical Engineering CM186B or Computational and Systems Biology M186B), CM186C (or Biomedical Engineering CM186C or Computational and Systems Biology M186C). If students have not taken Computer Science 130, one elective course must be 132; 4 units of either Computer Science 194 or 199 may be applied as an elective by petition.

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

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**Graduate Study**

For information on graduate admission, see Graduate Programs, page 23.

The following introductory information is based on the 2009-10 edition of Program Requirements for UCLA Graduate Degrees. Complete annual editions of Program Requirements are available at http://www.gdnet.ucla.edu/gasasa/library/pgmrqintro.htm. Students are subject to the degree requirements as published in Program Requirements for the year in which they enter the program.

The Department of Computer Science offers Master of Science (M.S.) and Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degrees in Computer Science and participates in a concurrent degree program (Computer Science M.S./Management M.B.A.) with the John E. Anderson Graduate School of Management.

**Computer Science M.S.**

**Course Requirements**

*Course Requirement.* A total of nine courses is required for the M.S. degree, including a minimum of five graduate courses. No specific courses are required, but a majority of both the total number of formal courses and the total number of
graduate courses must consist of courses offered by the Computer Science Department.

**Undergraduate Courses.** No lower division courses may be applied toward graduate degrees. In addition, the following upper division courses are not applicable toward graduate degrees: Chemical Engineering 102A, 199; Civil and Environmental Engineering 106A, 108, 199; Computer Science M152A, 152B, 199; Electrical Engineering 100, 101, 102, 103, 110L, M16L, 199; Materials Science and Engineering 110, 120, 130, 131L, 132, 140, 141L, 150, 160, 161L, 199; Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 102, 103, 105A, 105D, 199.

**Breadth Requirement.** M.S. degree students must satisfy the computer science breadth requirement by the end of the third term in graduate residence at UCLA. The requirement is satisfied by mastering the contents of five undergraduate courses or equivalent: Computer Science 180, two courses from 111, 118, and M151B, one course from 130, 131, or 132, and one course from 143, 161, or 174A. A UCLA undergraduate course taken by graduate students cannot be used to satisfy graduate degree requirements if students have already received a grade of B– or better for a course taken elsewhere that covers substantially the same material.

For the M.S. degree, students must also complete at least three terms of Computer Science 201 with grades of Satisfactory. Competence in any or all courses in breadth requirements may be demonstrated in one of three ways:

1. Satisfactory completion of the course at UCLA with a grade of B– or better
2. Satisfactory completion of an equivalent course at another university with a grade of B– or better
3. Satisfactory completion of a final examination in the course at UCLA

**Comprehensive Examination Plan**

In the comprehensive examination plan, at least five of the nine courses must be 200-series courses. The remaining four courses may be either 200-series or upper division courses. No units of 500-series courses may be applied toward the comprehensive examination plan requirements.

**Thesis Plan**

In the thesis plan, seven of the nine courses must be formal courses, including at least four from the 200 series. The remaining two courses may be 598 courses involving work on the thesis. The thesis is a report on the results of student investigation of a problem in the major field of study under the supervision of the thesis committee, which approves the subject and plan of the thesis and reads and approves the complete manuscript. While the problem may be one of only limited scope, the thesis must exhibit a satisfactory style, organization, and depth of understanding of the subject. Students should normally start to plan the thesis at least one year before the award of the M.S. degree is expected. There is no examination under the thesis plan.

**Computer Science M.S./Management M.B.A.**

The Department of Computer Science and the John E. Anderson Graduate School of Management offer a concurrent degree program that enables students to complete the requirements for the M.S. in Computer Science and the M.B.A. (Master of Business Administration) in three academic years. Students should request application materials from both the M.B.A. Admissions Office, John E. Anderson Graduate School of Management, and the Department of Computer Science.

**Computer Science Ph.D.**

**Major Fields or Subdisciplines**

- Artificial intelligence; computational systems biology; computer networks; computer science theory; computer system architecture; graphics and vision; information and data management; and software systems.

**Course Requirements**

Normally, students take courses to acquire the knowledge needed to prepare for the written and oral examinations and for conducting Ph.D. research. The basic program of study for the Ph.D. degree is built around the major field requirement and two minor fields. The major field and at least one minor field must be in computer science. The fundamental examination is common for all Ph.D. candidates in the department and is also known as the written qualifying examination.

To satisfy the major field requirement, students are expected to attain a body of knowledge contained in six courses, as well as the current literature in the area of specialization. In particular, students are required to take a minimum of four graduate courses in the major field of Ph.D. research, selecting these courses in accordance with guidelines specific to the major field. Guidelines for course selection in each major field are available from the departmental Student Affairs Office. Grades of B– or better, with a grade-point average of at least 3.33 in all courses used to satisfy the major field requirement, are required. Students are required to satisfy the major field requirement within the first nine terms after enrolling in the graduate program.

Each minor field normally embraces a body of knowledge equivalent to three courses, at least two of which are graduate courses. Grades of B– or better, with a grade-point average of at least 3.33 in all courses included in the minor field, are required. By petition and administrative approval, a minor field may be satisfied by examination.

**Breadth Requirement.** Ph.D. degree students must satisfy the computer science breadth requirement by the end of the third term in graduate residence at UCLA. The requirement is satisfied by mastering the contents of five undergraduate courses or equivalent: Computer Science 180, two courses from 111, 118, and M151B, one course from 130, 131, or 132, and one course from 143, 161, or 174A. A UCLA undergraduate course taken by graduate students cannot be used to satisfy graduate degree requirements if students have already received a grade of B– or better for a course taken elsewhere that covers substantially the same material.

For the Ph.D. degree, students must also complete at least three terms of Computer Science 201 with grades of Satisfactory. Competence in any or all courses in breadth requirements may be demonstrated in one of three ways:

1. Satisfactory completion of the course at UCLA with a grade of B– or better
2. Satisfactory completion of an equivalent course at another university with a grade of B– or better
3. Satisfactory completion of a final examination in the course at UCLA

For requirements for the Graduate Certificate of Specialization, see Engineering Schoolwide Programs.
Written and Oral Qualifying Examinations
The written qualifying examination consists of a high-quality paper, solely authored by the student. The paper can be either a research paper containing an original contribution or a focused critical survey paper. The paper should demonstrate that the student understands and can integrate and communicate ideas clearly and concisely. It should be approximately 10 pages single-spaced, and the style should be suitable for submission to a first-rate technical conference or journal. The paper must represent work that the student did as a graduate student at UCLA. Any contributions that are not the student’s own, including those of the student’s adviser, must be explicitly acknowledged in detail. Prior to submission, the paper must be reviewed by the student’s adviser on a cover page with the adviser’s signature indicating review. After submission, the paper must be reviewed and approved by at least two other members of the faculty. There are two deadlines a year for submission of papers. After passing the preliminary examination and coursework for the major and minor fields, the student should form a doctoral committee and prepare to take the University Oral Qualifying Examination. A doctoral committee consists of a minimum of four members. Three members, including the chair, must hold appointments in the Computer Science Department at UCLA. The remaining member must be a UCLA faculty member outside the Computer Science Department. The nature and content of the oral qualifying examination are at the discretion of the doctoral committee but ordinarily include a broad inquiry into the student’s preparation for research. The doctoral committee also reviews the prospectus of the dissertation at the oral qualifying examination.

Fields of Study

Artificial Intelligence
Artificial intelligence (AI) is the study of intelligent behavior. While other fields such as philosophy, psychology, neuroscience, and linguistics are also concerned with the study of intelligence, the distinguishing feature of AI is that it deals primarily with information processing models. Thus the central scientific question of artificial intelligence is how intelligent behavior can be reduced to information processing. Since even the simplest computer is a completely general information processing device, the test of whether some behavior can be explained by information processing mechanisms is whether a computer can be programmed to produce the same behavior. Just as human intelligence involves gathering sensory input and producing physical action in the world, in addition to purely mental activity, the computer for AI purposes is extended to include sense organs such as cameras and microphones, and output devices such as wheels, robotic arms, and speakers.

The predominant research paradigm in artificial intelligence is to select some behavior that seems to require intelligence on the part of humans, to theorize about how the behavior might be accounted for, and to implement the theory in a computer program to produce the same behavior. If successful, such an experiment lends support to the claim that the selected behavior is reducible to information processing terms, and may suggest the program’s architecture as a candidate explanation of the corresponding human process.

The UCLA Computer Science Department has active research in the following major subfields of artificial intelligence:

1. Problem Solving. Analysis of tasks, such as playing chess or proving theorems, that require reasoning about relatively long sequences of primitive actions, deductions, or inferences.

2. Knowledge representation and qualitative reasoning. Analysis of tasks such as commonsense reasoning and qualitative physics. Here the deductive chains are short, but the amount of knowledge that potentially may be brought to bear is very large.

3. Expert systems. Study of large amounts of specialized or highly technical knowledge that is often probabilistic in nature. Typical domains include medical diagnosis and engineering design.

4. Natural language processing. Symbolic, statistical, and artificial neural network approaches to text comprehension and generation.

5. Computer vision. Processing of images, as from a TV camera, to infer spatial properties of the objects in the scene (three-dimensional shape), their dynamics (motion), their photometry (material and light), and their identity (recognition).

6. Robotics. Translation of a high-level command, such as picking up a particular object, into a sequence of low-level control signals that might move the joints of a robotic arm/hand combination to accomplish the task; often this involves using a computer vision system to locate objects and provide feedback.

7. Machine learning. Study of the means by which a computer can automatically improve its performance on a task by acquiring knowledge about the domain.

8. Parallel architecture. Design and programming of a machine with thousands or even millions of simple processing elements to produce intelligent behavior; the human brain is an example of such a machine.

Computational Systems Biology
The computational systems biology (CSB) field can be selected as a major or minor field for the Ph.D. or as a specialization area for the M.S. degree in Computer Science. Graduate studies and research in the CSB field are focused on computational modeling and analysis of biological systems and biological data.

Core coursework is concerned with the methods and tools development for computational, algorithmic, and dynamic systems network modeling of biological systems at molecular, cellular, organ, whole organism, or population levels—and leveraging them in biosystem and bioinformatics applications. Methodological studies include bioinformatics and systems biology modeling, with focus on genomics, proteomics, metabolomics, and higher levels of biological/physiological organization, as well as multiscale approaches integrating the parts.

Typical research areas with a systems focus include molecular and cellular systems biology, organ systems physiology, medical, pharmacological, pharmacokinetic (PK), pharmacodynamic (PD), toxicokinetic (TK), physiologically based PBPK-PD, PBTK, and pharmacogenomic system studies; neurosystems, imaging and remote sensing systems, robotics, learning and knowledge-based systems, visualization, and virtual clinical environments. Typical research areas with a bioinformatics focus include development of computational methods for analysis of high-throughput molecular data, including genomic sequences, gene expression data, protein-protein interaction, and genetic variation. These computational
methods leverage techniques from both statistics and algorithms.

**Computer Networks**
The computer networks field involves the study of computer networks of different types, in different media (wired, wireless), and for different applications. Besides the study of network architectures and protocols, this field also emphasizes distributed algorithms, distributed systems, and the ability to evaluate system performance at various levels of granularity (but principally at the systems level). In order to understand and predict systems behavior, mathematical models are pursued that lead to the evaluation of system throughput, response time, utilization of devices, flow of jobs and messages, bottlenecks, speedup, power, etc. In addition, students are taught to design and implement computer networks using formal design methodologies subject to appropriate cost and objective functions. The tools required to carry out this design include probability theory, queuing theory, distributed systems theory, mathematical programming, control theory, operating systems design, simulation methods, measurement tools, and heuristic design procedures. The outcome of these studies provides the following:

1. An appropriate model of the computer system under study
2. An adequate (exact or approximate) analysis of the behavior of the model
3. The validation of the model as compared to simulation and/or measurement of the system
4. Interpretation of the analytical results in order to obtain behavioral patterns and key parameters of the system
5. Design methodology

**Resource Allocation**
A central problem in the design and evaluation of computer networks deals with the allocation of resources among competing demands (e.g., wireless channel bandwidth allocation to backlogged stations). In fact, resource allocation is a significant element in most of the technical (and nontechnical) problems we face today.

Most of our resource allocation problems arise from the unpredictability of the demand for the use of these resources, as well as from the fact that the resources are geographically distributed (as in computer networks). The computer networks field encounters such resource allocation problems in many forms and in many different computer system configurations. Our goal is to find allocation schemes that permit suitable concurrency in the use of devices (resources) so as to achieve efficiency and equitable allocation. A very popular approach in distributed systems is allocation on demand, as opposed to prescheduled allocation. On-demand allocation is found to be effective, since it takes advantage of statistical averaging effects. It comes in many forms in computer networks and is known by names such as asynchronous time division multiplexing, packet switching, frame relay, random access, and so forth.

**Computer Science Theory**
Computer science is in large measure concerned with information processing systems, their applications, and the corresponding problems of representation, transformation, and communication. The computer science fields are concerned with different aspects of such systems, and each has its own theoretical component with appropriate models for description and analysis, algorithms for solving the related problems, and mathematical tools. Thus in a certain sense computer science theory involves all of computer science and participates in all disciplines.

The term theoretical computer science has come to be applied nationally and internationally to a certain body of knowledge emphasizing the interweaving themes of computability and algorithms, interpreted in the broadest sense. Under computability, one includes questions concerning which tasks can and cannot be performed by information systems of different types restricted in various ways, as well as the mathematical analysis of such systems, their computations, and the languages for communication with them. Under algorithms, one includes questions concerning (1) how a task can be performed efficiently under reasonable assumptions on available resources (e.g., time, storage, type of processor), (2) how efficiently a proposed system performs a task in terms of resources used, and (3) the limits on how efficiently a task can be performed. These questions are often addressed by first developing models of the relevant parts of an information processing system (e.g., the processors, their interconnections, their rules of operation, the means by which instructions are conveyed to the system, or the way the data is handled) or of the input/output behavior of the system as a whole. The properties of such models are studied both for their own interest and as tools for understanding the system and improving its performance or applications.

**Computer System Architecture**
Computer system architecture deals with the design, implementation, and evaluation of computer systems and their building blocks. It deals with general-purpose systems as well as embedded special-purpose systems. The field also encompasses the development of tools to enable system designers to describe, model, fabricate, and test highly complex computer systems.

Computer systems are implemented as a combination of hardware and software. Hence, research in the field of computer architecture often involves both hardware and software issues. The requirements of application software and operating systems, together with the capabilities of compilers, play a critical role in determining the features implemented in hardware. At the same time, the computer architect must also take into account the capabilities and limitations of the underlying implementation technology as well as of the design tools.

The goal of research in computer architecture is to develop building blocks, system organizations, design techniques, and design tools that lead to improved performance and reliability as well as reduced power consumption and cost.

Corresponding to the richness and diversity of computer systems architecture research at UCLA, a comprehensive set of courses is offered in the areas of advanced processor architecture, arithmetic processor systems, parallel and distributed architectures, fault-tolerant systems, reconfigurable systems, embedded systems, and computer-aided design of VLSI circuits and systems.

1. **Novel architectures** encompass the study of computations that are performed in ways that are quite different than those used by conventional machines. Examples include various domain-specific architectures charac-
2. The study of **high-performance processing algorithms** deals with algorithms for very high-performance numerical processing. Techniques such as redundant-digit representations of number systems, fast arithmetic, and the use of highly parallel arrays of processing elements are studied with the goal of providing the extremely high processing speeds required in a number of upcoming computer applications.

3. The study of **computational algorithms and structures** deals with the relationship between computational algorithms and the physical structures that can be employed to carry them out. It includes the study of interconnection networks, and the way that algorithms can be formulated for efficient implementation where regularity of structure and simplicity of interconnections are required.

4. **Computer-aided design of VLSI circuits and systems** is an active research area that develops techniques for the automated synthesis and analysis of large-scale systems. Topics include high-level and logic-level synthesis, technology mapping, physical design, interconnect modeling, and optimization of various VLSI technologies such as full-custom designs, standard cells, programmable logic devices (PLDs), multichip modules (MCMs), system-on-a-chip (SoC), network-on-a-chip (NoC), system-in-a-package (SiP), and design for nanotechnologies.

5. **VLSI architectures and implementation** is an area of current interest and collaboration between the Electrical Engineering and Computer Science Departments that addresses the impact of large-scale integration on the issues of computer architecture. Application of these systems in medicine and healthcare, multimedia, and finance is being studied in collaboration with other schools on campus.

**Graphics and Vision**


**Information and Data Management**

The information and data management field focuses on basic problems of modeling and managing data and knowledge, and their relation with other fundamental areas of computer science, such as operating systems and networking, programming languages, and human-computer interface design.

A data management system embodies a collection of data, devices in which the data are stored, and logic or programs used to manipulate that data. Information management is a generalization of data management in which the data being stored are permitted to be arbitrarily complex data structures, such as rules and trees. In addition, information management goes beyond simple data manipulation and query and includes inference mechanisms, explanation facilities, and support for distributed and web-based access.

The need for rapid, accurate information is pervasive in all aspects of modern life. Modern systems are based on the coordination and integration of multiple levels of data representation, from characteristics of storage devices to conceptual and abstract levels. As human enterprises have become more complex, involving more complicated decisions and trade-offs among decisions, the need for sophisticated information and data management has become essential.

**Software Systems**

The programming languages and systems field is concerned with the study of theory and practice in the development of software systems. Well-engineered systems require appreciation of both principles and architectural trade-offs. Principles provide abstractions and rigor that lead to clean designs, while systems-level understanding is essential for effective design.

Principles here encompass the use of programming systems to achieve specified goals, the identification of useful programming abstractions or paradigms, the development of comprehensive models of software systems, and so forth. The thrust is to identify and clarify concepts that apply in many programming contexts.

Development of software systems requires an understanding of many methodological and architectural issues. The complex systems developed today rely on concepts and lessons that have been extracted from years of research on programming languages, operating systems, database systems, knowledge-based systems, real-time systems, and distributed and parallel systems.

**Facilities**

Departmental laboratory facilities for instruction and research include:

**Artificial Intelligence Laboratories**

**Artificial Intelligence Laboratory**

The Artificial Intelligence Laboratory is used for investigating knowledge representation systems, pattern recognition, expert systems, intelligent user agents, planning, problem solving, heuristic search, and related areas.

**Cognitive Systems Laboratory**

The Cognitive Systems Laboratory is used for studying systems that emulate human cognition, especially learning, planning, and reasoning under uncertainty. Topics include causal reasoning, knowledge discovery, knowledge compilation, physical systems diagnosis, and automated explanation. See http://singapore.cs.ucla.edu.

**Collaborative Design Laboratory**

The Collaborative Design Laboratory is used for investigating methods for effective computer support of small teams involved in design and research.

**Computational Systems Biology Laboratories**

**Biocybernetics Laboratory**

The Biocybernetics Laboratory emphasizes integrative, interdisciplinary computation biology and experimentation in life sciences, medicine, physiology, and pharmacology. Laboratory pedagogy involves development and exploitation of the synergistic and methodologic interface between modeling and laboratory data and experimentation, and integrated approaches for solving complex biosystem problems from sparse biodata. See http://biocyb.cs.ucla.edu.

**Biomedical Engineering Laboratory**

The Biomedical Engineering Laboratory was established jointly by HSSEAS and the School of Medicine to support courses and research projects in health care information systems, covering issues in user requirements specifications, image data processing and retrieval, feature abstraction, simulation and analysis, visualization, and systems integration.

**Computational Cardiology Laboratory**

The Computational Cardiology Laboratory is a computational laboratory for mathematical modeling and computer simulation of cardiac systems in normal and patholog-
ical conditions. The goals of laboratory researchers are two-fold: to find the mechanism of heart fibrillation, the main cause of sudden cardiac death; and to improve the efficiency of computer simulation by using parallel computer architecture with specially-developed numerical algorithms. All research is carried out in collaboration with the UCLA Cardiology Department.

Human/Computer Interface Laboratory
The Human/Computer Interface Laboratory focuses on the use of cognitive science concepts to design more reliable user-friendly interfaces with computer and communication systems and the modeling and visualization of scientific data. See http://www.cs.ucla.edu/hcip/.

Computer Graphics and Vision Laboratories
Center for Image and Vision Science (CIVS)
The Center for Image and Vision Science supports interdisciplinary research between the departments of Statistics and Computer Science in various aspects of visual modeling and inference. See http://civs.stat.ucla.edu/research.html.

W. M. Keck Laboratory for Computer Vision
The laboratory, sponsored by a grant from the W. M. Keck Foundation, hosts a variety of high-end equipment for vision research including a full 360-degree light dome, 3-D laser scanners, cameras, lights, lenses, mobile robots, and virtual reality setup to support vision research in the departments of Statistics, Computer Science, Psychology, and Neuroscience.

MAGIX: Modeling Animation and Graphics Laboratory
The MAGIX: Modeling Animation and Graphics Laboratory is used for research on computer graphics, especially targeted towards the video game and motion picture industries, with emphasis on geometric, physics-based, and artificial life modeling and animation, including motion capture techniques, biomechanical simulation, behavioral animation, and graphics applications of machine learning, AI, and robotics. See http://www.magix.ucla.edu.

UCLA Collective on Vision and Image Sciences

UCLA Vision Laboratory
The UCLA Vision Laboratory is used for computer vision research, in particular the processing of sensory information to retrieve mathematical models of the environment in order for machines to interact with it. Applications include shape analysis, visual motion analysis, visual recognition, 3-D reconstruction, and vision-based control (for instance, autonomous vehicle navigation). See http://vision.ucla.edu.

Computer Networks Laboratories
CENS Systems Laboratory
The CENS Systems Laboratory is used for research on the architectural challenges posed by massively distributed, large-scale, physically coupled, and usually untethered and small-form-factor computing systems. Through prototype implementations and simulation, such issues as data diffusion protocols, localization, time synchronization, low-power wireless communications, and self-configuration are explored. See http://ecs.cs.ucla.edu.

Computer Communications Laboratory
The Computer Communications Laboratory is used for investigating local-area networks, packet-switching networks, and packet-radio networks.

High-Performance Internet Laboratory
The High-Performance Internet Laboratory is used for investigating high-performance quality of service (QoS) techniques in the Internet, including QoS routing in Internet domains, QoS fault-tolerant multicast, TCP congestion control, and gigabit network measurements. See http://www.cs.ucla.edu/NRL/hipi/.

Internet Research Laboratory
The Internet Research Laboratory (IRL) is used for exploring the forefront of current Internet architecture and protocol development, including quantifying the dynamics in large-scale networks and securing large-scale systems such as the Internet routing infrastructure and Domain Name System (DNS). See http://irl.cs.ucla.edu.

Network Research Laboratory
The Network Research Laboratory is used for investigating wireless local-area networks (with specific interest in ad-hoc networks, vehicular networks, and personal-area networks) and the interaction between wired and wireless network layers, middleware, and applications. Activities include protocol development, protocol analysis and simulation, and wireless testbed experiments. See http://www.cs.ucla.edu/NRL/wireless/.

Computer Science Theory Laboratories
Center for Information and Computation Security (CICS)
The Center for Information and Computation Security (CICS) promotes all aspects of research and education in cryptography and computer security. See http://www.cs.ucla.edu/security/.

Theory Laboratory
The Theory Laboratory is used for developing theoretical foundations for all areas of computer science. Activities include fundamental research into algorithms, computational complexity, distributed computing, cryptography, hardware and software security, quantum computing, biological computing, machine learning, and computational geometry.

Computer Systems Architecture Laboratories
Concurrent Systems Laboratory
The Concurrent Systems Laboratory is used for investigating the design, implementation, and evaluation of computer systems that use state-of-the-art technology to achieve high performance and high reliability. Projects involve both software and hardware, and often focus on parallel and distributed systems in the context of general-purpose as well as embedded applications. See http://www.cs.ucla.edu/csd/research/labs/csl/.

Digital Arithmetic and Reconfigurable Architecture Laboratory
The Digital Arithmetic and Reconfigurable Architecture Laboratory is used for fast digital arithmetic (theory, algorithms, and design) and numerically intensive computing on reconfigurable hardware. Research includes floating-point arithmetic, online arithmetic, application-specific architectures, and design tools. See http://arith.cs.ucla.edu.

Embedded and Reconfigurable System Design Laboratory
The Embedded and Reconfigurable System Design Laboratory is used for studying reconfigurable cores in embedded systems that provide the required adaptability and reconfigurability, and the design and
CAD aspects of low-power embedded systems. See http://er.cs.ucla.edu.

**VLSI CAD Laboratory**

The VLSI CAD Laboratory is used for computer-aided design of VLSI circuits and systems. Areas include high-level and logic-level synthesis, technology mapping, physical design, interconnect modeling and optimization of various VLSI technologies such as full-custom designs, standard cells, programmable logic devices (PLDs), multichip modules (MCMs), system-on-a-chip (SOCs), system-in-a-package (SIPs), and design for nanotechnologies. See http://cadlab.cs.ucla.edu.

**Information and Data Management Laboratories**

**Data Mining Laboratory**

The Data Mining Laboratory is used for extraction of patterns, anomalies, concepts, classification rules, and other forms of high-level relationships that are latent in large commercial and scientific databases. See http://dml.cs.ucla.edu/main.html.

**Knowledge-Based Multimedia Medical Distributed Database Systems Laboratory**

The Knowledge-Based Multimedia Medical Distributed Database Systems Laboratory is used for developing new methodologies to access multimedia (numeric, text, image/picture) data by content and feature rather than by artificial keys such as patient ID. See http://www.kmed.cs.ucla.edu.

**Multimedia Stream System Laboratory**

The Multimedia Stream System Laboratory is used for investigation and development of stream-based data model constructs and the corresponding querying facilities in response to the growing requirements of advanced multimedia database applications. See http://www.mmss.cs.ucla.edu.

**Multimedia Systems Laboratory**

The Multimedia Systems Laboratory is used for research on all aspects of multimedia: physical and logical modeling of multimedia objects, real-time delivery of continuous multimedia, operating systems and networking issues in multimedia systems, and development of multimedia courseware. See http://www.mmsl.cs.ucla.edu.

**UCLA Web Information Systems Laboratory**

The UCLA Web Information Systems Laboratory is used for investigating Web-based information systems. The laboratory seeks to develop the enabling technology for such systems by integrating the Web with database systems. Current projects focus on the preservation and warehousing of XML and database information to support temporal queries on historical archives, and data systems management systems to support advanced queries and data mining applications on the massive streams of information that are continuously flowing through the Web. See http://wis.cs.ucla.edu.

**Software Systems Laboratories**

**Compilers Laboratory**

The Compilers Laboratory is used for research into compilers, embedded systems, and programming languages.

**Distributed Simulation Laboratory**

The Distributed Simulation Laboratory is used for research on operating system support and applications and utilization of special architectures such as the Intel Hypercube.

**Laboratory for Advanced System Research**

The Laboratory for Advanced System Research is used for developing advanced operating systems, distributed systems, and middleware and conducting research in systems security.

**Parallel Computing Laboratory**

The Parallel Computing Laboratory is used for research in scalable simulation, providing an efficient lightweight simulation language, as well as tools for large-scale parallel simulation on modern supercomputers. See http://pcl.cs.ucla.edu.

**Software Systems Laboratory**

The Software Systems Laboratory is used for research into the design, implementation, and evaluation of operating systems, networked systems, programming languages, and software engineering tools. Some of these research laboratories also provide support for upper division and/or graduate courses.

**Computing Resources**

In summarizing the resources now available to conduct experimentally based research in the UCLA Computer Science Department, it is useful to identify the major components of the research environment: the departmental computing facility, other hardware and software systems, administrative structure, and technical support staff.

**Hardware**

Computing facilities range from large campus-operated supercomputers to a major local network of servers and workstations that are administered by the department computing facilities (DCF) or school network (SEASnet).

The departmental research network includes Sun servers and shared workstations, on the school’s own ethernet TCP/IP local network. A wide variety of peripheral equipment is also part of the facility, and many more research-group workstations share the network; the total number of machines exceeds 700, the majority running the Linux operating system. The network consists of switched10/100/1000 ethernet to the desktop with a gigabit backbone connection. The department LAN is connected to the campus gigabit backbone. An 802.11g wireless network is also available to faculty, staff, and graduate students.

**Administrative Structure**

The central facilities and wide-area networking are operated by the campuswide Communications Technology Services. Access to the departmental and SEASNet machines is controlled so as to maximize the usefulness of these computers for education and research, but no direct charges are involved.

**Technical Support Staff**

The support staff consists of hardware and software specialists. The hardware laboratory supports network connections, configures routers, switches, and network monitoring tools. The software group administers the department UNIX servers, providing storage space and backup for department users.

**Faculty Areas of Thesis Guidance**

**Professors**

Alfonso F. Cardenas, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1969) Database management, distributed heterogeneous and multimedia (text, image/picture, video, voice) systems, information systems planning and development methodologies, software engineering, medical informatics, legal and intellectual property issues

Tony F.C. Chan, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1978) Image processing and computer vision, multilevel techniques for VLSI physical design, computational techniques for brain mapping
Stefano Soatto, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1996)
Computer vision; shape analysis, motion analysis, texture analysis, 3-D reconstruction, vision-based control, computer graphics: image-based modeling and rendering; medical imaging; registration, segmentation, statistical shape analysis; autonomous systems: sensor-based control and planning; non-linear filtering; human-computer interaction: vision-based interfaces, visibility, visualization.

Mani B. Srivastava, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1992)
Energy aware networking and computing, embedded networked sensing, embedded software, low-power wireless systems and applications of wireless and embedded technology.

Demetri Terzopoulos, Ph.D. (MIT, 1984)
Computer graphics, computer vision, medical imaging, and computer-aided design, artificial life intelligence.

Alan L. Yuille, Ph.D. (Cambridge University, 1986)
Computer vision, computational models of cognition, machine learning.

Carlo Zaniolo, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1976)
Knowledge bases and deductive databases, parallel execution of SQL programs, formal software specifications, distributed systems, artificial intelligence, and computational biology.

Lixia Zhang, Ph.D. (MIT, 1989)
Computer network, Internet architecture, protocol design, security and resiliency of large-scale systems.

Song-Chun Zhu, Ph.D. (Harvard, 1996)
Computer vision, statistical modeling and computing, vision and visual arts, machine learning.

Professors Emeriti

Digital computer architecture and design, fault-tolerant computing, digital arithmetic.

Rajive L. Bagrodia, Ph.D. (U. Texas, 1987)
Wireless networks, nomadic computing, parallel programming, performance evaluation of computer and communication systems.

Bertram Russell, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1962)
Computer systems architecture, interactive computer graphics.

Jack W. Caryle, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1961)
Computer architecture, computer theory and practice, algorithms and complexity, discrete system theory, developmental and probabilistic systems.

Wesley W. Chu, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1966)
Distributed computing, distributed database, memory management, computer communications, performance measurement and evaluation for distributed systems and multiaccess packet-switched systems.

Gerald Estrin, Ph.D. (Wisconsin, 1951)
Computer systems architecture, methodology and supporting tools for design of concurrent systems, automating design teamwork, reconfigurable architectures.

Thelma Estrin, Ph.D. (Wisconsin, 1951)
Biomedical engineering, application of technology and computers to health care, computer methods in neuroscience, engineering education.

Leonard Kleinrock, Ph.D. (MIT, 1963)
Computer networks, computer-communication systems, resource sharing and allocation, computer systems architecture, analysis and design, queueing theory and applications, performance evaluation of congested computer systems, performance evaluation and design of distributed multiaccess packet-switching systems, wireless networks, mobile computing, nomadic computing, and distributed and parallel processing systems.

Assistant Professors

Petros Faloutsos, Ph.D. (Toronto, 2002)
Computer graphics, computer animation.

Adam W. Meyerson, Ph.D. (Stanford, 2002)
Approximation algorithms, randomized algorithms, online algorithms, theoretical problems in networks and databases.

Zhuowen Tu, Ph.D. (Ohio State, 2002)
Statistical modeling/computing, computational biology, machine learning, brain imaging.
Senior Lecturer
Leon Levine, M.S. (MIT, 1949), Emeritus
Computer methodology

Lecturers S.O.E.
Paul R. Eggert, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1980)
Programming languages, operating systems principles, compilers, Internet
David A. Smialkowski, M.S. (UCLA, 1998)
Programming languages, software development

Adjunct Professors
Alan Kay, Ph.D. (Utah, 1969)
Object-oriented programming, personal computing, graphical user interfaces
Boris Kogan, Ph.D. (Moscow, Russia, 1962)
Mathematical modeling and computer simulation (using parallel supercomputers) of dynamic processor in excitable biological systems, particularly mechanisms of heart arrhythmias, fibrillation and defibrillation
Peter L. Reiher, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1987)
Computer and network security, ubiquitous computing, file and record systems: distributed systems
M. Yahya Sanadidi, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1982)
Computer networking, path characteristics estimation and applications in flow control, adaptive streaming and overlay design, probability models of computing systems, algorithms and networks

Lower Division Courses

1. Freshman Computer Science Seminar. (1)
Seminar, one hour; discussion, one hour. Introduc-
tion to department resources and principal topics and
key ideas in computer science and computer engi-
neering. Assignments given to bolster independent study
and writing skills. Letter grading. Mr. Cong (F)

2. Great Ideas in Computer Science. (4)
Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Broad cover-
age for liberal arts and social sciences students of computer
science theory, technology, and implications, in-
cluding artificial and neural machine intelli-
cence, computability limits, virtual reality, cellular auto-
toma, artificial life, programming languages survey,
and philosophical and societal implications. P/NP or
letter grading. Mr. Dyer (Sp)

19. Fiat Lux Freshman Seminars. (1)
Seminar, one hour. Discussion of and critical thinking about topics of
current intellectual importance, taught by faculty
members in their areas of expertise and illuminating many paths of discovery at UCLA. P/NP grading.

31. Introduction to Computer Science I. (4)
Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study,
six hours. Introduction to computer science via theo-
ry, applications, and programming. Basic data types,
operators and control structures, input/output, proce-
dural and data abstraction. Introduction to object-or-
iented software development. Functions, recursion,
arrays, strings, pointers. Abstract data types, object-
oriented programming. Examples and exercises from computer science theory and applications. Letter grading.
Mr. Paolisberg, Mr. Smialkowski (F,W,Sp)

32. Introduction to Computer Science II. (4)
Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study,
six hours. Enforced requisite: course 31. Object-ori-
ented software development. Abstract data type defi-
nition and use. Overloading, inheritance, polymor-
phism. Object-oriented view of data structures:
stacks, queues, lists. Algorithm analysis. Trees, graphs, and associated algorithms. Searching and
sorting. Case studies and exercises from computer science applications. Letter grading.
Mr. Paolisberg, Mr. Smialkowski (W,Sp)

33. Introduction to Computer Organization. (5)
Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, nine hours. Enforced requisite: course 32. In-
troduction to the design of computer architecture, assem-
bly language, and operating systems fundamentals. Number systems, machine language, and assembly language. Procedure calls, stacks, interrupts, and traps. Assemblers, linkers, and operating systems fundamentals: processes and process manage-
ment, input/output (I/O) programming, memory man-
agement, file systems. Letter grading.
Mr. Paolisberg, Mr. Smialkowski (F,Sp)

35L. Software Construction Laboratory. (2)
(form-
erly numbered 35.) Laboratory, four hours; outside study, two hours, two requites: course 31. Fundamen-
tals of computer science and engineering, particularly open-source tools to be used in upper division computer science courses. Letter grading.
Mr. Eggert, Mr. Paolisberg (F,Sp)

M51A. Logic Design of Digital Systems. (4)
(Same as Electrical Engineering 16.) Lecture, four hours,
discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Intro-
duction to digital systems. Specification and imple-
mentation of combinational and sequential systems. Standard logic families, and programmable logic ar-
rays. Specification and implementation of algorithmic systems: data and control sections. Number systems and arithmetic algorithms. Error control codes for dig-
ital information transmission. Letter grading.
Mr. Ercoguc, Mr. Potkonjak (F,Sp)

97. Variable Topics in Computer Science. (1 to 4)
Lecture, one to four hours; discussion, zero to two hours. Designed for freshmen/sophomores. Variable topics in computer science not covered in regular computer science courses. May be repeated once for credit with topic or instructor change. Letter grading.
Mr. Paolisberg

99. Student Research Program. (1 to 2) Tutorial
(supervised research or other scholarly work), three hours per week per unit. Entry-level research for low-
ner division students under guidance of faculty mentor. Students must be in good academic standing and en-
rolled in minimum of 12 units (excluding this course). Individual contract required; consult Undergraduate Research Center. May be repeated. P/NP grading.

Upper Division Courses

101. Upper Division Computer Science Seminar. (1)
Seminar, one hour; discussion, one hour. Intro-
duction to current research, trends, emerging areas, and current state-of-the-art research in computer science and engineering. Assignments given to bolster indepen-
dent study and writing skills. Letter grading.

111. Operating Systems Principles. (4)
Lecture, four hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 32, 33, 35L. Introduction to operating systems design and evaluation. Comput-
er software systems performance, robustness, and
functionality. Kernel structure, bootstrapping, input/ output (I/O) devices and interrupts. Processes and threads; address space, memory management, and
virtual memory. Scheduling, synchronization. File
systems: layout, performance, robustness. Distribut-
ed systems: networking, remote procedure call (RPC), asynchronous RPC, distributed file systems. Transations. Protection and security. Exercises in-
volving applications using, and internals of, real-world operating systems. Letter grading.
Mr. Eggert, Mr. Kohler (F,Sp)

112. Computer System Modeling Fundamentals. (4)
Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; out-
side study, six hours. Requisites: Statistics 100A or 110A. Designed for juniors/seniors. Probability and
stochastic process models as applied in computer
science. Basic probability concepts include random
variables, conditional probability, expectation and
higher moments, Bayes theorem, Markov chains. Ap-
plications include probabilistic algorithms, evidential reasoning, algorithms for propositional data struc-
tures, reliability, communication protocol and queue-
ning models. Letter grading. Mr. Gerla, Mr. Munzt (W)

113. Introduction to Distributed Embedded Sys-
tems. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: courses 111, 118. Introduction to basic concepts, design, and imple-
ment wireless distributed embedded systems. Topics include design implications of energy and otherwise resource-constrained nodes, analysis, network self-configuration, loc-
calization and time synchronization, applications, and
usage issues such as human interfaces, security,
and data transmission. Heavily project based. Letter grading. Ms. Estrin

M117. Computer Networks: Physical Layer. (6)
(Same as Electrical Engineering M117.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, four hours; outside study, ten hours. Requisites: courses 32, 33, 35L, 111. Enforced requisite: course M171L. Introduction to fundamental data commun-
ication concepts underlying and supporting modern networks, with focus on physical and media access layers of network protocol stack. Includes high-speed LANs (e.g., fast and giga Ethernet), opti-
cal DWDM (dense wavelength division multiplexing), time division SONET networks, wireless LANs (IEEE802.11), and ad hoc wireless and personal area networks (e.g., Bluetooth). Experimental labora-
tory sessions included. Letter grading.
Mr. Gerla (W,Sp)

118. Computer Network Fundamentals. (4)
Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 32, 33, 35L, 111. De-
signed for juniors/seniors. Introduction to design and performance evaluation of computer networks, in-
cluding such topics as network protocols and the lay-
ters of network protocol stack. Includes network architecture, Internet protocol architecture, network applications, transport protocols, routing al-
rithms and protocols, internetworking, congestion control, and link layer technologies, including Ethernet and wireless channels. Letter grading.
Mr. Gerla, Ms. Zhang (F,Sp)

CM121. Introduction to Bioinformatics. (4)
(Same as Chemistry CM160A.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours. Enforced requisite: course CM121. Introduction to computational problems in biology. Topics include probability, statistics, and genetics, human population history, linkage analysis, genotyping technologies. Computational tech-
niques include those from statistics and computer
science. Concurrently scheduled with course CM222. Letter grading.
Mr. Eskin (F)

CM122. Algorithms in Bioinformatics and Sys-
tems Biology. (4) (Same as Chemistry CM160B.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours. Enforced requisite: course CM121. Introduction to biological problems in systems biology. Emphasis on\nunderstanding of mechanisms for determining statistical significance of computationally derived results. De-
velopment of foundation for innovative work in bioin-
formatics and systems biology. Concurrency scheduled
with course CM222. Letter grading.
Mr. Eskin (Not offered 2009-10)

CM124. Computational Genetics. (4) (Same as Hu-
man Genetics CM124.) Lecture, three hours; discussion, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requina-
tion: one statistics course and familiarity with any pro-
gramming language. Designed for undergraduate and graduate engineering students, as well as stu-
dents from biological sciences and medical school. Introduction to current quantitative understanding of human genetics and computational interdisciplinary research in genetics. Topics include introduction to genetics, human population history, linkage analysis, association analysis, association study design, isolat-
ed and admixed populations, population substra-
ture, association studies, variable model organisms, and genotyping technologies. Computational tech-
niques include those from statistics and computer
science. Concurrently scheduled with course CM224. Letter grading.
Mr. Eskin (Sp)
130. Software Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 32, 35L. Recommended: Engineering 183 or 185. Structured programming, program specification, program proving, modularity, abstract data types, composite design, software tools, software control systems, program testing, team programming. Letter grading. Mr. Epstein, Mr. Jain, Mr. Maunder (W,SP)

131. Programming Languages. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 32, 33, 35L. Basic concepts in design and use of programming languages, including abstraction, modularity, control mechanisms, types, declarations, syntax, and semantics. Study of several different language paradigms, including functional, object-oriented, and logic programming. Letter grading. Mr. Eggert, Mr. Millest (F)

132. Compiler Construction. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 32, 33, 35L, 121, 181. Compiler structure; lexical and syntactic analysis; semantic analysis and code generation; theory of parsing. Letter grading. Mr. Eggert, Mr. Palsberg (W)

133. Parallel and Distributed Computing. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 111 (may be taken concurrently), 131. Distributed memory and shared memory parallel architectures; asynchronous parallel languages; MPI, MapReduce; primitives for parallel computation; implementation of parallelism, interprocess communication and synchronization; design of parallel programs for scientific computation and distributed systems. Letter grading. Mr. Cong (SP)

134. Introduction to Computer Security. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 111, 118. Introduction to basic concepts of information security necessary for students to understand risks and mitigations associated with protection of systems and data. Topics include security models and architectures, security threats and risk analysis, access control and authentication/authorization, cryptography, network security, secure application design, and ethics and law. Letter grading. Mr. Eggert, Mr. Reiter (W)

143. Database Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: course 111. Introduction to basic concepts of information security necessary for students to understand risks and mitigations associated with protection of systems and data. Topics include security models and architectures, security threats and risk analysis, access control and authentication/authorization, cryptography, network security, secure application design, and ethics and law. Letter grading. Mr. Eggert, Mr. Reiter (W)

144. Web Application Development. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Enforced requisite: course 143. Important concepts and theory for building effective and safe Web applications and first-hand experience with basic tools. Topics include basic Web architecture and protocol, XML and XML query language, mapping between XML and relational models, information retrieval model and theory, security and user model, Web services and distributed transactions. Letter grading. Mr. Cho (SP)

151B. Computer Systems Architecture. (4) (Same as Electrical Engineering M116C.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 33, and M51A or Electrical Engineering M16. Recommended: courses 111, and M152A or Electrical Engineering M116L. Computer system organization and design, implementation of CPU datapath and control, instruction set design, memory hierarchy (caches, main memory, virtual memory) organization and management, input/output subsystems (bus structures, interrupts, DMA), performance evaluation, pipelined processors. Letter grading. Mr. Reinman, Mr. Tamir (F,SP)


152A. Introductory Digital Design Laboratory. (2) (Same as Electrical Engineering M116C.) Laboratory, four hours; outside study, two hours. Requisite: course M51A or Electrical Engineering M16. Hands-on design, implementation, and debugging of digital logic circuits, use of on-chip and off-chip tools for schematic capture and simulation, implementation of complex circuits using programmed array logic. Design projects. Letter grading. Mr. Sarraza (SP)

152B. Digital Design Project Laboratory. (4) (Formerly numbered M51B2.) Laboratory, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course M51B or Electrical Engineering M16C. Design and implementation of complex digital sub-systems using field-programmable gate arrays (e.g., processors, special-purpose processors, device controllers, and input/output interfaces). Students work in teams to develop and implement designs and to document and give oral presentations of their work. Letter grading. Mr. Sarraza (SP)

161. Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 32. Introduction to fundamental problem solving and knowledge representation paradigms of artificial intelligence. Introductions to Lisp with regular programming assignments. State-space and problem reduction methods, brute-force and heuristic search, planning techniques, two-player games. Knowledge structures including predicators, procedures, definitions, objects, and primitives, frames, scripts. Special topics in natural language processing, expert systems, vision, and parallel architectures. Letter grading. Mr. Darwiche, Mr. Korf (F)

170A. Mathematical Modeling and Methods for Computer Science. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: Mathematics 33B. Introduction to methods for modeling and simulation using interactive computing environments. Extensive coverage of methods for numeric and symbolic computation, matrix algebra, statistics, floating point, optimization, and spectral analysis. Emphasis on applications in simulation of physical systems. Letter grading. Mr. Parker (SP)

171L. Data Communication Systems Laboratory. (2 to 4) (Same as Electrical Engineering M171L.) Laboratory, four to eight hours; outside study, two to four hours. Requisite preparation: course M152A. Limited to seniors. Introduction of analog- and digital signaling principles underlying digital transmission and communication systems. Finite-state models, state diagrams, state transitions, state tables, and state machines. Theory and implementation of switching networks and switching systems. Techniques for design, implementation, and testing of digital systems. Use of simulation software for design and implementation of digital systems. Letter grading. Mr. Gerla (F,SP)

174A. Introduction to Computer Graphics. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 32. Basic principles behind modern two- and three-dimensional computer graphics systems, including complete set of techniques and tools for creating realistic images in real time. Letter grading. Mr. Faloutsos, Mr. Soatto (F,SP)

174B. Introduction to Computer Graphics: Three-Dimensional Photography and Rendering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 174A. State of the art in three-dimensional photography and image-based rendering. How to use cameras and light to capture shape and appearance of real objects and scenes. Letter grading. Mr. Faloutsos, Mr. Soatto (Not offered 2009-10)

174C. Computer Animation. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 174A. Designed for undergraduates. Introduction to computer animation, including basic principles of character modeling, physical and inverse kinematics, forward and inverse dynamics, motion capture animation techniques, physics-based animation of particles and systems, and motor control. Concurrently scheduled with course C274C. Letter grading. Mr. Faloutsos (W, alternate years)

180. Introduction to Algorithms and Complexity. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 32, and Mathematics 61 or 180. Designed for junior/senior Computer Science majors. Introduction to design and analysis of algorithms. Design techniques: divide-and-conquer, greedy method, dynamic programming; solving combinatorial problems with data structures and representations; complexity measures: time, space, upper, lower bounds, asymptotic complexity; NP-completeness. Letter grading. Mr. Gafni, Mr. Meyer (F,SP)

181. Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata Theory. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: course 32, and Mathematics 61 or 180. Designed for junior/senior Computer Science majors. Grammars, automata, and languages. Finite-state languages and finite-state automata. Context-free languages and pushdown stack automata. Unrestricted rewriting systems, recursively enumerable languages, and Turing machines. Closure properties, pumping lemmas, and decision algorithms. Introduction to computability. Letter grading. Ms. Greibach, Mr. Ostrovsky, Mr. Sahai (F,SP)
183. Introduction to Cryptography. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Preparation: knowledge of basic probability theory. Introduction to cryptography, computer security, and basic concepts and techniques. Topics include notions of hardness, one-way functions, hard-core bits, pseudorandom generators, pseudorandom functions and permutations, semantic security, public-key and private-key encryption, key-agreement, homomorphic encryption, zero-knowledge protocols, interactive proofs, non-interactive zero-knowledge protocols, message authentication, digital signatures, interactive proofs, zero-knowledge proofs, collision-resistant hash functions, commitment protocols, and two-party secure computation with static security. Letter grading. Mr. Ostrovsky (Sp, odd years)

M168A. Introduction to Computational and Systems Biology. (2) (Same as Biomedical Engineering M168A and Computational and Systems Biology M168B.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 31 or (Program in Computing 10A), Mathematics 31A, 31B. Survey course designed to introduce students to computational and systems biology. Topics include biological diversity, medicine, providing flavor, culture, and cutting-edge contributions of burgeoning computational multidisciplinary biosciences and aiming for more informed basic for effective introduction. Emphasis on ongoing computational and systems biology research at UCLA in systems biology, bioinformatics, genomics, bioengineering, systems biology software, systems biology, systems bioinformatics, system simulation, and/or other computational and systems biology/biomedical engineering areas. P/NP grading. Mr. DiStefano (F)

M168B. Computational Systems Biology: Modeling and Simulation of Biological Systems. (3) (Formerly numbered M168B.) (Same as Biomedical Engineering M168B and Computational and Systems Biology M168B.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, three hours; outside study, eight hours. Concurrency: Biomedical Engineering 102. Dynamic biosystems modeling and computer simulation methods for studying biological/biomedical processes and systems at multiple levels of organization. Control systems, multicompartamental, predator-prey, pharmacokinetic (PK), pharmacodynamic (PD), and other structural modeling methods applied to life sciences problems. Mathematical models of such problems (biochemical pathways/networks), organ, and organismic levels. Both theory and data-driven modeling, with focus on translating biomodeling goals and data into mathematical models. Emphasis on developing and analyzing computer models. Basics of numerical simulation algorithms, with modeling software exercises in class and PC laboratory assignments. Concurrently scheduled with course CM236B. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano (F)

CM186C. Biomodeling Research and Research Communication Workshop. (2 to 4) (Formerly numbered CM186B, CM186A. Biomedical Engineering CM186C and Computational and Systems Biology M186C.) Lecture, one hour; discussion, two hours; laboratory, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: concurrently directed, closely directed and real research experience in active quantitative systems biology research laboratory. Direction on how to focus on topics of current interest in scientific community, appropriate to student interests and capabilities. Critiques of oral presentations and written progress reports explain how to proceed with search for research results. Major emphasis on effective research reporting, oral and written. Concurrently scheduled with course CM236B. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano (Sp)

188. Special Courses in Computer Science. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Special topics. Requisite: course 118. Special topics for undergraduate students who are taking or have taken introductory computer science courses. Credit may be repeated once for credit with topic or instructor change. Letter grading.

194. Research Group Seminars: Computer Science. (4) Seminar, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for graduate students who are part of research group. Discussion of research methods and current literature in field or of research of faculty members or students. May be repeated for credit. Letter grading. (F,W,Sp)

199. Directed Research in Computer Science. (2 to 8) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to juniors/seniors. Supervised individual research or investigation under guidance of faculty mentor. Culminating paper or project required. May be repeated for credit with school approval. Individual contract required; enrollment permits available in Office of Academic and Student Affairs. Letter grading. (F,W,Sp)

Graduate Courses

201. Computer Science Seminar. (2) Seminar, four hours; outside study, two hours. Designed for graduate computer science students. Seminars on current research topics in computer science. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading. (F,W,Sp)

202. Advanced Computer Science Seminar. (4) Seminar, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Preparation: completion of major field examination in computer science. Current computer science research into theory of, analysis and synthesis of, and applications of information processing systems. Each member completes one tutorial and one or more original pieces of work in one specialized area. May be repeated for credit. Letter grading. Ms. Estrin (F,W,Sp)

211. Network Protocol and Systems Software Design for Wireless and Mobile Internet. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 118. Designed for graduate students. In-depth study of network protocol and systems software design in area of wireless and mobile Internet. Topics include (1) networking fundamentals; design philosophy of TCP/IP; end-to-end arguments, and protocol design principles, (2) networking protocols: 802.11 MAC standard; packet scheduling, mobile IP, ad hoc routing, and wireless TCP, (3) mobile computing systems software: middleware, file system, services, and applications, and (4) topical studies: energy-efficient design, security, location management, and quality of service. Letter grading. Mr. Lu (F)


212B. Queuing Applications: Scheduling Algorithms and Queuing Networks. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 212A. Priority queueing. Applications to time-sharing scheduling algorithms, F/I, Round Robin, Conservation Law, Bounds, Queuing networks: definitions; job flow balance; product form solutions — local balance, M/M/1, computational algorithms for performance measures; asymptotic behavior and bounds; approximation techniques — diffusion — iterative techniques; applications. Letter grading. Mr. Muntz (F)

M213A. Embedded Systems. (4) (Same as Electrical Engineering M202A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 111. Designed for graduate computer science and electrical engineering students. Methodologies and technologies for design of embedded systems. Topics include hardware and software platforms for embedded systems, techniques for modeling, specification of system behavior, software organization, real-time operating system scheduling, real-time communication and hardware scheduling, platform and energy-aware system design, timing synchronization, fault tolerance and debugging, and techniques for hardware and software architecture optimization. Theoretical foundations as well as practical design methods. Letter grading. Mr. Purushotham, Mr. Privitt (F)

M213B. Distributed Embedded Systems. (4) (Same as Electrical Engineering M202B.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 112, 115. Designed for graduate computer science and electrical engineering students. Interdisciplinary course with focus on study of distributed embedded systems concepts needed to realize systems such as wireless sensor and actuator networks for monitoring and control of physical world. Topics include network self-configuration with localization and timing synchronization, energy-aware system design, scheduling protocols for MAC, routing, transport, disruption tolerance; programming issues and models with languages, OS, database, and middleware; in-network compression; computational processing; fundamental characteristics such as coverage, connectivity, capacity, latency, techniques for exploitation and management of actuation and mobility; data and system integrity issues with calibration, faults, debugging, and security, and usage issues such as human interfaces and safety. Letter grading. Ms. Estrin, Mr. Srivastava (F, W, Sp)

214. Data Transmission in Computer Communications. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 112. Resource sharing; computer communication protocol layering; physical, data link, network, and transport layers; ATM; multimedia; building and implementing network protocols; MAC standard, packet scheduling, mobile IP, ad hoc routing, and wireless TCP; (3) mobile computing systems software: middleware, file system, services, and applications, and (4) topical studies: energy-efficient design, security, location management, and quality of service. Letter grading. Mr. Carlyle (F)

215. Computer Communications and Networks. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 112. Resource sharing; computer communications and computer networks. Discrete data streams, formats, rates, transcodings; digital data transmissions via analog signaling in computer communications, media characteristics, systems methodologies, performance analysis; modern designs; physical interfaces in computer communication links; national/ international standards; tests and measurements. Letter grading. Mr. Carlyle (F, W, Sp)

216. Distributed Multiaccess Control in Networks. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 212A, 215. Topics from field of distributed control and access in computer networks, including terrestrial distributed computer networks; satellite packet switching; ground radio packet switching; local networks; commercial network services and architectures. Optional topics include extended error control techniques; modulation; SDLC, HDLC, X.25, etc.; protocol verification; network simulation and measurement; integrated networks; communication processors. Letter grading. Mr. Chu (F, W, Sp)

217A. Internet Architecture and Protocols. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 118. Focus on mastering existing core set of Internet protocols, including IP, core transport protocols, routing protocols, DNS, RTP, and security protocols such as DNSSEC, to understand principles behind design of these protocols, appreciate their design tradeoffs, and learn lessons from their operations. Letter grading. Ms. Zhang
217B. Advanced Topics in Internet Research. (4) (Formerly numbered 217T.) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 217A. Designed for graduate students. Overview of Internet development history and fundamental principles underlying TCP/IP protocol design. Discussion of current Internet research topics, including recent research results in routing protocols, transport protocols, network measurements, network security protocols, and clean-slate approach to network architecture design. Fundamental issues in network protocol design and implementations. Letter grading.

Ms. Zhang


219. Current Topics in Computer System Modeling and Analysis. (2 to 12) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Review of current literature in area of computer system modeling analysis in which instructor has developed special proficiency as consequence of research interests. Subjects report on selected topics. May be repeated for credit with consent of instructor. Letter grading.

CM221. Introduction to Bioinformatics. (4) (Same as Bioinformatics M220A and Chemistry CM260A, and Human Genetics M260A.) Lecture; three hours discussion, one hour. Enforced requisites: course 180 or Program in Computing 60 with grade of C– or better, and Biostatistics 100A or 110A or Mathematics 170A or Statistics 100A or 110A. Introduction to bioinformatics and methodologies, with emphasis on concepts and inventing new bioinformatic methods. Focus on sequence analysis and alignment algorithms. Concurrently scheduled with course CM121. S/U or letter grading. Mr. Eskin (F)

CM222. Algorithms in Bioinformatics and Systems Biology. (4) (Same as Chemistry CM260Bs.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours. Enforced requisite: course CM221 or Chemistry CM260A with grade of C– or better. Recommended: Computer Science 32 or Program in Computing 60, Statistics 100A, 110A. Development and application of computational approaches to biological questions. Understanding of mechanisms for determining statistical significance of computationally derived results. Development and application of SAs in computer science and bioinformatics and systems biology. Concurrently scheduled with course CM122. Letter grading.

Mr. Eskin (Not offered 2009-10)

CM224, Computational Genetics. (4) (Same as Human Genetics CM224.) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Preparation: one statistics course and familiarity with any programming language. Designed for undergraduate and graduate engineering students, as well as students from biological sciences and medical school. Introduction to current quantitative understanding of human genetics and computational-interdisciplinary research in genetics. Topics include introduction to genetics, human population history, linkage analysis, association analysis, association study design, isolated and admixed populations, population substructure, human structural variation, model organisms and genotyping technologies. Computational techniques include those from statistics and computer science. Concurrently scheduled with course CM124. Letter grading.

Mr. Eskin (Sp)

M229S. Seminar: Current Topics in Bioinformat- ics. (4) (Same as Human Genetics M229S.) Seminar; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for graduate students. Overview of Internet research topics, including recent research results in routing protocols, transport protocols, network measurements, network security protocols, and clean-slate approach to network architecture design. Fundamental issues in network protocol design and implementations. Letter grading.

Ms. Zhang

230A. Models of Information and Computation. (4) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 131, 181. Paradigms, models, frameworks, and tools for reasoning about concurrent and sequential programs. Topics include safety, livelock, deadlock, locking, language-based analysis, context-insensitive and flow-sensitive analysis, context-sensitive analysis. Soundness proofs for static analyses. Efficient data structures for implementation of static analysis. Formal specification and implementation of static analysis. Letter grading. Mr. Millstein (F)

232. Static Program Analysis. (4) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 132. Introduction to static analysis of object-oriented programs and its usage for optimization and bug finding. Class hierarchy analysis, rapid type analysis, equality-based analysis, flow-insensitive and flow-sensitive analysis, context-insensitive and context-sensitive analysis. Soundness proofs for static analyses. Efficient data structures for static analysis including sets, directed graphs and binary decision diagrams. Flow-directed method analysis, type-safe method analysis, synchronization analysis, deadlock detection, security vulnerability detection. Formal specification and implementation of static analysis. Letter grading. Mr. Mili (F)

233. Parallel Programming. (4) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 111, 131. Mutual exclusion and resource allocation in distributed systems; primitives for parallel computation: specification of parallelism, interprocess communication and synchronization, atomic actions, binary and multway rendezvous; synchronous and asynchronous languages: CSP, Ada, Linda, Maisie, UC, and others; introduction to parallel program verification. Letter grading. Mr. Cong

233B. Verification of Concurrent Programs. (4) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 233A. Formal techniques for verification of concurrent programs. Topics include safety, liveness, program and state assignment-based techniques, weakest precondition semantics, Hoare logic, temporal logic, UNITY, and axiomatic semantics for select- ed parallel languages. Letter grading. Mr. Broglio

234. Computer-Aided Verification. (4) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 181. Introduction to theory and practice of formal methods for design and analysis of concurrent and embedded systems, with focus on algorithmic techniques for checking logical properties of hardware and software systems. Topics include semantics of parallel systems, invariants, reachability, temporal logic, model checking, theory of omega automata, state-space reduction techniques, compositionality and hier- archies of verification. Mr. Rajamani

235. Advanced Operating Systems. (4) Lecture; four hours. Preparation: C or C++ programming experience. Requisite: course 111. In-depth investigation of operating systems issues through guided con- sultations and development of projects on PC mas- chines and consideration of recent literature. Memory management and protection, interrupts and traps, processes, interprocess communication, preemptive multitasking, file systems, virtualization, networking, profiling, research operating systems. Series of labora- tory projects, including extra challenge work. Letter grading. Mr. Kohler

236. Computer Security. (4) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: courses 111, 118. Basic and research material on computer security. Topics include basic principles and goals of computer security, common security tools, use of crypto- graphic protocols for security (SSL, SSH, PGP, virtual private networks, honeypots), virus and worm protection, security assurance and testing, design of secure programs, privacy, applying security principles to realistic problems, and new and emerging threats and security tools. Letter grading.

Mr. Palberg, Mr. Reiher

239. Current Topics in Computer Science: Pro- gramming Languages and Systems. (2 to 12) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Review of current literature in area of computer science programming languages and systems in which instructor has developed research activity as consequence of research interests. May be repeated for credit with topic change. Letter grading.

240A. Databases and Knowledge Bases. (4) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 111, 118. Basic and research material on database systems and knowledge representation. Database systems, logic programming, and artificial intelligence and expert systems. Other topics include object-oriented databases and deductive databases. Letter grading. Mr. Zaniolo

240B. Advanced Data and Knowledge Bases. (4) Lecture; four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: courses 143, 240A. Logical models for data and knowledge representations. Rule-based languages and nonmonotonic reasoning. Temporal que- ries, spatial queries, and uncertainty in deductive da- tabases and object relational databases (ORDBs). Abstract data types and user-defined column func- tions in ORDBs. Data mining algorithms. Semistruc- tured information. Letter grading. Mr. Parker, Mr. Zaniolo

241B. Pictorial and Multimedia Database Management. (4) Lecture, three and one-half hours; discussion, 30 minutes; laboratory, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Required: course 143. Multimedia data: alphanumeric, long text, images, pictures, video, and audio content. Querying, visual languages, and communication. Database design and organization, logical and physical. Indexing methods: b-tree, net, multimedia streaming. Other topics at discretion of instructor. Letter grading. Mr. Cardenas

244A. Distributed Database Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 241A, 244A. Knowledge discovery in database, knowledge-base maintenance, knowledge-base and database integration architectures, and scale-up issues and applications to cooperative database systems, intelligent decision support systems, and intelligent planning and scheduling systems; computer architecture for processing large-scale knowledge-base/database systems. Letter grading. Mr. Chu

246. Web Information Management. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 112, 143, 180, 181. Designed for graduate students. Scale of Web data requires novel algorithms and principles for their management and retrieval. Study of Web characteristics and new management techniques needed to build computer systems that support Web applications. Top-down, intelligent Web measuring techniques, large-scale data mining algorithms, efficient page refresh techniques, Web-search ranking algorithms, and query processing techniques on independent data sources. Letter grading. Mr. Cho

249. Current Topics in Data Structures. (2 to 12) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Review of current literature in area of data structures in which emphasis is placed on developed special problems in consequence of research interests. Students report on selected topics. May be repeated for credit with consent of instructor. Letter grading.

251A. Advanced Computer Architecture. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M151B. Recommended: course 111. Design and implementation of high-performance systems, advanced memory hierarchy techniques, static and dynamic pipelining, superscalar and VLIW processors, branch prediction, speculative execution, software support for instruction-level parallelism, simulation-based performance analysis and evaluation, state-of-art design examples, introduction to parallel architectures. Letter grading. Mr. Ercegovac, Mr. Tamir


253C. Testing and Testable Design of VLSI Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M51A. Detailed study of various problems in testing and testable designs of VLSI systems, including fault modeling, fault simulation, testing for single stuck faults and multiple stuck faults, functional testing, design for testability, compression techniques, and built-in self-test. Letter grading. Mr. Cong

254A. Computer Memories and Memory Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M51A. Generic types of memory systems control, access modes, hierarchies, and allocation algorithms. Characteristics, system organization, and device considerations of storage memories, thin film memories, and semiconductor memories. Letter grading. Mr. Chu

255A. Distributed Processing Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 215 and/or 251A. Task partitioning and allocation, interprocess communications, task resource time model, process scheduling, message passing protocols, replicated file systems, interface, cache memory, actor model, fine grain multiprocessors, distributed operating system kernel, error recovery strategy, performance monitoring and measurement, scalability and maintainability, prototypes and commercial distributed systems. Letter grading. Mr. Chu

256A. Advanced Scalable Architectures. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M51B1. Recommended: course 251A. State-of-art scalable multiprocessors. Interdependency among implementation technology, chip microarchitecture, and system architecture. High-performance building blocks, such as chip multiprocessors (CMPs). On-chip and off-chip communication. Mechanisms for exploiting parallelism at multiple levels. Current research areas. Examples of chips and systems. Letter grading. Mr. Tamir (W)

259A. Design of VLSI Circuits and Systems. (4) Same as Electrical Engineering M216A.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; laboratory, four hours; outside study, three hours. Requisites: course M51A, Electrical Engineering 216A, and Electrical Engineering 115A. Recommended: Electrical Engineering 115C. VLSI circuit design and application in computer systems. Fundamental design techniques that can be used for design of complex integrated systems on chips. Letter grading.

259C. LSI in Computer System Design. (4) Same as Electrical Engineering M216C.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: course 259A. LSI design and application in computer systems. In-depth studies of VLSI architectures and VLSI design tools. Letter grading.

258E. Foundations of VLSI CAD Algorithms. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Preparation: one course in analysis and design of algorithms. Basic theory of combinatorial optimization for VLSI physical layout, including mathematical programming, network flows, matching, greedy and heuristic algorithms, and stochastic methods. Emphasis on practical application to computer-aided physical design of VLSI circuits at high-level phases of layout: partitioning, placement, graph folding, floorplanning, and global routing. Letter grading.

258F. Physical Design Automation of VLSI Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Detailed study of various physical design automation problems of VLSI circuits, including logic partitioning, routing, channel and switchbox routing, planar routing and via minimization, compaction and performance-driven layout. Discussion of applications of number of important optimization techniques, such as network flows, Steiner trees, simulated annealing, and generic algorithms. Letter grading. Mr. Cong

258G. Logic Synthesis of Digital Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses M51A, 180. Detailed study of various problems in logic-level synthesis of VLSI digital systems, including two-level Boolean network optimization; multilevel Boolean network optimization; technology mapping for standard cell designs and field programmable gate-array (FPGA) designs; retiming for sequential circuits; and applications of binary decision diagrams (BDDs). Letter grading. Mr. Cong

258H. Analysis and Design of High-Speed VLSI Interconnects. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses M258A, 258F. Detailed study of various problems in analysis and design of high-speed VLSI interconnects at both integrated circuit (IC) and packing levels, including interconnect capacitance and resistance, lossless and lossy transmission lines, cross-talk and power distribution, delay modeling, router and switchbox design, multilevel Boolean network optimization, technology mapping for standard cell designs and field programmable gate-array (FPGA) designs; retiming for sequential circuits; and applications of binary decision diagrams (BDDs). Letter grading. Mr. Cong

259. Current Topics in Computer Science: System Design/Architecture. (2 to 12) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Review of current literature in area of computer science system design in which instructor has developed special proficiency as consequence of research interests. Students report on selected topics. May be repeated for credit with topic change. Letter grading.

261A. Problem Solving and Search. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 130. In-depth treatment of systematic problem-solving search algorithms in artificial intelligence, including problem spaces, brute-force search, heuristic search, linear-space algorithms, real-time search, heuristic evaluation functions, two-player games, and constraint-satisfaction problems. Letter grading. Mr. Korf (W)

262A. Reasoning with Partial Beliefs. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 112 or Electrical Engineering 131A. Review of several formalisms for representing and managing uncertainty in reasoning systems; presentation of comprehensive description of Bayesian inference using belief networks representation. Letter grading. Mr. Darwiche

262B. Knowledge-Based Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 262A. Machine representation of judgmental knowledge and uncertain relationships. Inference on inexact knowledge bases. Rule-based systems — principles, advantages, and limitations. Signal under- standing, natural language processing, expert systems. Knowledge acquisition and explanation producing techniques. Letter grading. Mr. Pearl
M262C. Causal Inference. (4) (Same as Statistics M261.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 112 or equivalent probability theory course. Techniques of using computers to in- terpret, summarize, and form theories of empirical observations. Mathematical analysis of trade-offs be- tween computational complexity, storage require- ments, and precision of computerized models. Letter grading. Mr. Pearl

262Z. Current Topics in Cognitive Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requi- site: course 262A. Additional prerequisites for each offer- ing announced in advance by department. Theory and implementation of systems that emulate or sup- port human reasoning. Current literature and individ- ual studies in artificial intelligence, knowledge-based systems, decision support systems, computational psychology, and heuristic programming theory. May be repeated for credit with topic change. Letter grading. Mr. Pearl

263A. Language and Thought. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 130 or 131 or 161. Introduction to natural language processing (NLP), with emphasis on semantics. Pre- sentation of process models for variety of tasks, in- cluding question answering, paraphrasing, machine translation, word-sense disambiguation, narrative and editorial comprehension. Examination of both symbolic and statistical approaches to language pro- cessing and acquisition. Letter grading. Mr. Dyer

263B. Connectionist Natural Language Process- ing. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 161 or 263A. Examination of connectionist/ANN architectures designed for natural language processing. Issues include localist versus distributed representations, variable binding, instanti- ation and invariance, temporal dynamics of learning, and generalization. Letter grading. Mr. Dyer

263C. Animics-Based Modeling. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 130 or 131 or 161. Animics are mobile/sensing ani- mal-like software agents embodied in simulated dy- namic environments. Emphasis on modeling: goal- oriented behavior via neurocontrollers, adaptation via reinforcement learning, evolutionary programming. Animics-based foraging, optimal foraging decisions, predation, navigation, predator avoidance, coopera- tive nest construction, communication, and parenting. Letter grading. Mr. Dyer

264A. Automated Reasoning: Theory and Appli- cations. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, four hours. Requisite: course 161. Introduction to theory and practice of automated reasoning using propositional and first-order logic. Topics include syntax and semantics of formal logic; algorithms for logical reasoning, including satisfiability and entailment; syntactic and semantic restrictions on knowledge bases; effect of these restrictions on expressive power, compactness, and computational tractability; applications of automated reasoning to di- agnosis, planning, design, formal verification, and re- liability analysis. Letter grading. Mr. Darwiche (F)


M266B. Statistical Computing and Inference in Vi- sion and Image Science. (4) (Same as Statistics M232B.) Lecture, three hours. Preparation: basic statis- tics, linear algebra (matrix analysis), computer vi- sion. Introduction to broad range of algorithms for statistical inference and learning that could be used in vision, pattern recognition, speech, bioinformatics, data mining. Topics include Markov chain Monte Car- lo computing, sequential Monte Carlo methods, belief propagation, partial differential equations. SU or let- ter grading.

267A. Neural Models. (4) Lecture, four hours; out- side study, eight hours. Designed for graduate stu- dents. Review of major neurophysiological mile- stones in understanding brain architecture and pro- cesses. Focus on brain theories that are important for modeling. Participants work in particular, on mod- els of sensory perception, sensory-motor coordina- tion, and cerebellar and cerebral structure and func- tion. Students required to prepare papers analyzing research in one area of interest. Letter grading. Mr. Vidal

267B. Artificial Neural Networks and Connection- ist Computing. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for graduate stu- dents. Analysis of major connectionist computing paradigms and underlying models of biological and physical pro- cesses. Examination of past and current implementa- tions of artificial neural models with their ap- plications to associative knowledge processing, gen- eral multisensor pattern recognition including speed and vision, and adaptive robot control. Students re- quired to prepare papers analyzing research in one area of interest. Letter grading. Mr. Vidal


268S. Seminar: Computational Neuroscience. (2) Seminar, two hours; outside study, four hours. De- signed for students undertaking thesis research. Dis- cussion of advanced topics and current research in computational neuroscience. Neural networks and connectionism as paradigm for parallel and concur- rent computation in application to problems of per- ception, vision, multimodal sensory integration, and robotics. May be repeated for credit. SU grading.

269. Seminar: Current Topics in Artificial Intelli- gence. (2 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Review of current literature and research practicum in area of artificial intelligence in which instructor has developed special proficiency as consequence of research interests. Students report on selected topics. May be repeated for credit with topic change. Letter grading.

270A. Computer Methodology: Advanced Numer- ical Methods. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: Electrical Engineering 103 or Mathematics 151B or comparable experience with numerical computing. Designed for graduate comput- er science and engineering students. Principles of computer treatment of selected numerical problems in algebraic and differential systems, transforms and spectra, data acquisition and reduction; emphasis on concepts pertinent to modeling and simulation and applicability of contemporary developments in numer- ical software. Computer exercises. Letter grading. Mr. Carlyle


271C. Seminar: Advanced Simulation Methods. (2) Seminar, two hours; outside study, six hours. Re- quire: course 271A. Discussion of advanced topics in simulation of systems characterized by ordinary and partial differential equations. Topics include (among others) simulation languages, dataflow machines, ar- ray processors, and advanced mathematical model- ing techniques. Topics vary each term. May be re- peated for credit. SU grading.

272. Advanced Discrete Event Simulation and Modeling Techniques. (4) Lecture, four hours; out- side study, eight hours. In-depth study in discrete event simulation and modeling techniques, including building valid and credible simulation models, output analysis of systems, comparisons of alternative sys- tem configurations, Variance reduction techniques, sensitivity analysis methods. Letter grading.


C274C. Computer Animation. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 174A. Introduction to com- puter animation, including basic principles of charac- ter modeling, forward and inverse kinematics, forward and inverse dynamics, motion capture, animation techniques, physics-based animation of particles and systems, and motor control. Concurrently scheduled with course C174C. Letter grading.

275. Artificial Life for Computer Graphics and Vi- sion. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Enforced requisite: course 174A. Recom- mended: course 161. Investigation of important role that concepts from artificial life, emerging discipline that spans computational and biological sciences, can play in construction of advanced computer graphics and vision models for virtual reality, anima- tion, interactive games, active vision, visual sensor networks, medical image analysis, etc. Focus on comprehensive models that can realistically emulate visual processing (plants and animals) and even low- er animals to humans. Exposure to effective computa- tional modeling of natural phenomena of life and their incorporation into sophisticated, self-animating graphical entities. Specific topics include modeling plants using L-systems, biomechanical simulation and control, behavioral animation, reinforcement and neural-network learning of locomotion, cognitive modeling, artificial animals and aliens, human fa- cial animation, and artificial evolution. Letter grading. Mr. Terzopoulos
M276A. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. (4) (Same as Statistics M231.) Lecture, three hours. Designed for graduate students. Fundamental concepts, theories, and algorithms for pattern recognition and machine learning that are used in computer vision, image processing, speech recognition, data mining, statistics, and computational biology. Topics include Bayesian decision theory, parametric and nonparametric learning, clustering, complexity (VC-dimension, MLD, AIC), PCA/ICA/TCA, MDS, SVM, boosting, and applications. Letter grading. Mr. Ostrovsky (F).

276B. Structured Computer Vision. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for graduate students. Methods for computer processing of image data. Systems, concepts, and algorithms for image analysis, radiologic and robotic applications. Letter grading.

276C. Speech and Language Communication in Artificial Intelligence. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M276A or 276B. Topics in human-computer communication: interaction with pictorial information systems, sound and symbol generation by humans and machines, semantics of data, systems for speech recognition and understanding. Emphasis on design, theory, and applications for computer input and output in applications. Letter grading.

279. Current Topics in Computer Science: Methodology. (2 to 12) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Review of current literature in area of computer science methodology in which instructor has developed special proficiency as consequence of research interests. Students report on selected topics. May be repeated for credit with topic change. Letter grading. Mr. Ostrovsky (Spr).

M282A. Cryptography. (4) (Same as Mathematics M209A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Introduction to theory of cryptography, stressing definitions and proofs of security. Topics include notions of hardness, one-way functions, hard-core bits, pseudorandom generators, pseudorandom functions and permutations, semantic security, public key and private key systems, zero-knowledge, secret-sharing, message authentication, digital signature, interactive proofs, zero-knowledge proofs, collision-resistant hash functions, commitment protocols, key-agreement, contract signing, and two-party secure computation with static security. Letter grading. Mr. Ostrovsky (F).

M282B. Cryptographic Protocols. (4) (Same as Mathematics M209B.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M282A. Consideration of advanced cryptographic protocol design and analysis. Topics include noninteractive zero-knowledge proofs, zero-knowledge arguments, concurrent and non-black-box zero-knowledge, IP=PSpace proof, stronger notions of security for public-key encryption, including chosen-ciphertext security; secure multiparty computation; dealing with dynamic adversary; nonamplifiability and composability of secure protocols; software protection; threshold cryptography; identity-based cryptography; private information retrieval; repeated man-in-the-middle attacks; voting protocols; identification protocols; digital cash schemes; lower bounds on use of cryptographic primitives, software obfuscation. May be repeated for credit with topic change. Letter grading.


284A-284ZZ. Current Topics in Computer Theory. (2 to 12 each) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Review of current literature in area of computer theory in which instructor has developed special proficiency as consequence of research interests. Students report on selected topics. May be repeated for credit with topic change. Letter grading. Mr. Meyerson (F).

M286C. Biomodeling Research and Research Communication Workshop. (2 to 4) (Formerly numbered CM286L.) (Same as Biomedical Engineering CM286.) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course CM286B. Closely directed, interactive, and real research experience in active quantitative systems biology research laboratory. An introduction on how to focus on topics of current interest in scientific community, appropriate to student interests and abilities. Critical reading of original research reporting, both oral and written. Concurrently scheduled with course CM186B. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano (Sp).

287A. Theory of Program Structure. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 181. Models of computer programs and their syntax and semantics; emphasis on programs and recursion schemes; equivalence, optimization, correctness, and translatable of programs; expressive power of program constructs and data structures; selected current topics. Letter grading. Mr. Geirbach (W,S).

288S. Seminar: Theoretical Computer Science. (2) Seminar, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 280A, 281A. Intended for students undertaking thesis research. Discussion of advanced topics and current research papers. Emphasis as algorithmic methods and complexity models for parallel and concurrent computation, and formal language and automata theory. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading.

289A-289ZZ. Current Topics in Computer Science. (2 to 12 each) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Review of current literature in area of computer science in which instructor has developed special proficiency as consequence of research interests. Students report on selected topics. Letter grading.

289C. Complexity Theory. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Diagonalization, polynomial-time hierarchy, PCP theorem, randomness and derandomization, circuit complexity, attempts and limitations to proving P does not equal NP, average-case complexity, one-way functions, hardness amplification. Problem sets and presentation of previous and original research related to course topics. Letter grading.

289D. Communication Workshop. (2 to 4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Discussion of advanced topics and current research papers. Emphasis on information theory, coding theory and cryptographic issues in communication. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading. Ms. Greibach (F).

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M296A. Advanced Modeling Methodology for Dynamic Biomedical Systems. (4) (Same as Biomedical Engineering M296A and Medicine M270C.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: Electrical Engineering 141 or 142 or Mathematics 115A or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 171A. Development of dynamic systems modeling methodology for physiological, biomedical, pharmacological, chemical, and related systems. Control systems, multicompartamental, noncompartamental, and input/output models, linear and nonlinear. Emphasis on model applications, limitations, and relevance in biomedical sciences and other limited data environments. Problem solving in PC laboratory. Letter grading. Mr. Meyerson
M296B. Optimal Parameter Estimation and Experiment Design for Biomedical Systems. (4) (Same as Biomatics M270, Biomedical Engineering M296B, and Medicine M270E.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Prerequisite: course M296A or Biomatics 220. Estimation methodology and model parameter estimation algorithms for fitting dynamic system models to biomedical data. Model discrimination methods. Theory and algorithms for designing optimal experiments for developing and quantifying models, with special focus on optimal sampling schedule design for kinetic models, Exploration of PC software for model building and optimal experiment design via applications in physiology and pharmacology. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano

M296C. Advanced Topics and Research in Biomedical Systems Modeling and Computing. (4) (Same as Biomatics Engineering M296C and Medicine M270E.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Prerequisite: course M296A. Recommended: course M296B. Research techniques and experience on special topics involving models, modeling methods, and model computing in biological and medical sciences. Literature critique of literature, Research problem specification and formulation. Approaches to solutions. Individual M.S.- and Ph.D.-level project training. Letter grading. Mr. DiStefano, Mr. Kogan

298. Research Seminar: Computer Science. (2 to 4) Seminar, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Designed for graduate computer science students. Discussion of advanced topics and current research in algorithmic processes that describe and transform information: theory, analysis, design, efficiency, implementation, and application. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading. (F,W,Sp)

375. Teaching Apprentice Practicum. (1 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Preparation: apprentice personnel employment as teaching assistant, associate, or fellow. Teaching apprenticeship under active guidance and supervision of regular faculty member responsible for curriculum and instruction at UCLA. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading. (F,W,Sp)

495. Teaching Assistant Training Seminar. (2) Seminar, two hours; outside study, six hours. Limited to graduate Computer Science Department students. Seminar on communication of computer science materials in classroom: preparation, organization of material, presentation, use of visual aids, grading, advising, and rapport with students. S/U grading.

495B. Teaching with Technology. (2) Seminar, two hours; outside study, four hours. Limited to graduate Computer Science Department teaching assistants. Seminar for teaching assistants covering how technology can be used to aid instruction and in and out of classroom. S/U grading. Mr. Korf

497D-497E. Field Projects in Computer Science. (4-4) Fieldwork, to be arranged. Students are divided into teams led by instructor; each team is assigned one external company or organization that they investigate as candidate for possible computerization, submitting team report of their findings and recommendations. In Progress (497D) and S/U or letter (497E) grading. Mr. Cardenas

596. Directed Individual or Tutorial Studies. (2 to 8) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate computer science students. Petition forms to request enrollment may be obtained from assistant dean, Graduate Studies. Supervised investigation of advanced technical problems. S/U grading.

597A. Preparation for M.S. Comprehensive Examination. (2 to 12) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate computer science students. Reading and preparation for M.S. comprehensive examination. S/U grading.

597B. Preparation for Ph.D. Preliminary Examinations. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate computer science students. Preparation for Ph.D. preliminary examinations. S/U grading.

597C. Preparation for Ph.D. Oral Qualifying Examination. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate computer science students. Preparation for oral qualifying examination, including preliminary research on dissertation. S/U grading.

598. Research for and Preparation of M.S. Thesis. (2 to 12) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate computer science students. Petition forms to request enrollment may be obtained from assistant dean, Graduate Studies. S/U grading.

599. Research for and Preparation of Ph.D. Dissertation. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate computer science students. Petition forms to request enrollment may be obtained from assistant dean, Graduate Studies. S/U grading.

Electrical Engineering

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Undergraduate Affairs

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Abeer A.H. Alwan, Ph.D.
A.V. Balakrishnan, Ph.D.
Frank M.C. Chang, Ph.D. (Wintek Endowed Professor of Electrical Engineering)
Panagiotis D. Christofides, Ph.D.
Babak Daneshrad, Ph.D.
Deborah L. Estrin, Ph.D. (Jonathan B. Postel Professor of Networking)
Warren S. Grundfest, M.D., FACS
Tatsuio Itoh, Ph.D. (Northrop Grumman Professor of Electrical Engineering)

Rajeel Jain, Ph.D.
Bahram Jalali, Ph.D.
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Jia-Ming Liu, Ph.D.
Warren B. Mori, Ph.D.
Stanley J. Osher, Ph.D.
C. Kumar N. Patel, Ph.D.
Gregory J. Potfie, Ph.D., Associate Dean
Yahya Rahmat-Samii, Ph.D., (Northrop Grumman Professor of Electrical Engineering/Electromagnetics)
Behzad Razavi, Ph.D.
Vwani P. Roychowdhury, Ph.D.
Izhak Rubin, Ph.D.
Henry Samueli, Ph.D.
Ali H. Sayed, Ph.D.
Stefano Soatto, Ph.D.
Jason L. Speyer, Ph.D.
Mani B. Srivastava, Ph.D.
Oscar M. Stafsudd, Ph.D.
Lieven Vandenberghe, Ph.D.
John D. Villasenor, Ph.D.
Kang L. Wang, Ph.D., (Raytheon Company Professor of Electrical Engineering)

Richard D. Wesel, Ph.D., Associate Dean
Al-N. Willson, Jr., Ph.D.
Jason C.S. Woo, Ph.D.

Kung Yao, Ph.D.

Professors Emeriti
Frederick G. Allen, Ph.D.
Francis C. Chen, Ph.D.
Robert S. Elliott, Ph.D.
Harold R. Fetterman, Ph.D.
Stephen E. Jacobsen, Ph.D.
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Behzad Razavi, Ph.D.
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Izhak Rubin, Ph.D.
Henry Samueli, Ph.D.
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Mani B. Srivastava, Ph.D.
Oscar M. Stafsudd, Ph.D.
Lieven Vandenberghe, Ph.D.
John D. Villasenor, Ph.D.
Kang L. Wang, Ph.D., (Raytheon Company Professor of Electrical Engineering)
magnetics, embedded computing systems, engineering optimization, integrated circuits and systems, microelectromechanical systems (MEMS), nanotechnology, photonics and optoelectronics, plasma electronics, signal processing, and solid-state electronics.

The program grants one undergraduate degree (Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering) and two graduate degrees (Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy in Electrical Engineering). The graduate program provides students with an opportunity to pursue advanced coursework, in-depth training, and research investigations in several fields.

Department Mission

The education and research activities in the Electrical Engineering Department are strongly aligned with its mission statement. In partnership with its constituents, consisting of students, alumni, industry, and faculty members, the mission of the department is to (1) produce highly qualified, well-rounded, and motivated students with fundamental knowledge of electrical engineering who can provide leadership and service to California, the nation, and the world, (2) pursue creative research and new technologies in electrical engineering and across disciplines in order to serve the needs of industry, government, society, and the scientific community by expanding the body of knowledge in the field, (3) develop partnerships with industrial and government agencies, (4) achieve visibility by active participation in conferences and technical and community activities, and (5) publish enduring scientific articles and books.

Undergraduate Program Objectives

The ABET-accredited electrical engineering curriculum provides an excellent background for either graduate study or employment. Undergraduate education in the department provides students with (1) fundamental knowledge in mathematics, physical sciences, and electrical engineering, (2) the opportunity to specialize in specific areas of interest or career aspirations, (3) intensive training in problem solving, laboratory skills, and design skills, and (4) a well-rounded education that includes communication skills, the ability to function well on a team, an appreciation for ethical behavior, and the ability to engage in lifelong learning. This education is meant to prepare students to thrive and to lead. It also prepares them to achieve the following two program educational objectives: (1) that graduates of the program have successful technical or professional careers and (2) that graduates of the program continue to learn and to adapt in a world of constantly evolving technology.

Undergraduate Study

Electrical Engineering B.S.

The undergraduate curriculum allows Electrical Engineering majors to specialize in one of three emphasis areas or options. The three options are structured as an electrical engineering degree, and the only
degree offered to undergraduate students by the department is the Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical Engineering. No distinction is made among the three options: (1) electrical engineering (EE) option is the regular option that provides students with preparation in electrical engineering with a range of required and elective courses across several disciplines; (2) computer engineering (CE) option provides students with preparation in embedded systems and software and hardware issues. Students replace some of the senior courses in the regular EE option with computer engineering-oriented courses or computer science courses; and (3) biomedical engineering (BE) option provides students with exposure to additional chemistry and life sciences courses and helps them meet most of the premedical preparation requirements so that they are prepared for careers in bioengineering, medicine, or electrical engineering.

Electrical Engineering Option

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A; Computer Science 31, 32; Electrical Engineering 1, 2, 3, 10, M16 (or Computer Science M51A); Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B; Physics 1A, 1B, 4AL, 4BL.

The Major

Required: Electrical Engineering 101, 102, 103, 110, 110L, 113, 115A, 115AL, 121B, 131A, 132A, 141, 161, Mathematics 132, Statistics 105; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and three major field elective courses (12 units), one design course (4 units), and one laboratory course (2 to 4 units) selected from one of the following pathways:

- **Antennas and Microwaves**: Three major field elective courses from Electrical Engineering 162A, 163A, and 163B or 163C; one capstone design course from 164D or 184D; and one laboratory course from 164L (or by petition from 194 or 199)

- **Integrated Circuits**: Three major field elective courses from Electrical Engineering 115B, 115C, and 132B or 163A; one capstone design course from 115D or 184D; and one laboratory course from 115BL (or by petition from 194 or 199)

- **Microelectromechanical (MEMS) Systems**: Three major field elective courses from Electrical Engineering 115B or 123A or 124, 128 or 163A or 173, and CM150; one capstone design course from 129D; and one laboratory course from 122L or CM150L (or by petition from 194 or 199)

- **Photonics and Plasma Electronics**: Three major field elective courses from Electrical Engineering 172, 173, and 174 or 175 or M185; one capstone design course from 173D; and one laboratory course from 172L (or by petition from 194 or 199)

- **Signals and Systems**: Three major field elective courses from Electrical Engineering 114, 115B, 131B, 132B, 136, 142, 162A; one capstone design course from 113D, 173D, 180D, 181D, or 184D; and one laboratory course from 115BL or M116L or M171L (or by petition from 194 or 199)

- **Solid State**: Three major field elective courses from Electrical Engineering 123A, 123B, and 124 or 128; one capstone design course from 129D; and one laboratory course from 122L (or by petition from 194 or 199)

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

Biomedical Engineering Option

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L, 30A, 30AL; Computer Science 31; Electrical Engineering 1, 2, 3, 10, M16 (or Computer Science M51A); Life Sciences 2, 3, Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B; Physics 1A, 1B, 4AL, 4BL.

The Major

Required: Electrical Engineering 101, 102, 103, 110, 110L, 113, 115A, 115AL, 131A, Mathematics 132, Statistics 105; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and three major field elective courses (12 units), one design course (4 units), and one laboratory course (2 to 4 units) selected from the computer engineering pathway as follows: three major field elective courses from Computer Science 111, 117 (or Electrical Engineering 132A), and 131 or 132 or 180; one capstone design course from Electrical Engineering 113D, 180D, 181D, or 184D; and one laboratory course from Electrical Engineering M116L (or by petition from 194 or 199).

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

Graduate Study

For information on graduate admission see Graduate Programs, page 23.

The following introductory information is based on the 2009-10 edition of Program Requirements for UCLA Graduate Degrees. Complete annual editions of Program Requirements are available at http://www.gdnet.ucla.edu/gasa/programintro.htm. Students are subject to the degree requirements as published in Program Requirements for the year in which they enter the program.

The Department of Electrical Engineering offers Master of Science (M.S.) and Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degrees in Electrical Engineering.
Electrical Engineering M.S.

Areas of Study

Students may pursue specialization across three major areas of study: (1) circuits and embedded systems, (2) physical and wave electronics, and (3) signals and systems. These areas cover a broad spectrum of specializations in, for example, communications and telecommunications, control systems, electromagnetics, embedded computing systems, engineering optimization, integrated circuits and systems, microelectromechanical systems (MEMS), nanotechnology, photonics and optoelectronics, plasma electronics, signal processing, and solid-state electronics. Students must select a number of formal graduate courses to serve as their major and minor fields of study according to the requirements listed below for the thesis (seven courses) and non-thesis (eight courses) options. The selected courses must be approved by the faculty adviser.

Course Requirements

Students may select either the thesis plan or the non-thesis (comprehensive examination) plan. The selection of courses is tailored to the professional objectives of the students and must meet the requirements stated below. The courses should be selected and approved in consultation with the faculty adviser. Departures from the stated requirements are considered only in exceptional cases and must be approved by the departmental graduate adviser. The minimum requirements for the M.S. degree are as follows:

1. **Requisite.** B.S. degree in Electrical Engineering or a related field

2. All M.S. program requirements should be completed within two academic years from admission into the M.S. graduate program in the Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science

3. Students must maintain a minimum cumulative grade-point average of 3.0 every term and 3.0 in all graduate courses

4. **Thesis Option.** Students selecting the thesis option must complete at least the following requirements: (a) five formal graduate courses to serve as the major field of study, (b) two formal graduate courses to serve as the minor field of study, (c) Electrical Engineering 297, (d) two Electrical Engineering 598 courses involving work on the M.S. thesis, (e) no other 500-level courses, other seminar courses, nor Electrical Engineering 296 or 375 may be applied toward the course requirements, and (f) an M.S. thesis completed under the direction of the faculty adviser to a standard that is approved by a committee comprised of three faculty members. The thesis research must be conducted concurrently with the coursework

5. **Non-Thesis Option.** Students selecting the non-thesis option must complete at least the following requirements: (a) six formal graduate courses to serve as the major field of study, (b) two formal graduate courses to serve as the minor field of study, (c) Electrical Engineering 297, (d) Electrical Engineering 299 to serve as the M.S. comprehensive examination, which is evaluated by a committee of three faculty members appointed by the department. In case of failure, students may be reexamined only once with consent of the departmental graduate adviser, and (e) no 500-level courses, other seminar courses, nor Electrical Engineering 296 or 375 may be applied toward the course requirements

6. Students must select a number of formal graduate courses to serve as their major and minor fields of study according to the requirements listed above for the thesis (seven courses) and non-thesis (eight courses) options. The selection of the major and minor sequences of courses must be from different established tracks, or approved ad hoc tracks, or combinations thereof. The selected courses must be approved by the faculty adviser

7. For the thesis option at least four, and for the non-thesis option five, of the formal graduate courses used to satisfy the M.S. program requirements listed above must be in the Electrical Engineering Department

8. A formal graduate course is defined as any 200-level course, excluding seminar or tutorial courses

9. At most one upper division undergraduate course is allowed to replace one of the formal graduate courses covering the major and minor fields of study provided that (a) the undergraduate course is not required of undergraduate students in the Electrical Engineering Department and (b) the undergraduate course is approved by the faculty adviser

10. A track is a coherent set of courses in some general field of study. The department suggests lists of established tracks as a means to assist students in selecting their courses. Students are not required to adhere to the suggested courses in any specific track

Circuits and Embedded Systems Area Tracks

1. **Embedded Computing Track.** Courses deal with the engineering of computer systems as may be applied to embedded devices used for communications, multimedia, or other such restricted purposes. Courses include Computer Science 251A, Electrical Engineering 201A, 201C, M202A, M202B, 213A, M216A

2. **Integrated Circuits Track.** Courses deal with the analysis and design of analog and digital integrated circuits; architecture and integrated circuit implementations of large-scale digital processors for communications and signal processing; hardware-software codesign; and computer-aided design methodologies. Courses include Computer Science 251A, 252A, Electrical Engineering 213A, 215A through 215E, M216A, 221A, 221B

Physical and Wave Electronics Area Tracks

1. **Electromagnetics Track.** Courses deal with electromagnetic theory; propagation and scattering; antenna theory and design; microwave and millimeter wave circuits; printed circuit antennas; integrated and fiber optics; microwavoptical interaction, antenna measurement, and diagnostics; numerical and asymptotic techniques; satellite and personal communication antennas; periodic structures; genetic algorithms; and optimization techniques. Courses include Electrical Engineering 221C, 260A, 260B, 261, 262, 263, 266, 270

2. **Photonics and Plasma Electronics Track.** Courses deal with laser physics, optical amplification, electro-optics, acousto-optics, magneto-optics, nonlinear optics, photonic switching and modulation, ultrafast phenomena, optical fibers, integrated waveguides, photodetection, optoelectronic integrated circuits, optical microelectromechanical systems (MEMS), analog and digital signal transmission, photonic sensors, lasers in biomedicine, fundamental plasma waves and instability; interac-
tion of microwaves and laser radiation with plasmas; plasma diagnostics; and controlled nuclear fusion. Courses include Electrical Engineering 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 285A, 285B, M287

3. Solid-State and Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS) Devices Track. Courses deal with solid-state physical electronics, semiconductor device physics and design, and microelectromechanical systems (MEMS) design and fabrication. Courses include Electrical Engineering 221A, 221B, 221C, 222, 223, 224, 225, CM250A, M250B, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 281, 284, C287L

Signals and Systems Area Tracks

1. Communications Systems Track. Courses deal with communication and telecommunication principles and engineering applications; channel and source coding; spread spectrum communication; cryptography; estimation and detection; algorithms and processing in communication and radar; satellite communication systems; stochastic modeling in telecommunication engineering; mobile radio engineering; and telecommunication switching, queuing system, communication networks, local-area, metropolitan-area, and wide-area computer communication networks. Courses include Electrical Engineering 205A, 205A, 205A, 205A through 230A, 231A, 231E, 232A through 232E, 233, 238, 241A

2. Control Systems and Optimization Track. Courses deal with state-space theory of linear systems; optimal control of deterministic linear and nonlinear systems; stochastic control; Kalman filtering; stability theory of linear and nonlinear feedback control systems; computer-aided design of control systems; optimization theory, including linear and nonlinear programming; convex optimization and engineering applications; numerical methods; non-convex programming; associated network flow and graph problems; renewal theory; Markov chains; stochastic dynamic programming; and queuing theory. Courses include Electrical Engineering 205A, 208A, M208B, M208C, 210B, 236A, 236B, 236C, M237, M240A, 240B, M240C, 241A, 241C, M242A, 243


Ad Hoc Tracks

In consultation with their faculty advisers, students may petition for an ad hoc track tailored to their professional objectives. This may comprise graduate courses from established tracks, from across areas, and even from outside electrical engineering. The petition must justify how the selection of courses in the ad hoc track forms a coherent set of courses, and how the proposed ad hoc track serves the professional objectives. The petition must be approved by the faculty adviser and the departmental graduate adviser.

Comprehensive Examination

For M.S. students following the non-thesis option, the M.S. comprehensive examination is satisfied by completion of Electrical Engineering 299 (project seminar) under the direction of a faculty member. Students are assigned some topic of independent study by the faculty member. The study culminates with a written report and an oral presentation. The M.S. project seminar program across the department is administered, for each student, by the faculty member directing the course, the director of the area to which the student belongs, and the departmental graduate adviser. In case of failure, students may be reexamined only once with consent of the departmental graduate adviser.

Electrical Engineering Ph.D.

Areas of Study

Students may pursue specialization across three major areas of study: (1) circuits and embedded systems, (2) physical and wave electronics, and (3) signals and systems. These areas cover a broad spectrum of specializations in, for example, communications and telecommunications, control systems, electromagnetics, embedded computing systems, engineering optimization, integrated circuits and systems, microelectromechanical systems (MEMS), nanotechnology, photonics and optoelectronics, plasma electronics, signal processing, and solid-state electronics.

Course Requirements

The selection of courses for the Ph.D. program is tailored to the professional objectives of the students and must meet the requirements stated below. The courses should be selected and approved in consultation with the faculty adviser. Departures from the stated requirements are considered only in exceptional cases and must be approved by the departmental graduate adviser. Normally, students take additional courses to acquire deeper and broader knowledge in preparation for the dissertation research. The minimum requirements for the Ph.D. degree are as follows:

1. Requisite. M.S. degree in Electrical Engineering or a related field granted
by UCLA or by an institution recognized by the UCLA Graduate Division

2. All Ph.D. program requirements should be completed within five academic years from admission into the Ph.D. graduate program in the Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science

3. Students must maintain a minimum cumulative grade-point average of 3.5 in the Ph.D. program

4. Students must complete at least the following requirements: (a) four formal graduate courses selected in consultation with the faculty adviser, (b) Electrical Engineering 297, (c) one technical communication course such as Electrical Engineering 295, (d) no 500-level courses, other seminar courses, nor Electrical Engineering 296 or 375 may be applied toward the course requirements, (e) pass the Ph.D. preliminary examination which is administered by the department and takes place once every year. In case of failure, students may be reexamined only once with consent of the departmental graduate adviser, (f) pass the University Oral Qualifying Examination which is administered by the doctoral committee, (g) complete a Ph.D. dissertation under the direction of the faculty adviser, and (h) defend the Ph.D. dissertation in a public seminar with the doctoral committee

5. A formal graduate course is defined as any 200-level course, excluding seminar or tutorial courses. Formal graduate courses taken to meet the M.S. degree requirements may not be applied toward the Ph.D. course requirements

6. At least two of the formal graduate courses must be in electrical engineering

7. Within two academic years from admission into the Ph.D. program, all courses should be completed and the Ph.D. preliminary examination should be passed. It is strongly recommended that students take the Ph.D. preliminary examination during their first academic year in the program

8. The University Oral Qualifying Examination must be taken when all required courses are complete, and within one year after passing the Ph.D. preliminary examination

9. Students admitted originally to the M.S. program in the Electrical Engineering Department must complete all M.S. program requirements with a grade-point average of at least 3.5 to be considered for admission into the Ph.D. program. Only after admission into the program can students take the Ph.D. preliminary examination

10. Students must nominate a doctoral committee prior to taking the University Oral Qualifying Examination. A doctoral committee consists of a minimum of four members. Three members, including the chair, are “inside” members and must hold appointments in the Electrical Engineering Department at UCLA. The “outside” member must be a UCLA faculty member outside the Electrical Engineering Department. By petition, one of the four members may be a faculty member from another UC campus

Written and Oral Qualifying Examinations

The written qualifying examination is known as the Ph.D. preliminary examination in the department. The purpose of the examination is to assess student competency in the discipline, knowledge of the fundamentals, and potential for independent research. Students admitted originally to the M.S. program in the Electrical Engineering Department must complete all M.S. program requirements with a grade-point average of at least 3.5 to be considered for admission into the Ph.D. program. Only after admission into the program can students take the Ph.D. preliminary examination, which is held once every year. Students are examined independently by a faculty member typically includes both oral and written components, and students pass the entire Ph.D. preliminary examination and not in parts. Students who fail the examination may repeat it once only with consent of the departmental graduate adviser. The preliminary examination, together with the course requirements for the Ph.D. program, should be completed within two years from admission into the program.

After passing the written qualifying examination described above, students are ready to take the University Oral Qualifying Examination. The nature and content of the examination are at the discretion of the doctoral committee, but ordinarily include a broad inquiry into the preparation for research. The doctoral committee also reviews the prospectus of the dissertation at the oral qualifying examination.

Students must nominate a doctoral committee prior to taking the University Oral Qualifying Examination. A doctoral committee consists of a minimum of four members. Three members, including the chair, are “inside” members and must hold appointments in the Electrical Engineering Department at UCLA. The “outside” member must be a UCLA faculty member outside the Electrical Engineering Department. By petition, one of the four members may be a faculty member from another UC campus.

Facilities and Programs

Computing Resources

Students and faculty have access to a modern networked computing environment that interconnects UNIX workstations as well as Windows and Linux PCs. These machines are provided by the Electrical Engineering Department; most of them operate in a client-server mode, but standalone configurations are supported as well. Furthermore, this network connects to mainframes and supercomputers provided by the Henry Samueli School of Engineering and Applied Science and the Office of Academic Computing, as well as off-campus supercomputers according to need.

The rapidly growing department-wide network comprises about 500 computers. These include about 200 workstations from Sun, HP, and SGI, and about 300 PCs, all connected to a 100 Mbit/s network with multiple parallel T3 lines running to individual research laboratories and computer rooms. The server functions are performed by several high-speed, high-capacity RAID servers from Network Appliance and IBM which serve user directories and software applications in a unified transparent fashion. All this computing power is distributed in research laboratories, computer classrooms, and open-access computer rooms.

Research Centers and Laboratories

Center for High-Frequency Electronics

The Center for High-Frequency Electronics has been established with support from several governmental agencies and contributions from local industries, beginning with a $10 million grant from Hewlett-Packard.

The first major goal of the center is to combine, in a synergistic manner, five areas of research. These include (1) solid-state mil-
The Electromagnetics Laboratories involve the disciplines of microwaves, millimeter waves, wireless electronics, and electromechanics. Students enrolled in microwave laboratory courses, such as Electrical Engineering 164D and 164L, special projects classes such as Electrical Engineering 199, and/or research projects, have the opportunity to obtain experimental and design experience in the following technology areas: (1) integrated microwave circuits and antennas, (2) integrated millimeter wave circuits and antennas, (3) numerical visualization of electromagnetic waves, (4) electromagnetic scattering and radar cross-section measurements, and (5) antenna near field and diagnostics measurements.

Nanoelectronics Research Facility
The state-of-the-art Nanoelectronics Research Facility for graduate research and teaching as well as the undergraduate microelectronics teaching laboratory are housed in an 8,500-square-foot class 100/100 clean room with a full complement of utilities, including high purity deionized water, high purity nitrogen, and exhaust scrubbers. The NRF supports research on nanometer-scale fabrication and on the study of fundamental quantum size effects, as well as exploration of innovative nanometer-scale device concepts. The laboratory also supports many other schoolwide programs in device fabrication, such as MEMS and optoelectronics. For more information, see http://www.nanolab.ucla.edu.

Photonics and Optoelectronics Laboratories
In the Laser Laboratory students study the properties of lasers and gain an understanding of the application of this modern technology to optics, communication, and holography. The Photonics and Optoelectronics Laboratories include facilities for research in all of the basic areas of quantum electronics. Specific areas of experimental investigation include high-powered lasers, nonlinear optical processes, ultraviolet lasers, parametric frequency conversion, electro-optics, infrared detection, and semiconductor lasers and detectors. Operating lasers include mode-locked and Q-switched Nd:YAG and Nd:YLF lasers, Ti:Al2O3 lasers, ultraviolet and visible wavelength argon lasers, wavelength-tunable dye lasers, as well as gallium arsenide, helium-neon, excimer, and high-powered continuous and pulsed carbon dioxide laser systems. Also available are equipment and facilities for research on semiconductor lasers, fiber optics, non-linear optics, and ultrashort pulse lasers. Facilities for mirror polishing and coating and high-vacuum gas handling systems are also available. These laboratories are open to undergraduate and graduate students who have faculty sponsorship for their thesis projects or special studies.

Solid-State Electronics Facilities
Solid-state electronics equipment and facilities include (1) a modern integrated semiconductor device processing laboratory, (2) complete new Si and III-V compound molecular beam epitaxy systems, (3) CAD and mask-making facilities, (4) lasers for beam crystalization study, (5) thin film and characterization equipment, (6) deep-level transient spectroscopy instruments, (7) computerized capacitance-voltage and other characterization equipment, including doping density profiling systems, (8) low-temperature facilities for material and device physics studies in cryogenic temperatures, (9) optical equipment, including many different types of lasers for optical characterization of superlattices and quantum well devices, (10) characterization equipment for high-speed devices, including (11) high magnetic field facilities for magnetotransport measurement of heterostructures. The laboratory facilities are available to faculty, staff, and graduate students for their research.

Multidisciplinary Research Facilities
The department is also associated with several multidisciplinary research centers including:

- California NanoSystems Institute (CNSI)
- Center for Embedded Networked Sensing (CENS)
- Center for High-Frequency Electronics (CHFE)
Faculty Groups and Laboratories
Department faculty members also lead a broad range of research groups and laboratories that cover a wide spectrum of specialties, including:

- Adaptive Systems Laboratory (Sayed)
- Antenna Research, Analysis, and Measurement Laboratory (Rahmat-Samii)
- Autonomous Intelligent Networked Systems (Rubin)
- CMOS Research Laboratory (Chang)
- Communication Circuits Laboratory (Razavi)
- Complex Networks Group (Roychowdhury)
- Design Automation Laboratory (He)
- Digital Research Laboratory (K. Wang)
- Digital Microwave Laboratory (E. Wang)
- Flight Systems Research Center (Balakrishnan)
- High-Performance Mixed Mode Circuit Design Group (Yang)
- High-Speed Electronics Laboratory (Chang)
- Image Communications Laboratory (Villasenor)
- Integrated Circuits and Systems Laboratory (Abidi)
- Laser-Plasma Group (Joshi)
- Microfabrication Laboratory (Judy)
- Microsystems Research Laboratory (Judy)
- Microwave Electronics Laboratory (Itoh)
- Millimeter Wave and Optoelectronics Laboratory (Fetterman)
- Nanoelectronics Research Center (Judy; Franz)
- Networked and Embedded Systems Laboratory (Srivastava)
- Neuroengineering Research Laboratory (Judy)
- Optoelectronics Circuits and Systems Laboratory (Jalali)
- Optoelectronics Group (Yablonovitch)
- Proactive Medianet Laboratory (van der Schaar)
- Speech Processing and Auditory Perception Laboratory (Alwan)
- Wireless Integrated Systems Research Group (Daneshrad)

Faculty Areas of Thesis Guidance

Professors

Asad A. Abidi, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1981)
High-performance analog electronics, device modeling
Abeer A.H. Alwan, Ph.D. (MIT, 1992)
Speech processing, acoustic properties of speech sounds with applications to speech synthesis, recognition by machine and coding, hearing-aid design, and digital signal processing

*A.V. Balakrishnan, Ph.D. (USC, 1954)
Control and communications, flight systems applications
Frank M.C. Chang, Ph.D. (National Chiao-Tung, Taiwan, 1979)
High-speed semiconductor (GaAs, InP and Si) devices and integrated circuits for digital, analog, microwave, and optoelectronic integrated circuit applications
Panagiota D. Christofides, Ph.D. (Minnesota, 1996)
Process modeling, dynamics and control, computational and applied mathematics
Babak Daneshrad, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1993)
Digital VLSI circuits: wireless communication systems, high-performance communications integrated circuits for wireless applications
Deborah L. Estrin, Ph.D. (MIT, 1985)
Sensor networks, embedded network sensing, environmental monitoring, computer networks
Warren S. Grunfeld, M.D., FACS (Columbia U., 1980)
Development of lasers for medical applications, minimally invasive surgery, magnetic resonance-guided interventional procedures, laser lithotripsy, microendoscopy, spectroscopy, photodynamic therapy (PDT), optical technology, biologic feedback control mechanisms
Tatsuo Itoh, Ph.D. (Illinois, Urbana, 1969)
Microwave and millimeter wave electronics; guided wave structures, low-power wireless electronics; integrated passive components and antennas; photonic bandgap structures and meta materials applications; active integrated antennas, smart antennas; RF technologies for reconfigurable front-ends; sensors and transponders
Rajeev Jain, Ph.D. (Katholieke U., Leuven, Belgium, 1985)
Design of digital communications and digital signal processing circuits and systems
Bahram Jalali, Ph.D. (Columbia U., 1989)
RF photonics, integrated optics, fiber optic integrated circuits
Laser fusion, laser acceleration of particles, nonlinear optics, high-power lasers, plasma physics
William J. Kaiser, Ph.D. (Wayne State, 1983)
Research and development of new microsensor and microinstrument technology for industry, science, and biomedical applications; development and applications of new atomic-resolution scanning probe microscopy methods for microelectronic device research

Alan Laub, Ph.D. (Minnesota, 1974)
Numerical linear algebra, numerical analysis, condition estimation, computer-aided control system design, high-performance computing
Jia-Ming Liu, Ph.D. (Harvard, 1982)
Nonlinear optics, ultrafast optics, laser chaos, semiconductor lasers, optoelectronics, photonic, nonlinear and ultrafast processes
Warren B. Mori, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1987)
Laser and charged particle beam-plasma interactions, advanced accelerator concepts, advanced light sources, laser-fusion, high-energy density science, high-performance computing, plasma physics
Scientific computing, applied mathematics
C. Kumar N. Patel, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1961)
Quantum electronics; nonlinear optics; photoacoustics in gases, liquids, and solids, ultra-low level detection of trace gases; chemical and toxic gas sensors
Gregory J. Pottie, Ph.D. (McMaster, 1988)
Communication systems and theory with applications to wireless sensor networks
Yahya Rahmat-Samii, Ph.D. (Illinois, 1975)
Satellite communications antennas, personal communication antennas including human interactions, antennas for remote sensing and radio astronomy applications, advanced numerical and genetic optimization techniques in electromagnetics, frequency selective surfaces and photonic band gap structures, novel integrated and fractal antennas, near-field antenna measurements and diagnostic techniques, electromagnetic theory
Behzad Razavi, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1992)
Analog, RF, and mixed-signal integrated circuit design, dual-standard RF transceivers, phase-locked systems and frequency synthesizers, A/D and D/A converters, high-speed data communication circuits
Iwari P. Roychowdhury, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1989)
Models of computation including parallel and distributed processing systems, quantum computation and information processing, circuits and computing paradigms for nano-electronics and molecular electronics, adaptive and learning algorithms, nonparametric methods and algorithms for large-scale information processing, combinatorics and complexity, and information theory
Izhak Rubin, Ph.D. (Princeton, 1970)
Telecommunications and computer communications systems and networks, mobile wireless networks, multimedia IP networks, UAV/UGV-aided networks, integrated system and network management, C4ISR systems and networks, optical networks, network simulations and analysis, traffic modeling and engineering
Henry Samueli, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1980)
VLSI implementation of signal processing and digital communication systems, high-speed digital integrated circuits, digital filter design
Ali H. Sayed, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1992)
Adaptive systems, statistical and digital signal processing, estimation theory, signal processing for communications, linear system theory, interplays between signal processing and control methodologies, fast algorithms for large-scale problems
Stefano Soatto, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1996)
Computer vision, systems and control theory, detection and estimation, robotics, system identification, shape analysis, motion analysis, image processing, video processing, autonomous systems
Jason L. Speyer, Ph.D. (Harvard, 1968)
Stochastic and deterministic optimal control and estimation with application to aerospace systems; guidance, flight control, and flight mechanics

* Also Professor of Mathematics
† Also Professor of Physics
Mani B. Srivastava, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1992)
Wireless networking, embedded computing, networked embedded systems, sensor networks, mobile and ubiquitous computing, low-power and power-aware systems
Oscar M. Staats, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1967)
Quantum electronics, I.R. lasers and nonlinear optics; solid-state I.R. detectors
Lieven Vandenberghe, Ph.D. (Katholieke U., Leuven, Belgium, 1992)
Optimization in engineering and applications in systems and control, circuit design, and signal processing
John D. Villasenor, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1989)
Communications, signal and image processing, configurable reconfigurable devices, and design environments
Kang L. Wang, Ph.D. (MIT, 1970)
Nanoelectronics and optoelectronics, nano and molecular devices, MBE and superlattices, microwave and millimeter electronics, quantum information
Richard D. Hecht, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1996)
Communication theory and signal processing with particular interests in channel coding, including turbo codes and trellis codes, joint algorithms for distributed communication and detection
Alan N. Willson, Jr., Ph.D. (Syracuse, 1967)
Theory and application of digital signal processing including VLSI implementations, digital filters and wavelet theory
Jason C.S. Woo, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1987)
Solid-state technology, CMOS and bipolar device/circuit optimization, novel device design, modeling of integrated circuits, VLSI fabrication
Kung Yao, Ph.D. (Princeton, 1965)
Communication theory, signal and array processing, sensor system, wireless communication systems, VLSI and systolic algorithms
Professors Emeriti
Frederick G. Allen, Ph.D. (Harvard, 1956)
Semiconductor physics, solid-state devices, surface physics
Francis F. Chen, Ph.D. (Harvard, 1964)
Radio frequency plasma sources and diagnostics for semiconductor processing
Robert S. Elliott, Ph.D. (Illinois, 1952)
Electromagnetics
Harold R. Fettman, Ph.D. (Cornell, 1968)
Optical millimeter wave interactions, high-frequency optical polymer modulators and applications, solid-state millimeter wave structures and systems, biomedical applications of lasers
Stephen E. Jacobsen, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1968)
Operations research, mathematical programming, nonconvex programming, applications of mathematical programming to engineering and engineering/economic systems
Nhan N. Levan, Ph.D. (Monash U., Australia, 1966)
Control systems, stability and stabilizability, errors in dynamic systems, signal analysis, wavelets, theory and applications
Dee-Son Pan, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1977)
New semiconductor devices for millimeter and RF power generation and amplification, transport, and microstructure in semiconductor devices, generic device modeling
Frederick W. Schott, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1949)
Electromagnetics, applied electromagnetics
Gabor C. Temes, Ph.D. (Tampa, 1961)
Analog MOS integrated circuits, signal processing, analog and digital filters
Chandr R. Viswanathan, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1964)
Semiconductors: VLSI devices and technology, thin oxides; reliability and failure physics of MOS devices; process-induced damage, low-frequency noise
Paul K. K. Wang, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1960)
Control systems, modeling and control of nonlinear distributed-parameter systems with applications to micro-opto-electromechanical systems, micro and nano manipulation systems, coordination and control of multiple micromachines
Donald M. Wiberg, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1965)
Identification and control, especially of aero-space, biomedical, mechanical, and nuclear processes, modeling and simulation of respiratory and cardiovascular systems
Jack Willis, B.Sc. (U. London, 1945)
Active circuits, electronic systems
Associate Professors
Mark H. Hansen, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1994)
Estimation and inference, statistical learning, data analysis; model selection, nonparametric methods; visualization and information design
Lei He, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1999)
Computer-aided design of VLSI circuits and systems, coarse-grain programmable systems and field programmable gate array (FPGA), high-performance interconnect modeling and design, power-efficient computer architectures and systems design, numerical and combinatorial optimization
Diana L. Hufnaker, Ph.D. (Texas, Austin, 1995)
Solid-state nanotechnology, MWR optoelectronic devices, solar cells, Si photonics, novel materials
Jack W. Judy, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1996)
Microelectromechanical systems (MEMS), micro-machining, microsensors, microactuators, and microsystems, neuroengineering, neural-electronic interfaces, neuroMEMS, implantable electronic systems, wireless telemetry, neural prostheses, and magnetism and magnetic materials
Mihaela van der Schaar, Ph.D. (Eindhoven U. of Technology, Netherlands, 2001)
Multimedia processing and compression, multimedia networking, multimedia communications, multimedia architectures, enterprise multimedia streaming, mobile and ubiquitous computing
C.-K. Ken Yang, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1998)
High-performance VLSI design, digital and mixed-signal circuit design
Assistant Professors
Daniela Cabric, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 2007)
Wireless communications system design, cognitive radio networks, VLSI architectures of signal processing and digital communication algorithms, performance analysis and experiments on communication system platforms
Robert N. Candler, Ph.D. (Stanford, 2006)
MEMS and nanoscale devices, fundamental limitations of sensors, packaging, biological and chemical sensing
Chi On Choi, Ph.D. (Stanford, 2004)
Nano electronic and optoelectronic devices and technology, heterostructure semiconductor devices, monolithic integration of heterogeneous technology, exploratory nanotechnology
Lara Dolecek, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 2007)
Information and coding theory, graphical models, statistical algorithms and computational methods with applications to large-scale and complex systems for data processing, communication, and storage
Purnesh Gupta, Ph.D. (UC San Diego, 2007)
CAD for VLSI design and manufacturing, physical design, manufacturing-aware circuits and layouts, design-aware manufacturing
Jin Hyung Lee, Ph.D. (Stanford, 2004)
Advanced imaging techniques for biomedical applications; neurosciences and neuro-engineering, magnetic resonance imaging (MRI): development of novel image contrast strategies; alternate image acquisition, reconstruction, and processing techniques
Dejan Markovic, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 2006)
Power/area-efficient digital integrated circuits, VLSI architectures for wireless communications, organization methods and supporting CAD flows
Christoph Niemann, Ph.D. (U. Technology, Darmstadt, Germany, 2002)
Plasma physics in the context of thermonuclear fusion, laser and charged particle beam-plasma interaction, high-energy density science, plasma- and particle-beam diagnostics
Aydogan Ozcan, Ph.D. (Stanford, 2005)
Bioimaging, nano-photonics, nonlinear optics
Sudhakar Pamarti, Ph.D. (UC San Diego, 2003)
Mixed-signal IC design, signal processing and communication theory
Paulo Tabuada, Ph.D. (Technical University of Lisbon, Portugal, 2002)
Real-time, networked, embedded control systems; mathematical systems theory including discrete-event, timed, and hybrid systems; geometric nonlinear control; algebraic/categorical methods
Yuanyun Ethan Wang, Ph.D. (Texas, Austin, 1999)
Smart antennas, RF and microwave power amplifiers, numerical techniques, DSP techniques for microwave systems, phased arrays, wireless and radar systems, micro-wave integrated circuits
Benjamin Williams, Ph.D. (MIT, 2003)
Development of terahertz quantum cascade lasers
Adjunct Professors
Ezio Biglieri, Dr. Ing. (Politecnico di Torino, Italy, 1967)
Digital communication, wireless channels, modulation, error-control coding, signal processing in telecommunications
Mary Eshaghpour-Wilner, Ph.D. (USC, 1998)
Nanoscale architectures, bioinformatics networks, heterogeneous computing, mapping and scheduling paradigms, optical interconnects, VLSI and reconfigurable chips, parallel algorithms for image processing
Michael P. Fitz, Ph.D. (USC, 1989)
Physical layer communication theory and implementation with applications in wireless systems
Joel Schulman, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1979)
Semiconductor super lattices, solid-state physics
Ingrid M. Verbauwhe, Ph.D. (Katholieke U., Leuven, Belgium, 1991)
Embedded systems, VLSI architecture and circuit design and design methodologies for applications in security, wireless communications and signal processing
Ell Yiablonovitch, Ph.D. (Harvard, 1972)
Optoelectronics, high-speed optical communications, photon integrated circuits, photonic crystals, plasmonic optics and plasmonic circuits, quantum computing and communication
Adjunct Assistant Professor
Hooman Darabi, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1999)
Analog and RF circuit design for wireless and mobile applications, integration of highly selective passive components for multimode applications, broadband and integrated circuit design, over-sampled data converters
* Also Professor Emeritus of Anesthesiology
Lower Division Courses

1. Engineering Electromagnetics I. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: Mathematics 32A, 32B, Physics 1A, 1B. Introduction to modern physics and electromagnetism with engineering orientation. Emphasis on mathematical tools necessary to express and solve Maxwell equations. Relation of these concepts to waves propagating in free space, including dierecich elec troics and optical systems. Letter grading. Mr. Roh, Mr. Joshi, Mr. Niemann (FW)

2. Physics for Electrical Engineers. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 1. Introduction to concepts of modern physics necessary to understand solid-state devices, including elementary quantum theory, Fermi energies, and concepts of electrons in solids. Discussion of electrical properties of semiconductor leading to operation of junction devices. Letter grading.

3. Introduction to Electrical Engineering. (2) Lecture, two hours. Introduction to field of electrical engineering; research and applications across several ar eas, such as communications, control, electromagnetics, embedded computing, engineering optimization, integrated circuits, MEMS, nanotechnology, photonics and optoelectronics, plasma electronics, signal processing, and solid-state electronics. P/NP grading. (W,Sp)

10. Circuit Analysis I. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course 1 or Physics 1C, Mathematics 33A, 33B. Introduction to linear circuit analysis. Resistive circuits, Kirchhoff laws, operational amplifiers, node and loop analysis, Thévenin and Norton theorem, capacitors and inductors, duality, first-order circuits, step response, second-order circuits, natural response, forced response. Letter grading. Ms. Cabric, Mr. Daneshrad (FSp)

M16. Logic Design of Digital Systems. (4) Same as Computer Science M51A. Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Introduction to digital systems. Specification and implementation of combinational and sequential systems. Standard logic modules and programmable logic arrays. Specification and implementation of algorithmic systems: data and control sections. Number systems and arithmetic algorithms. Error control codes for digital information systems. Ms. Cabric, Mr. Daneshrad (FW,Sp)

19. Fiat Lux Freshman Seminars. (1) Seminar, one hour. Discussion of and critical thinking about topics of current intellectual importance, taught by faculty members in their areas of expertise and illuminating many paths of discovery at UCLA. P/NP grading.

99. Student Research Program. (1 to 2) Tutorial (supervised research or other scholarly work), three hours per week per unit. Entry-level research for lower division students under guidance of faculty mentor. Students must be in good academic standing and enrolled in minimum of 12 units (excluding this course). Individual contract required; consult Undergraduate Research Center. May be repeated. P/NP grading.

Upper Division Courses

100. Electrical and Electronic Circuits. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, two hours. Requisites: course 1 or Physics 1C, Mathematics 33A, 33B. Electrical quantities, linear circuit elements, circuit principles, signal waveforms, transient and steady state circuit behavior, semiconductor diodes and transistors, small signal models, and operational amplifiers. Letter grading. Mr. Razavi (FW)

101. Engineering Electromagnetics. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: course 1 or Physics 1C, Mathematics 32A and 32B, or 33A and 33B. Electromagnetic field concepts, waves and phasors, transmission lines and Smith chart, transient responses, vector analysis, introduction to Maxwell equations, static and quasi-static electric and magnetic fields. Letter grading. Mr. Ozcan, Mr. Williams (FW)


103. Applied Numerical Computing. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Civil Engineering 15 or Computer Science 31, Mathematics 33A, 33B (33B may be taken concurrently). Introduction to numerical computing and analysis. Floating point representation and round-off error; numerical methods for systems of linear equations; methods for nonlinear equations, numerical optimization, linear programming, least squares, interpolation, approximation, numerical integration, and differential equations. Letter grading.


110L. Circuit Measurements Laboratory. (2) Laboratory, four hours; outside study, two hours. Requisite: course 100 or 110. Experiments with basic circuits containing resistors, capacitors, inductors, and op-amps. Ohm’s law, voltage and current division, Thévenin and Norton equivalent circuits, superposition, transient and steady state analysis, and frequency response principles. Letter grading. Mr. Gupta, Mr. Pamarti (FW,Sp)


113D. Digital Signal Processing Design. (4) Laboratory, four hours; outside study, four hours. Requisite: course 113. Real-time implementation of digital signal processing algorithms on digital processor chips. Experiments involving A/D and D/A conversion, aliasing, digital filtering, sinusoidal oscillators, Fourier transforms, and finite wordlength effects. Course project involving original design and implementation of signal processing systems for communication, speech, audio, or video using DSP chip. Letter grading. Mr. Jain (FW)

114. Speech and Image Processing Systems Design. (4) Formerly numbered 114D.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; laboratory, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 113. Design principles of speech and image processing systems. Speech production, analysis, and modeling in first half of course; design techniques for image enhancement, filtering, and transformation in second half. Lectures supplemented by laboratory implementation of speech and image processing tasks. Letter grading. Mr. Vlaminck (W)

115A. Analog Electronic Circuits I. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 110. Review of physics and operation of diodes and bipolar and MOS transistors. Equivalent circuits and models of semiconductor devices. Analysis and design of single-stage amplifiers. DC biasing circuits. Small-signal analysis. Operational amplifier systems. Letter grading. Mr. Chang, Mr. Razavi (FW)

115AL. Analog Electronics Laboratory I. (2) Laboratory, four hours; outside study, two hours. Requisites: courses 110L, 115A. Experimental determination of device characteristics, resistive diode circuits, single-stage amplifiers, feedback amplifier stages, effect of feedback on single-stage amplifiers. Letter grading. Mr. Yang (FW,Sp)


115BL. Analog Electronics Laboratory II. (4) Laboratory, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 115AL, 115B. Experimental and computer studies of multistage, wideband, tuned, and power amplifiers, and multiloop feedback amplifiers. Introduction to thick film hybrid techniques. Construction of amplifier using hybrid thick film techniques. Letter grading. Mr. Razavi (Sp)

115C. Digital Electronic Circuits. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: course 115A, Computer Science M51A. Recommended: course 115B. Transistor-level digital circuit analysis and design. Modern logic families (static CMOS, pass-transistor, dynamic logic), integrated circuit (IC) layout, digital circuits (logic gates, flip-flops, latches, counters, etc.), and computer-aided simulation of digital circuits. Letter grading. Mr. Markovic, Mr. Pamarti (W,Sp)


M116C. Computer Systems Architecture. (4) (Same as Computer Science M51B.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: course M15 or Computer Science M51A. Computer Science 33. Recommended: course M116L or Computer Science M152A. Computer Science 111. Computer system organization and design, implementation of CPU and system buses, CPU bus and control, instruction set design, memory hierarchy (caches, main memory, virtual memory) organization and management, input/output subsystems (bus structures, interrupts/DMA, performance evaluation, pipelined processors. Letter grading. Mr. Gupta (FW,Sp)
12B. Principles of Semiconductor Device Design. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 2. Introduction to principles of operation of bipolar and MOS transistors, equivalent circuits, high-frequency behavior, voltage limitations. Letter grading.

Mr. Chui, Mr. Woo (W,Sp)

122L. Semiconductor Devices Laboratory. (4) (Formerly numbered 122LL.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours. Requisites: courses 2, 121B (may be taken concurrently). Design fabrication and characterization of p-n junctions and transistors. Students perform various processing tasks such as wafer preparation, oxidation, diffusion, metallization, and photolithography. Letter grading.

Mr. Candler (W,Sp)

123A. Fundamentals of Solid-State I. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 2 or Physics 1C. Limited to junior/senior engineering majors. Fundamentals of solid-state, introduction to quantum mechanics and quantum statistics applied to solid-state. Crystal structure, energy levels in solids, and band theory and semiconductor properties. Letter grading.

Mr. K.L. Wang (F)

123B. Fundamentals of Solid-State II. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 123A. Band structure of semiconductors, experimental probes of basic band structure parameters, statistics of carriers, carrier transport properties at low fields, excess carrier transport properties, carrier recombination mechanisms, heterojunction properties. Letter grading.

Ms. Huffaker (Not offered 2009-10)

124. Semiconductor Physical Electronics. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 123A. Band structure of semiconductors, experimental probes of basic band structure parameters, statistics of carriers, carrier transport properties at low fields, excess carrier transport properties, carrier recombination mechanisms, heterojunction properties. Letter grading.

Ms. Huffaker (Not offered 2009-10)

128. Principles of Nanoelectronics. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, four hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: course 1, or Physics 1A and 1B. Introduction to fundamentals of nanoscience for electronic devices. Nanoelectronics. Principles of fundamental quantities: electron charge, effective mass, Bohr magneton, and spin, as well as theoretical approaches. From these nanoscale components, discussion of basic behaviors of nanosystems such as analysis of dynamics, variability, and noise, contrasted with those of scaled CMOS. Incorporation of design principles, as well as knowledge of modern nanoelectronics. Letter grading.

Mr. K.L. Wang (W)

129D. Semiconductor Processing and Device Design. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 121B. Introduction to CAD tools and in-line process control. Requisite: course 102B. Course familiarizes students with tools used in semiconductor fabrication. Using CAD tools, CMOS process integration to be designed. Letter grading.

Mr. Chui (Sp)

131A. Probability. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 102, 113, 113A. Properties of signals and noise. Basic probability fundamentals, random processes, discrete- and continuous-time stationary processes, correlation function and spectral density, linear transformation, and mean-square estimation. Applications to communication, control, and signal processing. Introduction to computer simulation and generation of random events. Letter grading.

Mr. Roychowdhury, Mr. Welzl (FW)

131B. Introduction to Stochastic Processes. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 131A. Introduction to concepts of stochastic processes, emphasizing continuous- and discrete-time stationary processes, correlation function and spectral density, linear transformation, and mean-square estimation. Applications to communication, control, and signal processing. Introduction to computer simulation and generation of random events. Letter grading.

Mr. Balakrishnan (Sp)

132A. Introduction to Communication Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 102, 113, 113A. Properties of signals and noise. Basic probability fundamentals, random processes, discrete- and continuous-time stationary processes, correlation function and spectral density, linear transformation, and mean-square estimation. Applications to communication, control, and signal processing. Introduction to computer simulation and generation of random events. Letter grading. Letter grading.

Mr. Villasenor, Mr. Yao (W,Sp)


Mr. Rubin (Not offered 2009-10)


Mr. Vandenbergh (Not offered 2009-10)


Mr. Khanna (FW)

142. Linear Systems: Space-Space Approach. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 102. State-space methods of linear system analysis and synthesis, with application to problems in networks, control, and system modeling. Letter grading.

Mr. Tabuada (Not offered 2009-10)

CM150. Introduction to Micromachining and Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS). (4) Formerly numbered M150.) (Same as Biomedical Engineering CM150L and Mechanical Engineering CM180L.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20L, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL. Corequisite: course CM150L. Hands-on introduction to micromachining technologies and microelectromechanical systems (MEMS). Methods of micromachining and how these methods can be used to produce variety of MEMS, including microstructures, microsensors, and microactuators. Students design microfabrication processes capable of achieving desired MEMS device. Concurrently scheduled with course CM250L. Letter grading.

Mr. Candler (F)

150DL. Photonic Sensor Design Laboratory. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Limited to seniors. Multidisciplinary course with lectures and laboratory experiments on optical sensors. Fundamentals of intensity and interference-based transducers, polarimeters, multiplexing and sensor networks, physical and biomedical sensors. Design and implementation of optical, gyroscope, computer interface, and signal processing. Letter grading.

Mr. Jalali (Not offered 2009-10)

CM150L. Introduction to Micromachining and Microelectromechanical Systems Laboratory. (2) (Formerly numbered M150L.) (Same as Biomedical Engineering CM150L and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM180L.) Lecture, one hour; laboratory, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20L, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL. Corequisite: course CM150. Hands-on introduction to micromachining technologies and microelectromechanical systems (MEMS) laboratory. Methods of micromachining and how these methods can be used to produce variety of MEMS, including microstructures, microsensors, and microactuators. Students design and implement optical, gyroscope, computer interface, and signal processing. Letter grading.

Ms. Huffaker, Mr. Y.E. Wang (F,Sp)

162A. Wireless Communication Links and Antennas. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course CM150L. Theoretical and practical aspects of transmitting and receiving antennas and antenna arrays. Adaptive arrays. Friis transmission formula, radar equations. Cell-site and mobile antennas, bandwidth budget. Noise in communication systems (transmission lines, antennas, atmospheric, etc.); cell-site and mobile antennas, cell coverage for signal and traffic, interference, multipath fading, ray bending, and other propagation phenomena. Letter grading. Mr. Rahmat-Samii (Sp)

163A. Introduction to Microwave Circuits. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 161. Transmission lines description of waveguides, impedance transformers, power dividers, directional couplers, filters, hybrid junctions, reciprocal devices. Letter grading.

Mr. Chang (Not offered 2009-10)

163B. Microwave and Millimeter Wave Active Devices. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 121B. MESPN, HEMT, HBT, IMPATT, Gunn, small signal models, noise model, large signal analysis, loadpull method, parameter extraction technique. Letter grading.

Mr. Chang (Not offered 2009-10)

163C. Active Microwave Circuits. (4) Lecture, three hours; discussion, nine hours. Requisites: courses 121B and 163B. Design and development of microwave transistors, amplifiers, oscillators, stability, noise, distortion, and noise. Letter grading.

Mr. Itoh, Mr. Y.E. Wang (W)
Graduate Courses

210A. VLSI Design Automation. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 115C. Fundamentals of design automation of VLSI circuits and systems, including introduction to circuit and system platforms such as field programmable gate arrays and multicore systems. High-level synthesis, logic synthesis, and technology mapping; physical design; and testing and verification. Letter grading. Mr. He (Not offered 2009-10)

210C. Modeling of VLSI Circuits and Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours. Requisite: course 115C. Detailed study of VLSI circuit and system models considering performance, signal integrity, power and thermal effects, reliability, and manufacturability. Discussion of principles of modeling and optimization codevelopment. Letter grading. Mr. He (Sp)

M202A. Embedded Systems. (4) Same as Computer Science M213A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 132B or Computer Science 118, and Computer Science 111. Designed for graduate computer science and electrical engineering students. Interdisciplinary course with focus on study of distributed embedded systems concepts needed to realize systems such as wireless sensor and actuator networks for monitoring and control of physical world. Topics include network self-configuration with localization and timing, energy-aware system design and operation; protocols for MAC, routing, transport, disruption tolerance; programming issues and models with language, OS, database, and middleware; in-network collaborative processing; fundamental characteristics such as coverage, connectivity, capacity, latency; techniques for exploitation and management of mobility; data and system integrity issues with collision, faults, debugging, and security; and usage issues such as human interfaces and safety. Letter grading. Mr. Srivastava (F)

M202B. Distributed Embedded Systems. (4) (Formerly numbered 206A.) (Same as Computer Science M213B.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 132B or Computer Science 118, and Computer Science 111. Designed for graduate computer science and electrical engineering students. Interdisciplinary course with focus on study of distributed embedded systems concepts needed to realize systems such as wireless sensor and actuator networks for monitoring and control of physical world. Topics include network self-configuration with localization and timing, energy-aware system design and operation; protocols for MAC, routing, transport, disruption tolerance; programming issues and models with language, OS, database, and middleware; in-network collaborative processing; fundamental characteristics such as coverage, connectivity, capacity, latency; techniques for exploitation and management of mobility; data and system integrity issues with collision, faults, debugging, and security; and usage issues such as human interfaces and safety. Letter grading. Mr. Srivastava (F)

202C. Networked Embedded Systems Design. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, four hours. Designed for graduate computer science and electrical engineering students. Training in combination of networked embedded systems design combining embedded hardware platform, embedded operating system, and hardware/software interface. Essential graduate student background for research in industry careers. Designed for applications ranging from conventional wireless mobile devices to new area of wireless health. Laboratory design modules and course projects based on state-of-art embedded hardware platform. Letter grading. Mr. Kaiser (W)

205A. Matrix Analysis for Scientists and Engineers. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Preparation: one undergraduate linear algebra course. Designed for first-year graduate students in all branches of engineering, science, and related disciplines. Introduction to matrix theory and linear algebra, language in which virtually all of modern science and engineering is communicated. Linear matrices taught in undergraduate courses and introduction to graduate-level topics. Letter grading. Mr. Laub (F)

Mr. Balakrishnan (Not offered 2009-10)


Mr. Balakrishnan (Not offered 2009-10)

209AS. Special Topics in Circuits and Embedded Systems. (2 to 4) Seminar, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Seminars and discussions on current and advanced topics in one or more aspects of circuits and embedded systems, such as digital, analog, mixed-signal, and radio frequency integrated circuits (RF ICs); electronic design automation; wireless communication circuits and systems; embedded processor architectures; embedded software; distributed sensor and actuator networks; robotics; and embedded security. May be repeated for credit with topic change. S/U or letter grading.

Mr. Chang, Mr. Kaiser (FW)

209BS. Seminar: Circuits and Embedded Systems. (2 to 4) Seminar, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Seminars and discussions on current and advanced topics in one or more aspects of circuits and embedded systems, such as digital, analog, mixed-signal, and radio frequency integrated circuits (RF ICs); electronic design automation; wireless communication circuits and systems; embedded processor architectures; embedded software; distributed sensor and actuator networks; robotics; and embedded security. May be repeated for credit with topic change. S/U grading.

(Not offered 2009-10)


211A. Digital Image Processing I. (4) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, five hours. Preparation: computer programming experience. Requisite: course 113. Fundamentals of digital image processing theory and techniques. Topics include two-dimensional linear system theory, image transforms, and enhancement. Concepts covered in lecture applied in computer laboratory assignments. Letter grading. Mr. Villasenor (F)

211B. Digital Image Processing II. (4) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, five hours. Requisite: course 211A. Advanced digital image processing theory and techniques. Topics include model-based, restoration, still-frame and video image compression, tomographic imaging, and multi-resolution analysis using wavelet transforms. Letter grading. Mr. Willson (W)


212B. Multirate Systems and Filter Banks. (4) Lecture, three hours; outside study, nine hours. Requisite: course 212A. Fundamentals of multirate systems; polyphase representation; multistage implementations; applications of multirate systems; maximally decimated filter banks; perfect reconstruction systems; parasitic filter banks; wavelet transform and its relation to multirate filter banks. Letter grading. Mr. Willson (W)

213A. Advanced Digital Signal Processing Circuit Design. (4) Lecture, three hours; outside study, nine hours. Requisite: course 212A. Digital filter design and optimization using computer systems for digital signal processing circuits; integrated circuit modules for digital signal processing; programmable signal processors; CAD tools and cell libraries for application-specific integrated circuit design; study of speech and image processing circuits. Letter grading. Mr. Jain (Sp)

M214A. Digital Speech Processing. (4) (Same as Biomedical Engineering M214A.) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 113. Theory and applications of digital processing of speech signals. Mathematical models of human speech production and perception mechanisms, speech analysis/synthesis. Techniques include linear prediction, filter-bank models, and homomorphic filtering. Applications to speech synthesis, automatic recognition, and hearing aids. Letter grading. Ms. Alwan (A)

214B. Advanced Topics in Speech Processing. (4) Lecture, three hours; computer assignments, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course M214A. Advanced techniques used in various speech-processing applications, with focus on speech recognition by humans and machine. Physiology and psychoacoustics of human perception. Dynamic Time Warping (DTW) and Hidden Markov Models (HMM) for automatic speech recognition systems, pattern classification, and search algorithms. Aids for hearing impaired. Letter grading. Ms. Alwan (Sp, even years)

215A. Analog Integrated Circuit Design. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 115B. Analysis and design of analog integrated circuits. MOS and bipolar device structures and models, single-stage and differential amplifiers, noise, feedback, operational amplifiers, offset and distortion, sampling devices and discrete-time circuits, bandgap references. Letter grading. Mr. Abidi (F)


215C. Analysis and Design of RF Circuits and Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 215A. Principles of RF circuit and system design, with emphasis on monolithic implementation in VLSI technologies. Basic concepts, communications background, transceiver architectures, low-noise amplifiers and mixers, oscillators, frequency synthesizers, power amplifiers. Letter grading. Mr. Jain (W)

215D. Analog Microsystem Design. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 215A. Analysis and design of data conversion integrated circuits. Sampling circuits, architectures, A/D conversion techniques, A/D converter architectures, building blocks, precision techniques, discrete- and continuous-time filters. Letter grading. Mr. Abidi (Sp)

215E. Signaling and Synchronization (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 215A, M216A. Analysis and design of circuits for synchronization and communication for VLSI systems. Use of both digital and analog design techniques to improve data rate of electronics between functional blocks, chips, and systems. Advanced clocking methodologies, phase-locked loop design for clock generation, and high-performance wire-line transmitters, receivers, and timing recovery circuits. Letter grading. Mr. Pamarti (Sp)

M216A. Design of VLSI Circuits and Systems. (4) (Same as Computer Science M258A.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; laboratory, four hours; outside study, three hours. Requisites: courses M16 or Computer Science M51A, and 115A. Recommended: course 115C. LSI/VLSI design and application. Use of logic synthesis, CAD tools and computer systems for digital design techniques that can be used to implement complex integrated systems on chips. Letter grading. Mr. Markovic (F)

216B. VLSI Signal Processing. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Advanced concepts in VLSI signal processing, with emphasis on architecture design and optimization within block-based description that can be mapped to hardware. Fundamental concepts from digital signal processing (DSP) theory, architecture, and circuit design applied to complex DSP algorithms in emerging applications for personal communications and healthcare. Letter grading. Mr. Jain (Not offered 2009-10)

M216C. LSI in Computer System Design. (4) (Same as Computer Science M258C.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, four hours. Requisite: course M216A. LSI/VLSI design and application in computer systems. In-depth studies of VLSI architectures and VLSI design tools. Letter grading. Mr. Jain (Not offered 2009-10)

217. Biomedical Imaging. (4) (Same as Biomedical Engineering M217.) Lecture, three hours; outside study, nine hours. Requisite: course 114 or 211A. Optical imaging modalities in biomedicine. Other nonoptical imaging modalities discussed briefly for comparison purposes. Letter grading. Mr. Jain (F)

221A. Physics of Semiconductor Devices I. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Physical principles and design considerations of junction devices. Letter grading. Mr. Woo (F)
221B. Physics of Semiconductor Devices I. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Prerequisites: and design considerations of field effect devices and charge-coupled devices. Letter grading.  
Mr. Woo (W)

221C. Microwave Semiconductor Devices. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Physical principles and considerations of microwave solid-state devices: Schottky barrier mixer diodes, IMPATT diodes, transferred electron devices, tunnel diodes, microwave transistors. Letter grading.  
Mr. Chang (Sp)

Mr. Chiu (F)

Mr. Hufskov (W)

224. Solid-State Electronics II. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 223. Techniques to solve Boltzmann transport equation, various scattering mechanisms in semiconductors, high field transport properties in semiconductors, Monte Carlo method in transport. Optical properties. Letter grading.  
Mr. K.L. Wang (W)

225. Physics of Semiconductor Nanostructures and Devices. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 223. Theoretical methods for calculating electronic and optical properties of semiconductor structures. Quantum size effects and low-dimensional systems. Application to semiconductor nano meter scale devices, including negative resistance diodes, transistors, and detectors. Letter grading.  
Ms. Hufskov (Sp, alternate years)

229. Seminar: Advanced Topics in Solid-State Electronics. (4) Seminar, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Preparation for, completion of Ph.D. major field examination. Seminar on current research topics in solid-state and quantum electronics (Section 1) or in electronic circuit theory and applications (Section 2). Students report on tutorial topic and on research topic in their dissertation area. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading.  
Not offered 2009-10

229S. Advanced Electrical Engineering Seminar. (2) Seminar, two hours; outside study, six hours. Preparation for, completion of Ph.D. major field examination. Seminar on current research topics in solid-state and quantum electronics (Section 1) or in electronic circuit theory and applications (Section 2). Students report on tutorial topic and on research topic in their dissertation area. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading.  
Not offered 2009-10

230A. Estimation and Detection in Communication and Radar Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 131A. Applications of estimation and detection concepts in communication and radar engineering; random signal and noise characteristics by analytical and simulation methods; mean square (MS) and maximum likelihood (ML) estimators and algorithms; detection under ML, Bayes, and Neyman-Pearson (NP) criteria; signal-to-noise ratio and error probability evaluation. Letter grading.  
Mr. Yao (F)

230B. Digital Communication Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 230A, 230B. Basic concepts of digital communication systems; representation of bandpass waveforms; signal space analysis and optimum receivers in Gaussian noise; comparison of digital modulation methods; synchronization and adaptive equalization applications to modern communication systems. Letter grading.  
Mr. Daneshrad (W)

230C. Algorithms and Processing in Communication and Radar. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 230A. Concepts and implementations of digital signal processing algorithms in communication and radar systems; optimum dynamic range scaling for random data; algorithms for fast convolution and transform; Spectral estimation; Parallel processing, FFT, DFT, convolution, FFT, NTT, Winograd DFT; stochastic array; spectral analysis-windowing, AR and ARMA; system applications. Letter grading.  
Mr. Yao (Sp)

230D. Signal Processing in Communications. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 230C. Basic digital signal processing techniques for estimation and detection of signals in communication and radar systems. Optimization of dynamic range, quantization, and state constraints; DFT, convolution, FFT, NTT, Winograd DFT, systolic array; spectral analysis-windowing, AR, and ARMA; system applications. Letter grading.  
Mr. Yao (Not offered 2009-10)

231A. Information Theory: Channel and Source Coding. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 131A. Fundamental limits on compression and transmission of information; channel limits and algorithms for lossless data compression, channel capacity, rate versus distortion in lossy compression, and information theory for multiple users. Letter grading.  
Mr. Yao (Sp)

231E. Channel Coding Theory. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 131A. Fundamentals of error control codes and decoding algorithms. Topics include block codes, convolutional codes, trellis codes, and turbo codes. Letter grading.  
Mr. Wesel (Not offered 2009-10)

232A. Stochastic Modeling with Applications to Telecommunication Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 131A. Introduction to stochastic processes as applied to study of telecommunication systems and traffic engineering. Renewal theory; discrete-time Markov chains; continuous-time Markov jump processes. Applications to traffic and queueing analysis of basic telecommunication systems. Letter grading.  
Mr. Rubin (F)

232B. Telecommunication Switching and Queueing Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 232A. Queue modeling and analysis with applications to space-time digital switching systems and to integrated-service telecommunication systems. Performance analysis of traffic engineering and queuing theory. Queue size, waiting time, busy period, blocking, and stochastic process analysis for Markovian and non-Markovian models. Letter grading.  
Mr. Rubin (W)

Mr. Rubin (Not offered 2009-10)

232D. Telecommunication Networks and Multiple-Access Communications. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 232B. Performance analysis and design of telecommunication networks and multiple-access communication systems. Topics include architectures, multiplexing and multiple-access, message delays, error/flow control, switching, routing, protocols. Applications to local-area, packet-radio, local-distribution, computer and satellite communication networks. Letter grading.  
Mr. Rubin (Not offered 2009-10)

232E. Graphs and Network Flows. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 136. Solution to analysis and synthesis problems that may be formulated as a network flow problem or constrained or (cost constrained) networks. Development of tools of network flow theory using graph theoretic methods; application to communication, transportation, and transmission problems. Letter grading.  
Mr. Roychowdhury, Mr. Rubin (Not offered 2009-10)

233. Wireless Communications Systems. (4) (Formerly numbered 233B.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 230B. Various aspects of physical layer and medium access design for wireless communications systems. Topics include wireless signal propagation and channel modeling, single-carrier and spread-spectrum modulation for wireless systems, diversity techniques, multiple-access schemes, transceiver design and effects of non-ideal components, hardware partitioning issues. Case study highlights system level trade-offs. Letter grading.  
Mr. Daneshrad (W)

Mr. Roychowdhury (F)

Mr. Roychowdhury (F)

Mr. Vandenberghe (W)

237. Dynamic Programming. (4) (Same as Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering ME276.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Recommended prerequisite: course 232A or 236A or 236B. Introduction to mathematical analysis of sequential decision processes. Finite horizon model in both deterministic and stochastic cases. Finite-state infinite horizon model. Methods of solution. Examples from inventory theory, finance, optimal control and estimation, Markov decision processes, combinatorial optimization, communications. Letter grading.  
Mr. Vandenberghe (Not offered 2009-10)

253. Dynamic Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Topics include stability, bifurcation, chaos, and control. Letter grading.  
Mr. Roychowdhury, Mr. Chen (Not offered 2009-10)

Mr. Roychowdhury (Not offered 2009-10)
238. Multimedia Communications and Processing. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 113, 131A. Key concepts, principles, and design tools of multimedia communications and processing across heterogeneous Internet and wireless channels. Due to flexible and low-cost infrastructure, new networks and communications paradigms, diversity of devices, and multimedia transmission applications and provide varying resources with limited support for quality of service required by delay-sensitive, bandwidth-intense, and loss-tolerant multimedia applications. New concepts, principles, theories, and practical solutions for cross-layer design that can provide optimal adaptation for time-varying channel characteristics, adaptive and delay-sensitive applications, and multiuser transmission environments. Letter grading. Ms. van der Schaar (F)

239AS. Special Topics in Signals and Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Special topics in one or more aspects of signals and systems, such as communications, control, image processing, information theory, multimedia, computer networking, optimization, speech processing, telecommunications, and VLSI signal processing. May be repeated for credit with topic change. S/U or letter grading. (W,Sp)

239BS. Seminar: Signals and Systems. (2 to 4) Seminar, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Seminars and discussions on current and advanced topics in one or more aspects of signals and systems, such as communications, control, image processing, information theory, multimedia, computer networking, optimization, speech processing, telecommunication, and VLSI signal processing. May be repeated for credit with topic change. S/U grading. (Not offered 2009-10)

M240A. Linear Dynamic Systems. (4) (Same as Chemical Engineering M280A and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M270A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 141 or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 171A. State-space description of linear time-invariant (LTI) and time-varying (LTV) systems in continuous and discrete time. Linear algebra concepts, such as eigenvectors and eigenvectors, singular values, Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Jordan form; solution of state equations; stability, controllability, observability, realizability, and minimality. Stabilization design via state feedback and observers; separation principle. Connections with transfer function techniques. Letter grading. Mr. Tabuada (F)

M240B. Linear Optimal Control. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 240B, Applications of variational methods, Pontryagin maximum principle, Hamilton/Jacobi/Bellman equation (dynamical programming) to optimal control of dynamic systems modeled by nonlinear ordinary differential equations. Letter grading. Mr. Tabuada (Not offered 2009-10)

M240C. Optimal Control. (4) (Same as Chemical Engineering M280C and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M270C.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course 241B. Introduction to optimal control, with emphasis on detailed study of LQR, or linear regulators with quadratic cost criteria. Relationships to classical control system design. Letter grading. Mr. Balakrishnan (Not offered 2009-10)

M240D. Dynamic Systems. (4) (Same as Chemical Engineering M280D and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M270D.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 241 or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 171A. State-space description of linear time-invariant (LTI) and time-varying (LTV) systems in continuous and discrete time. Linear algebra concepts, such as eigenvectors and eigenvectors, singular values, Cayley/Hamilton theorem, Jordan form; solution of state equations; stability, controllability, observability, realizability, and minimality. Stabilization design via state feedback and observers; separation principle. Connections with transfer function techniques. Letter grading. Mr. Tabuada (F)


241C. Stochastic Control. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 240B, 241B. Linear quadratic Gaussian theory of optimal feedback control of stochastic systems; discrete-time state-space models; sigma algebra equivalence and separation principle; dynamic programming; compensation design for time-invariant systems; feedback control and servomechanisms, extensions to nonlinear systems; applications to intervention guidance, gust alleviation. Letter grading. Mr. Balakrishnan (Not offered 2009-10)

M242A. Nonlinear Dynamic Systems. (4) (Same as Chemical Engineering M282A and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M272A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M240A. Hands-on introduction to chemical and mechanical and aerospace engineering M270A. State-space techniques for studying solutions of time-invariant and time-varying nonlinear dynamic systems with emphasis on stability. Lyapunov theory (including converse theorems), invariance, center manifold theory, input-to-state stability and small-gain theorem. Lecture grading. Mr. Tabuada (Not offered 2009-10)

243B. Robust and Optimal Control by Convex Methods. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study eight hours. Requisite: course M240A. Multiobjective robust control, including H2 and H∞ optimal control and robust performance analysis and synthesis against bounded disturbances. Emphasis on convex methods for analysis and design, in particular linear matrix inequality (LMI) approach to control. Letter grading. Mr. Tabuada (Not offered 2009-10)

M245B. Seminar: Systems, Dynamics, and Control Topics. (2) (Same as Chemical Engineering M297 and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering M299A.) Seminar, two hours; outside study, six hours. Limited to graduate engineering students. Presentations of research topics by leading academic researchers from fields of systems, dynamics, and control. Students who work in these fields present their papers. S/U grading. Mr. Tabuada (F)

CM250A. Introduction to Micromachining and Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS). (4) (Formerly numbered M250A.) (Same as Biomedical Engineering CM250A and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM280A.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20L, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL. Corequisites: course CM250L. Introduction to micromachining and microelectromechanical systems (MEMS). Methods of micromachining and how these methods can be used to produce variety of MEMS, including microstructures, microsensors, and microactuators. Designing MEMS to be produced with both foundry and nonfoundry processes. Computer-aided design for MEMS. Design project required. Letter grading. Mr. Judy (W)

CM250B. Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS) Device Physics and Design. (4) (Formerly numbered M250B.) (Same as Biomedical Engineering CM252 and Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering CM260B.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Introduction to MEMS design. Design methods, design rules, sensing and actuation mechanisms, microsensors, and microactuators. Designing MEMS to be produced with both foundry and nonfoundry processes. Computer-aided design for MEMS. Design project required. Letter grading. Mr. Judy (Sp)

CM255. Neuroengineering. (4) (Same as Biomedical Engineering M256 and Neuroscience M260.) Lecture, four hours; laboratory; three hours; outside study, five hours. Requisites: Mathematics 32A, Physics 10B or 8B. Introduction to principles and techniques of biophysics, physiology, and control systems for analysis and design, in particular linear matrix inequality (LMI) approach to control. Topics include bioelectricity, electrophysiology (action potentials, field potentials, EEG, ECG), intracellular and extracellular recording, microelectrode technology, neural signal processing (neural signal frequency bands, filtering, spike detection, spike sorting, stimulation artifact removal), brain-computer interface, and deep-brain stimulation, and prosthetics. Letter grading. Mr. Markovic (W)


CM257. Nanoscience and Technology. (4) (Same as Chemical and Aerospace Engineering M258B.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Introduction to fundamental nano areas to understanding complex materials and their applications to modern engineering problems. Waves in anisotropic, inhomogeneous, and disperse media. Guided waves in bounded and unbounded regions. Radiation and interaction, including optical phenomena. Partially coherent waves, statistical media. Letter grading.


CM260L. Microwave and Millimeter Wave Circuits. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course 163A. Rectangular and circular waveguides, microstrip, stripline, and dielectric waveguides, distributed circuits, with applications in microwave and millimeter wave integrated circuits. Substrate materials, surface wave phenomena. Analytical methods for discontinuity effects. Design of passive microwave and millimeter wave circuits. Letter grading.


CM263. Microwave and Millimeter Wave Circuits. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course 163A. Rectangular and circular waveguides, microstrip, stripline, and dielectric waveguides, distributed circuits, with applications in microwave and millimeter wave integrated circuits. Substrate materials, surface wave phenomena. Analytical methods for discontinuity effects. Design of passive microwave and millimeter wave circuits. Letter grading.


266. Computational Methods for Electromagnetics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 162A, 163A. Computational techniques for partial differential and integral equations: finite-difference, finite-element, method of moments, and integral equation methods. Topics include transmission line resonators, integrated circuits, solid-state device modeling, electromagnetic scattering, and antennas. Letter grading. Mr. Itoh (Sp)

270. Applied Quantum Mechanics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Preparation: modern physics or course 123A, linear algebra, and ordinary differential equations courses. Principles of quantum mechanics for applications in lasers, solid-state physics, and nonlinear optics. Topics include eigenfunction expansions, observables, Schrödinger equation, uncertainty principle, central force problem, hydrogen atom, and WKBJ approximate wave mechanics, density matrix formalism, and radiation theory. Letter grading. Mr. Williams (Sp)


274. Fiber Optic System Design. (4) Lecture, three hours; outside study, nine hours. Requisites: courses 173D and/or 174. Top-down introduction to physical layer design in fiber optic communication systems, including Telecom, Datacom, and CATV. Fundamentals of digital and analog optical communication systems, fiber transmission characteristics, and optical modulation techniques, including direct and external modulation. Architectural design. Architectural-level design of fiber optic transceiver circuits, including preamplifier, quantizer, clock and data recovery, laser driver, and predistortion circuits. Letter grading. Mr. Jalali (F)

279AS. Special Topics in Physical and Wave Electronics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Special topics in one or more aspects of physical and wave electronics, such as electrodynamics, microwaves and millimeter wave circuits, photonics and optoelectronics, plasma electronics, microelectromechanical systems, solid state, and nanotechnology. May be repeated for credit with topic change. S/U or letter grading. Mr. Joshi (Sp)

279BS. Seminar: Physical and Wave Electronics. (2 to 4) Seminar, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Topics will be selected from various current and advanced topics in one or more aspects of physical and wave electronics, such as electrodynamics, microwaves and millimeter wave circuits, photonics and optoelectronics, plasma electronics, microelectromechanical systems, solid state, and nanotechnology. May be repeated for credit with topic change. S/U grading. (Not offered 2009-10)

285A. Plasma Waves and Instabilities. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 101, and M185 or Physics M122. Wave phenomena in plasmas described by macroscopic fluid equations. Microwave propagation, plasma oscillations, ion acoustic waves, cyclotron waves, hydromagnetic waves, drift waves. Rayleigh Taylor, Kelvin Helmholtz, universal, and streaming instabilities. Application to experiments in fully and partially ionized gases. Letter grading. Mr. Joshi, Mr. Mori (Not offered 2009-10)

285B. Advanced Plasma Waves and Instabilities. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses M185, and 285A or Physics 222A. Interaction of intense electromagnetic waves with plasmas: waves in inhomogeneous and bounded plasmas, nonlinear wave coupling and damping, parametric and inverse cascades, resistive, shock waves, echoes, laser heating. Emphasis on experimental considerations and techniques. Letter grading. Mr. Joshi, Mr. Niemann (Not offered 2009-10)


297. Seminar: Research Topics in Electrical Engineering. (2 to 4) Seminar, two hours; outside study, four hours. Advanced study and analysis of current topics in electrical engineering. Discussion of current research and literature in research specialty of faculty member teaching course. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading.

297. Seminar Series: Electrical Engineering. (1) Seminar, 90 minutes; outside study, 90 minutes. Limited to graduate electrical engineering students. Weekly seminars and discussion by invited speakers on research topics of heightened interest. S/U grading. (FW,Sp)

298. Seminar: Engineering. (2 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Limited to graduate electrical engineering students. Seminars may be organized in advanced technical fields. If appropriate, field trips may be arranged. May be repeated with topic change. S/U or letter grading. (Not offered 2009-10)

299. M.S. Project Seminar. (4) Seminar, to be arranged. Required of all M.S. students not in thesis option. Supervised research in small groups or individually under guidance of faculty mentor. Regular meetings, culminating report, and presentation required. Individual contract required; enrollment petitions available in Office of Graduate Student Affairs. Letter grading.

375. Teaching Apprentice Practicum. (1 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Preparation: apprentice personnel employment as teaching assistant, associate, or fellow. Teaching apprenticeship under active guidance and supervision of regular faculty member responsible for curriculum and instruction at UCLA. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading. (FW,Sp)


596. Directed Individual or Tutorial Studies. (2 to 8) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate electrical engineering students. Petition forms to request enrollment may be obtained from assistant dean, Graduate Studies. Supervised investigation of advanced technical problems. S/U grading.

597A. Preparation for M.S. Comprehensive Examination. (2 to 12) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate electrical engineering students. Reading and preparation for M.S. comprehensive examination. S/U grading.

597B. Preparation for Ph.D. Preliminary Examinations. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate electrical engineering students. S/U grading.

597C. Preparation for Ph.D. Oral Qualifying Examination. (2 to 12) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate electrical engineering students. Preparation for oral qualifying examination, including preliminary research on dissertation. S/U grading.

598. Research for and Preparation of M.S. Thesis. (2 to 12) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate electrical engineering students. Supervised independent research for M.S. candidates, including thesis prospectus. S/U grading.

599. Research for and Preparation of Ph.D. Dissertation. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate electrical engineering students. Usually taken after students have been advanced to candidacy. S/U grading.

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Scope and Objectives

At the heart of materials science is an understanding of the microstructure of solids. “Microstructure” is used broadly in reference to solids viewed at the subatomic (electronic) and atomic levels, and the nature of the defects at these levels. The microstructure of solids at various levels profoundly influences the mechanical, electronic, chemical, and biological properties of solids. The phenomenological and mechanistic relationships between microstructure and the macroscopic properties of solids are, in essence, what materials science is all about.

Materials engineering builds on the foundation of materials science and is concerned with the design, fabrication, and optimal selection of engineering materials that must simultaneously fulfill dimensional, property, quality control, and economic requirements.

The department also has a program in electronic materials that provides a broad-based background in materials science, with opportunity to specialize in the study of those materials used for electronic and optoelectronic applications. The program incorporates several courses in electrical engineering in addition to those in the materials science curriculum.

The undergraduate program leads to the B.S. degree in Materials Engineering. Students are introduced to the basic principles of metallurgy and ceramic and polymer science as part of the department’s Materials Engineering major.

A joint major field, Chemistry/Materials Science, is offered to students enrolled in the Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry (College of Letters and Science).

The graduate program allows for specialization in one of the following fields: ceramics and ceramic processing, electronic and optical materials, and structural materials.

Department Mission

The Department of Materials Science and Engineering faculty members, students, and alumni foster a collegial atmosphere to produce (1) highly qualified students through an educational program that cultivates excellence, (2) novel and highly innovative research that advances basic and applied knowledge in materials, and (3) effective interactions with the external community through educational outreach, industrial collaborations, and service activities.

Undergraduate Program Objectives

The Materials Engineering major at UCLA prepares undergraduate students for employment or advanced studies with industry, the national laboratories, state and federal agencies, and academia. To meet the needs of these constituencies, the objectives of the undergraduate program are to produce graduates who (1) possess a solid foundation in materials science and engineering, with emphasis on the fundamental scientific and engineering principles that govern the microstructure, properties, processing, and performance of all classes of engineering materials, (2) understand materials processes and the application of general natural science and engineering principles to the analysis and design of materials systems of current and/
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or future importance to society, (3) have strong skills in independent learning, analysis, and problem solving, with special emphasis on design of engineering materials and processes, communication, and an ability to work in teams, and (4) understand and are aware of the broad issues relevant to materials, including professional and ethical responsibilities, impact of materials engineering on society and environment, contemporary issues, and need for lifelong learning.

Undergraduate Study

Materials Engineering B.S.

The ABET-accredited materials engineering program is designed for students who wish to pursue a professional career in the materials field and desire a broad understanding of the relationship between microstructure and properties of materials. Metals, ceramics, and polymers, as well as the design, fabrication, and testing of metallic and other materials such as oxides, glasses, and fiber-reinforced composites, are included in the course contents.

Materials Engineering Option

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L; Computer Science 31 (or another programming course approved by the Faculty Executive Committee); Materials Science and Engineering 10, 90L; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C (or Electrical Engineering 1).

The Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 102A (or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 105A), Civil and Environmental Engineering 101 (or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101), 108, Electrical Engineering 100, Materials Science and Engineering 104, 110, 110L, 120, 130, 131, 131L, 132, 140, 143A, 150, 160, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 181A or 182A; two laboratory courses (4 units) from Materials Science and Engineering 121L, 141L, 143L, 161L; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and three major field elective courses (4 units) from Chemical Engineering C114, Civil and Environment- mental Engineering 130, 135A, Electrical Engineering 2, 123A, 123B, 124, Materials Science and Engineering 111, 121, 122, 151, 161, 162, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 156A, 166C, plus at least one elective course (4 units) from Chemistry and Biochemistry 30A, 30AL, Electrical Engineering 131A, Materials Science and Engineering 170, 171, Mathematics 170A, or Statistics 100A.

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

Electronic Materials Option

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L; Computer Science 31 (or another programming course approved by the Faculty Executive Committee); Electrical Engineering 10; Materials Science and Engineering 10, 90L; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C (or Electrical Engineering 1).

The Major

Required: Chemical Engineering 102A (or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 105A), Electrical Engineering 101, 121B, Materials Science and Engineering 104, 110, 110L, 120 (or Electrical Engineering 2), 121, 121L, 122, 130, 131, 131L, 140, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101, and 181A or 182A; four courses (16 units) from Electrical Engineering 123A, 123B, Materials Science and Engineering 132, 150, 160; 4 laboratory units from Electrical Engineering 172L, Materials Science and Engineering 141L, 161L, 199; three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and one major field elective course (4 units) from Electrical Engineering 110, 124, 131A, 172, Materials Science and Engineering 111, 143A, 162.

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

Graduate Study

For information on graduate admission, see Graduate Programs, page 23.

The following introductory information is based on the 2009-10 edition of Program Requirements for UCLA Graduate Degrees. Complete annual editions of Program Requirements are available at http://www.gdnet.ucla.edu/gasasa/library/pgmrqintro.htm. Students are subject to the degree requirements as published in Pro-
division courses are not applicable toward graduate degrees: Chemical Engineering 102A, 199; Civil and Environmental Engineering 106A, 108, 199; Computer Science M152A, 152B, M171L, 199; Electrical Engineering 100, 101, 102, 103, 110L, M116L, M171L, 199; Materials Science and Engineering 110, 120, 130, 131, 131L, 132, 140, 141L, 150, 160, 161L, 199; Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 102, 103, 105A, 105D, 199.

Thesis Plan
In addition to fulfilling the course requirements, under the thesis plan students are required to write a thesis on a research topic in materials science and engineering supervised by the thesis adviser. An M.S. thesis committee composed of three departmental faculty members, including the thesis chair, reviews and approves the thesis.

Comprehensive Examination Plan
Consult the graduate adviser for details. If the comprehensive examination is failed, students may be reexamined once with the consent of the graduate adviser.

Materials Science and Engineering Ph.D.

Major Fields or Subdisciplines
Ceramics and ceramic processing, electronic and optical materials, and structural materials.

Course Requirements
There is no formal course requirement for the Ph.D. degree, and students may substitute coursework by examinations. Normally, however, students take courses to acquire the knowledge needed to satisfy the written preliminary examination requirement. In this case, a grade-point average of at least 3.33 in all courses is required, with a grade of B+ or better in each course. The basic program of study for the Ph.D. degree is built around one major field and one minor field. The major field has a scope corresponding to a body of knowledge contained in nine courses, at least six of which must be graduate courses, plus the current literature in the area of specialization. Materials Science and Engineering 599 may not be applied toward the nine-course total. The major fields named above are described in a Ph.D. major field syllabus, each of which can be obtained in the department office.

The minor field normally embraces a body of knowledge equivalent to three courses, at least two of which are graduate courses. If students fail to satisfy the minor field requirements through coursework, a minor field examination may be taken (once only). The minor field is selected to support the major field and is usually a subset of the major field.

For information on completing the Engineer degree, see Schoolwide Programs, Courses, and Faculty.

Written and Oral Qualifying Examinations
During the first year of full-time enrollment in the Ph.D. program, students take the oral preliminary examination that encompasses the body of knowledge in materials science equivalent to that expected of a bachelor's degree. If students opt not to take courses, a written preliminary examination in the major field is required. Students may not take an examination more than twice.

After passing both preliminary examinations, students take the University Oral Qualifying Examination. The nature and content of the examination are at the discretion of the doctoral committee but ordinarily include a broad inquiry into the student's preparation for research. The doctoral committee also reviews the prospectus of the dissertation at the oral qualifying examination.

Note: Doctoral Committees. A doctoral committee consists of a minimum of four members. Three members, including the chair, are "inside" members and must hold appointments in the Materials Science and Engineering Department at UCLA. The "outside" member must be a UCLA faculty member outside the Materials Science and Engineering Department. Faculty members holding joint appointments with the department are considered "inside" members.

Fields of Study

Ceramics and Ceramic Processing
The ceramics and ceramic processing field is designed for students interested in ceramics and glasses, including electronic materials. As in the case of metallics, primary and secondary fabrication processes such as vapor deposition, sintering, melt forming, or extrusion strongly influence the microstructure and properties of ceramic components used in structural, electronic, or biological applications. Formal course and research programs emphasize the coupling of processing treatments, microstructure, and properties.

Electronic and Optical Materials
The electronic and optical materials field provides an area of study in the science and technology of electronic materials that includes semiconductors, optical ceramics, and thin films (metal, dielectric, and multilayer) for electronic and optoelectronic applications. Course offerings emphasize fundamental issues such as solid-state electronic and optical phenomena, bulk and interface thermodynamics and kinetics, and applications that include growth, processing, and characterization techniques. Active research programs address the relationship between microstructure and nanostructure and electronic-optical properties in these materials systems.

Structural Materials
The structural materials field is designed primarily to provide broad understanding of the relationships between processing, microstructure, and performance of various structural materials, including metals, intermetallics, ceramics, and composite materials. Research programs include material synthesis and processing, ion implantation-induced strengthening and toughening, mechanisms and mechanics of fatigue, fracture and creep, structure/property characterization, nondestructive evaluation, high-temperature stability, and aging of materials.

Facilities
Facilities in the Materials Science and Engineering Department include:

- Ceramic Processing Laboratory
- Electron Microscopy Laboratories with a scanning transmission electron microscope (100 keV), a field emission transmission electron microscope (200 keV), and a scanning electron microscope, all equipped with a full quantitative analyzer, a stereo microscope, micro-cameras, and metallurgical microscopes
- Glass and Ceramics Research Laboratories
- Mechanical Testing Laboratory
- Metallographic Sample Preparation Laboratory
- Nano-Materials Laboratory
- Nondestructive Testing Laboratory

Facilities in the Materials Science and Engineering Department include:

- Ceramic Processing Laboratory
- Electron Microscopy Laboratories with a scanning transmission electron microscope (100 keV), a field emission transmission electron microscope (200 keV), and a scanning electron microscope, all equipped with a full quantitative analyzer, a stereo microscope, micro-cameras, and metallurgical microscopes
- Glass and Ceramics Research Laboratories
- Mechanical Testing Laboratory
- Metallographic Sample Preparation Laboratory
- Nano-Materials Laboratory
- Nondestructive Testing Laboratory
• Organic Electronic Materials Processing Laboratory
• Semiconductor and Optical Characterization Laboratory
• Thin Film Deposition Laboratory, including molecular beam epitaxy and wafer bonding
• X-Ray Diffraction Laboratory
• X-Ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy and Atomic Force Microscopy Facility

Faculty Areas of Thesis Guidance

Professors

Theory and numerical simulation for materials physics, epitaxial growth, nanoscale systems, semiconductor device properties and design in applications to quantum well devices, quantum dots, nanocrystals and quantum computing.

Yong Chen, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1996)
Nanomaterials and engineering, micro- and nano-fabrication, self-assembly phenomena, microscale and nanoscale electronic, mechanical, optical, biological, and sensing devices, circuits and systems.

Bruce S. Dunn, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1974)
Solid electrolytes, electrical properties of ceramics and glasses, ceramic-metal bonding, optical materials.

Mark S. Goorsky, Ph.D. (MIT, 1989)
Electronic materials processing, strain relaxation in epitaxial semiconductors and device structures, high-resolution X-ray diffraction of semiconductors, ceramics, and high-strength alloys.

Vijay Gupta, Ph.D. (MIT, 1989)
Experimental mechanics, fracture of engineering solids, mechanics of thin film and interfaces, failure mechanisms and characterization of composite materials, ice mechanics.

H. Thomas Hahn, Ph.D. (Pennsylvania State, 1971)
Nanocomposites, multifunctional composites, nanomechanics, rapid prototyping, information systems.

Robert F. Hicks, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1984)
Chemical vapor deposition and atmospheric plasma processing.

Richard B. Kaner, Ph.D. (Pennsylvania, 1984)
Rapid synthesis of high-temperature materials, conducting polymers as separation membranes for enantiomers, synthesis of carbon nanotubes and composites.

Qibing Pei, Ph.D. (Chinese Academy of Sciences, 1990)
Electroactive polymers through molecular design and nanotechnology for electronic devices, artificial muscles.

King-Ning Tu, Ph.D. (Harvard, 1968)
Kinetic processes in thin films, metal-silicon interfaces, electromigration, Pb-free interconnections.

Ya-Hong Xie, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1986)
Hetero-epitaxial growth of semiconductor thin films: strained Si, self-assembled quantum dots, and other epitaxial nano-structures; Si substrate impedance engineering for mixed-signal integrated circuit technologies.

Jenn-Ming Yang, Ph.D. (Delaware, 1986)
Mechanical behavior of polymer, metal, and ceramic matrix composites, electronic packaging.

Yang Yang, Ph.D. (Massachusetts-Lowell, 1992)
Conjugated polymers and applications in optoelectronic devices such as light-emitting diodes, photodiodes, and field-effect transistors.

Professors Emeriti

Alan J. Ardell, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1964)
Irradiation-induced precipitation, high-temperature degradation of solids, electron microscopy, physical metallurgy of aluminum/lithium alloys, precipitation hardening.

David L. Douglass, Ph.D. (Ohio State, 1958)
Oxidation and sulfidation kinetics and mechanisms, materials compatibility, defect structures, diffusion.

William Klement, Jr., Ph.D. (Caltech, 1962)
Phase transformations in solids, high-pressure effects on solids.

Glass science, ceramics, electrical properties of amorphous materials, materials recycling.

Kanjii Ono, Ph.D. (Northwestern, 1964)
Mechanical behavior and nondestructive testing of structural materials, acoustic emission, dislocations and strengthening mechanisms, microstructural aspects, and ultrasonics.

Suneel Kodambaka, Ph.D. (Illinois, Urbana-Champaign, 2003)
Nano-material fabrication and development, bio-nano structures.

John J. Gilman, Ph.D. (Columbia U., 1952)
Mechanical behavior of solids.

John J. Gilman, Ph.D. (Columbia U., 1952)
Mechanochemistry, dislocation mobility, metallic glasses, fracture phenomena, shock and deterioration fronts, research management.

Marek A. Przystupa, Ph.D. (Michigan Tech, 1980)
Mechanical behavior of solids.

Lower Division Courses

10. Freshman Seminar: New Materials. (1) Seminar, one hour; outside study, two hours. Preparation: high school chemistry and physics. Not open to students with credit for course 104 or former course 14. Introduction to basic concepts of materials science and new materials vital to advanced technology. Microstructural analysis and various material properties discussed in conjunction with such applications as biomedical sensors, pollution control, and microelectronics. Letter grading.

19. Fiat Lux Freshman Seminars. (1) Seminar, one hour. Discussion of and critical thinking about topics of current intellectual importance, taught by faculty members in their areas of expertise and illuminating many paths of discovery at UCLA. P/NP grading.

90L. Physical Measurement in Materials Engineering. (2) Laboratory, four hours; outside study, two hours. Various physical measurement methods used in materials science and engineering, mechanical, thermal, electrical, magnetic, and optical techniques. Letter grading.

99. Student Research Program. (1 to 2) Tutorial (supervised research or other scholarly work), three hours per week per unit. Entry-level research for lower division students under guidance of faculty mentor. Students must be in good academic standing and enrolled in minimum of 12 units (excluding this course). Individual contract required; consult Undergraduate Research Center. May be repeated. P/NP grading.

Upper Division Courses

104. Science of Engineering Materials. (4) (Formerly numbered 14.) Lecture, three hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, eight hours. Prerequisites: Chemistry 20A, 20B, 20L, Physics 1A, 1B. General introduction to different types of materials used in engineering designs: metals, ceramics, plastics, and composites, relationship between structure (crystals and microstructure) and properties of technological materials. Illustration of their fundamental differences and their applications in engineering. Letter grading.

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Harry Patton Gillis, Ph.D. (Chicago, 1974)
Application of surface science and chemical dynamics techniques to elucidate fundamental molecular mechanisms and optimize practical processes.

John J. Gilman, Ph.D. (Columbia U., 1952)
Mechanochemistry, dislocation mobility, metallic glasses, fracture phenomena, shock and deterioration fronts, research management.

Marek A. Przystupa, Ph.D. (Michigan Tech, 1980)
Mechanical behavior of solids.
110. Introduction to Materials Characterization A (Crystal Structure, Nanostructures, and X-Ray Scattering). (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 104. Modern methods of material characterization; fundamentals of crystallography, properties of X rays, X-ray scattering; powder method, Laue method, de- termination of unit cells; phase diagram; high-solution X-ray diffrac- tion; high-resolution X-ray diffraction meth- ods; X-ray spectroscopy; design of materials charac- terization procedures. Letter grading. Mr. Goorsky (F)

110L Introduction to Materials Characterization A Laboratory. (2) Laboratory, four hours; outside study, two hours. Requisite: course 104. Experimental tech- niques in material characterization through X-ray scat- tering techniques; powder method, crystal structure determination, high-resolution X-ray diffraction meth- ods, and special projects. Letter grading. Mr. Goorsky (F)

111. Introduction to Materials Characterization B (Electron Microscopy). (4) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 104, 110. Characterization of mi- crostructures and properties of materials: transmission electron microscopy; reciprocal lattice, electron diffraction, stereographic projection, direct observation of defects in crystals, replicas; scanning electron microscopy, destructive and reflective modes; chemical analysis; electron optics of both instru- ments. Letter grading. Mr. Kodambaka (W)

C112. Introduction to Archaeological Materials Science: Scientific Methodologies, Techniques, and Interpretation. (4) Lecture, three hours; labora- tory, two hours. Preparation: general chemistry, or in- organic and organic chemistry. Recommended requi- site: course 110. Several basic scientific techniques employed for examination of archaeological and cul- tural artifacts to answer questions of anthropological significance and their state of preservation. Theoreti- cal and hands-on instruction to provide fundamentals of portable/field and analytical techniques such as UV/VNIR spectrophotometry, X-ray fluorescence (XRF), X-ray diffraction (XRD), scanning electron mi- croscopy and energy dispersive spectroscopy (SEM- EDS), and others. Examination and analysis proto- cols, sample preparation techniques, and methods of scientific analysis and interpretation for study of or- ganic and inorganic materials of archaeological and cul- tural significance. Concurrently scheduled with course C2M12. Letter grading.

120. Physics of Materials. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 104, 110, 113 (or Chemistry 113A). Introduction to electrical, optical, and magnetic prop- erties of solids. Free electron model, introduction to band theory and Schrödinger wave equation. Crystal bonding and lattice vibrations. Mechanisms and char- acterization of electrical conductivity, optical absorp- tion, magnetic behavior, dielectrical properties, and p-n junctions. Letter grading. Mr. Y. Yang (W)

121. Materials Science of Semiconductors. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 120. Structure and properties of elemental and compound semicon- ductors. Electrical and optical properties, defect chemistry, and doping. Electronic materials analysis and characterization, including electrical, optical, and ion-beam techniques. Heterostructures, band-gap engineering, development of new materials for opto- electronic applications. Letter grading. Ms. Huang (Sp)

121L. Materials Science of Semiconductors Laboratory. (2) Lecture, 30 minutes; discussion, 30 min- utes; laboratory, outside study, three hours. Corequisite: course 121. Experiments con- ducted on materials characterization, including mea- surements of contact resistance, dielectric constant, and thin film biaxial modulus and CTE. Letter grad- ing. Mr. Goorsky (Sp)

122. Principles of Electronic Materials Processing. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 104. Description of basic semiconductor materials for de- vice processing; preparation and characterization of silicon, III-V compounds, and films. Discussion of principles of CVD, MOCVD, LPE, and MBE; metals and dielectrics. Letter grading. Mr. Goorsky (W)

130. Phase Relations in Solids. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: course 104, and Chemical Engi- neering 102A or Chemical Engineering En- gineering 105A. Summary of thermodynamic laws, equilibrium criteria, solution thermodynamics, mass- action law, binary and ternary phase diagrams, phase transitions. Letter grading. Mr. Xie (F)

131. Diffusion and Diffusion-Controlled Reactions. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 130. Diffusion in metals and ionics solids, nucleation and growth theory; precipita- tion from solid solution, eutectoid decomposition, de- sign of heat treatment processes of alloys, growth of intermediate phases, gas-solid reactions, design of oxidation-resistant alloys, recrystallization, and grain growth. Letter grading. Mr. Tu (W)

131L. Diffusion and Diffusion-Controlled Reactions Laboratory. (2) Laboratory, two hours; outside study, four hours. Corequisite: course 131. Design of heat-treating cycles and performing experiments to study diffusion processes and intermediate phases, recrystallization, and grain growth in metals. Analysis of data. Comparison of results with theory. Letter grading. Mr. Tu (W)


C133. Ancient and Historic Metals: Technology, Microstructure, and Corrosion. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, 90 minutes. Processes of extrac- tion, alloying, surface patination, metallic coatings, corrosion, and microstructure of ancient and historic metals. Extensive laboratory work in preparation and examination of metallic samples under microscope, as well as lectures on technology of metallic works of art. Practical instruction in metallurgical microsco- py. Exploration of phase diagrams of common alloying systems and environments and analyt- ical techniques appropriate for examination and characterization of metallic artifacts. Concurrently scheduled with course 131L. Letter grading.

140. Materials Selection and Engineering Design. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 132, 150, 160. Explicit guidance among myriad materials avail- able for design in engineering. Properties and appli- cations of steels, nonferrous alloys, polymeric, ce- ramic, and composite materials, coatings. Materials selection, treatment, and serviceability emphasized as part of successful design. Design projects. Letter grading. Mr. Przystupa (Sp)

141L. Computer Methods and Instrumentation in Materials Science. (2) Laboratory, four hours. Preparation: course 132, 150, 160. Letter grading. Mr. Przystupa (Sp)

143A. Mechanical Behavior of Materials. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: course 104, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101. Plastic flow of met- als under cyclic loading, strain rate and temperature effects, dislocations, fracture, micro- structural effects, mechanical and thermal treatment of steel for engineering applications. Letter grading. Mr. Przystupa (W)

143L. Mechanical Behavior Laboratory. (2) Labo- ratory, four hours. Requisites: courses 90L, 143A (may be taken concurrently). Methods of character- izing mechanical behavior of various materials; elastic and plastic deformation, fracture toughness, fatigue, and creep. Letter grading. Mr. Ono

150. Introduction to Polymers. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Polymerization mechanisms, molecular weight and distribution, chemical structure and bonding, structure crystalinity, and morphology and their ef- fects on physical properties. Glassy polymers, springy polymers, elastomers, adhesives. Fiber form- ing polymers, polymer processing technology, plasti- cation. Letter grading. Mr. Pei (W)


160. Introduction to Ceramics and Glasses. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 104, 130. In- troduction to ceramics and glasses being used as im- portant materials of engineering, processing tech- niques, and unique properties. Examples of design and control of properties for certain specific applica- tions in engineering. Letter grading. Mr. Dunn (F)

161. Processing of Ceramics and Glasses. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion; one hour. Requisite: course 160. Study of processes used in fabrication of ceramics and glasses for structural applications, op- tics, and electronics. Processing operations, includ- ing modern techniques of powder synthesis, green- ware forming, sintering, glass melting. Microstructure properties relations in ceramics. Fracture analysis and design with ceramics. Letter grading. Mr. Dunn (F)


162. Electronic Ceramics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course 104, Electrical Engineering 1 (or Physics 1C). Utilization of ceramics in microelectronics; thick film and thin film resistors, capacitors, and substrates; design and pro- cessing of electronic ceramics and packaging; mag- netic ceramics; ferroelectric ceramics and electro-op- tic devices; optical wave guide applications and de- signs. Letter grading. Mr. Dunn (W, odd years)

170. Engaging Elements of Communication: Oral Communication. (2) Lecture, one hour; discussion, one hour; outside study, four hours. Comprehensive oral presentation and communication skills provided by building on strengths of individual personal styles in creation of positive interpersonal relations. Skill set prepares students for different types of academic and professional presentations for wide range of audienc- es. Learning environment is highly supportive and in- tuitive as it helps students creatively develop and grow their oral communication and presentation skills. Letter grading. Mr. Xie
Graduate Courses

200. Principles of Materials Science I. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 120. Lattice dynamics and thermal properties of solids, classical and quantized free electron theory, electronics in a periodic potential, transport in semiconductors, dielectric and magnetic properties of solids. Letter grading. Mr. Y. Yang (F)


210. Diffraction Methods in Science of Materials. (4) (Formerly numbered 245C.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 110. Theory of diffraction of waves (X rays, electrons, and neutrons) in crystalline and noncrystalline materials. Long- and short-range order in crystals, structural effects of plastic deformation, solid-state transformations, and assignments of atoms in liquids and amorphous solids. Letter grading. Mr. Goorsky (Sp, odd years)

211. Electron Microscopy. (4) (Formerly numbered 244.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 111. Essential features of electron microscopes, principles of electron micro-photography, sample preparation, image interpretation, and modern applications. Letter grading. Mr. Kodambaka (Sp, even years)

212. Introduction to Archaeological Materials Science: Techniques, Theory, and Interpretation. (4) (Same as Conservation M210.) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, two hours. Preparation: general chemistry, or inorganic and organic chemistry. Requisite: course 110. Several basic scientific techniques employed for examination of archaeological and cultural artifacts to answer questions of anthropological significance and their scientific and cultural significance. Concurrently scheduled with course C112. Letter grading. Mr. Tu (Sp, odd years)

213. Deterioration and Conservation of In-Situ Archaeological and Cultural Materials. (4) (Same as Conservation M216.) Seminar, two hours, laboratory, three hours. Requisites: courses M215 (or Art History M203F or Conservation M250) and M216 (or Conservation M216). Deterioration processes (both natural and man-made) of in-situ and ex-situ archaeological and cultural materials, with instruction to provide fundamentals of portable/field and analytical techniques such as UV/VNIR spectroscopy, X-ray fluorescence (XRF), X-ray diffraction (XRD), energy-dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDX), and others. Examination and analysis protocols, sample preparation techniques, and methods of scientific analysis and interpretation for both organic and inorganic materials of archaeological and cultural significance. Concurrently scheduled with course C112. Letter grading. Mr. Goorsky (W)

220. Si-CMOS Technology: Selected Topics in Materials Science. (4) Lecture, three hours; outside study, nine hours. Required for graduate engineering students. Concurrently scheduled with course C112. Letter grading. Mr. Tu (Sp, odd years)

221. Advanced Topics in Materials Science. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 120, 131, 130, 131. Thermodynamics and kinetics that affect semiconductor growth and device processing. Particular emphasis on fundamentals of growth (bulk and epitaxial), heteroepitaxy, implantation, oxidation. Letter grading. Mr. Goorsky (W)

222. Materials Science of Thin Films. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 120, 131. Fabrication, structure, and property correlations of thin films used in microelectronics for data and information processing. Topics include film deposition, interfacial properties, stress and strain, electromigration, phase changes and kinetics, reliability. Letter grading.


224. Science of Electronic Materials. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 120. Study of major physical and chemical principles affecting properties and performance of semiconductor materials. Topics include bonding, carrier statistics, band-gap engineering, optical and transport properties, novel materials systems, and characterization. Letter grading. Mr. Goorsky (Sp, even years)

225. Ancient and Historic Metals: Technology, Microstructure, and Corrosion. (4) (Same as Conservation M233.) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, 90 minutes. Designed for graduate conservation and materials science students. Processes of extraction, alloying, surface patination, oxidation, corrosion, and microstructure of ancient and historic metals. Extensive laboratory work in preparation and examination of metallic samples under microscope, as well as lectures on technology of metalworking and art. Practical instruction in metallographic microscopy. Exploration of phase and stability diagrams of common alloying systems and environments and microstructural characterization of metallic artifacts. Concurrently scheduled with course C133. Letter grading.

226. Chemistry of Electronic Materials. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 120. Study of major physical and chemical principles affecting properties and performance of semiconductor materials. Topics include bonding, carrier statistics, band-gap engineering, optical and transport properties, novel materials systems, and characterization. Letter grading. Mr. Goorsky (Sp, odd years)

227. Science of Electronic Materials. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 120. Study of major physical and chemical principles affecting properties and performance of semiconductor materials. Topics include bonding, carrier statistics, band-gap engineering, optical and transport properties, novel materials systems, and characterization. Letter grading. Mr. Goorsky (Sp, odd years)
243A. Fracture of Structural Materials. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, four hours. Requisite: course 143A. Engineering and scientific aspects of crack nucleation, slow crack growth, and unstable fracture. Fracture mechanics, dislocation models, fatigue, fracture in reactive environments, alloy development, fracture-safe design. Letter grading. Mr. J.-M. Yang (W, even years)

243C. Dislocations and Strengthening Mechanisms in Solids. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 143A. Elastic and plastic behavior of crystals, geometry, mechanics, and interaction of dislocations, mechanisms of yielding, work hardening, and other strengthening. Letter grading. Mr. Xie (F, odd years)

246B. Structure and Properties of Glasses. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 160. Structure of amorphous solids and glasses. Conditions of glass formation and theories of glass structure. Mechanical, electrical, and optical properties of glass and relationship to structure. Letter grading. Mr. Dunn (W, even years)

246D. Electronic and Optical Properties of Ceramics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 160. Principles governing electronic properties of ceramic single crystals and glasses and effects of processing and microstructure on these properties. Electronic conduction, ferroelectricity, and photochromism. Magnetic ceramics. Infra-red, visible, and ultraviolet transmission. Unique application of ceramics. Letter grading. Mr. Dunn (Sp, even years)


251. Chemistry of Soft Materials. (4) Lecture, four hours. Introduction to organic soft materials, including essential basic organic chemistry and polymer chemistry. Topics include three main categories of soft materials: organic molecules, synthetic polymers, and biomolecules and biomaterials. Extensive description and discussion of structure-property relationship, spectroscopic and experimental techniques, and preparation methods for various soft materials. Letter grading. Mr. Pei (F)

252. Organic Polymer Electronic Materials. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Preparation: knowledge of introductory organic chemistry and polymer science. Introduction to organic electronic materials with emphasis on materials chemistry and processing. Topics include conjugated polymers; heavily doped, highly conducting polymers; applications as processable metals and in various electrical, optical, and electrochemical devices. Synthesis of semiconductor polymers for organic light-emitting diodes, solar cells, thin-film transistors. Introduction to emerging field of organic electronic materials. Letter grading. Mr. Pei (F)

270. Computer Simulations of Materials. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Introduction to modern methods of computational modeling in materials science. Topics include basic statistical mechanics, classical molecular dynamics, and Monte Carlo methods, with emphasis on understanding basic physical ideas and learning to design, run, and analyze computer simulations of materials. Use of examples from current literature to show how these methods can be used to study interesting phenomena in materials science. Hands-on computer experiments. Letter grading. Mr. Ozolins (F)

271. Electronic Structure of Materials. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Preparation: basic knowledge of quantum mechanics. Recommended requisite: course 200. Introduction to modern first-principles electronic structure calculations for various types of modern materials. Properties of electrons and interatomic bonding in molecules, crystals, and liquids, with emphasis on practical methods for solving Schrödinger equation and using it to calculate physical properties such as elastic constants, equilibrium structures, binding energies, vibrational frequencies, electronic band gaps and band structures, properties of defects, surfaces, interfaces, and magnetism. Extensive hands-on experience with modern density-functional theory code. Letter grading. Mr. Ozolins (W)

272. Theory of Nanomaterials. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Strongly recommended requisite: course 200. Introduction to properties and applications of nanoscale materials, with emphasis on understanding of basic principles that distinguish nanostructures (with feature size below 100 nm) from more common microstructured materials. Explanation of new phenomena that emerge only in very small systems, using simple concepts from quantum mechanics and thermodynamics. Topics include structure and electronic properties of quantum dots, wires, nanotubes, and multilayers, self-assembly on surfaces and in liquid solutions, mechanical properties of nanostructured metamaterials, molecular electronics, spin-based electronics, and proposed realizations of quantum computing. Discussion of current and future directions of this rapidly growing field using examples from modern scientific literature. Letter grading. Mr. Ozolins (F)

CM280. Introduction to Biomaterials. (4) (Same as Biomedical Engineering CM280) Lecture, three hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: course 104, or Chemistry 20A, 20B, and 20L. Engineering materials used in medicine and dentistry for repair and/or restoration of damaged natural tissues. Topics include relationships between material properties, suitability to task, surface chemistry, processing and treatment methods, and biocompatibility. Concurrently scheduled with course CM180. Letter grading. Mr. Wu (W)

282. Exploration of Advanced Topics in Materials Science and Engineering. (2) Lecture, one hour; discussion, one hour; outside study, four hours. Researchers from leading research institutions around the world deliver lectures on advanced research topics in materials science and engineering. Student groups present summary previews of topics prior to lecture. Class discussions follow each presentation. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading. Mr. J.-M. Yang

296. Seminar: Advanced Topics in Materials Science and Engineering. (2) Seminar, two hours; outside study, four hours. Advanced study and analysis of current topics in materials science and engineering. Discussion of current research and literature in research specialty of faculty members teaching course. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading.

298. Seminar: Engineering. (2 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Limited to graduate materials science and engineering students. Seminars may be organized in advanced technical fields. If appropriate, field trips may be arranged. May be repeated with topic change. Letter grading.

375. Teaching Apprentice Practicum. (1 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Preparation: apprentice personnel employment as teaching assistant, associate, or fellow. Teaching apprenticeship under active guidance and supervision of regular faculty member responsible for curriculum and instruction at UCLA. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading. (F,W,Sp)

396. Directed Individual or Tutorial Studies. (2 to 8) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate materials science and engineering students. Petition forms to request enrollment may be obtained from assistant dean, Graduate Studies. Supervised investigation of advanced technical problems. S/U grading.

597A. Preparation for M.S. Comprehensive Examination. (2 to 12) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate materials science and engineering students. Reading and preparation for M.S. comprehensive examination. S/U grading.

597B. Preparation for Ph.D. Preliminary Examinations. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate materials science and engineering students. Preparation for oral qualifying examination, including preliminary research on dissertation. S/U grading.

598. Research for and Preparation of M.S. Thesis. (2 to 12) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate materials science and engineering students. Usually taken after students have been advanced to candidacy. S/U grading.

599. Research for and Preparation of Ph.D. Dissertation. (2 to 16) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to graduate materials science and engineering students. Students may work on research projects supervised by faculty members.
Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering

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Ann R. Karagozian, Ph.D., Vice Chair
Robert T. M/Closkey, Ph.D., Vice Chair
Xiaolin Zhong, Ph.D., Vice Chair

Professors
Mohamed A. Abdou, Ph.D.
Oddvar O. Bendiksen, Ph.D.
Gregory P. Carman, Ph.D.
Albert Carnesale, Ph.D.
Ivan Catton, Ph.D.
Jin-Shyan Chen, Ph.D.
Yong Chen, Ph.D.
Vijay K. Dhir, Ph.D., Dean
Rajit Gadh, Ph.D.
Nasr M. Ghoniem, Ph.D.
James S. Gibson, Ph.D.
Vijay Gupta, Ph.D.
H. Thomas Hahn, Ph.D. (Raytheon Company Professor of Manufacturing Engineering)
Chih-Ming Ho, Ph.D. (Ben Rich Lockheed Martin Professor of Aeronautics)
Tetsuya Iwasaki, Ph.D.
Ann R. Karagozian, Ph.D.
Chang-Jin (C-J) Kim, Ph.D.
J. John Kim, Ph.D. (Rockwell International Professor of Engineering)
Adrienne G. Lavine, Ph.D.
Kuo-Nan Liou, Ph.D.
Christopher S. Lynch, Ph.D.
Ajit K. Mal, Ph.D.
Robert T. M/Closkey, Ph.D.
Anthony F. Mills, Ph.D.
Owen L. Smith, Ph.D.
Jason Speyer, Ph.D.
Tao-Chin Tsao, Ph.D.
Daniel C.H. Yang, Ph.D.
Xiaolin Zhong, Ph.D.

Professors Emeriti
Andrew F. Charwat, Ph.D.
Peretz P. Friedmann, Sc.D.
Robert E. Kelly, Sc.D.
Michel A. Malakoff, Ph.D.
D. Lewis Mengori, Ph.D.
Peter A. Monkewitz, Ph.D.
Philip F. O'Brien, M.S.
David Okrent, Ph.D.
Lucien A. Schmit, Jr., M.S.
Richard Stern, Ph.D.
Russell A. Westman, Ph.D.

Associate Professors
Jeff D. Eldredge, Ph.D.
Y. Sungtae Ju, Ph.D.
Laurent Pilon, Ph.D.

Assistant Professors
Pei-Yu Chiou, Ph.D.
H. Pirouz Kavehpour, Ph.D.

William S. Klug, Ph.D.
Richard E. Wirz, Ph.D.

Lecturers
Ravnessh Amar, Ph.D.
C.H. Chang, M.S., Emeritus
Amiya K. Chatterjee, Ph.D.
Carl F. Ruoff, Ph.D.
Alexander Samson, Ph.D., Emeritus

Adjunct Professors
Leslie M. Lackman, Ph.D.
Wilbur J. Marner, Ph.D.
Neil B. Morley, Ph.D.
Robert S. Shaefer, Ph.D.

Scope and Objectives

The Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering offers curricula in aerospace engineering and mechanical engineering at both the undergraduate and graduate levels. The scope of the departmental research and teaching program is broad, encompassing dynamics, fluid mechanics, heat and mass transfer, manufacturing and design, nanoelectromechanical and microelectromechanical systems, structural and solid mechanics, and systems and control. The applications of mechanical and aerospace engineering are quite diverse, including aircraft, spacecraft, automobiles, energy and propulsion systems, robotics, machinery, manufacturing and materials processing, microelectronics, biological systems, and more.

At the undergraduate level, the department offers accredited programs leading to B.S. degrees in Aerospace Engineering and in Mechanical Engineering. At the graduate level, the department offers programs leading to M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in Mechanical Engineering and in Aerospace Engineering. An M.S. in Manufacturing Engineering is also offered.

Department Mission

The mission of the Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department is to educate the nation’s future leaders in the science and art of mechanical and aerospace engineering. Further, the department seeks to expand the frontiers of engineering science and to encourage technological innovation while fostering academic excellence and scholarship. The mission is also concerned with the design and construction of spacecraft, the exploration and utilization of space, and related technological fields.

Aerospace engineering is characterized by a very high level of technology. The aerospace engineer is likely to operate at the forefront of scientific discoveries, often stimulating these discoveries and providing the inspiration for the creation of new scientific concepts. Meeting these demands requires the imaginative use of many disciplines, including fluid mechanics and aerodynamics, structural mechanics, materials and aeroelasticity, dynamics, control and guidance, propulsion, and energy conversion.

Preparation for the Major

Required: Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L; Computer Science 31; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B; Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL.

The Major

Required: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101, 102, 103, 105A, 107, 150A, 150B, 150P, 154A, 154B, 154S, 155 or 161A or 169A, 157A, 157S, 166A, 171A, 182A; two departmental breadth courses (Electrical Engineering 100 and Materials Science and Engineering 104) — if one or both of these courses are taken as part of the technical breadth requirement, students must select a replacement upper division course or courses from the department — except for Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 156A or, by petition, from outside the department); three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and two major field elective courses (8 units) from Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 105D, 131A, 131AL, C132A, 133A, 133AL.
Mechanical Engineering B.S.
The ABET-accredited mechanical engineering program is designed to provide basic knowledge in thermodynamics, fluid mechanics, heat transfer, solid mechanics, mechanical design, dynamics, control, mechanical systems, manufacturing, and materials. The program includes fundamental subjects important to all mechanical engineers.

Preparation for the Major
Required: Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A, 20B, 20L; Computer Science 31; Mathematics 31A, 31B, 32A, 32B, 33A, 33B; Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 94; Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4AL, 4BL.

The Major
Required: Electrical Engineering 110L, Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101, 102, 103, 105A, 105D, 107, 131A or 133A, 156A, 157, 162A, 162B, 162M, 171A, 182A, 183; two departmental breadth courses (Electrical Engineering 100 and Materials Science and Engineering 104) — if one or both of these courses are taken as part of the technical breadth requirement, students must select a replacement upper division course or courses from the department — except for Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 166A — or, by petition, from outside the department); three technical breadth courses (12 units) selected from an approved list available in the Office of Academic and Student Affairs; and two major field elective courses (8 units) from Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 131A (unless taken as a required course), 131AL, C132A, 133A (unless taken as a required course), 133AL, 134, 135, 136, CM140, 150A, 150B, 150C, C150G, 150P, 150R, 153A, 155, 157A, 161A, 161B, 162C, 163A, 166C, M168, 169A, 171B, 172, 174, CM180, CM180L, 181A, 182B, 182C, 184, 185, C186, C187L.

For information on University and general education requirements, see Requirements for B.S. Degrees on page 19 or http://www.registrar.ucla.edu/ge/.

Graduate Study
For information on graduate admission, see Graduate Programs, page 23.

The following introductory information is based on the 2009-10 edition of Program Requirements for UCLA Graduate Degrees. Complete annual editions of Program Requirements are available at http://www.gdnet.ucla.edu/gasaa/library/pgmrqintro.htm. Students are subject to the degree requirements as published in Program Requirements for the year in which they enter the program.

The Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering offers the Master of Science (M.S.) degree in Manufacturing Engineering, Master of Science (M.S.) and Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degrees in Aerospace Engineering, and Master of Science (M.S.) and Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degrees in Mechanical Engineering. All new M.S. and Ph.D. students who are pursuing an M.S. degree in the Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department must meet with their advisers in their first term at UCLA. The goal of the meeting is to discuss the students’ plans for satisfying the M.S. degree requirements. Students should obtain an M.S. planning form from the department Student Affairs Office and return it with their advisers’ signature by the end of the first term.

Aerospace Engineering M.S. and Mechanical Engineering M.S.

Course Requirements
Students may select either the thesis plan or comprehensive examination plan. At least nine courses are required, of which at least five must be graduate courses. In the thesis plan, seven of the nine must be formal courses, including at least four from the 200 series. The remaining two may be 598 courses involving work on the thesis. In the comprehensive examination plan, no units of 500-series courses may be applied toward the minimum course requirement. Courses taken before the award of the bachelor’s degree may not be applied toward a graduate degree at UCLA. The courses should be selected so that the breadth requirements and the requirements at the graduate level are met. The breadth requirements are only applicable to students who do not have a B.S. degree from an ABET-accredited aerospace or mechanical engineering program.

Undergraduate Courses. No lower division courses may be applied toward graduate degrees. In addition, the following upper division courses are not applicable toward graduate degrees: Chemical Engineering 102A, 199; Civil and Environmental Engineering 106A, 108, 199; Computer Science M152A, 152B, M171L, 199; Electrical Engineering 100, 101, 102, 103, 110L, M116L, M171L, 199; Materials Science and Engineering 110, 120, 130, 131, 131L, 132, 140, 141L, 150, 160, 161L, 199; Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101, 102, 103, 105A, 105D, 107, 188, 194, 199.
Aerospace Engineering

Breadth Requirements. Students are required to take at least three courses from the following four categories: (1) Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 154A or 154B or 154S, (2) 150B or 150P, (3) 155 or 166A or 169A, (4) 161A or 171A.

Graduate-Level Requirement. Students are required to take at least one course from the following: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 250C, 250D, 250F, 253B, 254A, 255B, 256F, 263B, 269D, or 271B.

The remaining courses can be taken to gain depth in one or more of the several specialty areas covering the existing major fields in the department.

Mechanical Engineering

Breadth Requirements. Students are required to take at least three courses from the following five categories: (1) Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 162A or 169A or 171A, (2) 150A or 150B, (3) 131A or 133A, (4) 156A, (5) 162B or 183.

Graduate-Level Requirement. Students are required to take at least one course from the following: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 231A, 231B, 231C, 250A, 255A, M256A, M256B, M269A, or 271A.

The remaining courses can be taken to gain depth in one or more of the several specialty areas covering the existing major fields in the department.

Comprehensive Examination Plan

The comprehensive examination is required in either written or oral form. A committee of at least three faculty members, with at least two members from within the department, and chaired by the academic adviser, is established to administer the examination. Students may, in consultation with their adviser and the M.S. commit-tee, select one of the following options for the comprehensive examination: (1) take and pass the first part of the Ph.D. written qualifying examination (formerly referred to as the preliminary examination) as the comprehensive examination, (2) conduct a research or design project and submit a final report to the M.S. committee, or (3) take and pass three comprehensive examination questions offered in association with three graduate courses. Contact the department Student Affairs Office for more information.

Thesis Plan

The thesis must describe some original piece of research that has been done under the supervision of the thesis commit-tee. Students should normally start to plan the thesis at least one year before the award of the M.S. degree is expected. There is no examination under the thesis plan.

Manufacturing Engineering M.S.

Areas of Study

Consult the department.

Course Requirements

Students may select either the thesis plan or comprehensive examination plan. At least nine courses are required, of which at least five must be graduate courses. In the thesis plan, seven of the nine must be formal courses, including at least four from the 200 series. The remaining two may be 598 courses involving work on the thesis. In the comprehensive examination plan, no units of 500-series courses may be applied toward the minimum course requirement.

Courses taken before the award of the bachelor’s degree may not be applied toward a graduate degree at UCLA. Choices may be made from the following major areas:

Undergraduate Courses. No lower division courses may be applied toward graduate degrees. In addition, the following upper division courses are not applicable toward graduate degrees: Chemical Engineering 102A, 199; Civil and Environmental Engineering 106A, 108, 199; Computer Science M152A, M152B, M171L, 199; Electrical Engineering 100, 101, 102, 103, 110L, M116L, M171L, 199; Materials Science and Engineering 110, 120, 130, 131, 131L, 132, 140, 141L, 150, 160, 161L, 199; Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101, 102, 103, 105A, 105D, 107, 188, 194, 199.

Upper Division Courses. Students are required to take at least three courses from the following: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 163A, M168, 174, 183, 184, 185.

Graduate Courses. Students are required to take at least three courses from the following: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 233A, 263C, 263D, CM280A, 293, 294, 295A, 295B, 296A, 296B, 297.

Additional Courses. The remaining courses may be taken from other major fields of study in the department or from the following: Architecture and Urban Design M226B, M227B, 227D; Computer Science 241A, 241B, Management 240A, 240D, 241A, 241B, 242A, 242B, 243B, 243C.

Mathematics 120A, 120B.

Comprehensive Examination Plan

The comprehensive examination is required in either written or oral form. A committee of at least three faculty members, with at least two members from within the department, and chaired by the academic adviser, is established to administer the examination. Students may, in consultation with their adviser and the M.S. commit-tee, select one of the following options for the comprehensive examination: (1) take and pass the first part of the Ph.D. written qualifying examination (formerly referred to as the preliminary examination) as the comprehensive examination, (2) conduct a research or design project and submit a final report to the M.S. committee, or (3) take and pass three comprehensive examination questions offered in association with three graduate courses. Contact the department Student Affairs Office for more information.

Thesis Plan

The thesis must describe some original piece of research that has been done under the supervision of the thesis commit-tee. Students would normally start to plan the thesis at least one year before the award of the M.S. degree is expected. There is no examination under the thesis plan.

Aerospace Engineering Ph.D. and Mechanical Engineering Ph.D.

Major Fields or Subdisciplines

Dynamics; fluid mechanics; heat and mass transfer; manufacturing and design (mechanical engineering only); nanoelectromechanical/microelectromechanical systems (NEMS/MEMS); structural and solid mechanics; systems and control.

Ph.D. students may propose ad hoc major fields, which must differ substantially from established major fields and satisfy one of the following two conditions: (1) the field is interdisciplinary in nature or (2) the field represents an important research area for which there is no established major field in the department (condition 2 most often applies to recently evolving research areas or to areas for which there are too few faculty members to maintain an established major field).

Students in an ad hoc major field must be sponsored by at least three faculty
members, at least two of whom must be from the department.

Course Requirements

The basic program of study for the Ph.D. degree is built around major and minor fields. The established major fields are listed above, and a detailed syllabus describing each Ph.D. major field can be obtained from the Student Affairs Office.

The program of study for the Ph.D. requires students to perform original research leading to a doctoral dissertation and to master a body of knowledge that encompasses material from their major field and breadth material from outside the major field. The body of knowledge should include (1) six major field courses, at least four of which must be graduate courses, (2) one minor field, (3) any three additional courses, at least two of which must be graduate courses, that enhance the study of the major or minor field.

The major field syllabus advises students as to which courses contain the required knowledge, and students usually prepare for the written qualifying examination (formerly referred to as the preliminary examination) by taking these courses. However, students can acquire such knowledge by taking similar courses at other universities or by self-study.

The minor field embraces a body of knowledge equivalent to three courses, at least two of which must be graduate courses. Minor fields are often subsets of major fields, and minor field requirements are then described in the syllabus of the appropriate major field. Established minor fields with no corresponding major field can also be used, such as applied mathematics and applied plasma physics and fusion engineering. Also, an ad hoc field can be used in exceptional circumstances, such as when certain knowledge is desirable for a program of study that is not available in established minor fields.

Grades of B– or better, with a grade-point average of at least 3.33 in all courses included in the minor field, and the three additional courses mentioned above are required. If students fail to satisfy the minor field requirements through coursework, a minor field examination may be taken (once only).

Written and Oral Qualifying Examinations

After mastering the body of knowledge defined in the major field, students take a written qualifying (preliminary) examination covering this knowledge. Students must have been formally admitted to the Ph.D. program or admitted subject to completion of the M.S. degree by the end of the term following the term in which the examination is given. The examination must be taken within the first two calendar years from the time of admission into the Ph.D. program. Students must be registered during the term in which the examination is given and be in good academic standing (minimum GPA of 3.25). The student’s major field proposal must be completed prior to taking the examination. Students may not take an examination more than twice. Students in an ad hoc major field must pass a written qualifying examination that is approximately equivalent in scope, length, and level to the written qualifying examination for an established major field.

After passing the written qualifying examination, students take the University Oral Qualifying Examination within four calendar years from the time of admission into the Ph.D. program. The nature and content of the examination are at the discretion of the doctoral committee but include a review of the dissertation prospectus and may include a broad inquiry into the student’s preparation for research.

Note: Doctoral Committees. A doctoral committee consists of a minimum of four members. Three members, including the chair, are “inside” members and must hold appointments in the Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department at UCLA. The “outside” member must be a UCLA faculty member outside the Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department.

Fields of Study

Dynamics

Features of the dynamics field include dynamics and control of physical systems, including spacecraft, aircraft, helicopters, industrial manipulators; analytical studies of control of large space structures; experimental studies of electromechanical systems; and robotics.

Fluid Mechanics

The graduate program in fluid mechanics includes experimental, numerical, and theoretical studies related to a range of topics in fluid mechanics, such as turbulent flows, hypersonic flows, microscale and nanoscale flow phenomena, aeroacoustics, bio fluid mechanics, chemically reactive flows, chemical reaction kinetics, numerical methods for computational fluid dynamics (CFD), and experimental methods. The educational program for graduate students provides a strong foundational background in classical incompressible and compressible flows, while providing elective breadth courses in advanced specialty topics such as computational fluid dynamics, microfluidics, bio fluid mechanics, hypersonics, reactive flow, fluid stability, turbulence, and experimental methods.

Heat and Mass Transfer

The heat and mass transfer field includes studies of convection, radiation, conduction, evaporation, condensation, boiling and two-phase flow, chemically reacting and radiating flow, instability and turbulent flow, reactive flows in porous media, as well as transport phenomena in support of microscale and nanoscale thermosciences, energy, bioMEMS/NEMS, and microfabrication/nanofabrication.

Manufacturing and Design

The program is developed around an integrated approach to manufacturing and design. It includes study of manufacturing and design aspects of mechanical systems, material behavior and processing, robotics and manufacturing systems, CAD/CAM theory and applications, computational geometry and geometrical modeling, composite materials and structures, automation and digital control systems, microdevices and nanodevices, radio frequency identification (RFID), and wireless systems.

Nanoelectromechanical/ Microelectromechanical Systems

The nanoelectromechanical/microelectromechanical systems (NEMS/MEMS) field focuses on science and engineering issues ranging in size from nanometers to millimeters and includes both experimental and theoretical studies covering fundamentals to applications. The study topics include microscience, top-down and bottom-up nanofabrication/microfabrication technologies, molecular fluidic phenomena, nanoscale/microscale material processing, biomolecular signatures, heat transfer at the nanoscale, and system integration. The program is highly interdisciplinary in nature.

Structural and Solid Mechanics

The solid mechanics program features theoretical, numerical, and experimental studies, including fracture mechanics and damage tolerance, micromechanics with emphasis on technical applications, wave
and applied research is being conducted.

The Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering Department has a number of experimental facilities at which both fundamental and applied research is being conducted.


Active Materials Laboratory
The Active Materials Laboratory contains equipment to evaluate the coupled response of materials such as piezoelectric, magnetostrictive, shape memory alloys, and fiber optic sensors. The laboratory has manufacturing facilities to fabricate magnetostrictive composites and thin film shape memory alloys. Testing active material systems is performed on one of four servo-hydraulic load frames. All of the load frames are equipped with thermal chambers, solenoids, and electrical power supplies.

Autonomous Vehicle Systems Instrumentation Laboratory
The Autonomous Vehicle Systems Instrumentation Laboratory (AVSIL) is a testbed at UCLA for design, building, evaluation, and testing of hardware instrumentation and coordination algorithms for multiple vehicle autonomous systems. The AVSIL contains a hardware-in-the-loop (HIL) simulator designed and built at UCLA that allows for real-time, systems-level tests of two formation control computer systems in a laboratory environment, using the Interstate Electronics Corporation GPS Satellite Constellation Simulator. The UCLA flight control software can be modified to accommodate satellite-system experiments using real-time software, GPS receivers, and inter-vehicle modem communication.

Computational Fluid Dynamics Laboratory
The Computational Fluid Dynamics Laboratory has several medium-size Beowulf linux clusters for numerical simulation of transitional, turbulent, and high speed compressible flows, with and without reaction, as well as the sound that they produce. The laboratory has access to supercomputers (large clusters of parallel processors on various platforms) at NSF PACI Centers and DoD High-Performance Computing Centers.

Energy and Propulsion Research Laboratory
The Energy and Propulsion Research Laboratory is engaged in research and education pertaining to the application of modern diagnostic methods and computational tools to the development of improved combustion, propulsion, and fluid flow systems. Research is directed toward the development of fundamental engineering knowledge as well as tools for solving critical national problems, with current applications to improved engine efficiency, reduced emissions, alternative fuels, and advanced high-speed air breathing and rocket propulsion systems.

Fluid Mechanics Research Laboratory
The Fluid Mechanics Research Laboratory includes a full line of water tunnels equipped with various advanced transducers (MEMS-based sensors and actuators, particle image anemometer, laser Doppler anemometer, hot-wire anemometers) and data acquisition systems.

Fusion Science and Technology Center
The Fusion Science and Technology Center includes a number of state-of-the-art experimental facilities for conducting research in fusion engineering. The center includes experimental facilities for (1) liquid metal magnetohydrodynamic fluid flow dynamics and heat transfer, (2) thick and thin liquid metal systems exposed to intense particle and heat flux loads, and (3) metallic and ceramic material thermomechanics.

Heat Transfer Laboratories
The Heat Transfer Laboratories are used for experimental research on heat transfer and thermal hydraulics. The laboratories are equipped with several flow loops, high-current power supplies, high-frequency induction power supplies, holography and hotwire anemometry setups, and state-of-the-art data acquisition systems.

Materials Degradation Characterization Laboratory
The Materials Degradation Characterization Laboratory is used for the characterization of the degradation of high-strength metallic alloys and advanced composites due to corrosion and fatigue, determination of adverse effects of materials degradation on the strength of structural components, and for research on fracture mechanics and ultrasonic nondestructive evaluation.

Micro and Nano Manufacturing Laboratory
The Micro and Nano Manufacturing Laboratory is equipped with a furnace hood, wafer saw, wire bonder, electroplating setup including vacuum capability, various microscopes including fluorescent and 3D scanning, various probe stations including RF
capability, vibration-isolation and optical tables, environmental chambers, drop dispensing system, various instruments (e.g., impedance analyzer), and full video imaging capability. It is used for MEMS and nano research, and complements the HSSEAS Nanoelectronics Research Facility, the 8,500-square-foot, class 100/1000 clean room where most micromachining steps are carried out.

**Microsciences Laboratory**
The Microsciences Laboratory is equipped with advanced sensors and imaging processors for exploring fundamental physical mechanisms in MEMS-based sciences.

**Multifunctional Composites Laboratory**
The Multifunctional Composites Laboratory provides equipment necessary to develop multifunctional nanocomposites and explore their applications by integrating technologies involving composites, nanomaterials, information, functional materials, biomimetics, and concurrent engineering. Some of the equipment in the laboratory includes an autoclave, a filament winder, a resin transfer molding machine, a waterjet cutting machine, a stereo lithography machine, a laminated object manufacturing machine, a coordinate measuring machine, a field emission scanning electron microscope, a scanning probe microscope, an FTIR, a rheometer, and a thermal analysis system, an RCL analyzer, a microdielectric analyzer, an X-ray radiography machine, and a variety of mechanical testing machines.

**Multiscale Thermosciences Laboratory**
The Multiscale Thermosciences Laboratory (MTSL) is equipped with a state-of-the-art atomic force microscope, an inverted optical microscope with fluorescence attachment, an ultra-long depth-of-field digital microscope, an infrared camera, a cryostat, an RF frequency lock-in amplifier, semiconductor lasers, a wide variety of electronic instruments/DAQ systems, and a quad-core workstation with 32GB RAM.

**Plasma and Beam Assisted Manufacturing Laboratory**
The Plasma and Beam Assisted Manufacturing Laboratory is an experimental facility for the purpose of processing and manufacturing advanced materials by high-energy means (plasma and beam sources). It is equipped with plasma diagnostics, two vortex gas tunnel plasma guns, powder feeder and exhaust systems, vacuum and cooling equipment, high-power D.C. supplies (400kw), vacuum chambers, and large electromagnets. Current research is focused on ceramic coatings and nano-phase clusters for applications in thermal insulation, wear resistance, and high-temperature oxidation resistance.

**Plasma Propulsion Laboratory**
The Plasma Propulsion Laboratory includes vacuum systems, power supplies, and diagnostics for the study of plasma propulsion devices.

**Subsonic Wind Tunnel**
The 3 x 3-foot Subsonic Wind Tunnel is used for research on unsteady aerodynamics on oscillating airfoils and instruction.

**Thin Films, Interfaces, Composites, Characterization Laboratory**
The Thin Films, Interfaces, Composites, Characterization Laboratory consists of a Nd:YAG laser of 1 Joule capacity with three ns pulse widths, a state-of-the-art optical interferometer including a ultra high-speed digitizer, sputter deposition chamber, 56 Kip-capacity servohydraulic biaxial test frame, walk-in freezer, polishing and imaging equipment for microstructural characterization for measurement and control study of thin film interface strength, NDE using laser ultrasound, de-icing of structural surfaces, and characterization of composites under multiaxial stress state.

**Faculty Areas of Thesis Guidance**

**Professors**

Mohamed A. Abdou, Ph.D. (Wisconsin, 1973)

Fusion, nuclear, and mechanical engineering design, testing, and system analysis, thermomechanics, thermal hydraulics, fluid dynamics, heat, and mass transfer in the presence of magnetic fields (MHD flows); neutronics; radiation transport; plasma-material interactions; blankets and high heat flux components: experiments, modeling and analysis

Oddvar O. Bendiksen, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1980)

Classical and computational aerelasticity, structural dynamics and unsteady aerodynamics

Gregory P. Carman, Ph.D. (Virginia Tech, 1991)

Electromagnetoelastoclastic models, fatigue characterization of piezoelectric ceramics, magnetostatic composites, characterizing shape memory alloys, fiber-optic sensors, design of damage detection systems, micro-mechanical analysis of composite materials, experimentally evaluating damage in composites

Albert Carnesale, Ph.D. (North Carolina State, 1966)

Issues associated with nuclear weapons and other weapons of mass destruction, energy policy, American foreign policy

Ivan Catton, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1966)

Heat transfer and fluid mechanics, transport phenomena in porous media, nuclear heat transfer and thermal hydraulics, natural and forced convection, thermal/hydrodynamic stability, turbulence

Jiun-Shyan (J-S) Chen, Ph.D. (Northwestern, 1989)

Finite element methods, mesh free methods, large deformation mechanics, inelasticity, contact problems, structural dynamics

Yong Chen, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1996)

Nanoscale science and engineering, micro- and nano-fabrication, self-assembly phenomena, microscale and nanoscale electronic, mechanical, optical, biological, and sensing devices, circuits and systems

Vijay K. Dhir, Ph.D. (Kentucky, 1972)

Two-phase heat transfer, boiling and condensation, thermal hydraulics of nuclear reactors, microgravity heat transfer, soil remediation, high-power density electronic cooling


Mobile internet, web-based product design, wireless and collaborative engineering, CAD/visualization

Nasr M. Gholami, Ph.D. (Wisconsin, 1977)

Mechanical behavior of high-temperature materials, radiation interaction with material (e.g., laser, ions, plasma, electrons, and neutrons), material processing by plasma and beam sources, physics and mechanics of material defects, fusion energy

James S. Gibson, Ph.D. (U. Texas, Austin, 1975)

Control and identification of dynamical systems; optimal and adaptive control of distributed systems, including flexible structures and fluid flows; adaptive filtering, identification, and noise cancellation

Vijay Gupta, Ph.D. (MIT, 1989)

Experimental mechanics, fracture of engineering solids, mechanics of thin film and interfaces, failure mechanisms and characterization of composite materials, ice mechanics

H. Thomas Hahn, Ph.D. (Pennsylvania State, 1971)

Nanocomposites, multifunctional composites, nanomechanics, rapid prototyping, information systems

Chih-Ming Ho, Ph.D. (Johns Hopkins, 1974)

Molecular fluidic phenomena, microelectro-mechanical systems (MEMS), bionanotechnologies, biomolecular sensor arrays, control of cellular complex systems, rapid search of combinatorial medicine

Tetsuya Iwasaki, Ph.D. (Purdue, 1993)

Dynamical systems, robust and optimal controls, nonlinear oscillators, resonance entrainment, modeling and analysis of neuronal control circuits for animal locomotion, central pattern generators, body-fluid interaction during voluntary and obligatory swimming

Ann R. Karagozian, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1982)

Fluid mechanics and combustion with applications to improved engine efficiency, reduced emissions, alternative fuels, and advanced high-speed air breathing and rocket propulsion systems

Chang-Jin (C-J) Kim, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1991)

Microelectromechanical systems; micro/nano fabrication technologies, structures, actuators, devices, and systems; microfluidics involving surface tension (especially droplets)

J. John Kim, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1978)

Turbulence, numerical simulation of turbulent and transitional flows, application of control theories to flow control

Adrienne Lavine, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1984)

Heat transfer: thermomechanical behavior of shape memory alloys, thermal aspects of...
manufacturing processes, natural and mixed convection
Kuo-Nan Liou, Ph.D. (New York U., 1970)
Radiative transfer and satellite remote sensing with application to clouds and aerosols in the earth’s atmosphere
Christopher S. Lynch, Ph.D. (UC Santa Barbara, 1992)
Field coupled materials, constitutive behavior, thermo-electro-mechanical properties, sensor and actuator applications, fracture mechanics and failure analysis
Ajit K. Mal, Ph.D. (Calcutta U., 1964)
Mechanics of solids, fractures and failure, wave propagation, nondestructive evaluation, composite materials
Robert T. M’Closkey, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1995)
Nonlinear control theory and design with application to mechanical and aerospace systems, real-time implementation
Anthony F. Mills, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1965)
Convective heat and mass transfer, condensation heat transfer, turbulent flows, ablation and transpiration cooling, perforated plate heat exchangers
Owen I. Smith, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1977)
Combustion and combustion-generated air pollutants, hydrodynamics and chemical kinetics of combustion systems, semiconductor chemical vapor deposition
Jason Speyer, Ph.D. (Harvard, 1968)
Stochastic and deterministic optimal control and estimation with application to aerospace systems, guidance, flight control, and flight mechanics
Tsu-Chin Tsao, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1988)
Modeling and control of dynamic systems with applications in mechanical systems, manufacturing processes, automotive systems, and energy systems, digital control, repetitive and learning control, adaptive and optimal control, mechatronics
Daniel G. Yang, Ph.D. (Rutgers, 1982)
Robotics and mechanisms; CAD/CAM systems, computer-controlled machines
Xiaolin Zhong, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1991)
Computational fluid dynamics, hypersonic flow, rarefied gas dynamics, numerical simulation of transient hypersonic flow with nonequilibrium real gas effects, instability of hypersonic boundary layers

Professors Emeriti
Andrew F. Charwat, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1952)
Experimental fluid mechanics, two-phase flow, ocean thermal energy conversion
Aerelasticity of helicopters and fixed-wing aircraft, structural dynamics of rotating systems, rotor dynamics, unsteady aerodynamics, active control of structural dynamics, structural optimization with aerelastic constraints
Thermal convection, thermocapillary convection, stability of shear flows, stratified and rotating flows, interfacial phenomena, microgravity fluid dynamics
Michel A. Melkanoff, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1955)
Programming languages, data structures, database design, relational models, simulation systems, robotics, computer-aided design and manufacturing, numerical-controlled machinery
L. Lewis Minger, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1966)
Dynamics and control, stability theory, nonlinear methods, applications to space and ground vehicles
Peter A. Monkiewitz, Ph.D. (E.T.H., Federal Institute of Technology, Zurich, 1977)
Fluid mechanics, internal acoustic and noise produced by turbulent jets
Philip F. O’Brien, M.S. (UCLA, 1949)
Industrial engineering, environmental design, thermal and luminous engineering systems
David Okrent, Ph.D. (Harvard, 1951)
Fast reactors, reactor physics, nuclear reactor safety, nuclear fuel element behavior, risk-benefit studies, nuclear environmental safety, fusion reactor technology
Lucien A. Schmit, Jr., M.S. (MIT, 1950)
Structural mechanics, optimization, automated design methods for structural systems and components, application of finite element analysis techniques and mathematical programming algorithms in structural design, analysis and synthesis methods for fiber composite structural components
Richard Stern, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1964)
Experimentation in noise control, physical acoustics, engineering acoustics, medical acoustics
Russell A. Weinstein, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1962)
Structural mechanics, adhesives, mechanical components, composite materials, theoretical soil mechanics, mixed boundary value problems

Associate Professors
Jeff D. Eldredge, Ph.D. (Caltech, 2002)
Numerical simulations of fluid dynamics, bio-inspired locomotion in fluids, transition and turbulence in rotating flows, aerodynamically generated sound, vorticity-based numerical methods, simulations of biomedical flows
Y. Sungtaek Ju, Ph.D. (Stanford, 1999)
Heat transfer, thermodynamics, microelectromechanical and nanoelectromechanical systems (MEMS/NEMS), magnetism, nano-bio technologies
Laurent Pilon, Ph.D. (Purdue, 2002)
Interfacial and transport phenomena, radiation transfer, materials synthesis, multi-phase flow, heterogeneous media

Assistant Professors
Pei-Yu Chiou, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 2005)
BioMEMS, biophotonics, electrorheokinetics, optical manipulation, optoelectronic devices
H. Pirouz Kavehpour, Ph.D. (MIT, 2003)
Microscale fluid mechanics, transport phenomena in biological systems, physics of contact line phenomena, complex fluids, non-isothermal flows, micro- and nano-heat guides, microtechnology
Computational structural and solid mechanics, finite element methods, computational biomechanics, nanomechanics of biological systems
Richard E. Wirz, Ph.D. (Caltech, 2005)
Space and plasma propulsion, partially ionized plasma discharges, behavior of miniature plasma devices, spacecraft and space mission design, wind energy, solar thermal energy

Lecturers
Ravesh Amar, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1974)
Heat transfer and thermal science
Ch. H. Chang, M.S. (UCLA, 1985), Emeritus
Computer-aided manufacturing and numerical control
Amiya K. Chatterjee, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1976)
Elastic wave propagation and penetration dynamics
Carl F. Ruoff, Ph.D. (Caltech, 1993)
Robotics, computing, mechanical design, instrument technology, technology management
Alexander Samson, Ph.D. (U. New South Wales, 1968), Emeritus
Electromechanical system design, mechanical design, design of mechanical energy systems

Adjunct Professors
Leslie M. Lackman, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1967)
Structural analysis and design, composite structures, engineering management
William J. Marner, Ph.D. (South Carolina, 1969)
Thermal sciences, system design
Neil B. Morley, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1994)
Experimental and computational fluid mechanics
Robert S. Shafer, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1985)
Radiation interaction with materials, microstructure evolution modeling, plasma and laser processing, fusion technology research, fusion reactor component design, material property RDBMS databases
Xiang Zhang, Ph.D. (UC Berkeley, 1996)
Nano-micro fabrication and MEMS, laser microtechnology, nano-micro devices (electronic, mechanical, photonic, and biomedical), rapid prototyping and microstereolithography, design and manufacturing in nano-microscale, semiconductor manufacturing, physics and chemistry in nano-micro devices and fabrication

Lower Division Courses
15. Technical Communication for Engineers. (2)
Ms. Lavine (F)
19. Fiat Lux Freshman Seminars. (1)
Seminar, one hour. Discussion of and critical thinking about topics of current intellectual importance, taught by faculty members in their areas of expertise and illuminating many paths of discovery at UCLA. P/NP grading.
94. Introduction to Computer-Aided Design and Drafting. (4)
Lecture, two hours; laboratory, four hours. Fundamentals of computer graphics and two- and three-dimensional modeling on computer-aided design and drafting systems. Students use one or more online computer systems to design and display various objects. Letter grading.
Mr. Yang (F,Sp)
99. Student Research Program. (1 to 2)
Tutorial (supervised research or other scholarly work), three hours per week per unit. Entry-level research for low-division students under guidance of faculty mentor. Students must be in good academic standing and enrolled in minimum of 12 units (excluding this course). Individual contract required; consult Undergraduate Research Center. May be repeated. P/NP grading.

Upper Division Courses
101. Statics and Strength of Materials. (4)
Mr. Mal (FW,Sp)

Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering / 101
102. Dynamics of Particles and Rigid Bodies. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: course 101, Mathemat- ics 3A, Physics 1A. Fundamental concepts of New- tonian mechanics. Kinematics and kinetics of partic- les and rigid bodies in two and three dimensions. Impulse-momentum and work-energy relations. Applications. Letter grading. Mr. Kug (F.W.Sp)

103. Elementary Fluid Mechanics. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: Mathematics 32B, 33A, Physics 1B. Introductory course dealing with application of principles of mechanics to flow of compressible and incompressible fluids. Letter grading.

Mr. Kavehpour, Mr. J. Kim (F.W.Sp)

105A. Introduction to Engineering Thermodynam- ics. (4) (Formerly numbered M105A.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20B, Mathematics 32B. Phenomenological thermodynamics. Concepts of equilib- rium, temperature, and reversibility. First law and concept of energy; second law and concept of entropy. Equations of state and thermodynamic prop- erties. Engineering applications of these principles in analysis and design of closed and open systems. Letter grading.

Mr. Pilon (F.W.Sp)


Mr. Ju (F.W)

107. Introduction to Modeling and Analysis of Dy- namic Systems. (4) Lecture, three hours; discus- sion, one hour; laboratory, two hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: Computer Science 31, Electric- al Engineering 100. Introduction to modeling of physical systems, with examples of mechanical, fluid, thermal, and electrical systems. Description of these systems with coverage of impulse response, convolution, frequency response, first- and second-order sys- tem transient response analysis, and numerical solu- tion. Nonlinear differential equation descriptions with discussion of equilibrium solutions, small signal lin- earization, large signal response. Block diagram rep- resentation and response of interconnections of sys- tems. Hands-on experiments reinforce lecture materi- al. Letter grading.

Mr. M’Closkey, Mr. Tsao (F.W.Sp)


Ms. Lavine (F)

131AL. Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer Lab- oratory. (4) Laboratory; eight hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: courses 131A, and 157 or 157S. Experimental study of physical phenomena and engi- neering systems using modern data acquisition and processing techniques. Experiments include studies of heat transfer phenomena and testing of cooling tower, heat exchanger, and internal combustion en- gine. Students take and analyze data and discuss physical phenomena. Letter grading.

Mr. Mills (Not offered 2009-10)


Mr. Mills (Sp)

133A. Engineering Thermodynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 103, 105A. Applications of thermodynamic principles to energy-conversion process- es. Energy conversion systems. Rankine cycle and other cycles, refrigeration, psychrometry, reactive and nonreactive fluid flow systems. Letter grading.

Mr. Catton (W)

133AL. Power Conversion Thermodynamics Lab- oratory. (4) Laboratory; eight hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: courses 133A, and 157 or 157S. Experimental study of power conversion and heat transfer systems using state-of-the-art process instrumentation and equipment. Experiments include studies of thermodynamic operating characteristics of actual Brayton cycle, Rankine cycle, compressive refrigeration, and absorption refrigeration unit. Letter grading.

Mr. Catton (Not offered 2009-10)

134. Design and Operation of Thermal Hydraulic Power Systems. (4) Lecture, three hours; laboratory, three hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 133A, 135A. Thermodynamic analysis and design, maintenance and operation of power systems, gas turbines, steam turbines, centrifugal refrigeration units, absorption refrigeration units, compressors, valves and piping systems, and instrumentation and control systems. Letter grading.

Mr. Catton (Not offered 2009-10)

135. Fundamentals of Nuclear Science and Engi- neering. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, four hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: Chemis- try 20A, Mathematics 33B. Review of nuclear phys- ics, radioactivity and decay, and radiation interaction with matter. Nuclear fission and fusion processes and mass defect, chain reactions, criticality, neutron diffu- sion and multiplication, heat transfer issues, and ap- plications. Introduction to nuclear power plants for commercial electric power production, space power, spacecraft propulsion, nuclear fusion, and nuclear science for medical uses. Letter grading.

Mr. Morley (F)

136. Energy and Environment. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course 105D. Recommended: courses 131A, 133A. Global energy use and supply, electrical power generation, fossil fuel and nuclear power plants, renewable ener- gy such as hydropower, biomass, geothermal, solar, wind, and ocean, fuel cells, transportation, energy conservation, air and water pollution, global warming. Letter grading.

Mr. Mills (W)

CM140. Introduction to Biomechanics. (4) (Same as Biomedical Engineering CM140.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 101, 102, 156A. Introduc- tion to biomechanics of human body; skeletal, muscular, and dermal adaptations to optimize load transfer, mobility, and function. Dynamics and kinematics. Fluid mechanics applications. Heat and mass transfer. Power genera- tion, locomotion, and control. Corrently scheduled with course CM240. Letter grading.

Mr. Gupta (W)


Mr. Eldredge, Ms. Karagozian (F.W)

150B. Aerodynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; dis- cussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requi- sites: courses 103, 150A. Advanced aspects of poten- tial flow theory. Incompressible flow around thin airfoils (lift and moment coefficients) and wings (lift, induced drag). Gas dynamics: oblique shocks, Prandtl/Meyer expansion. Linearized subsonic and supersonic flows around thin airfoils and wings. Wave- dron, Transonic flow. Letter grading.

Mr. Zhong (Sp)


Ms. Karagozian, Mr. Smith (Not offered 2009-10)

C150G. Fluid Dynamics of Biological Systems. (4) (Formerly numbered 150D.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 103. Mechanics of aquatic locomotion; insect and bird flight aerodynamics; pulsatile flow in circulatory sys- tem; rheology of blood; transport in microcirculation; role of fluid dynamics in arterial diseases. Letter grading. Corrently scheduled with course C250G. Letter grading.

Mr. Eldredge (Sp)

150P. Aircraft Propulsion Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 105A, 150A. Thermody- namic properties of gases, aircraft jet engine cycle analysis and component performance, component matching, advanced aircraft engine topics. Letter grading.

Ms. Karagozian, Mr. Smith (F)

150R. Rocket Propulsion Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 103, 105A. Rocket pro- pulsion concepts, including chemical rockets (liquid, gas, and solid propellants), hybrid rocket engines, electric (ion, plasma) rockets, nuclear rockets, and solar-powered vehicles. Current issues in launch ve- hicle technologies. Letter grading.

Ms. Karagozian, Mr. Smith (Not offered 2009-10)

153A. Engineering Acoustics. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Designed for junior/senior engineering majors. Fundamental course in acoustics; propagation of sound; sources of sound. Design of field measure- ments. Estimation of jet and blade noise with design aspects. Letter grading.

Mr. Eldredge (Sp, alternate years)

154A. Preliminary Design of Aircraft. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisite: course 1545. Classical prelimi- nary design of aircraft, including weight estimation, performance and stability, and control consideration. Term assignment consists of preliminary design of low-speed aircraft. Letter grading.

Mr. Bendiksen (W)


Mr. Bendiksen (Sp)

154S. Flight Mechanics, Stability, and Control of Aircraft. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 150A, 150B. Aircraft performance, flight mechanics, stability and control. Some advanced topics needed for design of aircraft. Effects of airplane flexibility on stability derivatives. Letter grading.

Mr. Bendiksen (F)
Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering / 103

155. Intermediate Dynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 102. Axioms of Newtonian mechanics, generalized coordinates, Lagrangian equation, variational principles; central force motion; kinematics and dynamics of rigid bodies. Euler equations, motion of rotating bodies, oscillatory motion, normal coordinates, orthogonality relations. Letter grading. Mr. Gibson (F)


157. Basic Mechanical Engineering Laboratory. (4) Laboratory, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 101, 103, 105A, 150A, Electrical Engineering 100. Recommended: course 110, 182A. Not open to students with credit for course 166A. Laboratory and design course consisting of design, experimentation, and use of modern experimental tools and techniques in field. Letter grading. Mr. Hoeni, Mr. Mills (F,W,Sp)

157A. Fluid Mechanics and Aerodynamics Laboratory. (4) Laboratory, eight hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: courses 150A, 150B, and 157 or 157B. Experimental investigation of important physical phenomena in area of fluid mechanics/aerodynamics, as well as hands-on experience with design of experimental programs and use of modern experimental tools and techniques in field. Letter grading. Mr. Kavehpour, Mr. Smith (Sp)

157S. Basic Aerospace Engineering Laboratory. (4) Laboratory, eight hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: courses 101, 102, 103, 105A, Electrical Engineering 100. Recommended: course 15. Measurement of basic physical quantities in fluid mechanics, thermodynamics, and structures. Operation of primary transducers, computer-aided data acquisition, signal processing, and data analysis. Performance of experiments to enhance understanding of basic physical principles and characteristics of structures relevant to aerospace engineering. Letter grading. Mr. Ju (W,Sp)

161A. Introduction to Astronautics. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 102. Recommended: course 182A. Space environment of Earth, trajectories and orbits, space vehicles and propulsion systems, launch vehicles, space stations, space exploration, astronautics, manned spaceflight, space law, and the space industry. Letter grading. Mr. Wirtz (W)

161B. Introduction to Space Technology. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Recommended preparation: courses 102, 150F, 161A. Propulsion requirements for typical space missions, propulsion of rockets, internal ballistics, regenerative cooling, liquid propellant rocket systems, LOX/GH2 as propellants. Electric propulsion. Multistage flight dynamics, rocket stages. Propulsion, aerothermodynamics, and materials, loads and vibrations. Thermal control of spacecraft. Letter grading. Mr. Wirtz (W)

161C. Spacecraft Design. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 161B. Coverage of preliminary design, by students, of small spacecraft carrying lightweight scientific payload with modest requirements for electric power, lifetime, and attitude control. Work in groups of three or four, with each student responsible primarily for one subsystem and for integration with whole. Letter grading. Mr. Wirtz (Sp)

161D. Space Technology Hardware Design. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, three hours; outside study, seven hours. Recommended requisite or corequisite: course 161B. Design, by students, of hardware with applications to space technology. Designs are then built by HSSEAS professional machine shop and tested by students. New project carried out each year. Laboratory and design course consisting of design, experimentation, and use of modern experimental tools and techniques in field. Letter grading. Mr. Wirtz (Not offered 2009-10)


162B. Mechanical Product Design. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 94, 156A, 162A, 183, Electrical Engineering 110L. Lecture and laboratory (design) course involving modern design theory and methodology for development of mechanical products. Economics, marketing, manufacturability, quality, and patentability. Design considerations taught and applied to hands-on design project. Letter grading. Mr. Y Yang (F,Sp)

162C. Electromechanical System Design Laboratory. (4) Lecture, one hour; laboratory, eight hours; outside study, three hours. Requisite: course 162B. Laboratory and design course consisting of design, development, construction, and testing of complex mechanical and electromechanical systems. Assembled machine is instrumented and monitored for operational characteristics. Letter grading. Mr. Tsao (Sp)

162M. Senior Mechanical Engineering Design. (4) Lecture, one hour; laboratory, six hours; outside study, five hours. Requisites: courses 131A or 133A, 162B, 171A. Must be taken in last two academic terms of students’ programs. Analytical course of large engineering system. Design factors include functionality, efficiency, economy, safety, reliability, aesthetics, and social impact. Final report of engineering specifications and drawings to be presented by design teams. Letter grading. Mr. Yang (W,Sp)

163A. Introduction to Computer-Controlled Machines. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 94, 156A, 162A, 183. Design of computer-controlled machines, including electrical and electronic elements, mechanical elements, actuators, sensors, and overall electromechanical systems. Motion and command generation, servo-controller design, and computer-machine interfacing. Letter grading. Mr. Tsao (Not offered 2009-10)

166A. Analysis of Flight Structures. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: courses 101, 102, 182A. Not open to students with credit for course 156A. Introduction to two-dimensional elasticity, stress-strain laws, field and fatigue; bending of beams; torsion of beams; warping; torsion of thin-walled cross sections: shear flow, shearlag; combined bending torsion of thin-walled, built-up, and sandwich structures; plates and shells; elements of plate theory; buckling of columns. Letter grading. Mr. Carman (F)

166C. Design of Composite Structures. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 156A or 166A. History of composites, stress-strain relations for composite materials, bending and extension of symmetric laminates, failure analysis, design examples and design studies. Composites: fiber composites, polymer composites, nonisotropic laminates, micromechanics of composites. Letter grading. Mr. Carman (W)

1M16. Introduction to Finite Element Methods. (4) (Formerly numbered 168.) (Same as Civil Engineering M135C, Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, six hours. Requisite: course 156A or 166A or Civil Engineering 130. Introduction to basic concepts of finite element methods (FEM) and applications to structural and solid mechanics and heat transfer. Direct matrix structural analysis; weighted residual, least squares, and Ritz approximation methods; shape functions; convergence properties; isoparametric formulation of multidimensional heat flow and fluidity; numerical integration. Practical use of FEM software; geometric and analytical modeling; preprocessing and postprocessing techniques; term projects with computers. Letter grading. Mr. Chen, Mr. Dorn (F,Sp)

169A. Introduction to Mechanical Vibrations. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: courses 101, 102, 107. Fundamentals of vibration theory and applications. Free, forced, and transient vibration of one and two degrees of freedom systems, including damping. Normal modes, coupling, and normal coordinates. Vibration isolation devices, vibrations of continuous systems. Letter grading. Mr. Bendiks, Mr. M'Closkey (F)

171A. Introduction to Feedback and Control Systems: Dynamic Systems Control I. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Enforced requisites: courses 171A, 183, Electrical Engineering 102), and 181A or 182A. Introduction to feedback principles, control systems design, and system stability. Modeling of physical systems in engineering and other fields, state-space control system modeling; Nyquist, Bode, and root locus methods; compensation; computer-aided analysis and design. Letter grading. Mr. M'Closkey (F,Sp)


172. Control System Design Laboratory. (4) Laboratory, eight hours; outside study, four hours. Requisite: course 171A. Application of frequency domain design techniques for control of mechanical systems. Successful controller design requires students to formulate performance measures for control problem, experimentally identify mechanical systems, and develop uncertainty descriptions for design models. Exploration of issues concerning model uncertainty and sensor/actuator placement. Students implement control designs on flexible structures, rate gyroscopes, and inverted pendulum. Detailed reports required. Letter grading. Mr. M'Closkey (Not offered 2009-10)

174. Probability and Its Applications to Risk, Reliability, and Quality Control. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: Mathematics 33A. Introduction to probability theory: random variables, distributions, functions of random variables, models of failure of components, reliability, redundancy, complex systems, stress-strength models, failure tree analysis, statistical quality control by variables and by attributes, acceptance sampling. Letter grading. Ms. Lavine (Not offered 2009-10)
181A. Complex Analysis and Integral Transforms. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 182A. Complex variables, analytic functions, conformal mapping, contour integrals, singularities, residues, Cauchy integrals; Laplace transform: properties, convolution, inversion; Fourier transform: properties, convolution, FFT, applications in dynamics, vibrations, structures, and heat conduction. Letter grading. Mr. Gadh (W, Sp).


184. Introduction to Geometry Modeling. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, four hours; outside study, four hours. Requisites: course 94, Computer Science 31, Computer Modeling, parametric spaces, blending functions, conics, splines, and Bezier curve, coordinate transformations, algebraic and geometric form of surfaces, analytical properties of curve and surface, hands-on design experience with CAD/CAM systems design and implementation. Letter grading.

185. Introduction to Radio Frequency Identification and Its Application in Manufacturing and Supply Chain. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisites: course 162B. Computer Science 31. Manufacturing today requires assembling of individual components into assembled products, shipping of such products, and eventually use, maintenance, and recycling of such products. This course will provide the student with the ability to segment a product into individual components, subassemblies, and assemblies of products allowing them to be tracked automatically as they move and transform through manufacturing and supply chain. Mobile andRFID technology and small CPU that allows information about product status to be written, stored, and transmitted wirelessly. Tag data can then be forwarded by reader to enterprise software. The assignment of each product to an electronic label with a unique identifier allows tracing of product from manufacturers to customer. Study of how RFID is being utilized in manufacturing, with a focus on automotive and aerospace. Letter grading. Mr. Gadh (W).


C187L. Nanoscale Characterization and Biodetection Laboratory. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, eight hours. Multidisciplinary course that introduces laboratory techniques for characterizing and biodetection. Basic physical, chemical, and biological principles related to these techniques, top-down and bottom-up (self-assemble) nanofabrication, nanocharacterization (AFM, SEM, etc.), and optical and electrochemical biosensors. Students encouraged to create their own ideas in self-designed experiments. Concurrently scheduled with course C286B. Letter grading. Mr. Chen (F).

188. Special Courses in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering. (2 to 4) Lecture, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Special topics in mechanical and aerospace engineering for undergraduate students that are taught on experimental or temporary basis, such as those taught by resident and visiting faculty members. May be repeated for credit with topic or instructor change. P/NP or letter grading.

194. Research Group Seminars: Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering. (2 to 4) Seminar, two to four hours. Design and development for undergraduate students who are part of research group. Letter grading. Must be approved by instructor. Letter grading. Mr. Zhong (F).

199. Directed Research in Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering. (2 to 8) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to juniors/seniors. Supervised individual research or investigation under graduate faculty mentor. Culminating paper or project required. May be repeated for credit with school approval. Individual contract required; enrollment petitions available in Office of Academic and Student Affairs. Letter grading. (F, W, Sp).

Graduate Courses


231B. Radiation Heat Transfer. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 105D. Radiative properties of materials and radiative energy transfer. Emphasis on energy transfer concepts, including energy levels and electromagnetic waves as well as analytical methods for calculating radiative properties and radiation transfer in absorbing, emitting, and scattering media. Variational and asymptotic solutions to linear and nonlinear radiative transfer problems in one and. Letter grading. Mr. Pilon (Sp).


310. Microscopic Energy Transport. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 105D. Heat carriers (photons, electrons, phonons, molecules) and their energy characteristics, statistical properties of heat carriers, scattering and propagation of heat carriers. Boltzmann transport equations, derivation of classical laws from Boltzmann transport equations, derivation from classical laws at small scale. Letter grading. Mr. Ju (Sp).


C235A. Nuclear Reactor Theory. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 182A. Underlying physics and mathematics of nuclear reactor (fission) core design. Diffusion theory, reactor kinetics, slowing down and thermalization, multigroup methods, introduction to transport theory. Letter grading. Mr. Abdou (Sp).


Mr. Abdou (Sp, alternate years)

239B. Seminar: Current Topics in Transport Phenomena. (2 to 4) Lecture, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Designed for graduate mechanical and aerospace engineering students. Lectures, discussions, student presentations, and projects in areas of current interest in transport phenomena. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading.

239F. Special Topics in Transport Phenomena. (2 to 4) Lecture, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Designed for graduate mechanical and aerospace engineering students. Advanced and current study of one or more aspects of heat and mass transfer, such as turbulence, stability and transition, buoyancy effects, variational methods, and measurement techniques. May be repeated for credit with topic change. S/U grading.

239G. Special Topics in Nuclear Engineering. (2 to 4) Lecture, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Designed for graduate mechanical and aerospace engineering students. Advanced study in areas of current interest in nuclear engineering, such as reactor safety, risk-benefit trade-offs, nuclear materials, and reactor design. May be repeated for credit with topic change. S/U grading.

239H. Special Topics in Fusion Physics, Engineering, and Technology. (2 to 4) Seminar, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Designed for graduate mechanical and aerospace engineering students. Advanced treatment of subjects selected from research areas in fusion science and engineering, such as instabilities in burning plasmas, alternate fusion confinement concepts, inertial confinement fusion, fission-fusion hybrid systems, and fusion reactor safety. May be repeated for credit with topic change. S/U grading.

CM240. Introduction to Biomechanics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, six hours. Fusion and fusion-tokamak design for advanced tokamaks. Letter grading.

Mr. Gupta (W)

CM250. Foundations of Fluid Dynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course 150A. Corequisite: course 182B. Development and application of fundamental principles of fluid mechanics at graduate level, with emphasis on incompressible flow. Flow kinematics, basic equations, constitutive relations, exact solutions on the Navier-Stokes equations, vorticity dynamics, decomposition of flow fields, potential flow. Letter grading.

Mr. Eldredge, Mr. J. Kim (W)

250B. Viscous and Turbulent Flows. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course 150A. Fundamental principles of fluid dynamics applied to study of fluid resistance. States of fluid motion discussed in order of advancing Reynolds number. Boundary layers, instability, transition, and turbulent shear flows. Letter grading.

Ms. Karagözian, Mr. J. Kim (Sp)

250C. Compressible Flows. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 150A, 150B. Constitutive relations, boundary layers, instability, transition, and turbulent shear flows. Letter grading.

Ms. Karagözian, Mr. Zhong (F)


Mr. J. Kim (Sp, alternate years)

250E. Spectral Methods in Fluid Dynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 182A, 182B, 182C, 250A, 250B. Introduction to basic concepts and techniques of various spectral methods applied to solving partial differential equations. Partial emphasis on techniques of solving unsteady three-dimensional Navier-Stokes equations. Topics include spectral representation of functions, discrete Fourier transform, etc. Letter grading.

Mr. J. Kim (Sp, alternate years)

250F. Hypersonic and High-Temperature Gas Dynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Recommended requisite: course 250C. Molecular and chemical description of equilibrium and nonequilibrium hypersonic and high-temperature gas flows, chemical thermodynamics and statistical thermodynamics for calculation gas properties, equilibration flows of real gases, vibrational and chemical rate processes, nonequilibrium flows of real gases, and computational fluid dynamics methods for nonequilibrium hypersonic flows. Letter grading.

Mr. Zhong (W)

C250G. Fluid Dynamics of Biological Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 103. Mechanics of aquatic locomotion; insect and bird flight aerodynamics; pulsatile flow in circulatory system; rheology of blood; transport in microcirculation; role of fluid dynamics in arterial diseases. Concurrently scheduled with course C150G. Letter grading.

Mr. Eldredge (W)


Mr. Kavehpoor

252A. Stability of Fluid Motion. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 150A. Mechanisms by which laminar flows can become unstable and lead to turbulence of secondary motions. Linear stability theory; thermal, centrifugal, and shear instabilities; boundary layer instability. Nonlinear aspects: sufficient criteria for stability, subcritical instabilities, supercritical states, transition to turbulence. Letter grading.

Mr. Zhong


Mr. J. Kim


Ms. Karagözian (F, odd years)


Mr. Gupta (Sp)

252A. Advanced Engineering Acoustics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Advanced studies in engineering acoustics, including three-dimensional wave propagation, propagation in bound media, Ray acoustics, attenuation mechanisms in fluids. Letter grading.

Mr. Eldredge


Mr. Eldredge

254A. Special Topics in Aerodynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 150A, 150B, 182A, 182B, 182C. Special topics of current interest in advanced aerodynamics. Examples include transonic flow, supersonic flow, sonic booms, and unsteady aerodynamics. Letter grading.

Mr. Zhong

255A. Advanced Dynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 155, 156, 169A. Variational principles and Lagrange equations. Kinematics and dynamics of rigid bodies; procession and nutation of spinning bodies. Letter grading.

Mr. Gibson

255B. Mathematical Methods in Dynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 255A. Concepts of stability; state-space interpretation; stability determination by simulation, linearization, and Lyapunov direct method; the Hamiltonian as a Lyapunov function; nonautonomous systems; averaging and perturbation methods of nonlinear analysis; parametric excitation and nonlinear resonance. Application to mechanical systems. Letter grading.

Mr. M’Closkey (Sp, odd years)

M256A. Linear Elasticity. (4) (Same as Civil Engineering M230A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 156A or 166A. Linear elasticity. Cartesian and cylindrical strain tensor; Cauchy stress tensor; strain energy; equilibrium equations; linear constitutive relations; plane elastostatic problems, holes, cracks, inclusions, cracks; three-dimensional problems of Kelvin, Boussinesq, and Cerruti. Introduction to boundary integral equation method. Letter grading.

Mr. Mal (F)

M256B. Nonlinear Elasticity. (4) (Same as Civil Engineering M230B.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M256A. Kinematics of deformation, material and spatial coordinates, deformation gradient tensor; nonlinear and strain tensors, strain displacement relations; balance laws, Cauchy and Piola stresses, Cauchy equations of motion, balance of energy, stored energy; constitutive relations, elasticity, hyperelasticity, thermoplasticity; linearization of field equations; solution of selected problems. Letter grading.

Mr. Dong, Mr. Mal (W)

256F. Analytical Fracture Mechanics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M256A. Review of modern fracture mechanics, elementary stress analyses, analytical and numerical methods for calculation of crack tip stress intensity factors; engineering applications in stiffened structures, pressure vessels, plates, and shells. Letter grading. Mr. Gupta (F)

M257A. Elastodynamics. (4) Same as Earth and Space Sciences M224A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses M256A, M256B, M256C, M269A, M269B. Wave mechanics, Cauchy method of solution, motion of equation, constitutive relations, boundary and initial conditions, principle of energy. Sources and waves in unbounded isotropic, anisotropic, and dissipative materials. Guided waves in layered media. Applications to dynamic fracture, non-destructive evaluation (NDE), and mechanics of earthquakes. Letter grading. Mr. Mal

258A. Nanomechanics and Micromechanics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M256A. Analytical and computational modeling methods to describe mechanics of materials at scales ranging from atomistic through micro-structure to continuum. Development and application of atomistic simulation methods (e.g., molecular dynamics, Langevin dynamics, and kinetic Monte Carlo) and their applications at nanoscale. Development and application of mesoscale models. Development and application of statistical mechanics methods in areas of nanostructure and microstructure self-organization, heterogeneous plastic deformation, material instabilities, and failure phenomena. Presentation of technical applications of these emerging modeling techniques to surfaces and interfaces, grain boundaries, dislocations and defects, surface growth, quantum dots, nanotubes, nanocrystals, thin films (e.g., optical thermal barrier coatings and ultrasonic nanolayer materials), nano-identification, smart (active) materials, nanobending and microbending, and torsion. Letter grading. Mr. Yang (W, alternate years)

259A. Seminar: Advanced Topics in Fluid Mechanics. (4) Seminar, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Advanced study of topics in fluid mechanics, with intensive student participation involving assignments in research problems leading to term papers or oral presentations (possible help from guest lecturers). Letter grading. Mr. Smith (Sp)

259B. Seminar: Advanced Topics in Solid Mechanics. (4) Seminar, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Advanced study in various fields of solid mechanics on topics which may vary from term to term. Topics include dynamics, elasticity, plasticity, and stability of solids. Letter grading. Mr. Mal

260. Current Topics in Mechanical Engineering. (2 to 4) Seminar, two to four hours; outside study, four to eight hours. Designed for graduate mechanical and aerospace engineering students. Lectures, discussions, and student presentations and projects in areas of current interest in mechanical engineering. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading.


262. Mechanics of Intelligent Material Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Recommended requisite: course 166C. Constitutive relations for micro-structured materials. Fiber-optic sensor technology. Micro/macrophase analysis, including classical lamination theory, shear lag theory, concentric cylinder analysis, hexagonal models, and hierarchical microstructures as they apply to active materials. Active systems design, inch-worm, and biomorph. Letter grading. Mr. Carman (Sp)

263A. Analytical Foundations of Motion Control. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Recommended requisites: courses 163A, 294. Theory of motion control for modern computer-controlled machines; multi-axis computer-controlled machines; machine kinematics and dynamics; multi-axis motion coordination; coordinated motion with desired speed and acceleration; jerk analysis; motion command generation; theory and design of controller interpolators; motion trajectory design and analysis; geometry-speed-sampling time relationships. Letter grading. Mr. Yang

263B. Spacecraft Dynamics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 256A. Reiteration of modeling, dynamics, and stability of spacecraft; spinning and dual-spin spacecraft dynamics; spinup through resonance, spinning rocket dynamics; environmental torques in space, modeling and model reduction of flexible space structures. Letter grading. Mr. Frazzoli (Sp, alternate years)

263C. Mechanics and Trajectory Planning of Industrial Robots. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Recommended requisites: courses 163A, 294A. Planning of manipulators in space, obstacle avoidance. Letter grading. Mr. Yang

263D. Advanced Robotics. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Recommended prerequisites: courses 157, 171A, 263C. Motion planning and control of articulated dynamic systems: nonlinear joint control, experiments in joint control and multi-axis coordination, multibody dynamics, trajectory planning, motion optimization, dynamic performance and manipulator design, kinematic redundancies, motion planning of manipulators in space, obstacle avoidance. Letter grading. Mr. Hahn


269B. Advanced Dynamics of Structures, (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M269A. Analysis of linear and nonlinear response of structures to dynamic loadings. Stresses and deflections in structures. Structural damping and self-induced vibrations. Letter grading. Mr. Bendiksen (Sp, alternate years)

269D. Aeroelastic Effects in Structures. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M269A. Presentation of field of aeroelasticity from unified viewpoint applicable to flight structures, suspension bridges, buildings, and other structures. Derivation of aeroelastic operators and unsteady airloads from governing variational principles. Flow induced instability and response of structural systems. Letter grading. Mr. Bendiksen (F, alternate years)

M270A. Linear Dynamic Systems. (4) Same as Chemical Engineering M280A and Electrical Engineering M240A.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 171A or Electrical Engineering 141. State-space description of linear time-invariant (LTI) and time-varianting (LTV) systems in continuous and discrete time. Linear algebra concepts such as eigenvalues and eigenvectors, singular values, Cayley/Hamilton theorem, Jordan form; solution of state equations; stability, controllability, observability; realizability, and minimality. Stabilization design via state feedback and observers; separation principle. Connections with transfer function techniques. Letter grading. Mr. Gibson (F)

270B. Linear Optimal Control. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course M270A or Electrical Engineering M240A. Existence and uniqueness of solutions to linear quadratic (LQ) optimal control problems for continuous-time and discrete-time systems, finite-time and infinite-time problems; Hamiltonian systems and optimal control; algebraic and differential Riccati equations; implications of controllability, stabilizability, observability, and detectability solutions. Letter grading. Mr. Gibson (W)


271B. Stochastic Estimation. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 271A. Linear and nonlinear estimation theory, orthogonal projection lemma, Bayesian filtering theory, conditional mean and risk estimators. Letter grading. Mr. Speyer (F)

271C. Stochastic Optimal Control. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 271B. Stochastic dynamic programming, certainty equivalence principle, separation theorem, information geometry-speed-sampling time relationships. Letter grading. Mr. Yang

271D. Seminar: Special Topics in Dynamic Systems Control. (4) Seminar, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Seminar on current research topics in dynamical systems modeling, control, and applications. Topics selected from process control, differential games, nonlinear estimation, adaptive filtering, industrial and aerospace applications, etc. Letter grading. Mr. Speyer

273A. Robust Control System Analysis and Design. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 171A, M270A. Graduate-level introduction to analysis and design of multivariable control systems. Multivariable loop-shaping, performance requirements, model uncertainty representations, and robustness covered in detail from frequency domain perspective. Structured singular value and its application to controller synthesis. Letter grading. Mr. M’Closkey

275A. System Identification. (4) Lecture, four hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, six hours. Requisite: Electric Engineering 232A or 236A or 236B. Introduction to mathematical analysis of sequential decision processes. Finite horizon model in both deterministic and stochastic state-space formulation. Identification methods. Solution of examples from inventory theory, finance, optimal control and estimation, Markov decision processes, combinatorial optimization, communication theory, and frequency domain perspective. Structured singular value and its application to controller synthesis. Letter grading. Mr. Gibson

M276. Dynamic Programming. (4) (Same as Electrical Engineering M237.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, seven hours. Recommended requisite: Electrical Engineering 232A or 236A or 236B. Application of dynamic programming algorithm and robustness properties. Youla parameterization of stabilizing controllers, principle of repetitive learning control, and adaptive control. Real-time control investigation of topics to selected mechatronic systems. Letter grading. Mr. Tsao (W)

CM280A. Introduction to Micromachining and Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS). (4) (Formerly numbered M280.) (Same as Biomedical Engineering CM250A and Electrical Engineering CM250A.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Requisites: Chemistry 20A, 20L, Physics 1A, 1B, 1C, 4A, 4L, 4BL. Corequisite: course CM280L. Introduction to micromachining technology and microelectromechanical systems (MEMS). Methods of micromachining and how these methods can be used to produce variety of MEMS, including microstructures, microsensors, and microactuators. Students go through process of fabricating MEMS device. Concurrently scheduled with course CM180L. Letter grading. Mr. C.-J. Kim (F)

281. Microsciences. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 131A, 150A. Basic science issues in micro domain. Topics include micro fluid microsensors, microactuators, microbe behavior of microstructures, as well as dynamics and control of micro devices. Letter grading. Mr. Ho, Mr. C.-J. Kim (W)

M282. Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS) Device Physics and Design. (4) (Same as Biomedical Engineering M252 and Electrical Engineering M252S.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Introduction to MEMS design. Design methods and microfabrication processes. Simple optical instrumentation, interferometer, polarizers, and wave-plates. Design MEMS to produce both foundry and nonfoundry processes. Computer-aided design for MEMS. Design project required. Letter grading. Mr. Chiou (Sp)

283. Experimental Mechanics for Microelectromechanical Systems (MEMS). (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Methods, techniques, and philosophies being used to characterize microelectromechanical systems for engineering applications. Material characterization, mechanical/material properties, mechanical characterization. Topics include fundamentals of crystallography, anisotropic material properties, and behavioral stress (e.g., strength/ fracture/fatigue) as they relate to microscale. Considerable emphasis on assessing experimental approaches to assess design-relevant mechanical properties. Letter grading. Mr. Carman (Sp, alternate years)

284. Sensors, Actuators, and Signal Processing. (4) Lecture, four hours; study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 103, 105A, 105D, 182A. Introduction to fundamental physical phenomena occurring at interfaces and application of their knowledge to engineering problems. Fundamental concepts of interfacing phenomena, including surface tension, surfactants, interfacial thermodynamics, interfacial forces, interfacial hydrodynamic, and dynamics of triple line. Presentation of various applications, including wetting, change of phase (boiling and condensation), forms and emulsions, microelectromechanical systems, and biological systems. Letter grading. Mr. Ho (Sp)

285. Interfacial Phenomena. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: courses 155A, 155B. Introduction to fundamental physical phenomena occurring at interfaces and application of their knowledge to engineering problems. Fundamental concepts of interfacing phenomena, including surface tension, surfactants, interfacial thermodynamics, interfacial forces, interfacial hydrodynamic, and dynamics of triple line. Presentation of various applications, including wetting, change of phase (boiling and condensation), forms and emulsions, microelectromechanical systems, and biological systems. Letter grading. Mr. Ho (Sp)

286. Molecular Dynamics Simulation. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Preparation: computer programming experience. Requisites: courses 182A, 182C. Introduction to basic concepts and methodology of computer simulation. Advantages and disadvantages of this approach for various situations. Emphasis on systems of engineering interest, especially microscale fluid mechanics, heat transfer, and solid mechanics. Letter grading. Mr. Kavehpour


M287. Nanoscience and Technology. (4) (Same as Electrical Engineering M257.) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Introduction to fundamentals of nanoscale science and technology. Basic physical principles, quantum mechanics, chemical bonding and nanostructures, top-down and bottom-up (self-assembly) nanocharacterization; nanomaterials, nanoelectronics, and biotechnology. Introduction to new knowledge and techniques in nano areas to understand scientific principles behind these technologies and inspire students to create new ideas in multidisciplinary nano areas. Letter grading. Mr. Y. Chen (W)

C287L. Nanoscale Fabrication, Characterization, and Biodetection Laboratory. (4) Lecture, two hours; laboratory, two hours; outside study, eight hours. Multidisciplinary course that introduces laboratory techniques of nanoscale fabrication, characterization, and biodetection. Basic physical, chemical, and biological principles. Basic methods of top-down and bottom-up (self-assembly) nanofabrication, nanocharacterization (AEM, SEM, etc.), and optical and electrochemical biosensors. Students encouraged to create their own ideas in self-designed experiments. Concurrently scheduled with course C187L. Letter grading. Mr. Y. Chen (Sp)

288. Laser Microfabrication. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: Materials Science 104, Physics 17. Science and engineering of laser microfabrication of advanced materials, including semiconductors, metals, and insulators. Topics include fundamentals of laser interactions with advanced materials, transport issues (therma, mass, chemical, carrier, etc.) in laser microfabrication, state-of-art optics and instrumentation for laser microfabrication, applications to rapid, and prototyping, surface modifications (physical/chemical), micro-machines for three-dimensional MEMS (microelectromechanical systems) and data storage, up-to-date research activities. Student term projects. Letter grading.

293. Quality Engineering in Design and Manufacturing. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 174. Quality engineering concepts and approaches needed for robust technology development and off-line control. Quality loss function, signal-to-noise ratio, and orthogonal arrays. Parametric design of products and processes. Total design, the quality function deployment, and quality control systems. Decision making in quality engineering. Letter grading. Mr. Hahn

The program consists of nine courses that are available at http://www.gdnet.ucla.edu/gasasa/library/pgmrq intro.htm. Students are subject to the degree requirements as published in Program Requirements for the year in which they enter the program.

M.S. in Engineering Online Program

Course Requirements

The program consists of nine courses that make up a program of study. At least five
courses must be at the 200 level, and one must be a directed study course. The latter course satisfies the University of California requirement for a capstone event (in the on-campus program the requirement is covered by a comprehensive examination or a thesis); the directed study course consists of an engineering design project that is better suited for the working engineer/computer scientist.

The program is structured in a manner that allows employed engineers/computer scientists to complete the requirements at a part-time pace (e.g., one 100/200-level course per term). Courses are scheduled so that the program can be completed within two academic years plus one additional term.

**Advanced Structural Materials**
Jenn-Ming Yang, Ph.D. (Materials Science and Engineering), Director; jyang@seas.ucla.edu

The program provides students with a broad knowledge of advanced structural materials. Courses cover fundamental concepts of science and engineering of lightweight advanced metallic and composite materials, fracture mechanics, damage tolerance and durability, failure analysis and prevention, nondestructive evaluation, structural integrity and life prediction, and design of aerospace structures. Students are required to complete a project on a topic related to structural materials.

**Aerospace Engineering**
Xiaolin Zhong, Ph.D. (Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering), Director; xzhong@seas.ucla.edu

The main objective of the program is to provide students with broad knowledge of the major technical areas of aerospace engineering to fill the educational need for the aerospace industry. Major technical areas include aerodynamics and computational fluid dynamics (CFD), systems and control, and structures and dynamics. Courses cover fundamental concepts of science and engineering of aero-dynamics, compressible flow, computational aerodynamics, digital control of physical systems, linear dynamic systems, linear optimal control, design of aerospace structures, and dynamics of structures. Through a graduate course, students also gain skills in the development and application of CFD codes for solving practical aerospace problems.

If students have taken Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 150B, 154B, and 171B or the equivalent at their undergraduate institutions, they can take other online-offered courses, approved by the area director, as substitute courses. In addition, students are required to complete a project on a topic related to the three major areas of this program.

**Computer Networking**
Mario Gerla, Ph.D. (Computer Science), Director; gerla@cs.ucla.edu

Three undergraduate elective courses complement the basic background of the undergraduate electrical engineering or computer science degree with concepts in security, sensors, and wireless communications. The graduate courses expose students to key applications and research areas in the network and distributed systems field. Two required graduate courses cover the Internet and emerging sensor embedded systems. The electives probe different applications domains, including wireless mobile networks, security, network management, distributed P2P systems, and multimedia applications.

**Electronic Materials**
Ya-Hong Xie, Ph.D. (Materials Science and Engineering), Director; yhx@ucla.edu

The electronic materials program provides students with a knowledge set that is highly relevant to the semiconductor industry. The program has four essential attributes: theoretical background, applied knowledge, exposure to theoretical approaches, and introduction to the emerging field of microelectronics, namely organic electronics. All faculty members have industrial experience and are currently conducting active research in these subject areas.

**Integrated Circuits**
Dejan Markovic, Ph.D. (Electrical Engineering), Director; dejan@ee.ucla.edu

The integrated circuits program includes analog integrated circuit (IC) design, design and modeling of VLSI circuits and systems, RF circuit and system design, signal processing, and communication system design. Summer courses are not yet offered in this program; therefore it cannot currently be completed in two calendar years.

**Manufacturing and Design**
Daniel C.H. Yang, Ph.D. (Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering), Director; dyang@seas.ucla.edu

The manufacturing and design program covers a broad spectrum of fundamental and advanced topics, including mechanical systems, digital control systems, microdevices and nanodevices, wireless systems, failure of materials, composites, and computational geometry. The program prepares students with the higher educational background that is necessary for today's rapidly changing technology needs.

**Mechanics of Structures**
Ajit K. Mal, Ph.D. (Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering), Director; ajit@seas.ucla.edu

The mechanics of structures program provides students with the knowledge required for the analysis and synthesis of modern engineered structures. The fundamental concepts of linear and nonlinear elasticity, plasticity, fracture mechanics, finite element analysis, and mechanics of composites and structural vibrations are developed in a series of undergraduate and graduate courses. These concepts are then applied in solving industry-relevant problems in a number of graduate-level courses. Students develop hands-on experience in using finite element packages for solving realistic structural analysis problems.

**Signal Processing and Communications**
Kung Yao, Ph.D. (Electrical Engineering), Director; yao@ee.ucla.edu

The program provides training in a set of related topics in signal processing and communications. Students receive advanced training in multimedia systems from the fundamentals of media representation and compression through transmission of signals over communications links and networks.

**System Engineering**
Peter S. Pao, Ph.D. (Computer Science), Director; peterspao@ucla.edu

System engineering has broad applications that include software, hardware, materials, and electrical and mechanical systems. A set of four core courses is offered that form the foundation of the system engineering program. The sequence of courses is designed for working professionals who are faced with design, development, support, and maintenance of complex systems. For students who already hold an M.S. degree, a separate certificate of completion of the system engineering program can be earned by completing three of the core courses. See http://msengrol.seas.ucla.edu/programs/areas.html for further information.
Schoolwide Programs, Courses, and Faculty

UCLA
6426 Boelter Hall
Box 951801
Los Angeles, CA 90095-1601
(310) 825-2826
http://www.engineer.ucla.edu

Professors Emeriti
Edward P. Coleman, Ph.D.
Allen B. Rosenstein, Ph.D.
Bonham Spence-Campbell, E.E.

Graduate Study
For information on graduate admission to the schoolwide engineering programs and requirements for the Engineer degree and certificate of specialization, see Graduate Programs, page 23.

Faculty Areas of Thesis Guidance
Professors Emeriti
Edward P. Coleman, Ph.D. (Columbia U., 1951)
Allen B. Rosenstein, Ph.D. (UCLA, 1958)
Bonham Spence-Campbell, E.E. (Cornell, 1939)

Lower Division Courses
19. Flat Lux Freshman Seminars. (1) Seminar, one hour. Discussion of and critical thinking about topics of current intellectual importance, taught by faculty members in their areas of expertise and illuminating many paths of discovery at UCLA. P/NP grading.

87. Introduction to Engineering Disciplines. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, four hours; outside study, four hours. Introduction to engineering as professional opportunity for freshman students by exploring difference between engineering disciplines and functions engineers perform. Development of skills and techniques for academic excellence through team process. Investigation of national need underlying current effort to increase participation of historically underrepresented groups in U.S. technological work force. Letter grading.

98. What Students Need to Know about Careers in Engineering. (2) Seminar, two hours. Introduction to skills and aptitudes that most engineers require in their careers and description of big picture of engineering careers. Integrating framework provided to relate specifics of engineering courses to real world of engineer and roadmap of extracurricular activity that strengthens skills needed to acquire good jobs and achieve career success. P/NP grading. (F,W,Sp)

99. Student Research Program. (1 to 2) Tutorial (supervised research or other scholarly work), three hours per week per unit. Entry-level research for lower-division students under guidance of faculty mentor. Students must be in good academic standing and enrolled in minimum of 12 units (excluding this course). Individual contract required; consult Undergraduate Research Center. May be repeated. P/NP grading.

Upper Division Courses
M101. Principles of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology. (4) (Same as Materials Science M105.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Enforced requisites: Chemistry 20, and Electrical Engineering 1 or Physics 1C. Introduction to underlying science encompassing structure, properties, and fabrication of technologically important nanoscale systems. New phenomena that emerge in very small systems (typically with feature sizes below few hundred nanometers) explained using basic concepts from physics and chemistry. Chemical, optical, and electronic properties, electron transport, structural stability, self-assembly, templated assembly and applications of various nanostructures such as quantum dots, nanoparticles, quantum wires, quantum wells and multilayers, carbon nanotubes. Letter grading. Mr. Ozolins (F)

102. Synthetic Biosystems and Nanosystems Design. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisites: course M101, Life Sciences 3. Introduction to current progress in engineering to integrate biosciences and nanosciences into synthetic systems, where components are engineered and rewired to perform desirable functions in both intracellular and cell-free environments. Discussion of basic technologies and systems analysis that deals with dynamics, behavior, noise, and uncertainties. Design project in which students are challenged to design novel biosystems and nanosystems for non-trivial task required. Letter grading. Mr. Liao (W)

103. Environmental Nanotechnology: Implications and Applications. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Recommended requisite: course M101. Introduction to potential implications of nanotechnology to environmental systems as well as potential application of nanotechnology to environmental protection. Techni- cal contents include three multidisciplinary areas: (1) physical, chemical, and biological properties of nano-materials, (2) transport, reactivity, and toxicity of nanoscale materials in natural environmental systems, and (3) use of nanotechnology for energy and water production, pollution abatement, and remediation. Letter grading. Mr. Hoek (Sp)

110. Introduction to Technology Management and Economics for Engineers. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Fundamental principles of micro-level (individual, firm, and industry) and macro-level (government, international) economics as they relate to technology management. How individuals, firms, and governments impact successful commercialization of high technology products and services. Letter grading. Mr. Monbouquette (F,Sp)

112. Laboratory to Market, Entrepreneurship for Engineers. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, one hour; outside study, seven hours. Critical components of entrepreneurship, finance, marketing, human resources, and accounting disciplines as they impact management of technology commercialization. Topics include intellectual property management, team building, market forecasting, and entrepreneurial finance. Students work in small teams studying technology management plans to bring new technologies to market. Students select from set of available technology concepts, many generated at UCLA, that are in need of plans for movement from laboratory to market. Letter grading. Mr. Monbouquette (W,Sp)

113. Product Strategy. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for juniors/seniors. Introduction to current management concept of product development. Topics include product strategy, product platform, and product lines; competitive strategy, vectors of differentiation, product pricing, first-to-market versus fast-follower; growth strategy, growth through acquisition, and new ventures; product portfolio management. Case studies, class projects, group discussions, and guest lectures by speakers from industry. Letter grading. Mr. Pao (Sp)

180. Engineering of Complex Systems. (4) Lecture, four hours; discussion, two hours; outside study, six hours. Designed for junior/senior engineering majors. Holistic view of engineering discipline, covering lifecycle of engineering, processes, and techniques used in industry today. Multidisciplinary systems engineering perspective in which aspects of electrical, mechanical, material, and software engineering are incorporated. Three specific case studies in communication, sensor, and processing systems included to help students understand these concepts. Special attention paid to link material covered to engineering curriculum offered by UCLA to help students integrate and enhance their understanding of knowledge already acquired. Motivates students to continue their learning and reinforce lifelong learning habits. Letter grading. Mr. Wesel (W)

183EW. Engineering and Society. (4) (Formerly numbered 183.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, three hours; outside study, five hours. Limited to sophomore/junior/senior engineering students. Professional and ethical considerations in practice of engineering. Impact of technology on society and on development of moral and ethical values. Contempo- rary environmental, biological, legal, and other issues created by new technologies. Emphasis on research and writing within engineering. Organized reading and revision of about 20 pages total, including two individual technical essays and one team-written research report. Readings address technical issues and writing form. Satisfies engineering writing requirement. Letter grading. Mr. Wesel (F,Sp)

185EW. Art of Engineering Endeavors. (4) (Formerly numbered 185.) Lecture, four hours; discussion, three hours; outside study, five hours. Designed for juniors/senior engineering students. Nontechnical skills and experiences necessary for engineering career success. Importance of group dynamics in engineering practice. Teamwork and effective group skills in engineering environments. Organized reading and control of multidisciplinary complex engineering projects. Forms of leadership and qualities and characteristics of effective leaders. How engineering, computer sciences, and technology relate to major ethical and social issues. Societal demands on practice of engineering. Emphasis on research and writing in engineering environments. Satisfies engineering writing requirement. Letter grading. Mr. Wesel (F,Sp)

188. Special Courses in Engineering. (4) Seminar, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Special topics in engineering for undergraduate students that are taught on experimental or temporary basis, such as those taught by resident and visiting faculty members. May be repeated for credit with topic or instructor change. Letter grading.
195. Internship Studies in Engineering. (2 to 4) Tutorial, two to four hours. Limited to juniors/seniors. Internship studies course supervised by associate dean or designated faculty members. Further supervision to be provided by organization for which students are doing internship. Students may be required to meet on regular basis with instructor and provide periodic reports of their experience. May not be applied toward major requirements. Normally, only 4 units of internship are allowed. Individual contract with associate dean required. P/NP grading.

Mr. Wesel (F,W,Sp)

199. Directed Research in Engineering. (2 to 8) Tutorial, to be arranged. Limited to juniors/seniors. Supervised individual research or investigation under guidance of faculty mentor. Culminating paper or project required. May be repeated for credit with school approval. Individual contract required; enrollment petitions available in Office of Academic and Student Affairs. Letter grading.

(F,W,Sp)

Graduate Courses

200. Program Management Principles for Engineers and Professionals. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for graduate students. Practical review of necessary processes and procedures to successfully manage technology programs. Review of fundamentals of program planning, organizational structure, implementation, and performance tracking methods to provide program manager with necessary information to support decision-making process that provides high-quality products on time and within budget. Letter grading. Mr. Wesel

201. Systems Engineering. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Designed for graduate students. Practical review of major elements of system engineering process. Coverage of key elements: system requirements and flow down, product development cycle, functional analysis, system synthesis and trade studies, budget allocations, risk management metrics, review and audit activities and documentation. Letter grading. (W)

202. Reliability, Maintainability, and Supportability. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 201. Designed for graduate students with one to two years work experience. Integrated logistic support (ILS) is major driver of system life-cycle cost and one key element of system engineering activities. Overview of engineering disciplines critical to this function—reliability, maintainability, and supportability—and their relationships, taught using probability theory. Topics also include fault detections and isolations and parts obsolescence. Discussion of B-sigma process, one effective design and manufacturing methodology, to ensure system reliability, maintainability, and supportability. Letter grading. Mr. Lynch, Mr. Wesel

203. System Architecture. (4) Lecture, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Requisite: course 201. Designed for graduate students with B.S. degrees in engineering science and one to two years work experience in selected domain. Art and science of architecting. Introduction to architecting methodology—paradigm and tools. Principles of architecting through analysis of architecture designs of major existing systems. Discussion of selected elements of architectural practices, such as representation models, design progression, and architecture frameworks. Examination of professionalization of system architecting. Letter grading. Mr. Lynch, Mr. Wesel

215. Entrepreneurship for Engineers. (Formerly numbered 210) Lecture, four hours. Limited to graduate engineering students. Topics in starting and developing high-tech enterprises and intended for students who wish to complement their technical education with introduction to entrepreneurship. Letter grading. Mr. Abe, Mr. Cong, Mr. Wesel (W)

375. Teaching Apprentice Practicum. (1 to 4) Seminar, to be arranged. Preparation: apprentice personnel employment as teaching assistant, associate, or fellow. Teaching apprenticeship under active guidance and supervision of regular faculty member responsible for curriculum and instruction at UCLA. May be repeated for credit. S/U grading. (F,W,Sp)


471A-471B-471C. Engineer in General Environment. (3-3-1.5) Lecture, three hours (courses 471A, 471B) and 90 minutes (course 471C). Limited to Engineering Executive Program students. Influences of human relations, laws, social sciences, humanities, and fine arts on development and utilization of natural and human resources. Interaction of technology and society past, present, and future. Change agents and resistance to change. S/U or letter (471A) grading; In Progress (471B) and S/U or letter (471C) grading.

472A-472B. Engineer in Business Environment. (3-3-1.5) Lecture, three hours (courses 472A, 472B, 472C) and 90 minutes (course 472D). Limited to Engineering Executive Program students. Language of business for engineering executive. Accounting, finance, business economics, business law, and marketing. Laboratory in organization and management problem solving. Analysis of actual business problems of firm, community, and nation, provided through cooperation and participation with California business corporations and government agencies. In Progress (472A, 472C) and S/U or letter grading (credit to be given on completion of courses 472B and 472D).

473A-473B. Analysis and Synthesis of Large-Scale System. (3-3) Lecture, two and one-half hours. Limited to Engineering Executive Program students. Problem area of modern industry or government is selected as class project, and its solution is synthesized using quantitative tools and methods. Project also serves as laboratory in organization for goal-oriented technical group. In Progress (473A) and S/U (473B) grading.

495A. Teaching Assistant Training Seminar. (4) (F) (Same as English Composition 495E.) Seminar, four hours; outside study, eight hours. Preparation: appointment as teaching assistant. Limited to graduate engineering students. Seminar on communication of engineering principles, concepts, and methods, preparation, organization of material, presentation, use of visual aids, grading, advising, and rapport with students. S/U grading.

(M) 495B. Supervised Teaching Preparation. (2) (Same as English Composition 495E.) Seminar, two hours. Required of all teaching assistants for engineering writing courses not exempt by appropriate departmental or program training. Training and mentoring, with focus on composition pedagogy, assessment of student writing, guidance of revision process, and specialized writing problems that may occur in engineering writing contexts. Practical concerns of preparing students to write course assignments, marking and grading essays, and conducting peer reviews and conferences. S/U grading. (F,W,Sp)

501. Cooperative Program. (2 to 8) Tutorial, to be arranged. Preparation: consent of UCLA graduate adviser and graduate dean, and host campus instructor, department chair, and graduate dean. Used to record enrollment of UCLA students in courses taken under cooperative arrangements with USC. S/U grading.
Center for Cell Control
National Institutes of Health Nanomedicine Development Center
Chih-Ming Ho, Ph.D. (Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering), Director; http://www.centerforcellcontrol.org

A cell consists of millions of intracellular molecules, which serve as building blocks for its structure and functions. Interactions among these building blocks display the property of self-organization, which serves as the foundation of signaling networks and regulatory pathways. Through these interconnected networks, a cell—the basic unit of life—senses, responds, and adapts to its environment. These three characteristics are commonly observed in all complex systems. The goal of the Center for Cell Control (CCC) at UCLA is to apply an unprecedented approach toward efficiently searching for a potent drug cocktail for guiding biological systems to a directed phenotype. Nanoscale modalities and molecular sensors are used to understand the signal pathway responses under the influence of the drugs. This introduces engineering systems that can be applied toward regulation of a spectrum of cellular functions, such as cancer eradication, viral infection onset control, and stem cell differentiation.

This highly interdisciplinary approach demands strong synergetic collaboration between engineers, biologists, and clinical doctors at UCLA and UC Berkeley. Projects important to the goals of the NIH nanomedicine program are development of a smart petri dish platform with advanced nanoscale modalities, capable of studying signal pathways at the network interaction level; and demonstration of the unique capability to determine optimal multiple drug combinations and apply the resulting drug cocktail as potential therapeutics in pathogenic diseases and cancer.

Three biological systems—stem cell, cancer, and viral infection—have been proposed. Because stem cells have interesting features closely mirroring circuit reprogramming, they are used as the first system for monitoring and interrogating reactions in the network of pathways. Viral infection and cancer cells will be used in drug combinatory studies. As the program becomes more mature, networks of all three systems will be interrogated by nano tools under the potent drug cocktails.

Center for Embedded Networked Sensing
National Science Foundation Science and Technology Center
Deborah Estrin, Ph.D. (Computer Science), Director; http://www.cens.ucla.edu

The Center for Embedded Networked Sensing (CENS) is a major research enterprise focused on developing wireless sensing systems and applying this revolutionary technology to critical scientific and societal pursuits. In the same way that development of the Internet transformed our ability to communicate, the ever-decreasing size and cost of computing components sets the stage for detection, processing, and communication technology to be embedded throughout the physical world and, thereby, fostering a deeper understanding of the natural and built environment and, ultimately, enhancing our ability to design and control these complex systems.

By investigating fundamental properties of embedded networked sensing systems, developing new technologies, and exploring novel scientific and educational applications, CENS is a world leader in unleashing the tremendous potential these systems hold.

The center is a multidisciplinary collaboration among faculty, staff, and students from a wide spectrum of fields, including computer science, electrical engineering, civil and environmental engineering, biology, statistics, education and information sciences, urban planning, and theater, film, and television. CENS was established in 2002 as a National Science Foundation Science and Technology Center and is a partnership of UCLA, UC Riverside, UC Merced, USC, and Caltech.

The center’s current research portfolio encompasses projects across nine technology and applications areas, examples of which include:

- development and deployment of new measurement tools and techniques to identify the sources and fates of chemical and biological pollutants in natural, urban, and agricultural watersheds and coastal zones
- development of cameras and image analysis approaches that assist scientists in making biological observations
- Together, the camera and analysis systems comprise a new type of biosensor that takes measurements otherwise unobservable to humans
- harnessing the technological power of mobile phones and the ubiquitous wireless infrastructure for applications in areas as diverse as public health, environmental protection, urban planning, and cultural expression, each of which is influenced by independent personal behaviors adding up in space and time

Energy Frontier Research Center
U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Frontier Research Center
Vidvuds Ozolins, Ph.D. (Materials Science and Engineering), Director

The Energy Frontier Research Center (EFRC) will focus on the creation and production of nanoscale materials for use in converting solar energy into electricity, electrical energy storage, and capturing and separating greenhouse gases.

The center was established in 2009 and the U.S. Department of Energy plans to fund it at $11.5 million over five years. The new center brings together several faculty across the UCLA campus who have already done significant work in energy production, energy storage, and carbon capture. These faculty will explore game-changing solutions and carry these breakthroughs into real life.

The center—a goal of which is to increase societal awareness of sustainable energy issues through an integrated program of research, education, and outreach—will collaborate with scientists and faculty at the DOE’s National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Eastern Washington University, the University of Kansas, and the University of California, Davis.

As global energy demands continue, the center’s work will be essential in helping to make alternative and renewable energy a viable resource for the 21st century.

Center on Functional Engineered Nano Architectonics
Microelectronic Advanced Research Corporation Focus Center
Kang L. Wang, Ph.D. (Electrical Engineering), Director; Bruce S. Dunn, Ph.D. (Materials Science and Engineering), Co-Director; http://www.fena.org

The Center on Functional Engineered Nano Architectonics (FENA) is a major research enterprise focused on developing wireless sensing systems and applying this revolutionary technology to critical scientific and societal pursuits. The center’s work is designed to provide a new way to detect, process, and communicate, the ever-decreasing size and cost of computing components sets the stage for detection, processing, and communication technology to be embedded throughout the physical world and, thereby, fostering a deeper understanding of the natural and built environment and, ultimately, enhancing our ability to design and control these complex systems.

By investigating fundamental properties of embedded networked sensing systems, developing new technologies, and exploring novel scientific and educational applications, FENA is a world leader in unleashing the tremendous potential these systems hold.

The center is a multidisciplinary collaboration among faculty, staff, and students from a wide spectrum of fields, including computer science, electrical engineering, civil and environmental engineering, biology, statistics, education and information sciences, urban planning, and theater, film, and television. FENA was established in 2002 as a National Science Foundation Science and Technology Center and is a partnership of UCLA, UC Riverside, UC Merced, USC, and Caltech.

The center’s current research portfolio encompasses projects across nine technology and applications areas, examples of which include:

- development and deployment of new measurement tools and techniques to identify the sources and fates of chemical and biological pollutants in natural, urban, and agricultural watersheds and coastal zones
- development of cameras and image analysis approaches that assist scientists in making biological observations
- Together, the camera and analysis systems comprise a new type of biosensor that takes measurements otherwise unobservable to humans
- harnessing the technological power of mobile phones and the ubiquitous wireless infrastructure for applications in areas as diverse as public health, environmental protection, urban planning, and cultural expression, each of which is influenced by independent personal behaviors adding up in space and time

The center was established in 2009 and the U.S. Department of Energy plans to fund it at $11.5 million over five years. The new center brings together several faculty across the UCLA campus who have already done significant work in energy production, energy storage, and carbon capture. These faculty will explore game-changing solutions and carry these breakthroughs into real life.

The center—a goal of which is to increase societal awareness of sustainable energy issues through an integrated program of research, education, and outreach—will collaborate with scientists and faculty at the DOE’s National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Eastern Washington University, the University of Kansas, and the University of California, Davis.

As global energy demands continue, the center’s work will be essential in helping to make alternative and renewable energy a viable resource for the 21st century.
Dramatic advances in nanotechnology, molecular electronics, and quantum computing are creating the potential for significant expansion of current semiconductor technologies. Researchers at UCLA make pioneering contributions to these fields through the Functional Engineered Nano Architectonics Focus Center (FENA) funded by the Semiconductor Research Association and the Department of Defense.

The term “architectonics” is derived from a Greek word meaning master builder—an apt description of the center’s researchers as they build a new generation of nanoscale materials, structures, and devices for the electronics industry.

The FENA team explores the challenges facing the semiconductor industry as the electronic devices and circuits that power today’s computers grow ever smaller. With more and more transistors and other components squeezed onto a single chip, manufacturers are rapidly approaching the physical limits posed by current chip-making processes. Researchers seek to resolve a number of issues related to post-CMOS technologies that allow them to extend semiconductor technology further into the realm of the nanoscale.

Western Institute of Nanoelectronics

A Nanoelectronics Research Initiative
National Institute of Excellence

Kang L. Wang, Ph.D. (Electrical Engineering), Director; http://win-nano.org

The Western Institute of Nanoelectronics (WIN), one of the world’s largest joint research programs focusing on spintronics, brings together nearly 30 eminent researchers to explore critically-needed innovations in semiconductor technology. A National Institute of Excellence, WIN leverages what are considered the best interdisciplinary nanoelectronics talents in the world to explore and develop advanced research devices, circuits, and nanosystems with performance beyond conventional CMOS devices. The pioneering new technology of spintronics relies on the spin of an electron to carry information, and holds promise in minimizing power consumption for next-generation electronics.

As rapid progress in the miniaturization of semiconductor electronic devices leads toward chip features smaller than 100 nanometers in size, researchers have had to begin exploring new ways to make electronics more efficient. Today’s devices, based on CMOS standards, cannot get much smaller and still function effectively.

Information-processing technology has so far relied on charge-based devices, ranging from vacuum tubes to million-transistor microchips. Conventional electronic devices simply move these electric charges around, ignoring the spin on each electron. Spintronics aims to put that extra spin action to work—effectively corralling electrons into one smooth chain of motion.
# B.S. in Aerospace Engineering Curriculum

## FRESHMAN YEAR

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<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Course</th>
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<td>English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language</td>
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<td>Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus</td>
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<td>Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series</td>
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<td>Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
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<td>Physics 1B — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields</td>
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<td>Physics 4AL — Mechanics Laboratory</td>
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## SOPHOMORE YEAR

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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101 — Statics and Strength of Materials</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 105A — Introduction to Engineering Thermodynamics</td>
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## JUNIOR YEAR

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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 102 — Dynamics of Particles and Rigid Bodies</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 182A — Mathematics of Engineering</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 107 — Introduction to Modeling and Analysis of Dynamic Systems</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 150A — Intermediate Fluid Mechanics</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 157S — Basic Aerospace Engineering Laboratory</td>
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## SENIOR YEAR

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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 154S — Flight Mechanics, Stability, and Control of Aircraft</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 155 (Intermediate Dynamics) or 161A (Introduction to Astronautics) or 169A (Introduction to Mechanical Vibrations)</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 166A — Analysis of Flight Structures</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 154A — Preliminary Design of Aircraft</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 154B — Design of Aerospace Structures</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 157A — Fluid Mechanics and Aerodynamics Laboratory</td>
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**TOTAL** 187

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).

†A total of 8 units of aerospace engineering electives (two courses) is required.
## B.S. in Bioengineering Curriculum

### Freshman Year

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<td>1</td>
<td>Bioengineering 10 — Introduction to Bioengineering</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure</td>
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<td>English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language</td>
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<td>Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20B — Chemical Energetics and Change</td>
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<td>Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series</td>
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<td>Physics 1A or 1AH — Mechanics</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20L — General Chemistry Laboratory</td>
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<td>Physics 1B or 1BH — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields.</td>
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### Sophomore Year

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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30A — Chemical Dynamics and Reactivity: Introduction to Organic Chemistry</td>
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<td>Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
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<td>Physics 1C or 1CH — Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity</td>
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<td>Physics 4AL — Mechanics Laboratory</td>
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<td>Bioengineering 100 — Bioengineering Fundamentals</td>
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<td>Life Sciences 2 — Cells, Tissues, and Organs</td>
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<td>Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications</td>
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<td>Physics 4BL — Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory</td>
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<td>Bioengineering 182A — Bioengineering Capstone Design I</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30AL — General Chemistry Laboratory II</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30B — Organic Chemistry: Reactivity and Synthesis, Part I</td>
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<td>Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations</td>
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### Junior Year

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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 153A — Biochemistry: Introduction to Structure, Enzymes, and Metabolism</td>
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<td>Electrical Engineering 100 — Electrical and Electronic Circuits</td>
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<td>Life Sciences 3 — Introduction to Molecular Biology</td>
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<td>Bioengineering 120 — Biomedical Transducers</td>
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<td>Bioengineering 165** — Bioethics and Regulatory Policies in Bioengineering</td>
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<td>Life Sciences 4 — Genetics</td>
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<td>Bioengineering 110 — Biotransport and Bioreaction Processes.</td>
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<td>Bioengineering 176 — Principles of Biocompatibility</td>
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<td>Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I</td>
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### Senior Year

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<td>Bioengineering M106 — Topics in Biophysics, Channels, and Membranes</td>
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<td>Bioengineering 182B — Bioengineering Capstone Design II</td>
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<td>Bioengineering 180 — System Integration in Biology, Engineering, and Medicine I</td>
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<td>Bioengineering 182C — Bioengineering Capstone Design III</td>
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<td>Major Field Elective†</td>
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**TOTAL** 185

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**Satisifies the HSSEAS ethics requirement.

†Electives include Bioengineering M104, M105, M131, 180L, 181, 181L, 199 (8 units maximum), Biomedical Engineering C101, C102, C103, CM140, CM145, CM150, CM150L, C170, C171, CM180, C181, CM183, C185, CM186B, CM186C, C187.
B.S. in Chemical Engineering Curriculum

**FRESHMAN YEAR**

1st Quarter
Chemical Engineering 10 — Introduction to Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering ........................................ 1
Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure .......................................................... 4
Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus ...................................................... 4

2nd Quarter
Chemistry and Biochemistry 20B — Chemical Energetics and Change ...................................................... 4
Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I ...................................................... 4
Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series .......................................................... 4
Physics 1A — Mechanics ........................................................................................................ 5

3rd Quarter
Chemistry and Biochemistry 20L — General Chemistry Laboratory ...................................................... 3
Chemistry and Biochemistry 30A — Chemical Dynamics and Reactivity: Introduction to Organic Chemistry ...................................................... 4
Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables .......................................................... 4
Physics 1B/4AL — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields/Mechanics Laboratory ...................................................... 7

**SOPHOMORE YEAR**

1st Quarter
Chemical Engineering 100 — Fundamentals of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering ...................................................... 4
Chemistry and Biochemistry 30AL — General Chemistry Laboratory II ...................................................... 4
Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables .......................................................... 4
Physics 1C/4BL — Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity/Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory ...................................................... 7

2nd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 102A — Thermodynamics I .......................................................... 4
Chemistry and Biochemistry 30B — Organic Chemistry: Reactivity and Synthesis, Part I ...................................................... 4
Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications ...................................................... 4
HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5

3rd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 102B — Thermodynamics II .......................................................... 4
Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations .......................................................... 4
HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5

**JUNIOR YEAR**

1st Quarter
Chemical Engineering 101A — Transport Phenomena I ...................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering 109 — Numerical and Mathematical Methods in Chemical and Biological Engineering ...................................................... 4
HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5

2nd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 101B — Transport Phenomena II; Heat Transfer ...................................................... 4
Chemistry and Biochemistry 113A — Physical Chemistry: Introduction to Quantum Mechanics ...................................................... 4
HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5

3rd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 101C — Mass Transfer .......................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering 103 — Separation Processes ...................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering 104AL — Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Laboratory I ...................................................... 3
Chemistry and Biochemistry 153A — Biochemistry: Introduction to Structure, Enzymes, and Metabolism ...................................................... 4

**SENIOR YEAR**

1st Quarter
Chemical Engineering 104B — Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Laboratory II ...................................................... 6
Chemical Engineering 106 — Chemical Reaction Engineering ...................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering Elective ........................................................................................................ 4
Technical Breadth Course* ........................................................................................................ 4

2nd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 107 — Process Dynamics and Control ...................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering 108A — Process Economics and Analysis ...................................................... 4
HSSEAS Ethics Course ........................................................................................................ 4
Technical Breadth Course* ........................................................................................................ 4

3rd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 108B — Chemical Process Computer-Aided Design and Analysis ...................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering Elective ........................................................................................................ 4
Technical Breadth Course* ........................................................................................................ 4

**TOTAL** 185

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
### B.S. in Chemical Engineering

#### Biomedical Engineering Option Curriculum

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2nd Quarter

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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20B — Chemical Energetics and Change</td>
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2nd Quarter

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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20L — General Chemistry Laboratory</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30A — Chemical Dynamics and Reactivity: Introduction to Organic Chemistry</td>
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<td>Physics 1B/4AL — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields/Mechanics Laboratory</td>
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### SOPHOMORE YEAR

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering 100 — Fundamentals of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30AL — General Chemistry Laboratory II</td>
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<td>Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
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<td>Physics 1C — Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity</td>
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2nd Quarter

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<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering 102A — Thermodynamics I</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30B — Organic Chemistry: Reactivity and Synthesis, Part I</td>
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<td>Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications</td>
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3rd Quarter

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### JUNIOR YEAR

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<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering 101A — Transport Phenomena I</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 109 — Numerical and Mathematical Methods in Chemical and Biological Engineering</td>
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<td>Life Sciences 2 — Cells, Tissues, and Organs</td>
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2nd Quarter

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<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering 101B — Transport Phenomena II: Heat Transfer</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 113A — Physical Chemistry: Introduction to Quantum Mechanics</td>
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<tr>
<td>Life Sciences 3 — Introduction to Molecular Biology</td>
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3rd Quarter

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<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering 101C — Mass Transfer</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 103 — Separation Processes</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 104AL — Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Laboratory I</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 153A — Biochemistry: Introduction to Structure, Enzymes, and Metabolism</td>
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### SENIOR YEAR

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<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering 104B — Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Laboratory II</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 106 — Chemical Reaction Engineering</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering Elective</td>
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2nd Quarter

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<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering 107 — Process Dynamics and Control</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 108A — Process Economics and Analysis</td>
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3rd Quarter

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<td>Chemical Engineering 108B — Chemical Process Computer-Aided Design and Analysis</td>
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**TOTAL** 189

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
## B.S. in Chemical Engineering
### Biomolecular Engineering Option Curriculum

### FRESHMAN YEAR

**1st Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 10 — Introduction to Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering .......................................................... 1
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure .......................................................... 4
- English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language .......................................................... 5
- Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus .......................................................... 4

**2nd Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 20B — Chemical Energetics and Change .......................................................... 4
- Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I .......................................................... 4
- Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series .......................................................... 4
- Physics 1A — Mechanics .......................................................... 5

**3rd Quarter**
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 20L — General Chemistry Laboratory .......................................................... 3
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 30A — Chemical Dynamics and Reactivity: Introduction to Organic Chemistry .......................................................... 4
- Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables .......................................................... 4
- Physics 1B/4AL — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields/Mechanics Laboratory .......................................................... 7

### SOPHOMORE YEAR

**1st Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 100 — Fundamentals of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering .......................................................... 4
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 30AL — General Chemistry Laboratory II .......................................................... 4
- Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables .......................................................... 4
- Physics 1C — Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity .......................................................... 5

**2nd Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 102A — Thermodynamics I .......................................................... 4
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 30B — Organic Chemistry: Reactivity and Synthesis, Part I .......................................................... 4
- Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications .......................................................... 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* .......................................................... 5

**3rd Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 102B — Thermodynamics II .......................................................... 4
- Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations .......................................................... 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* .......................................................... 5

### JUNIOR YEAR

**1st Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 101A — Transport Phenomena I .......................................................... 4
- Chemical Engineering 109 — Numerical and Mathematical Methods in Chemical and Biological Engineering .......................................................... 4
- Life Sciences 2 — Cells, Tissues, and Organs .......................................................... 5

**2nd Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 101B — Transport Phenomena II; Heat Transfer .......................................................... 4
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 113A — Physical Chemistry: Introduction to Quantum Mechanics .......................................................... 4
- Life Sciences 3 — Introduction to Molecular Biology .......................................................... 5

**3rd Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 101C — Mass Transfer .......................................................... 4
- Chemical Engineering 104AL — Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Laboratory I .......................................................... 3
- Chemical Engineering C125 — Bioseparations and Bioprocess Engineering .......................................................... 4
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 153A — Biochemistry: Introduction to Structure, Enzymes, and Metabolism .......................................................... 4

### SENIOR YEAR

**1st Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 104D/104DL — Molecular Biotechnology Lecture/Laboratory: From Gene to Product .......................................................... 6
- Chemical Engineering C115 — Biochemical Reaction Engineering .......................................................... 4
- Chemical Engineering CM145 — Molecular Biotechnology for Engineers .......................................................... 4
- Technical Breadth Course* .......................................................... 4

**2nd Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 107 — Process Dynamics and Control .......................................................... 4
- Chemical Engineering 108A — Process Economics and Analysis .......................................................... 4
- HSSEAS Ethics Course .......................................................... 4
- Technical Breadth Course* .......................................................... 4

**3rd Quarter**
- Chemical Engineering 108B — Chemical Process Computer-Aided Design and Analysis .......................................................... 4
- HSSEAS GE Electives (2)* .......................................................... 10
- Technical Breadth Course* .......................................................... 4

**TOTAL** 189

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
B.S. in Chemical Engineering
Environmental Engineering Option Curriculum

FRESHMAN YEAR

1st Quarter
Chemical Engineering 10 — Introduction to Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering ........................................ 1
Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure ................................................................. 4
English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language ........................................ 5
Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus ........................................................................ 4

2nd Quarter
Chemistry and Biochemistry 20B — Chemical Energetics and Change ................................................... 4
Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I .......................................................... 4
Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series ............................................................................. 4
Physics 1A — Mechanics .................................................................................................................... 5

Chemistry and Biochemistry 20L — General Chemistry Laboratory .................................................. 3
Chemistry and Biochemistry 30A — Chemical Dynamics and Reactivity: Introduction to Organic Chemistry .......................................................... 4
Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables ............................................................................ 4
Physics 1B/4BL — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields/Mechanics Laboratory .............. 7

SOHOMORE YEAR

1st Quarter
Chemical Engineering 100 — Fundamentals of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering ....................... 4
Chemistry and Biochemistry 30AL — General Chemistry Laboratory II .............................................. 4
Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables ............................................................................. 4
Physics 1C/4BL — Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity/Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory ........................................................................... 7

2nd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 102A — Thermodynamics I ............................................................................ 4
Chemistry and Biochemistry 30B — Organic Chemistry: Reactivity and Synthesis, Part I ...................... 4
Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications ........................................................................... 4
HSSEAS GE Elective* .......................................................................................................................... 5

3rd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 102B — Thermodynamics II ............................................................................ 4
Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations ....................................................................................... 4
HSSEAS GE Elective* .......................................................................................................................... 5

JUNIOR YEAR

1st Quarter
Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences 104 — Fundamentals of Air and Water Pollution ....................... 4
Chemical Engineering 101A — Transport Phenomena I .................................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering 109 — Numerical and Mathematical Methods in Chemical and Biological Engineering .......................................................... 4

2nd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 101B — Transport Phenomena II: Heat Transfer ............................................ 4
Chemistry and Biochemistry 113A — Physical Chemistry: Introduction to Quantum Mechanics .......... 4
HSSEAS GE Elective* .......................................................................................................................... 5

3rd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 101C — Mass Transfer ..................................................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering 103 — Separation Processes .......................................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering 104AL — Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Laboratory I ..................... 3
Chemistry and Biochemistry 153A — Biochemistry: Introduction to Structure, Enzymes, and Metabolism .......................................................... 4

SENIOR YEAR

1st Quarter
Chemical Engineering 104B — Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Laboratory II ..................... 6
Chemical Engineering 106 — Chemical Reaction Engineering ........................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering Elective ........................................................................................................... 4

2nd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 107 — Process Dynamics and Control ........................................................... 4
Chemical Engineering 108A — Process Economics and Analysis .................................................... 4
HSSEAS Ethics Course ......................................................................................................................... 4

3rd Quarter
Chemical Engineering 108B — Chemical Process Computer-Aided Design and Analysis .................. 4
Chemical Engineering Elective ........................................................................................................... 4
HSSEAS GE Elective* .......................................................................................................................... 5
Technical Breadth Course* .................................................................................................................. 4

TOTAL 189

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
**B.S. in Chemical Engineering**

**Semiconductor Manufacturing Engineering Option Curriculum**

<table>
<thead>
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<th>FRESHMAN YEAR</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>1st Quarter</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering 10 — Introduction to Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20B — Chemical Energetics and Change</td>
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<tr>
<td>Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20L — General Chemistry Laboratory</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30A — Chemical Dynamics and Reactivity: Introduction to Organic Chemistry</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physics 1C/4BL — Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity/Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory</td>
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<tbody>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 100 — Fundamentals of Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30AL — General Chemistry Laboratory II</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physics 1C/4BL — Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity/Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 102A — Thermodynamics I</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30B — Organic Chemistry: Reactivity and Synthesis, Part I</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 102B — Thermodynamics II</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering 101A — Transport Phenomena I</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chemical Engineering 101B — Transport Phenomena II: Heat Transfer</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 113A — Physical Chemistry: Introduction to Quantum Mechanics</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 101C — Mass Transfer</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 103 — Separation Processes</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 104AL — Chemical and Biomolecular Engineering Laboratory I</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 153A — Biochemistry: Introduction to Structure, Enzymes, and Metabolism</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 107 — Process Dynamics and Control</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 104C/104CL — Semiconductor Processing/Laboratory</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 108B — Chemical Process Computer-Aided Design and Analysis</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering C116 — Surface and Interface Engineering</td>
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</table>

**TOTAL** 189

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
## B.S. in Civil Engineering Curriculum

### FRESHMAN YEAR

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<th>Course</th>
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<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure</td>
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<td>Civil and Environmental Engineering 110 — Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers</td>
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<td>Physics 11B — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields</td>
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<td>Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
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<td>Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications</td>
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<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Civil and Environmental Engineering 101 — Statics and Dynamics</td>
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### SOPHOMORE YEAR

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<tr>
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<td>Civil and Environmental Engineering 103 — Applied Numerical Computing and Modeling in Civil and Environmental Engineering</td>
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<td>CS 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I</td>
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<td>Civil and Environmental Engineering 108 — Introduction to Mechanics of Deformable Solids</td>
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<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Civil and Environmental Engineering 153 — Introduction to Environmental Engineering Science</td>
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<td>Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 103 — Elementary Fluid Mechanics</td>
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### JUNIOR YEAR

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Civil and Environmental Engineering 120 — Principles of Soil Mechanics</td>
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<td>Civil and Environmental Engineering 135A — Elementary Structural Analysis</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 182A — Mathematics of Engineering</td>
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<td>Chemical Engineering 102A (Thermodynamics I) or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 105A (Introduction to Engineering Thermodynamics)</td>
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<td>Civil and Environmental Engineering 110 — Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers</td>
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### SENIOR YEAR

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<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tr>
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<td>Major Field Electives (2)*</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL**

188, 189, or 190

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).

†Must include required courses for two of the major field areas listed on page 46.
# B.S. in Computer Science Curriculum

## FRESHMAN YEAR

### 1st Quarter
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure .................................................. 4
- Computer Science 1 — Freshman Computer Science Seminar ........................................... 1
- Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I .............................................. 4
- Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus ............................................... 4

### 2nd Quarter
- Computer Science 32 — Introduction to Computer Science II ........................................ 4
- English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language ......................... 5
- Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series ......................................................... 4
- Physics 1A — Mechanics ..................................................................................................... 5

### 3rd Quarter
- Computer Science 33 — Introduction to Computer Organization .................................... 5
- Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables ......................................................... 4
- Physics 1B — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields .................................... 5
- Physics 4AL — Mechanics Laboratory ................................................................................. 2

## SOPHOMORE YEAR

### 1st Quarter
- Computer Science 35L — Software Construction Laboratory ......................................... 2
- Electrical Engineering 1 — Electrical Engineering Physics I ........................................... 4
- Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables ......................................................... 4
- Physics 4BL — Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory ...................................................... 2
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5

### 2nd Quarter
- Computer Science M51A or Electrical Engineering M16 — Logic Design of Digital Systems 4
- Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications ...................................................... 4
- Mathematics 61 — Introduction to Discrete Structures ...................................................... 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5

### 3rd Quarter
- Computer Science 101 — Upper Division Computer Science Seminar ......................... 1
- Computer Science 131 — Programming Languages ......................................................... 4
- Computer Science M125A or Electrical Engineering M116L — Introductory Digital Design Laboratory 2
- Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations ..................................................................... 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5

## JUNIOR YEAR

### 1st Quarter
- Computer Science M151B or Electrical Engineering M116C — Computer Systems Architecture 4
- Computer Science 180 — Introduction to Algorithms and Complexity ................................. 4
- Computer Science Elective .................................................................................................. 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 4

### 2nd Quarter
- Computer Science 130 (Software Engineering) or 152B (Digital Design Project Laboratory) 4
- Computer Science Elective .................................................................................................. 4
- HSSEAS Ethics Course ....................................................................................................... 4
- Science and Technology Elective ....................................................................................... 4

### 3rd Quarter
- Computer Science 111 — Operating Systems Principles ................................................. 4
- Statistics 110A — Applied Statistics .................................................................................. 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5
- Technical Breadth Course* ................................................................................................. 4

## SENIOR YEAR

### 1st Quarter
- Computer Science 118 — Computer Network Fundamentals .......................................... 4
- Computer Science 181 — Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata Theory ........... 4
- Computer Science Elective .................................................................................................. 4
- Technical Breadth Course* ................................................................................................. 4

### 2nd Quarter
- Computer Science Elective .................................................................................................. 4
- Science and Technology Elective ....................................................................................... 4
- Technical Breadth Course* ................................................................................................. 4

### 3rd Quarter
- Computer Science Electives (2) ....................................................................................... 8
- Science and Technology Elective ....................................................................................... 4

## TOTAL

186

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
# B.S. in Computer Science and Engineering Curriculum

## FRESHMAN YEAR

**1st Quarter**
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure .................................................. 4
- Computer Science 1 — Freshman Computer Science Seminar ........................................ 1
- Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I ......................................... 4
- Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus .................................................. 4

**2nd Quarter**
- Computer Science 32 — Introduction to Computer Science II ....................................... 4
- English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language ......................... 5
- Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series ....................................................... 4
- Physics 1A — Mechanics .................................................................................................. 5

**3rd Quarter**
- Computer Science 33 — Introduction to Computer Organization .................................... 5
- Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables ....................................................... 4
- Physics 1B — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields .................................... 5
- Physics 4AL — Mechanics Laboratory ............................................................................ 2

## SOPHOMORE YEAR

**1st Quarter**
- Computer Science 35L — Software Construction Laboratory ........................................ 2
- Electrical Engineering 1 — Electrical Engineering Physics I .......................................... 4
- Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables ....................................................... 4
- Physics 48L — Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory ..................................................... 2
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5

**2nd Quarter**
- Computer Science M51A or Electrical Engineering M16 — Logic Design of Digital Systems 4
- Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications ..................................................... 4
- Mathematics 61 — Introduction to Discrete Structures ..................................................... 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5

**3rd Quarter**
- Computer Science M101 or Electrical Engineering M110 — Introductory Digital Design Laboratory 2
- Electrical Engineering 2 — Physics for Electrical Engineers ........................................ 4
- Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations .................................................................. 4
- Statistics 110A — Applied Statistics ............................................................................. 4

## JUNIOR YEAR

**1st Quarter**
- Computer Science 131 — Programming Languages ....................................................... 4
- Computer Science M151B or Electrical Engineering M116C — Computer Systems Architecture 4
- Electrical Engineering 10 — Circuit Analysis I ................................................................. 4
- HSSEAS Ethics Course ...................................................................................................... 4

**2nd Quarter**
- Computer Science 111 — Operating Systems Principles .............................................. 4
- Computer Science 180 — Introduction to Algorithms and Complexity ......................... 4
- Electrical Engineering 102 — Systems and Signals ....................................................... 4
- Electrical Engineering 110 — Circuit Analysis II ............................................................ 4

**3rd Quarter**
- Computer Science 181 — Introduction to Formal Languages and Automata Theory........ 4
- Electrical Engineering 110L — Circuit Measurements Laboratory ................................ 2
- Electrical Engineering 115A — Analog Electronic Circuits I ........................................ 4
- Technical Breadth Course* ............................................................................................... 4

## SENIOR YEAR

**1st Quarter**
- Computer Science 11B — Computer Network Fundamentals ......................................... 4
- Computer Science 152B — Digital Design Project Laboratory ....................................... 4
- Electrical Engineering 115C — Digital Electronic Circuits .......................................... 4
- Computer Science Elective ............................................................................................... 4

**2nd Quarter**
- Computer Science Electives (2) ...................................................................................... 8
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5
- Technical Breadth Course* ............................................................................................... 4

**3rd Quarter**
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................................................................................ 5
- Technical Breadth Course* ............................................................................................... 4

## TOTAL

188

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
# B.S. in Electrical Engineering Curriculum

## Freshman Year

### 1st Quarter
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure ........................................ 4
- Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I .................................. 4
- Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus ........................................ 4

### 2nd Quarter
- Computer Science 32 — Introduction to Computer Science II .............................. 4
- English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language ............... 5
- Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series ............................................. 4
- Physics 1A — Mechanics .................................................................................. 5

### 3rd Quarter
- Electrical Engineering 3 — Introduction to Electrical Engineering ....................... 4
- Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables ........................................... 4
- Physics 1B — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields ......................... 5
- Physics 4AL — Mechanics Laboratory ............................................................... 2

## Sophomore Year

### 1st Quarter
- Electrical Engineering M16 or Computer Science M51A — Logic Design of Digital Systems 4
- Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables ........................................... 4
- Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications ......................................... 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ...................................................................................... 5

### 2nd Quarter
- Electrical Engineering 1 — Electrical Engineering Physics I ............................... 4
- Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations ................................................................... 4
- Physics 4BL — Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory ......................................... 2
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ...................................................................................... 5

### 3rd Quarter
- Electrical Engineering 2 — Physics for Electrical Engineers ............................... 4
- Electrical Engineering 10 — Circuit Analysis I .................................................. 4
- Electrical Engineering 102 — Systems and Signals .......................................... 4
- Electrical Engineering 103 — Applied Numerical Computing ............................. 4

## Junior Year

### 1st Quarter
- Electrical Engineering 110 — Circuit Analysis II .............................................. 4
- Electrical Engineering 113 — Digital Signal Processing .................................. 4
- Electrical Engineering 131A — Probability ...................................................... 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ...................................................................................... 5

### 2nd Quarter
- Electrical Engineering 101 — Engineering Electromagnetics ............................. 4
- Electrical Engineering 110L — Circuit Measurements Laboratory .................... 2
- Electrical Engineering 115A — Analog Electronic Circuits I ............................ 4
- Mathematics 132 — Complex Analysis for Applications .................................. 4

### 3rd Quarter
- Electrical Engineering 115AL — Analog Electronics Laboratory I .................. 2
- Electrical Engineering 121B — Principles of Semiconductor Device Design ...... 4
- Electrical Engineering 132A — Introduction to Communication Systems ............ 4
- Electrical Engineering 161 — Electromagnetic Waves ....................................... 4
- HSSEAS Ethics Course .................................................................................... 4

## Senior Year

### 1st Quarter
- Electrical Engineering 141 — Principles of Feedback Control ......................... 4
- Pathway Elective† ............................................................................................. 4
- Pathway Laboratory Course† ............................................................................ 4
- Technical Breadth Course* .................................................................................. 4

### 2nd Quarter
- Statistics 105 — Statistics for Engineers ....................................................... 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective* ...................................................................................... 5
- Pathway Elective† ............................................................................................. 4
- Technical Breadth Course* .................................................................................. 4

### 3rd Quarter
- Pathway Design Course† .................................................................................. 4
- Pathway Elective† ............................................................................................. 4
- Technical Breadth Course* / HSSEAS GE Elective* ........................................ 8

**TOTAL** 187

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
†See page 74 for a list of approved pathways.
# B.S. in Electrical Engineering
## Biomedical Engineering Option Curriculum

### FRESHMAN YEAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20B/20L — Chemical Energetics and Change/General Chemistry Laboratory</td>
<td>7</td>
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<tr>
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<td>English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30A — Chemical Dynamics and Reactivity: Introduction to Organic Chemistry</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 30AL — General Chemistry Laboratory II</td>
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<td>Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
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<td>Physics 1A — Mechanics</td>
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### SOPHOMORE YEAR

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<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>Electrical Engineering M16 or Computer Science M51A — Logic Design of Digital Systems</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Physics 1B/4AL — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields/Mechanics Laboratory</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 1 — Electrical Engineering Physics I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 3 — Introduction to Electrical Engineering</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Life Sciences 2 — Cells, Tissues, and Organs</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Physics 4BL — Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 2 — Physics for Electrical Engineers</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 10 — Circuit Analysis I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 102 — Systems and Signals</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Life Sciences 3 — Introduction to Molecular Biology</td>
<td>5</td>
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</table>

### JUNIOR YEAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 103 — Applied Numerical Computing</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Electrical Engineering 110 — Circuit Analysis II</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 113 — Digital Signal Processing</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 115A — Analog Electronic Circuits I</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 131A — Probability</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pathway Course (Electrical Engineering 132A — Introduction to Communication Systems)†</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 110L — Circuit Measurements Laboratory</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mathematics 132 — Complex Analysis for Applications</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
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<td>HSSEAS GE Electives (2)*</td>
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### SENIOR YEAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 101 — Engineering Electromagnetics</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 115AL — Analog Electronics Laboratory I</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pathway Course (Electrical Engineering 141 — Principles of Feedback Control)†</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Pathway Laboratory Course†</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Technical Breadth Course*</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>Statistics 105 — Statistics for Engineers</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HSSEAS Ethics Course</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HSSEAS GE Elective*</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Technical Breadth Course*</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>HSSEAS GE Elective*</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pathway Course (Electrical Engineering 176 — Lasers in Biomedical Applications or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 10SA — Introduction to Engineering Thermodynamics)†</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pathway Design Course†</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Technical Breadth Course*</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL 188**

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).†See page 74 for the biomedical engineering pathway.
# B.S. in Electrical Engineering

## Computer Engineering Option Curriculum

### FRESHMAN YEAR

**1st Quarter**
- Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure.  
  **Units:** 4
- Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I.  
  **Units:** 4
- Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus  
  **Units:** 4

**2nd Quarter**
- Computer Science 32 — Introduction to Computer Science II.  
  **Units:** 4
- English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language  
  **Units:** 5
- Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series.  
  **Units:** 4
- Physics 1A — Mechanics  
  **Units:** 5

**3rd Quarter**
- Computer Science 33 — Introduction to Computer Organization.  
  **Units:** 5
- Electrical Engineering 3 — Introduction to Electrical Engineering.  
  **Units:** 2
- Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables.  
  **Units:** 4
- Physics 1B — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields.  
  **Units:** 5

### SOPHOMORE YEAR

**1st Quarter**
  **Units:** 4
- Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables.  
  **Units:** 4
- Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications.  
  **Units:** 4
- Physics 4AL — Mechanics Laboratory.  
  **Units:** 2

**2nd Quarter**
- Electrical Engineering 1 — Electrical Engineering Physics I.  
  **Units:** 4
  **Units:** 4
- Physics 4BL — Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory.  
  **Units:** 2
- HSSEAS GE Elective*.  
  **Units:** 5

**3rd Quarter**
- Electrical Engineering 2 — Physics for Electrical Engineers.  
  **Units:** 4
- Electrical Engineering 10 — Circuit Analysis I.  
  **Units:** 4
- Electrical Engineering 102 — Systems and Signals.  
  **Units:** 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective*.  
  **Units:** 5

### JUNIOR YEAR

**1st Quarter**
- Computer Science 35L — Software Construction Laboratory.  
  **Units:** 2
  **Units:** 4
  **Units:** 4
- Electrical Engineering 110 — Circuit Analysis II.  
  **Units:** 4
- HSSEAS Ethics Course.  
  **Units:** 4

**2nd Quarter**
- Electrical Engineering 110L — Circuit Measurements Laboratory.  
  **Units:** 2
- Electrical Engineering 115A — Analog Electronic Circuits I.  
  **Units:** 4
- Electrical Engineering 131A — Probability.  
  **Units:** 4
- Statistics 105 — Statistics for Engineers.  
  **Units:** 4

**3rd Quarter**
  **Units:** 4
  **Units:** 4
- HSSEAS GE Elective*.  
  **Units:** 5
  **Units:** 4

### SENIOR YEAR

**1st Quarter**
  **Units:** 4
- Pathway Course (Computer Science 111 — Operating Systems Principles).  
  **Units:** 4
- Technical Breadth Course*†/Pathway Laboratory Course†.  
  **Units:** 6

**2nd Quarter**
- Mathematics 132 — Complex Analysis for Applications.  
  **Units:** 4
- Pathway Course (Computer Science 131 — Programming Languages or 132 — Compiler Construction or 180 — Introduction to Algorithms and Complexity).  
  **Units:** 4
- Technical Breadth Course*†/HSSEAS GE Elective*.  
  **Units:** 9

**3rd Quarter**
- Electrical Engineering 132B (Data Communications and Telecommunication Networks) or Computer Science 118 (Computer Network Fundamentals).  
  **Units:** 4
- Pathway Design Course†.  
  **Units:** 4
- Technical Breadth Course*†/HSSEAS GE Elective*.  
  **Units:** 8

**TOTAL** 188

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*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
†See page 74 for the computer engineering pathway.
# B.S. in Materials Engineering Curriculum

## FRESHMAN YEAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language</td>
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<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 10 — Freshman Seminar: New Materials</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20B/20L — Chemical Energetics and Change/General Chemistry Laboratory</td>
<td>7</td>
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<tr>
<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Physics 1A — Mechanics</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>4th Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 160 — Introduction to Ceramics and Glasses</td>
<td>4</td>
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## SOPHOMORE YEAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 104 — Science of Engineering Materials</td>
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<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Physics 1C (Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity) or Electrical Engineering 1 (Electrical Engineering Physics I)</td>
<td>5 or 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering 102A (Thermodynamics I) or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 105A (Introduction to Engineering Thermodynamics)</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th Quarter</td>
<td>HSSEAS GE Elective</td>
<td>5</td>
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## JUNIOR YEAR

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Civil and Environmental Engineering 108 — Introduction to Mechanics of Deformable Solids</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Electrical Engineering 100 — Electrical and Electronic Circuits</td>
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<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 110/110L — Introduction to Materials Characterization A/Laboratory</td>
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<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 150 — Phase Relations in Solids</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 120 — Physics of Materials</td>
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<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 131/131L — Diffusion and Diffusion-Controlled Reactions/Laboratory</td>
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<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 143A — Mechanical Behavior of Materials</td>
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<td>Technical Breadth Course</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 132 — Structure and Properties of Metallic Alloys</td>
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<td>Materials Engineering Elective</td>
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<td>Technical Breadth Course</td>
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## SENIOR YEAR

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<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Course</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 160 — Introduction to Ceramics and Glasses</td>
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<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Engineering Elective</td>
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<td>Upper Division Mathematics Elective</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 150 — Introduction to Polymers</td>
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<td>HSSEAS Ethics Course</td>
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<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Engineering Laboratory Course</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 140 — Materials Selection and Engineering Design</td>
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<tr>
<td>4th Quarter</td>
<td>HSSEAS GE Elective</td>
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<tr>
<td>4th Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Engineering Laboratory Course</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th Quarter</td>
<td>Technical Breadth Course</td>
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</table>

**TOTAL** 185 or 186

* Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
* † See counselor in 6426 Boelter Hall for details.
# B.S. in Materials Engineering

## Electronic Materials Option Curriculum

### FRESHMAN YEAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QUARTER</th>
<th>COURSE DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 10 — Freshman Seminar: New Materials</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20B/20L — Chemical Energetics and Change/General Chemistry Laboratory</td>
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<td>Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Physics 1A — Mechanics</td>
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<tr>
<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
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<td>Physics 1B — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields</td>
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<td>HSSEAS GE Elective*</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QUARTER</th>
<th>COURSE DESCRIPTION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 104 — Science of Engineering Materials</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>HSSEAS GE Elective*</td>
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<tr>
<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Chemical Engineering 102A (Thermodynamics I) or Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 105A (Introduction to Engineering Thermodynamics)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications</td>
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<td>Physics 1C (Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity) or Electrical Engineering 1 (Electrical Engineering Physics I)</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 90L — Physical Measurement in Materials Engineering</td>
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<td>Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101 — Statics and Strength of Materials</td>
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### JUNIOR YEAR

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<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 10 — Circuit Analysis I</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 110/110L — Introduction to Materials Characterization A/Laboratory</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 130 — Phase Relations in Solids</td>
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<td>Electrical Engineering 101 — Engineering Electromagnetics</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 120 (Physics of Materials) or Electrical Engineering 2 (Physics for Electrical Engineers)</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 122 — Principles of Electronic Materials Processing</td>
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<td>Electrical Engineering 121B — Principles of Semiconductor Device Design</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 121/121L — Materials Science of Semiconductors/Laboratory</td>
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### SENIOR YEAR

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<td>Upper Division Mathematics Elective†</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 131/131L — Diffusion and Diffusion-Controlled Reactions/Laboratory</td>
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<td>Electronic Materials Laboratory Course†</td>
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<td>3rd Quarter</td>
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<td>Materials Science and Engineering 140 — Materials Selection and Engineering Design</td>
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<td>Electronic Materials Elective†</td>
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**TOTAL** 187 or 188

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
†See counselor in 6426 Boelter Hall for details.
### B.S. in Mechanical Engineering Curriculum

#### FRESHMAN YEAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20A — Chemical Structure</td>
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<td>English Composition 3 — English Composition, Rhetoric, and Language</td>
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<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Mathematics 31A — Differential and Integral Calculus</td>
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<td>Chemistry and Biochemistry 20B/20L — Chemical Energetics and Change/General Chemistry Laboratory</td>
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<tr>
<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Mathematics 31B — Integration and Infinite Series</td>
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<tr>
<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Physics 1A — Mechanics</td>
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<td>Mathematics 32A — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
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<td>Physics 1B — Oscillations, Waves, Electric and Magnetic Fields</td>
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#### SOPHOMORE YEAR

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<tr>
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<td>Mathematics 32B — Calculus of Several Variables</td>
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<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 94 — Introduction to Computer-Aided Design and Drafting</td>
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<td>Physics 1C — Electrodynamics, Optics, and Special Relativity</td>
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<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Physics 4BL — Electricity and Magnetism Laboratory</td>
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<tr>
<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Computer Science 31 — Introduction to Computer Science I</td>
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<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Mathematics 33A — Linear Algebra and Applications</td>
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<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 101 — Statics and Strength of Materials</td>
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<tr>
<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Materials Science and Engineering 104 — Science of Engineering Materials</td>
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<td>Mathematics 33B — Differential Equations</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 103 — Elementary Fluid Mechanics</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 105A — Introduction to Engineering Thermodynamics</td>
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#### JUNIOR YEAR

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<th>Quarter</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Electrical Engineering 100 — Electrical and Electronic Circuits</td>
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<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 102 — Dynamics of Particles and Rigid Bodies</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 105D — Transport Phenomena</td>
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<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 182A — Mathematics of Engineering</td>
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<td>Electrical Engineering 110L — Circuit Measurements Laboratory</td>
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<tr>
<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 133A (Engineering Thermodynamics) or HSSEAS GE Elective*</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 157 — Basic Mechanical Engineering Laboratory</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 107 — Introduction to Modeling and Analysis of Dynamic Systems</td>
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<tr>
<td>3rd Quarter</td>
<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 183 — Introduction to Manufacturing Processes</td>
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<td>Mechanical Engineering Elective*</td>
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#### SENIOR YEAR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quarter</th>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 131A (Intermediate Heat Transfer) or HSSEAS GE Elective*</td>
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<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 162A — Introduction to Mechanisms and Mechanical Systems</td>
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<tr>
<td>1st Quarter</td>
<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 171A — Introduction to Feedback and Control Systems</td>
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<td>HSSEAS Ethics Course</td>
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<td>2nd Quarter</td>
<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 162B — Mechanical Product Design</td>
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<td>Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering 162M — Senior Mechanical Engineering Design</td>
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<td>HSSEAS GE Electives (2)*</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** | 185

*Students should contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs for approved lists in the categories of technical breadth and HSSEAS GE (see page 20 for details).
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<th>Spring 2010</th>
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<tr>
<td>First day for continuing students to check URSA at</td>
<td>June 11</td>
<td>October 28, 2009</td>
<td>February 1, 2010</td>
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<td><a href="http://www.ursa.ucla.edu">http://www.ursa.ucla.edu</a> for assigned enrollment appointments</td>
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<td>URSA enrollment appointments begin</td>
<td>June 23</td>
<td>November 10</td>
<td>February 16</td>
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<td>Registration fee payment deadline</td>
<td>September 18</td>
<td>December 18</td>
<td>March 19</td>
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<td>QUARTER BEGINS</td>
<td>September 21</td>
<td>January 4, 2010</td>
<td>March 29</td>
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<td>Instruction begins</td>
<td>September 24</td>
<td>January 4</td>
<td>March 29</td>
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<td>Last day for undergraduates to ADD courses with per-course fee through URSA</td>
<td>October 16</td>
<td>January 22</td>
<td>April 16</td>
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<td>Last day for undergraduates to DROP nonimpacted courses</td>
<td>October 23</td>
<td>January 29</td>
<td>April 23</td>
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<td>Last day for undergraduates to change grading basis (</td>
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<td>February 12</td>
<td>May 7</td>
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<td>December 4</td>
<td>March 12</td>
<td>June 4</td>
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<td>Final examinations</td>
<td>December 7-11</td>
<td>March 15-19</td>
<td>June 7-11</td>
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<td>December 11</td>
<td>March 19</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Academic and administrative holidays</td>
<td>November 11</td>
<td>January 18</td>
<td>May 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>November 26-27</td>
<td>February 15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>December 24-25</td>
<td>March 26</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>December 31-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>January 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Campus Closure</td>
<td>December 19-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>January 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Admission Calendar

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Fall 2009</th>
<th>Winter 2010</th>
<th>Spring 2010</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Filing period for undergraduate applications (file with UC Undergraduate Application Processing Service, P.O. Box 23460, Oakland, CA 94623-0460)</td>
<td>November 1-30, 2008</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last day to file application for graduate admission or readmission with complete credentials and application fee, with Graduate Admissions/Student and Academic Affairs, 1255 Murphy Hall, UCLA, Los Angeles, CA 90024-1428</td>
<td>Consult department</td>
<td>Consult department</td>
<td>Consult department</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reentering students eligible to enroll begin to receive URSA notification letter at their mailing address</td>
<td>June 16, 2009</td>
<td>October 30</td>
<td>February 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last day to file Undergraduate Application for Readmission form at 1113 Murphy Hall (late applicants pay a late fee)</td>
<td>August 17</td>
<td>November 25</td>
<td>February 25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>